

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Section</u>		<u>Page</u>
1.	Specifications	1
2.	Description	2
3.	Installation	3
4.	Operation	4

ILLUSTRATIONS

		<u>Page</u>
80A	Curves	10
80B	Curves	11
40M	Curves	12
20M	Curves	13
15M	Curves	14
10M	Curves	15
Schematic Diagram		16

Section 1  
Specifications

MN-4 SPECIFICATIONS

FREQUENCY COVERAGE:

3.5 to 4.0 MHz  
7.0 to 7.3 MHz  
14.0 to 14.35 MHz  
21.0 to 21.45 MHz  
28.0 to 29.50 MHz

INPUT IMPEDANCE: 50 ohms (resistive)

LOAD IMPEDANCE: 50 ohm coax with VSWR of 5:1 or less (any impedance angle)  
75 ohm coax at a lower VSWR can be used.

POWER CAPABILITY: 200 watts RF continuous

METER: Reads forward power in watts, or VSWR

WATTMETER ACCURACY:  $\pm 5\%$  of reading +2 watts

INSERTION LOSS: 0.5 dB or less on each band after tuning

DIMENSIONS: 5 1/2" high, 10 3/4" wide, 8 1/2" deep (including connectors)

Front panel controls are provided for the adjustment of resistive and reactive tuning and VSWR calibration, bandswitching and selection of watts or VSWR functions of the meter. The rear panel has three type S0-239 connectors, one for input and two for outputs, and a ground post. The metering circuit employs two type IN295 rectifiers.

Frequencies outside the amateur bands can be matched, with some reduction in the impedance range that can be matched. For highly resistive loads, VSWR well in excess of 5:1 can be matched.

Section 2  
Description

DESCRIPTION

The typical modern transmitter has a pi-network tank circuit and will work into resistive loads of 50 to 75 ohms with Voltage Standing Wave Ratios (VSWR) of 2:1 or less. This resistive load can only be achieved with a resonant antenna; thus for multi-band operation multiple antennas are required. Space and cost considerations render this solution impractical for most amateurs. The MN-4 impedance-matching network can:

1. Measure feedline VSWR, then reduce the VSWR at the transmitter output to 1:1.
2. Monitor transmitter power output in watts directly and continuously.
3. Attenuate 2nd harmonic output from transmitter by 25 to 35 dB; thus it may eliminate the need for a low-pass TVI filter.
4. Match an antenna to a transmitter having fixed loading.
5. Give optimum match with multi-band antennas.
6. Precisely match transmitter to an antenna across a complete amateur band.
7. Permit "off the air" transmitter tuning and antenna matching at low power using dummy load.
8. Stores antenna loading adjustment for transmitter when switching from "barefoot" to linear amplifier operation, as network is by-passed in DIRECT position of bandswitch.
9. Match transmitter output to linear amplifier which does not have 50 ohm input impedance.
10. Help localize trouble by comparing transmitter output into antenna and into dummy load.

### 3.1 UNPACKING

Carefully remove the MN-4 from the shipping carton and examine it for evidence of damage. If any damage is found, immediately notify the transportation company that delivered the shipment. Keep the shipping carton and packing material for the transportation company to examine. Keeping these items is recommended in any case, as having them available makes shipment of MN-4 much easier should it ever be necessary to return it to the factory for service.

Fill out the warranty registration card and mail it.

### 3.2 LOCATING

The MN-4 will work properly in almost any location. Select a location on the operating table that will allow you to reach the control knobs easily.

### 3.3 CONNECTING

Connect the RF output of your transmitter to the TRANSMITTER connector of the MN-4, using 50 ohm coaxial cable such as RG-8/U or RG-58/U. Cable length is not critical. Connect the coaxial line feeding the antenna to the ANTENNA connector of the MN-4. In installations using a transceiver, or transmitter-receiver combinations, the MN-4 should be the last item the out-going RF signal passes through before entering the feed line to the antenna. The effects of this on receiver operation will be discussed in the Operating Instructions, Section 4 of this manual.

Bond the GROUND post of the MN-4 to the station ground with a short piece of heavy braid.

## Section 4 Operation

### 4.1 CONTROLS

The controls of the MN-4 include the bandswitch (directly below the meter), resistive tuning, reactive tuning, push to set-release for VSWR, and forward watts-VSWR. The functions of these controls are described below.

