TECHNICAL MANUAL

OPERATOR'S, ORGANIZATIONAL, DIRECT SUPPORT,
AND GENERAL SUPPORT MAINTENANCE MANUAL
INCLUDING REPAIR PARTS AND SPECIAL TOOLS LIST
FOR
COUNTER, ELECTRONIC, DIGITAL READOUT
AN/USM-459
(HEWLETT-PACKARD MODEL 5328A/E42)
(NSN 6625-01-061-8928)

HEADQUARTERS, DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

MARCH 1979

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Technical Manual

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HEADQUARTERS, DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY Washington, DC 28 March 1979

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This manual is an authentication of the manufacturer commercial literature which, through usage, has been found to cover the data required to operate and maintain this equipment. The manual was not prepared in accordance with military specifications; therefore, the format has not been structured to consider categories of maintenance.

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SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

GENERAL

This is a Safety Class I instrument. This instrument has been designed and tested according to IEC Publication 348, "Safety Requirements for Electronic Measuring Apparatus."

OPERATION

BEFORE APPLYING POWER verify that the power transformer primary is matched to the available line voltage and the correct fuse is installed (see Section II). Make sure that only fuses with the required rated current and of the specified type (normal blow, time delay, etc.) are used for replacement. The use of repaired fuses and the short-circuiting of fuseholders must be avoided.

SERVICE

Although this instrument has been designed in accordance with international safety standards, this manual contains information, cautions, and warnings which must be followed to ensure safe operation and to retain the instrument in safe condition. Service and adjustments should be performed only by qualified service personnel.

Any adjustment, maintenance, and repair of the opened instrument under voltage should be avoided as much as possible and, when inevitable, should be carried out only by a skilled person who is aware of the hazard involved.

Capacitors inside the instrument may still be charged even if the instrument has been disconnected from its source of supply.

Whenever it is likely that the protection has been impaired, the instrument must be made inoperative and be secured against any unintended operation.

WARNING

IF THIS INSTRUMENT IS TO BE ENERGIZED VIA AN AUTOTRANS-FORMER (FOR VOLTAGE REDUCTION] MAKE SURE THE COMMON TERMINAL IS CONNECTED TO THE EARTHED POLE OF THE POWER SOURCE.

WARNING

BEFORE SWITCHING ON THE INSTRUMENT, THE PROTECTIVE EARTH TERMINALS OF THE INSTRUMENT MUST BE CONNECTED TO THE PROTECTIVE CONDUCTOR OF THE (MAINS) POWER CORD. THE MAINS PLUG SHALL ONLY BE INSERTED IN A SOCKET OUTLET PROVIDED WITH A PROTECTIVE EARTH CONTACT. THE PROTECTIVE ACTION MUST NOT BE NEGATED BY THE USE OF AN EXTENSION CORD (POWER CABLE) WITHOUT A PROTECTIVE CONDUCTOR (GROUNDING).

WARNING

THE SERVICE INFORMATION FOUND IN THIS MANUAL IS OFTEN USED WITH POWER SUPPLIED AND PROTECTIVE COVERS REMOVED FROM THE INSTRUMENT. ENERGY AVAILABLE AT MANY POINTS MAY, IF CONTACTED, RESULT IN PERSONAL INJURY.

CAUTION

BEFORE SWITCHING ON THIS INSTRUMENT:

- 1. MAKE SURE THE INSTRUMENT IS SET TO THE VOLTAGE OF THE POWER SOURCE.
- 2. ENSURE THAT ALL DEVICES CONNECTED TO THIS INSTRU-MENT ARE CONNECTED TO THE PROTECTIVE (EARTH) GROUND.
- 3. ENSURE THAT THE LINE POWER (MAINS) PLUG IS CONNECTED TO A THREE-CONDUCTOR LINE POWER OUTLET THAT HAS A PROTECTIVE (EARTH) GROUND. (GROUNDING ONE CONDUCTOR OF A TWO-CONDUCTOR OUTLET IS NOT SUFFICIENT.)
- 4. MAKE SURE THAT ONLY FUSES WITH THE REQUIRED RATED CURRENT AND OF THE SPECIFIED TYPE (NORMAL BLOW, TIME DELAY, ETC.) ARE USED FOR REPLACEMENT. THE USE OF REPAIRED FUSES AND THE SHORT-CIRCUITING OF FUSE HOLDERS MUST BE AVOIDED.

