## D G S 1 <br> DRAKE

DIGITAL FPEQUENCY SYNTIESIZER

INSTHUCTION MANUAL

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SECTION I
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The set is made with 2 main subsystems: a $0,5 \mathrm{MHz}$ step crystal oscillator and a programmed counter.

A more detailed description is given by the block diagram of Fig.l.

The signal from injection is buffered and squared, before going to the counter's input gate.

The over range system of the counter is programmed in two different ways, depending if the 1 st band starts with $0,0 \mathrm{MHz}$ or $0,5 \mathrm{MHz}$.

The display is a 6 digits one. The last. 4 nixies (on the right) are driven by the counter, while the firt 2 (on the left) are connected with the 10 MHz and the $0,5 \mathrm{MHz}$ selectoxs.

The oscillator gives a signal which is used instead of the receiver's rinst conversion crystal oscillator, and which can be changed in $0,5 \mathrm{MHz}$ steps, so that coverage of the whole $0,5-30 \mathrm{MHz} \mathrm{HF}$ range is acheived.

The counter gives the exact frequency readout, in each $0,5 \mathrm{MHz}$ sub-range, with 100 Hz resoluction.


## SECTION III

## OPERATION

1 ）Set the receiver＇s crystal－switch，in the 1 st position。
2）Tune the band switch in accordance with the accessory operation instruction of the receiver＇s instruction manual。

3）Tune the $0,5 \mathrm{MHz}$ and 10 MHz selectors of DGSi，in accordance with the beginning of the wanted band．

4）Tune the preselector control for the best sensitivity： be sure that the preselector is not tuned on image or other spurions signals，or the counter will not operate properly，and the receiver will not give the required sensitivy。
It is advisable to make a table，with exact preselector tunnig，for any 500 KHz －wide band．

## CAUTION

Due to the frequency tolerance of receiver＇s second conversion crystal oscillator，it will be necessary to adjust time base oscillator of DGS1，to get the best readout accuracy．

To adjust time base oscillator，remove the upper cabinet cover and internal box cover：ToB，trimmer is near grystal woket（Seerig．8）．
Tune a goog standard signal（W，W，Vo or well known broadcat）fand makezerobeat on its carrier（it is preferable to monitor the beat with an oscilloscope on audio output）：adjust $T .3$ ．irimmer untill the extact frequency is read．


Dial lamp switch


FIGURE 6

i)GS1 (top view)

## CONNECTIONS TO R4E/R4C RECETVER

!) Connect the oscillator plug to the fit accessory crystal socket through the HC6 adapter; ground connection must be fastened to the screw on the right the socket itself. (See Fig.2)

2) Connect the injection socket of the receiver to one of the socket on the rear panel of DGS1. If the receiver must be used in transceiver mode, the injection signal for the transmitter must be taken from the second socket of the DGS1 (wich is internally connected to the first); See Fig. 3

FIGURE 3

$$
T 4 x-C
$$



## CONNECTION TO SPR4 RECETVEHS

Remove receiver's cabinet and connect HC25 adapter to the crystal socket NO1: red dot must be upside (see Fig. 4) ground connection must be made with the screw on the side of crystals board.

Let coaxial cable go out of the cabinet through the central hole in the upper sirie, or through the same hole than speaker. cable.

The oscillator plug of $D G S 1$ must be fastened to the female connector of this cable.

Connect DGS1 counter input plug to injection socket: of course model TA-4 transceiver adaptor must be installed, in order to get this injection signal available.

For DGS1 remote switchmon, a female Jack must be installed in the hole under mute jack, and its contact must be connected to the pin of $S-12$ (dial lamp switch) connected to power transformer $T 7$ (see Fig.5).

It will be necessary to change also the plug of the DGSi remote switch cord, with a jack of the same type that the female installed on SPR4; the red wire of this cable must be soldered to the central connection.

Remove DGS1 cabinet and cut diode D1 leads: make a jumper as in(Fig. 6 ) across 0 :

* (ar brown)


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To


Counter amplifier


Time Base Oscillator


## Range MHz



View from cristals side

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