### 4.2 BANDSWITCH

The primary function of the bandswitch is selection of the fixed capacitors and inductors needed for each band. Two 80 meter positions, marked 80B and 80A, are provided because of the large range of reactance values that must be accommodated on this band. The 80B position is the normal 80 meter position. If proper 80 meter tuning cannot be attained in the 80B position, the 80A position must be used.

Setting the bandswitch to the ALTERNATE position removes the MN-4 matching network from the circuit and connects the RF directly to the ALTERNATE socket. Setting the bandswitch to the DIRECT position removes the MN-4 matching network from the circuit and connect the RF directly to the ANTENNA socket. In both the ALTERNATE and the DIRECT positions forward power or VSWR can be read on the meter.

### 4.3 RESISTIVE TUNING

The RESISTIVE TUNING control varies the resistive component of the MN-4 to achieve a match with the resistive component of the antenna impedance.

Section 4  
Operation

4.4 REACTIVE TUNING

The REACTIVE TUNING control is used to tune out the reactive component of the antenna impedance.

4.5 PUSH TO SET-RESLEASE FOR VSWR

This control is used to vary the sensitivity of the meter circuit, and to calibrate the meter.

4.6 FORWARD WATTS-VSWR

This switch connects the proper circuitry to allow the meter to read either forward power in watts, or VSWR, as desired.

4.7 OPERATING PROCEDURE FOR 10, 15, 20, 40 METERS

CAUTION: An antenna or a dummy load MUST be connected to the MN-4 before energizing the transmitter to avoid damage to the MN-4 and the transmitter. MN-4 tuning should be done with low transmitter power whenever possible.

Preset the operating controls:

BANDSWITCH	To desired band
RESISTIVE TUNING	To 5
REACTIVE TUNING	To 5
PUSH-RELEASE	Fully counterclockwise
FORWARD WATTS-VSWR	To VSWR

Energize transmitter, apply low power to the MN-4, and adjust transmitter plate tuning to resonance. The VSWR meter should read upscale. Vary the RESISTIVE TUNING until the VSWR dips, then turn the REACTANCE TUNING control clockwise to bring the VSWR indication upscale. Re-adjust the RESISTIVE TUNING for a dip. If this dip is downscale from the first dip,

## Section 4 Operation

you are tuning in the right direction, and should continue to alternately move the REACTIVE tuning control clockwise and tune the RESISTIVE tuning for a dip until a minimum VSWR indication is obtained.

If the second dip found reads higher on the meter than the first dip, the REACTIVE tuning control must be turned counterclockwise a short distance, and the RESISTIVE tuning adjusted for a dip. Continue alternating these actions until a minimum VSWR reading is reached.

If the dips found during the tuning procedure are so far downscale that it becomes difficult to tell whether a particular dip is lower or higher than the preceding one, you can increase meter sensitivity and get readings that are farther upscale by turning the PUSH-RELEASE Knob clockwise. With this added sensitivity it may not be possible to dip to the meter zero, but any residual reading will represent a very small power level, probably less than 0.1 watt.

When the MN-4 has been adjusted to the lowest possible dip, it is properly tuned to present a 50 ohm resistive load to the transmitter. (Make a note of the settings of the RESISTIVE and REACTIVE tuning controls and the bandswitch. The next time you operate on this band, you can tune up quickly by returning the MN-4 controls to the same settings).

Adjust the transmitter plate tuning and loading controls as directed by the transmitter instruction book. Push in on the PUSH-RELEASE control, and rotate the knob clockwise until the meter pointer lines up with the SET mark (full scale) on the meter face. Release the knob. The meter is now calibrated for VSWR measurements.

#### 4.8 OPERATING PROCEDURE FOR 80 METERS

To use the MN-4 on 80 meters, set the bandswitch to 80B, and follow the procedure given in Paragraph 4.6. If it is not possible to reduce the VSWR to 1:1 in the 80B position of the bandswitch, change to the 80A bandswitch position. In the 80A position the low impedance range of the MN-4 is increased.

#### 4.9 OFF-THE-AIR TUNING

If a 50 ohm dummy load that is capable of handling the full transmitter power output is available, it and the MN-4 can be used to tune-up with minimum interference. Connect the 50 ohm dummy load to the ALTERNATE connector on the MN-4, switch the MN-4 bandswitch to ALTERNATE, connect the transmitter RF output to the MN-4 TRANSMITTER connector and turn on the transmitter. The transmitter can now be tuned to match the 50 ohm dummy load. Then reduce the transmitter power output, without changing the transmitter loading. As little as 10 watts input to the MN-4 is enough for tuning. Set the bandswitch to the desired band, tune the MN-4 for MINIMUM VSWR, and then increase the transmitter power to its normal operating level.