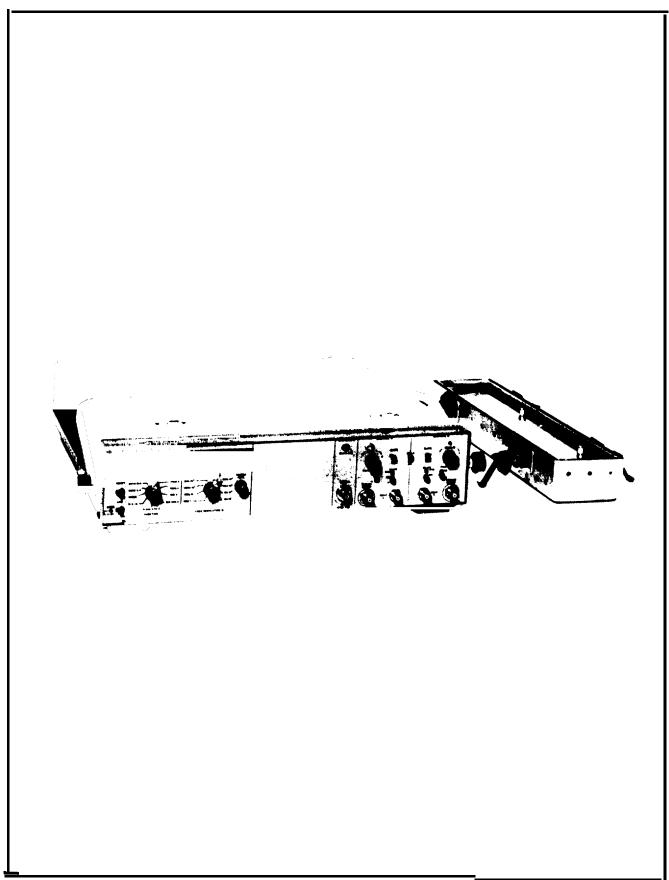


Figure 1-1. Model 5328A 500 MHz Universal Frequency Counter

SECTION O

INTRODUCTION

0-1. SCOPE

This manual describes Counter, Electronic, Digital Readout AN/USM-459 and provides instructions for operation and maintenance. Throughout this manual, the AN/USM-459 is referred to as Hewlett-Packard Model 5328A Counter.

0-2. INDEXES OF PUBLICATIONS

- <u>a.</u> DA Pam 310-4. Refer to the latest issue of DA Pam 310-4 to determine whether there are new editions, changes, or additional publications pertaining to the equipment.
- <u>b.</u> DA Pam 310-7. Refer to DA Pam 310-7 to determine whether there are modification work orders (MWO's) pertaining to the equipment.

0-3. FORMS AND RECORDS

- <u>a.</u> Reports of Maintenance and Unsatisfactory Equipment. Maintenance forms, records, and reports which are to be used by maintenance personnel at all maintenance levels are listed in and prescribed by TM 38-750.
- <u>b.</u> Report of Packaging and Handling Deficiencies. Fill out and forward DD Form 6 (Packaging Improvement Report) as prescribed in AR 700-58/NAVSUPINST 4030.29/AFR 71-13/MCO P4030.29A and DLAR 4145.8.
- <u>c.</u> Discrepancy in Shipment Report (DISREP) (SF 361). Fill out and forward Discrepancy in Shipment Report (DISREP) (SF 361) as prescribed in AR 55-38/NAVSUPINST 4610.33B/AFR 75-18/MCO P4610.19C and DLAR 4500.15.

0-4. REPORTING EQUIPMENT IMPROVEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS (EIR)

EIR's will be prepared using Standard Form 368 (Quality Deficiency Report). Instructions for preparing EIR's are provided in TM 38-750, The Army Maintenance Management System. EIR's should be mailed direct to Commander, US Army Communications and Electronics Materiel Readiness Command, ATTN: DRSEL-ME-MQ, Fort Monmouth, NJ 07703. A reply will be furnished direct to you.

0-5. ADMINISTRATIVE STORAGE

Administrative storage of equipment issued to and used by Army activities shall be in accordance with paragraph 2-26.

0-6. DESTRUCTION OF ARMY ELECTRONICS MATERIEL

Destruction of Army electronics material to prevent enemy use shall be in accordance with TM 750-244-2

SECTION I GENERAL INFORMATION

1-1. SCOPE OF MANUAL

- 1-2. This manual provides operating and service information for the Hewlett-Packard Model 5328A/H42 500 MHz Universal Frequency Counter. (In this manual its name will be abbreviated to "5328A" or "counter".) A separate operators booklet contains condensed operator instructions.
- 1-3. This manual is divided into eight sections as listed and described below:

Section I	GENERAL INFORMATION — Describes the counter, lists specifications, lists items supplied, lists items required, but not supplied, describes applications, and lists recommended maintenance and test equipment.
Section II	INSTALLATION — Provides instructions for unpacking, inspection, preparation for use, preparation for reshipment, and preparation for storage.
Section III	OPERATION — Provides operator instructions including frequency, measurement of input signal: time period, time period average, time interval, time interval average, and ratio between frequencies of two input signals.
Section IV	THEORY OF OPERATION — Covers a. description of the general operating principles of the counter with reference to block and schematic diagrams of each assembly.
Section V	MAINTENANCE — Contains maintenance and service information, including a list of assemblies, recommended test equipment, performance checks, and adjustment. Troubleshooting procedures and flowcharts are included in this section.
Section VI	REPLACEABLE PARTS — Provides a complete list of replaceable parts and parts ordering information.
Section VII	MANUAL CHANGES — Contains information on manual changes.
Section VIII	CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS — Contains schematic diagrams and component locating illustrations.