#### 4.10 REFLECTED POWER

It is possible to read reflected power with the MN-4, although the instrument was not primarily designed to do this. To read reflected power, first rotate the PUSH-RELEASE knob fully counterclockwise, and set the meter function switch to FORWARD WATTS. Increase transmitter power to the desired level (do not exceed 300 watts), then change the meter function



switch to the VSWR setting. Push in on the PUSH-RELEASE knob and turn it clockwise until the meter indicates the same as forward power. Release the PUSH-RELEASE knob. The meter now indicates reflected power on the power scale.

#### 4.11 USE WITH TRANSCEIVERS AND T/R COMBINATIONS

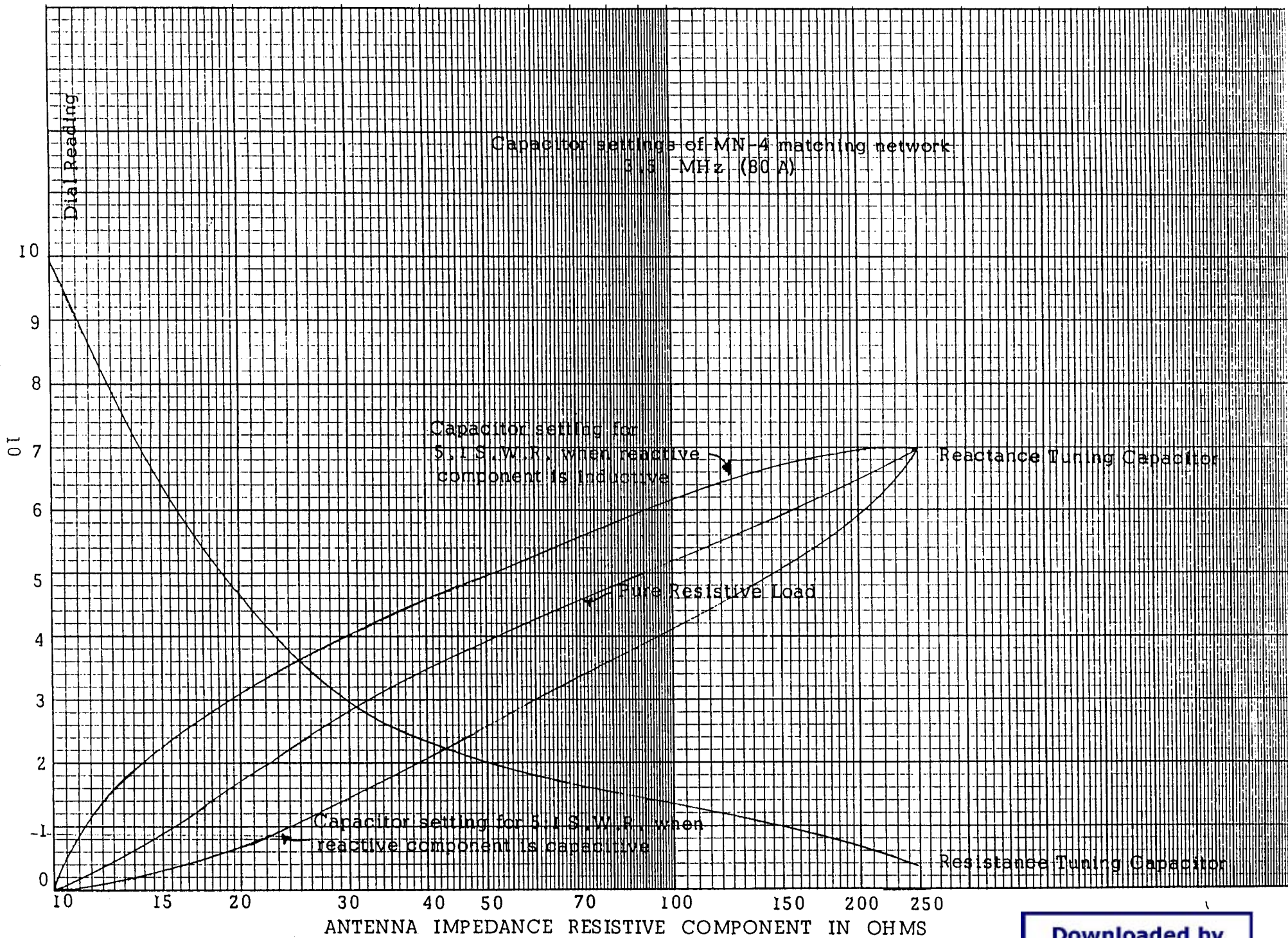
Adjustment of the MN-4 with a transceiver is done exactly as described in Paragraphs 4.7 through 4.10. Since the received signal will be passed through the MN-4, it is necessary to change the bandswitch of the MN-4 to DIRECT, or to agree with the setting of the receiver bandswitch, when just tuning through the bands. If this is not done, the received signal will be attenuated by the MN-4 whenever the bandswitch setting is not the same as the band being tuned.