1-4. DESCRIPTION

1-5. The 5328A counter can be used to measure frequency, period, period average, time interval, time interval average, and ratio. The 5328A provides a 9-digit LED display, display storage, and leading zero blanking. Decimal point and unit readouts are displayed automatically. Two independent selectable input channels are provided for time interval measurements. Each input channel has an attenuator, trigger slope selector, level control, ac or dc coupling, and an oscilloscope marker output. Rear panel connectors provide a gate output, one- and 10-megahertz output, and an input for an external frequency standard. An ARM switch on the rear panel allows arming by the signal being measured (switch OFF) or by another input signal (switch ON).

1-6. INSTRUMENT IDENTIFICATION

1-7. Hewlett-Packard instruments have a 2-section, 10-character serial number (0000A00000), which is located on the rear panel. The 4-digit serial prefix identifies instrument changes. If the serial prefix of your instrument differs from that listed on the title page of this manual, there are differences between this manual and your instrument. Instruments having higher serial prefixes are covered with a "Manual Changes" sheet included with this manual.

1-8. APPLICATIONS

- 1-9. Specific applications information is provided in Section III of this manual. The general application features of the 5328A are described in the following paragraphs.
- 1-10. The high sensitivity, frequency range, and signal conditioning controls (see Table 7-3) make the 5328A suited for a wide range of applications.
- 1-11. The rear panel controlled "ARM" feature of the 5328A is useful in applications such as burst frequency measurements, and pulse ampltiude measurements.
- 1-12. The 5328A single-shot resolution of 100 ns meets the requirements for applications such as mechanical and electromechanical device (relays) timing, time of flight measurements (ballistics), sonar ranging, radio ranging, and navigation.
- 1-13. Using time interval averaging, time intervals as short as 100 picosecond, with resolution to 10 picosecond may be measured. Applications include coaxial cable length measurements, phase measurements, logic timing measurements, and integrated circuit propagation delay measurement.
- 1-14. Full bandwidth, sensitivity, and signal conditioning of the Channel A, B, and C input amplifiers is provided for ratio and totalizing measurements.
- 1-15. The 5328A HP-IB Interface is able to output measurement data and be controlled (fully programmed) via the Hewlett-Packard Interface Bus (HP-16). The 5328A may be interfaced to HP-IB compatible instruments, calculators, or computers by interconnecting with an HP-IB cable.

1-16. EQUIPMENT SUPPLIED AND ACCESSORIES AVAILABLE

1-17. Table 7-7 lists equipment supplied with the 5328A and Table 7-2 lists accessories available, The Service Kits listed in Table 1-2 are described in Section III.

Table 1-1. Equipment Supplied

DESCRIPTION	HP PART NUMBER
Detachable Power Cord 231 cm (7 ¹ / ₂ ft.) long	8120-1348
Extender Board, 18 pin	05328-62016

Table 1-2. Accessories Available

DESCRIPTION	HP PART NUMBER
HP Interface Bus Interconnect Cable	10631A, 914 mm (3 ft. long) 10631B, 1828 mm (6 ft. long) 10631C, 3656 mm (12 ft. long) 10631D, 0.5 m (1 ¹ / ₂ ft. long)
Front Handle Kit Rack Flange Kit (for instruments without handles) Rack and Handle Kit (installation instructions included with above kits)	5061-0088 5061-0076 5061-0082
Service Kit: Function Selector and ROM Kit	05328-82004

1-18. SPECIFICATIONS

1-19. Table 1-3 lists detailed specifications for the 5328AF/096.

Table 1-3. 5328A Counter Specifications

GENERAL

Power Requirements: 115 or 230 volts 60 or 400 Hz ac.

Display: Nine-digit LED.

Sample Rate: Variable from less than 2 milliseconds to HOLD

Arming: Rear panel ARM (ON-OFF) switch. Refer to operation for details.

Blanking: Unwanted zeros to left of mostsignificant-digit are suppressed.

Hold: HOLDS count between samples.

Trigger Light: Indicates input is above trigger

PROGRAMMABLE OPERATION (CHANNELS A AND B)

Includes independent selection of coupling, trigger slope, trigger level, and attenuator for each channel. Separate/Common A switch is programmable. Also, an invert feature switches Channels A and B; useful in all functions except Ratio B/A.

Trigger level is programmable in 10 mV steps in X1; 100 mV in X10; IV in X100.

Trigger level accuracy under remote control:

X1: ±35 mV

X10: ±350 mV +2% of trigger level **X100:** ±3.5V +2% of trigger level

Input Characteristics

Sensitivity: 15 mV rms, 0—35 MHz (decoupled 20 Hz—35 MHz (ac coupled) 50 mV rms, 35 MHz-100 MHz

Minimum pulse width 5 ns, 140 mV p-p.

Coupling: ac or dc switch selectable.

Impedance: 1 MΩ II <70 pF.

Trigger Level: Variable over ±2.5 volts times attenuator setting with 0 volt preset position. Trigger Slope: Independent selection of + or

- slope.

Attenuators: X1, X10, X100. Dynamic Range: 25 mV to 1V rms times attenuator setting, 0—35 MHz; 50 mV rms times attenuator setting, 35 MHz to 100 MHz

Maximum Input:

dc coupled, X1: 250V rms, dc — SO kHz 1.25 x 10⁷V rms/freq., 50 kHz—2.5 MHz

5V rms, 2.5 MHz—100 MHz. dc coupled, X10 and X100: 250V rms, dc 5 MHz 1.25 x 109V rms/freq., 5—100 MHz

ac coupled: 200V (peak ac + dc), 0-20 Hz; same as dc coupled above 20 Hz.

Channel Input: Separate or Common A. Marker Outputs: A and B channel Schmidt trigger outputs available on front panel; 0 to 300 mV levels into 50Ω ; <20 ns delay.

Frequency Measurements

Frequency A Range: 0—100 MHz direct count.

Resolution: 1 MHz to 0.1 Hz in decade steps. Accuracy: ±1 count ± time base error.

Display: Hz, kHz, MHz.

Period Measurements

Period A

Range: 0-10 MHz

Resolution: 10 ns to 0.1s in decade steps. Accuracy: ±1 count ± time base error ±trigger error*

Display: ns, µs, ms. Period Average A Range: 0—10 MHz

Resolution: 100 ns—.01 ps in decade steps. **Accuracy:** ±1 count displayed ± time base

error trigger error*

[±] no. of periods averaged

Display: μs, ns

Time Interval Measurements

Time Interval A to B

Range: 100 ns to 10° seconds

Resolution: 100 ns to 1-second in decade

steps.

Accuracy: ±1 count ± time base error

± trigger error*

Display: μs, ms, s. Time Interval Average A to B

Range: 0.1 ns to 10 seconds

Resolution:

100 ns $\pm \sqrt{\text{no. of intervals averaged}} \pm 10 \text{ ps}$

Accuracy:

_100 ns + trigger error* ± 2 ns \pm time base error

√no. intervals averaged

Minimum Dead Time: 150 ns from one

STOP to next START

Maximum Repetition Rate: 10 MHz.

Display: μs, ns.

Ratio Measurement Ratio B/A, or C/A

Range: A: 0—10 MHz Range: B: 0—100 MHz Range: C: 30—500 MHz **Resolution:** 1 part in $\frac{B}{A} \times N$

Accuracy: ±1 count of B or C ± trigger error* of A times frequency of B or C (N>1) For N=1, add 12 ns times frequency of

B or C.

±2 x peak noise voltage signal slope

(or $\frac{\pm .0025 \ \mu s}{\text{signal slope in V/}\mu s}$ for 40 dB S/N)

^{*} Trigger error is <0.3% of one period for sine waves of 40 dB S/N or better and amplitude equal to sensitivity of counter. For any wave shape, trigger error is than then:

Table 7-3. 5328A Counter Specifications (Continued)

CHANNEL C

Input Characteristics

Range: 30 MHz to 500 MHz direct count Sensitivity: 15 mV rms, 30 MHz—500 MHz

Trigger level: 0 volts
Impedance: 50Ω nominal
Maximum Input: 5 volts rms

Input protection: Input BNC fused; accessible from front panel. protected to 200 volts peak. **overload Indicator:** flashing indicator warns

of potential overload conditions.

Resolution: 1 MHz to 0.1 Hz in decade steps

Accuracy: ±1 count ± time base error

Display: Hz, kHz, MHz

TIME BASE

Outputs: 1 MHz and 10 MHz available at rear panel BNC in standby and operate modes

Output level: 1 volts rms into 50Ω

External Input: Operates from 1, 2.5, 5, and 10

MHz inputs at 1V rms.

Input impedance 1 $\kappa\Omega$ | <30 pF Counter automatically switches to external mode when external input is

present.

Oscillator Aging Rate: <5x10¹⁰/day after 24-hour warmup. Oscillator oven is energized when power cable is connected

to line voltage.

SECTION II

2-1. INTRODUCTION

2-2. This section provides instructions for unpacking, inspection, preparation for use, shipment, and storage.

2-3. UNPACKING AND INSPECTION

2-4. If the shipping carton is damaged, inspect the counter for visible damage (scratches, dents, etc.). If the counter is damaged, notify the carrier and the nearest Hewlett-Packard Sales and Service Office immediately (offices are listed at the back of this manual). Keep the shipping carton and packing material for the carrier's inspection.