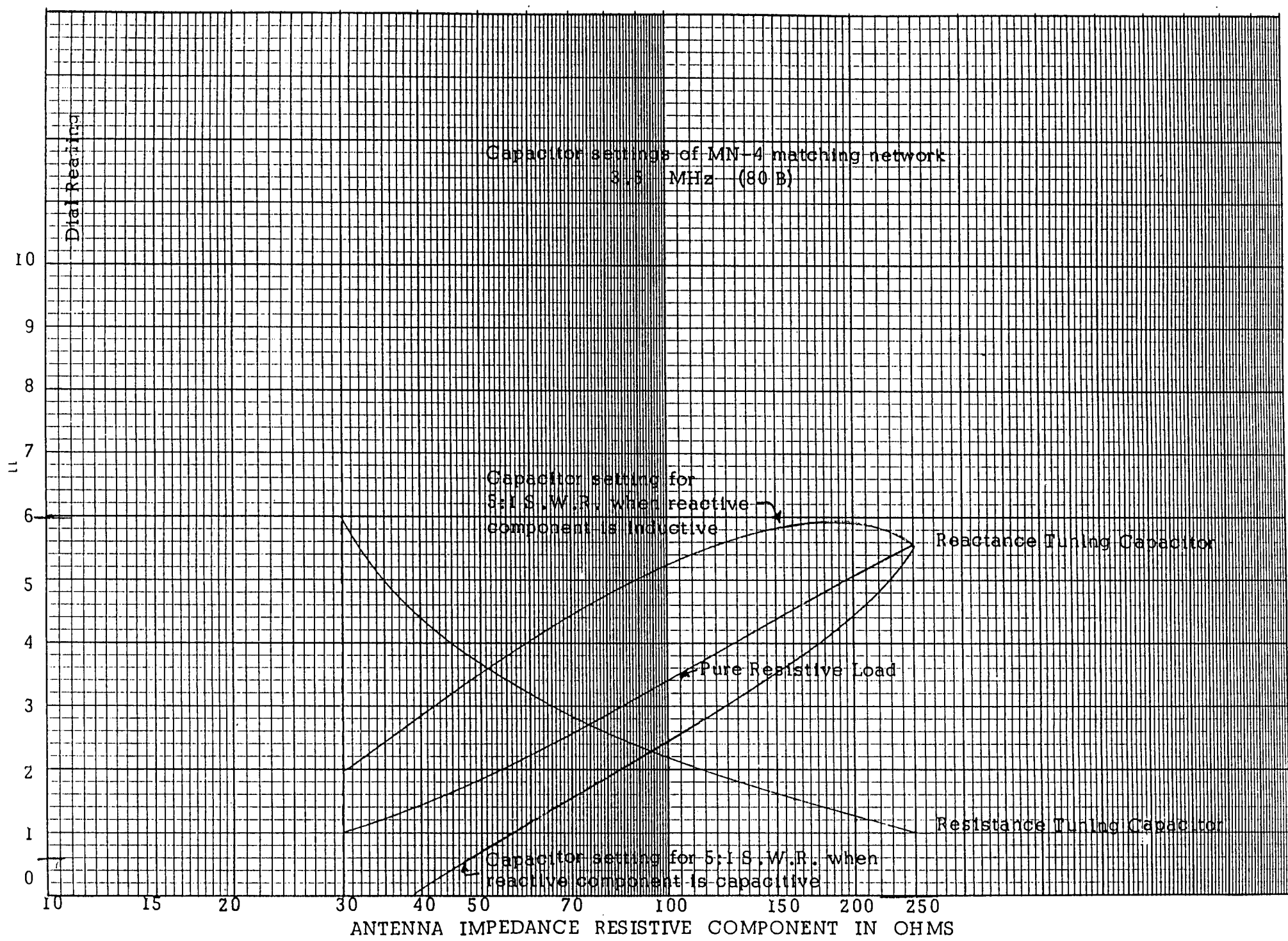
#### 4.12 TUNING CURVES

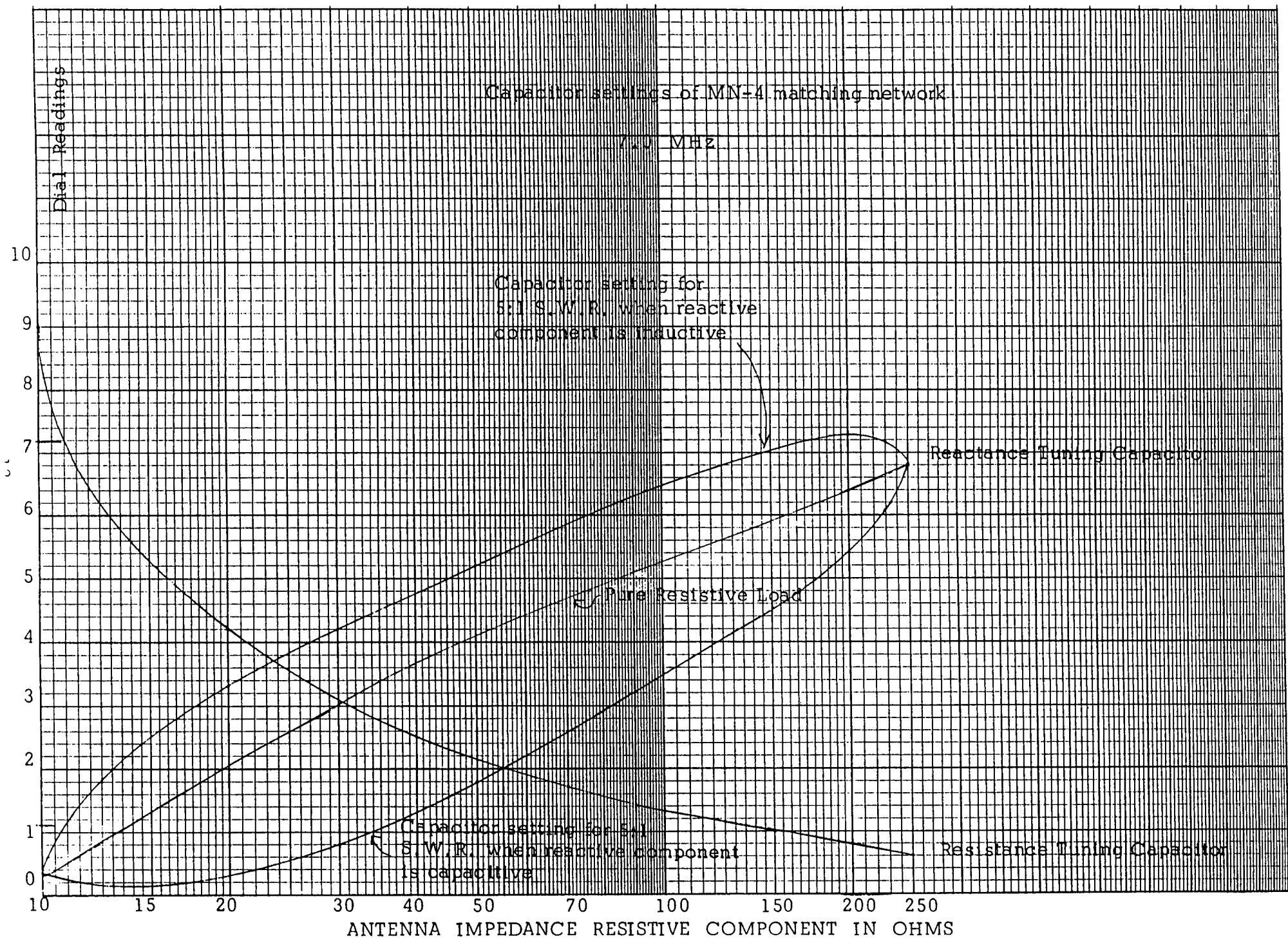
A series of tuning curves, showing control settings versus load impedance, are presented on pages 10 through 15 of this manual. These curves may be used to determine the approximate load impedance from the tuning control settings, and the approximate tuning control settings required on each band for a known load impedance. All points on the REACTIVE tuning curves represent load impedances (capacitive and inductive) with 5:1 VSWR. Points in the area enclosed by the REACTIVE tuning curves are points with a VSWR of less than 5:1. The MN-4 can satisfactorily tune antennas with VSWR well in excess of 5:1 when the antenna impedance is primarily resistive.