2-5. PREPARATION FOR USE

CAUTION

Before connecting this instrument to an ac power line, be sure that the 115—230-volt line selector switch on the rear panel is set to the proper position and proper line fuse is installed (see below).

2-6. Power Requirements

2-7. This instrument can be operated on single phase 115 or 230 (-10%. +5%) volts ac. Power required is approximately 100 VA maximum. To avoid instrument damage, the rear panel line selector switch must be set to the correct position and the correct fuse (as labeled on the rear panel) must be installed. See Section III for rear panel features photograph. When shipped, the switch is set to 115-volt ac operation.

2-8. Fuse Replacement and Installation

2-9. Two fuses are supplied with the instrument. The instrument is shipped with a 2.0 ampere fuse installed for 115- volt operation. To change the instrument for 230-volt operation disconnect the ac power cable, set the line selector switch and install the 1.0 ampere fuse.

2-10. Power Cables

WARNING

TO PROTECT OPERATING AND SERVICING PERSONNEL, THIS INSTRUMENT IS EQUIPPED WITH A THREE-PIN POWER RECEPTACLE. THE CENTER PIN OF THE RECEPTACLE CONNECTS THE INSTRUMENT CHASSIS AND PANELS TO EARTH GROUND WHEN USED WITH A PROPERLY WIRED THREE CONDUCTOR OUTLET AND POWER CABLE. IMPROPERLY GROUNDED EQUIPMENT CAN RESULT IN HAZARDOUS POTENTIALS BETWEEN EQUIPMENTS.

- 2-11. To accommodate the different power receptacles used throughout the world, this instrument is supplied with one of the power cables shown in Figure 2-7. The cable supplied for use in the United States meets the specifications established by the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC). The male connector of this cable is a NEMA type and the female connector is a C.E.E. type.
- 2-12. Connect the power cable to a power source receptacle that has a grounded third conductor. If the line power receptacle is a two-pin type instead of a three-pin receptacle, use a two- to three-pin adapter (HP Part No. 1251-0048 for USA applications) and connect the green lead on the adapter to earth ground. See warning above. If counter is to be operated with 230V ac line power, an Underwriters Laboratories listed connector should be used to connect power.

2-13. Operating Environment

2-14. Maximum and minimum allowable operating temperatures are listed in Table 1-3. If these limits are exceeded at the installation site, auxiliary cooling or heating should be used to keep the environment within limits. A l-inch space above the counter should be clear to allow cooling air circulation. The cooling fan exhaust port at rear is to be kept clear.

2-15. Bench Operation

2-16. The instrument cabinet has plastic feet and the large tilt carrying handle will fold under for convenient bench operation. The tilt handle permits inclining the instrument for ease in using front-panel controls and indicators.

NOTE

The tilt carrying handle may be secured in any position by tightening the knurled side screws.

2-17. Rack Mounting

2-18. The counter is ready for bench operation as shipped from the factory. To mount the counter in a rack, it is necessary to order and install the rack flange kit listed in Table 7-2.

CAUTION

Ambient temperature in rack during operation should not exceed 112°F (50°C). Be sure instrument position in rack permits adequate air circulation and that nearby equipment does not discharge hot air directly on the instrument.

2-19. PACKAGING FOR RESHIPMENT

2-20. Original Packaging

- 2-21. The same containers and materials used in factory packaging can be obtained through the Hewlett-Packard Sales and Service Offices listed at the rear of this manual.
- 2-22. If the counter is being returned to Hewlett-Packard for service, attach a tag indicating the type of service required, return address, model number, and full serial number. Mark the container FRAGILE to assure careful handling.
- 2-23. In any correspondence refer to the counter by model number and full serial number.

2-24. Other Packaging Methods

2-25. If factory packaging is not available, good commercial packing should be used. Contract packaging companies in many cities can provide dependable custom packaging on short notice. The following general instructions should be followed when repackaging with commercially available materials.

- a. If shipping to a Hewlett-Packard Service Office or Service Center, attach a tag indicating the type of service required, return address, model number, and full serial number.
- b. Wrap the counter in heavy paper or plastic.
- c. Use a strong shipping container. A double-wall carton made of 350-pound test material is normally adequate for shipments inside the U.S.
- d. Use enough shock-absorbing material (3-to 4-inch layer) around all sides of the counter to provide a firm cushion and prevent movement inside the container. Protect the control panel with cardboard.
- e. Seal the shipping container securely.

2-26. STORAGE

2-27. If the counter is to be stored for an extended period of time, it should be enclosed in a clean, dry, sealed container. See specifications in Section I for storage environmental limitations.

SECTION III OPERATION (OPERATORS INSTRUCTIONS)

3-1. INTRODUCTION

3-2. This section contains information necessary to understand how to control and use the counter. Specific details and examples are provided for making measurements of frequency, period, period average, time interval and time interval average, and ratio. How to use the external frequency standard input is described. Programming information for use with the HP-IB Interface and the Programmable Input Module is provided. Front and rear panel controls, connectors, and indicators are described.

3-3. FREQUENCY MEASUREMENTS

- 3-4. To make a frequency measurement on a CW signal below 100 MHz, select FREQ A function, select the appropriate input signal conditioning, and apply the signal to A input. The RESOLUTION switch determines the resolution of the measurement. Since the 5328A is a conventional counter, 1 Hz resolution is obtained in 1-second of measurement time (e.g., .1Hz 10 seconds). The .1 Hz best case frequency resolution limits the low frequency measurement accuracy. In practice, low frequencies are measured by making a period or period average measurement and inverting the result to obtain frequency.
- 3-5. To make a frequency measurement on a CW signal in the range of 30 to 500 MHz, select FREQ C function and apply the signal to the Channel C input. Make sure that the amplitude does not exceed 5V rms. The trigger level for the Channel C is fixed at 0V dc. If pulse waveforms are being measured, they must cross through 0 volts dc by at least 25 mV. Pulse widths down to 1 ns can be counted.

CAUTION

DO NOT exceed 5 volts rms at "C" channel input. Circuits in this channel may be damaged by higher voltages.

- 3-6. The A, B, and C input modules are direct count modules. Direct count allows greater resolution per-second of measurement time than prescaling techniques and is important in making frequency measurements on pulse bursts since the allowable measurement time is fixed (it must be less than the width of the burst).
- 3-7. When the 5328A is in FREQ A or FREQ C function and the rear panel ARM switch is OFF, a measurement cycle is initiated (i.e., arms the counter) upon the first trigger level crossing at the A (or C) input. This means that pulsed signals are measured as easily as CW if the measurement time (determined by the RESOLUTION switch) is less than the width of the pulse.
- 3-8. With the ARM switch ON, FREQ A and FREQ C are armed by a trigger event at the B input. This mode is useful whenever it is desired to have real time control over when a measurement is to begin. Useful applications include measuring frequency variations along a frequency burst and linearity testing of sweep generators. Figure 3-7 illustrates the setup for measuring the linearity of a sweep generator. The Channel B Trigger level is adjusted to trigger (and thereby arm the counter) at various points along the sweep out waveform. By plotting the B trigger levels and the corresponding frequency measurements made at those levels, the linearity of the generator may be determined.

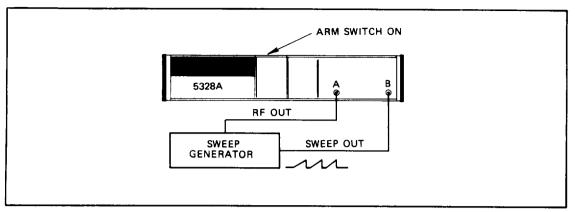


Figure 3-1. Measuring Linearity

3-9. PERIOD MEASUREMENTS

- 3-10. The PERIOD and PERIOD AVG functions allow single period measurement or multiple period averages to be made on input signals into Channel A for frequencies up to 10 MHz. These modes are useful for making low frequency measurements where maximum resolution is desired.
- 3-11. To make a PERIOD or PERIOD AVG measurement, select the desired function, select appropriate input signal conditioning, and apply the signal to the A input. For single period measurements, the RESOLUTION switch scales the time base frequency which determines the resolution of the measurement. For optimum resolution, select N=1. Other N values may be desirable to prevent display overflow or to get rid of unstable digits. For PERIOD AVG measurements, the RESOLUTION switch selects the number of periods over which the period average measurement is made (the time base is 10 MHz for this case). the PERIOD AVG mode gives increased resolution and accuracy. Trigger error is decreased by N and the resolution is increased by N (resolution = $\frac{100 \text{ ns}}{N}$). The measurement time is equal to the period times N.
- 3-12. In PERIOD and PERIOD AVG with the rear panel ARM switch OFF, the measurement cycle is initiated by the SAMPLE RATE control and the input signal. With the ARM switch ON, PERIOD and PERIOD AVG are armed by a trigger event at the B input. To measure the frequency of a tone burst signal, use arming and the PERIOD AVG (for increased resolution over a low frequency measurement) as shown in *Figure 3-2*. Select N equal to or less than the number of periods in the tone burst and adjust Channel B trigger level to trigger on the first cycle of the input signal.