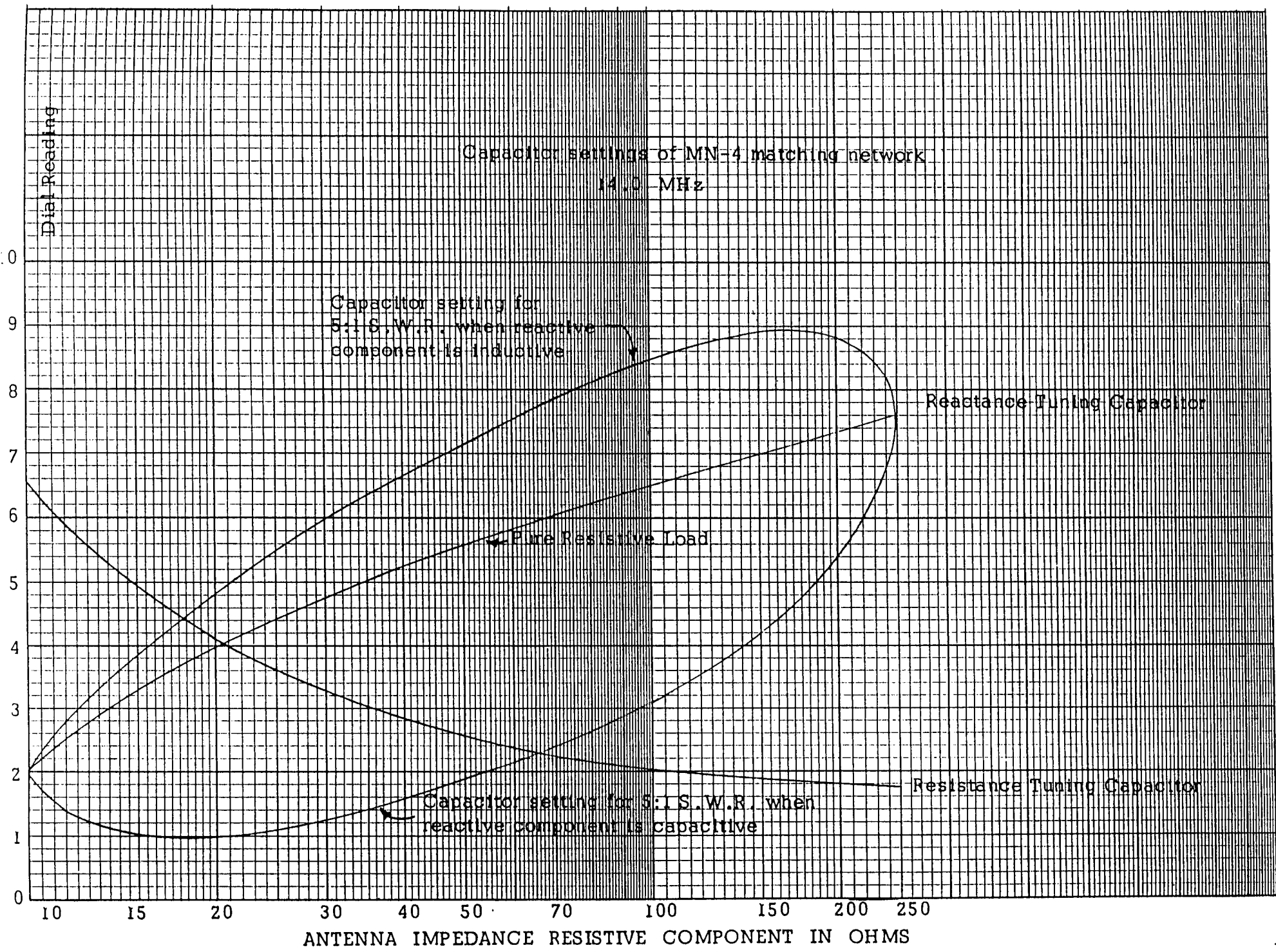
#### 4.13 MAINTENANCE

The MN-4 should be practically maintenance free, as it is a passive device. If either, or both, of the IN295 diode rectifiers for the wattmeter are damaged, they must be replaced with the same type diodes. Substitution of other type diodes may seriously degrade the accuracy of the wattmeter. If any problems arise that cannot be corrected, either return the MN-4 to your dealer; or write to our Service Department, describing your problem in full, including external connections, control settings, type of antenna and transmitter, etc. Do not return your MN-4 to the factory without proper authorization.

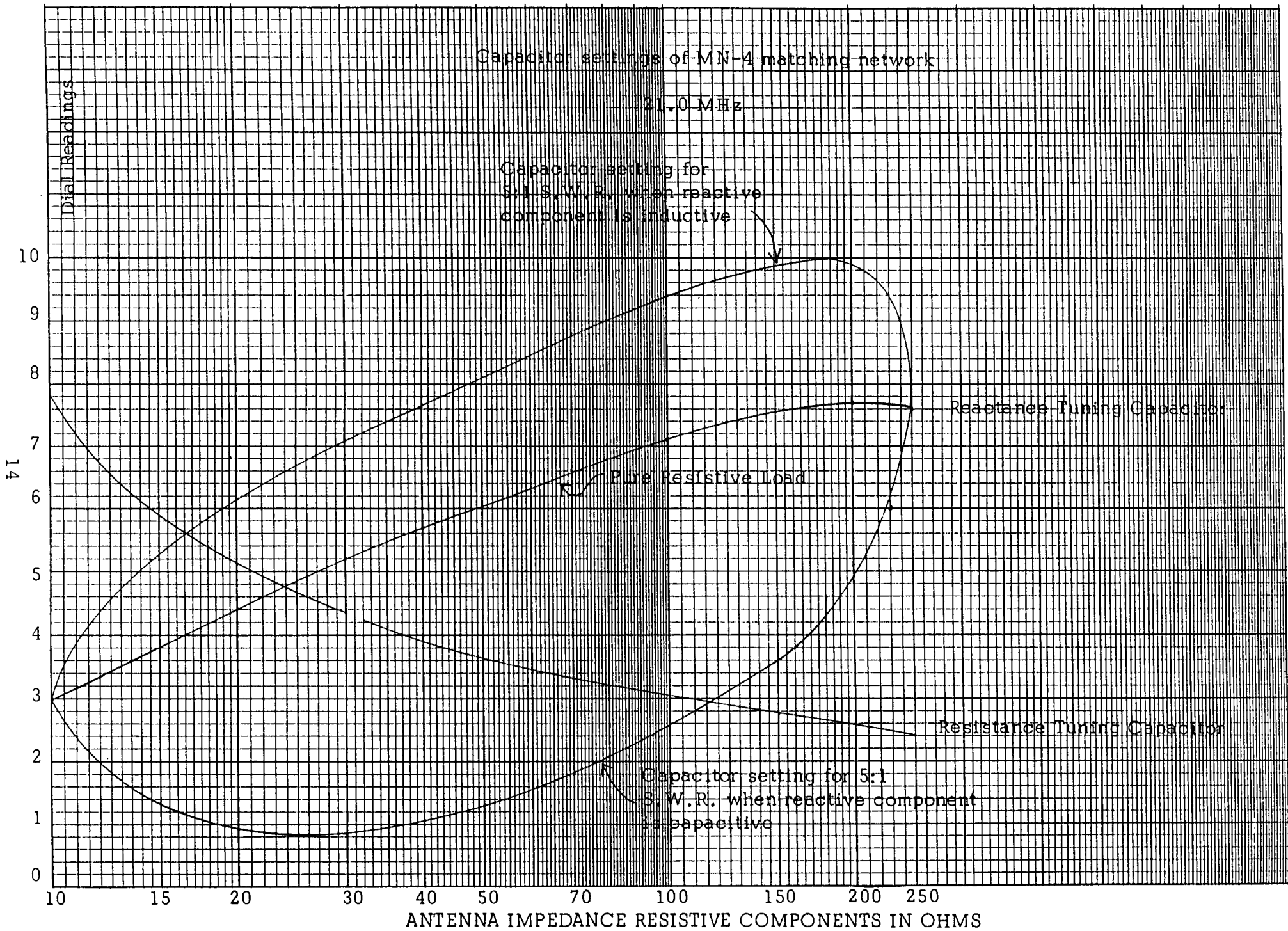


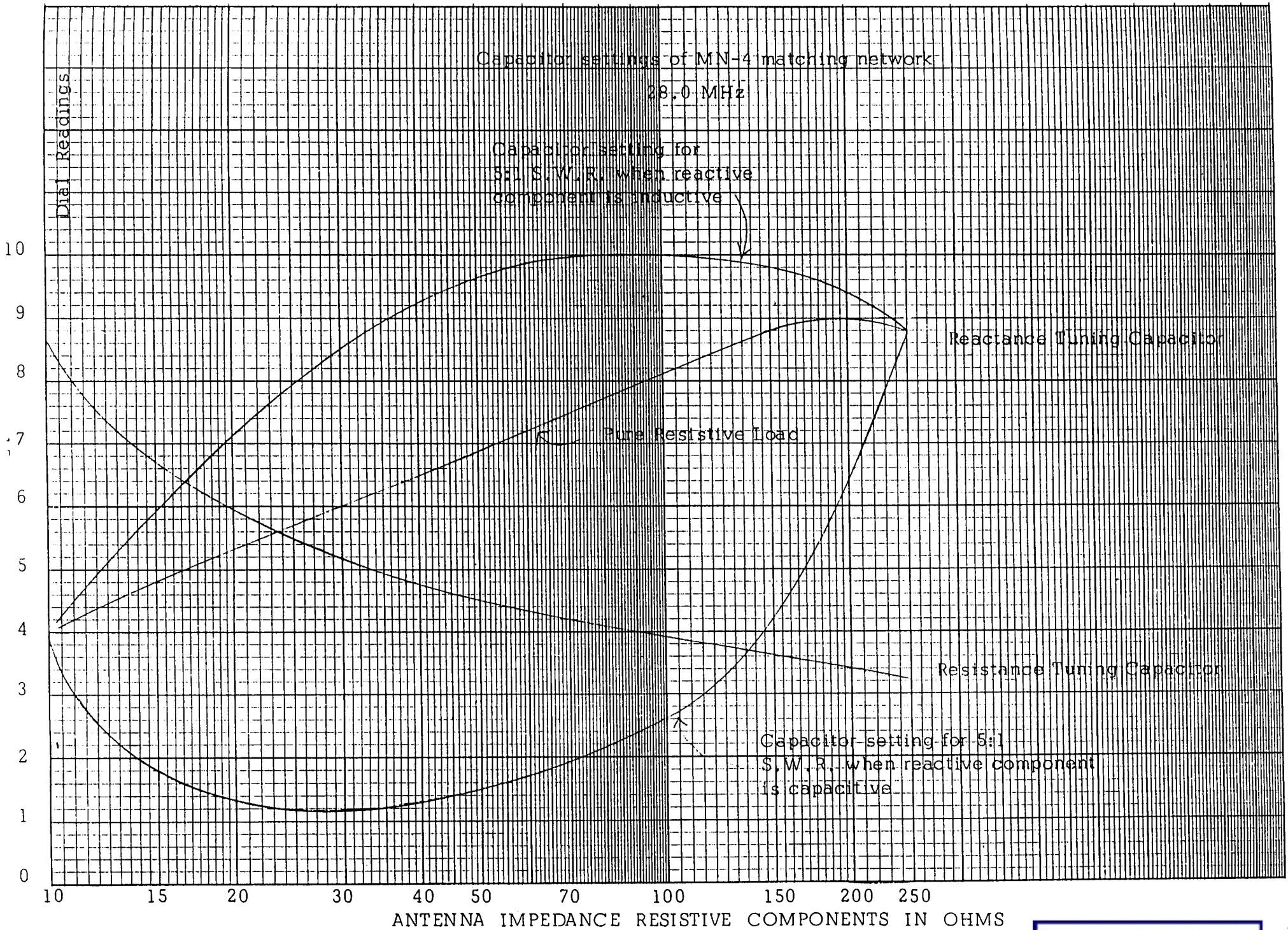
















## STANDARD WARRANTY

R. L. Drake Company warrants each new radio product manufactured by it to be free from defective material and workmanship and agrees to remedy any such defect or to furnish a new part in exchange for any part of any unit of its manufacture which under normal installation, use and service discloses such defect, provided the unit is delivered by the owner to us or to our authorized radio dealer or wholesaler from whom purchased, intact, for our examination, with all transportation charges prepaid to our factory within ninety days from the date of sale to original purchaser and provided that such examination discloses in our judgement that it is thus defective.

This warranty does not extend to any of our radio products which have been subjected to misuse, neglect, accident, incorrect wiring not our own, improper installation, or to use in violation of instructions furnished by us, nor extend to units which have been repaired or altered outside our factory, nor in cases where the serial number thereof has been removed, defaced, or changed, nor to units used with accessories not manufactured or recommended by us.

Any part of a unit approved for remedy or exchange hereunder will be remedied or exchanged by the authorized radio dealer or wholesaler without charge to the owner.

This warranty is in lieu of all other warranties expressed or implied and no representative or person is authorized to assume for us any other liability in connection with the sale of our radio products.

R. L. DRAKE COMPANY

MIAMISBURG, OHIO