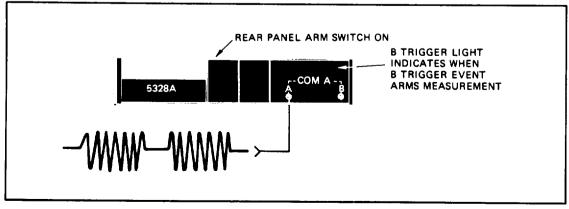


Figure 3-2. Tone Burst Measurement

3-13. TIME INTERVAL MEASUREMENTS

3-14. One of two time interval functions can be selected, time interval or time interval average. These functions measure the time interval between a START signal at the Channel A input and STOP signal at the Channel B input. If both the START and the STOP signals are derived from the same signal, place the COM A-SEP in COM A position. Separate slope and level controls for each channel allow variable triggering on either positive or negative going slope.

3–15. In single-shot time interval measurements, Channel A opens the main gate and Channel B closes the main gate. While the main gate is open, 10 MHz is divided by the setting of the RESOLUTION switch and totalized by the counter. For optimum resolution, select N=1. Other N values may be chosen to prevent display overflow (e.g., long time intervals) or to get rid of unstable digits. In time interval average measurements, the main gate is open for the number of time intervals selected by the RESOLUTION switch. The 5328A 10 MHz clock is totalized only during the individual time intervals. The resolution of the measurement is improved by the \sqrt{N} .

3-16. In order to allow the synchronizers time to reset during time interval averaging, there must be at least 40 ns deadtime (and the additional constraint that the repetition rate be less than 10 MHz). Deadtime is the time between the preceding time interval stop event and the current time interval start event as shown in *Figure 3-3*.

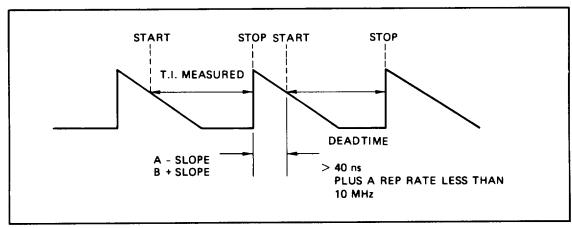


Figure 3-3. Deadtime

3-17. During a time interval average, there must be only one stop pulse for each start pulse. Extraneous stop pulses which occur before the next start pulse are accumulated and give erroneous readings. For example, the case illustrated in Figure 3-4 would result in a reading equal to one-half of the desired time interval.

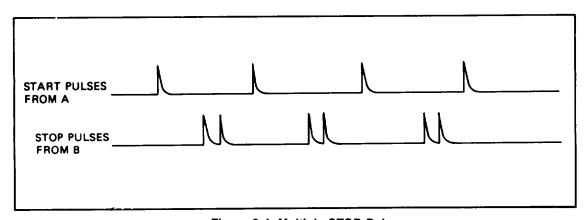


Figure 3-4. Multiple STOP Pukes

3–18. To set up a time interval measurement, the marker outputs may be monitored on an oscilloscope (see Figure 3-5) to indicate where the channels are triggering with relation to the time interval of interest. The GATE/MARKER OUT is high during the time interval being measured.

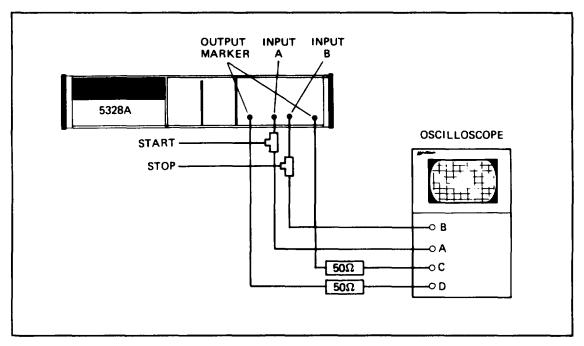


Figure 3-5. Monitoring Marker Outputs

3–19. In T.I. $A \rightarrow B$ and T.I. AVG $A \rightarrow B$ with the rear panel ARM switch OFF, the counter is armed by the run down of the SAMPLE RATE control. With the rear panel ARM switch ON, T.I. $A \rightarrow B$ and T.I. AVG $A \rightarrow B$ are armed by an event at the C input. For T.I. AVG $A \rightarrow B$, only one arming signal is required per average measurement (i.e., the counter doesn't need to be armed prior to each individual time interval in the time interval measurement).

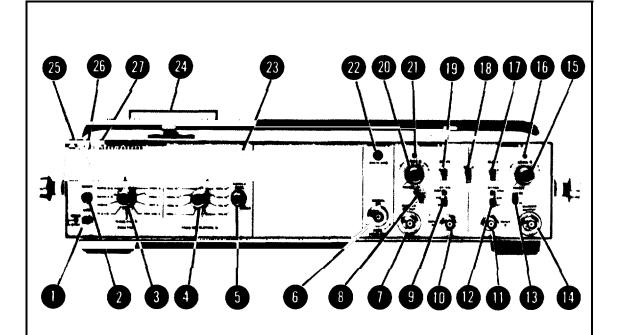
3-20. RATIO MEASUREMENTS

3-21. For ratio measurements, the 5328A has wide bandwidth, good sensitivity, and complete signal conditioning of the Channel A, B, and C input amplifiers.

3–22. Two ratio functions are available: B/A and C/A. The ratio of the frequency at B (or C) to the frequency at A is measured for N counts of A where N is selected by the RESOLUTION switch. The resolution of the measurement improves with increasing N and is given by 1 part in B/A \times N (or C/A \times N). Since the range of A is 0-10 MHz while B is 0-100 MHz, the lower frequency is normally applied to the A input although there is no restriction that this be the case (i.e., ratios less than 1 may be measured). If B/A is greater than 1, the measurement resolution is better than switching the inputs for a ratio <1, provided the value of N remains the same.

3-23. OPERATING CONTROLS

3–24. All of the front and rear panel operating controls are shown and described in Figures 3-6 and 3-7.



- 1. LINE switch . In STBY position with light on, supplies power to oven of the high stability time base to maintain a constant temperature for the crystal. In OPER position, supplies normal operating power to the instrument.
- 2. RESET button 2. Resets display and internal count to zero. When continuously depressed, lights all segments of the LED display and all annunciator LED's for LED test. Returns 5328A to LOCAL CONTROL when HP-IB Interface is in use.
- 3. FUNCTION selector 3. Selects mode of operation.
 - a. FREQ A. Sets counter to measure frequency at Channel A.
 - b. FREQ C. Sets counter to measure the frequency of the signal at the Channel C input.
 - c. PER A. Sets counter to measure period at Channel A.
 - d. PER AVG A. Sets counter to make a period average measurement of the signal at Channel A. The number of periods over which the average measurement is made is determined by N, selected by the RESOLUTION switch.
 - e. T.I. AVG A→B. Sets counter to make a time interval average measurement of the time interval from A to B. The number of time intervals over which the average measurement is made is determined by N, selected by the RESOLUTION switch.
 - f. T.I. A-B. Sets counter to make a time interval measurement. Start signal is applied to Channel A and the stop signal is applied to Channel B.
 - g. CHECK. Applies 10 MHz to decade counting assemblies. Verifies operation of SAMPLE RATE control, RESOLUTION switch, and RESET.
 - h. RATIO C/A. Sets counter to measure the ratio of the signal frequency at Channel C to the signal frequency at Channel A.
 - i. RATIO B/A. Sets counter to measure the ratio of the frequency at Channel B to the frequency at Channel A.
 - j. Top blank position has no function.

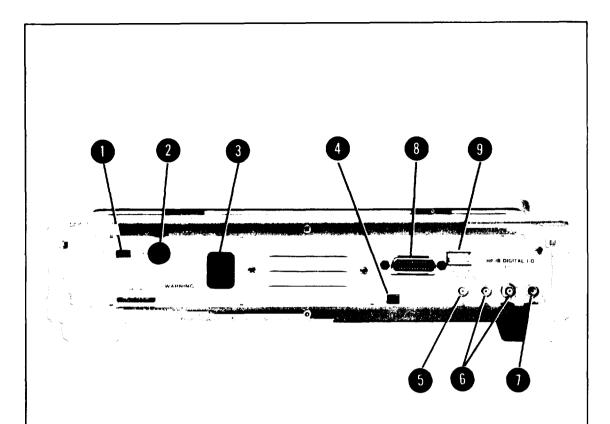
Figure 3-6. 5328A Front Panel Operation Summary

4. FREQ RESOLUTION, N selection switch 1. Selects resolution in frequency measurements and N for totalizing and averaging measurements. Determines how long the main gate is open for frequency measurements:

N	GATE TIME (Seconds)	RESOLUTION (Hz)
1	1x10 ⁻⁶	1 M
10	10x 10 ⁻⁶	100 k
10 ²	100x 10 ⁻⁶	10 k
10 ³	1x 10 ⁻³	1 k
104	.01	100
105	.1	10
106	1	1
10 ⁷	10	.1

- 5. SAMPLE RATE control . Varies time between measurements continuously from approximately 2 milliseconds to HOLD (which holds display indefinitely).
- 6. 500 MHz, 50Ω (1), Channel C input BNC connector. Input for "FREQ C" chnnel. Refer to specification in Section I.
- 7. OUTPUT MARKERS \bigcirc , \bigcirc . Channel A and B Schmitt trigger outputs indicate when a channel is triggered; 0 to 300 mV levels into 50Ω with less than 20 ns delay.
- 8. Coupling switch AC-DC (b). U. Selects ac or dc coupling for input signal. When input amplifier control switch (B) is in COM A, Channel B coupling is determined by setting of Channel A coupling switch.
- 9. ATTEN switches 1, 12. Selects attenuation of input signal. Signal amplitude is reduced by 10 in X10 and by 100 in X100. When input amplifier control switch 18 is in COM A, Channel B attenuation is determined by setting of Channel A attenuation switch 1.
- 10. Channel inputs . Input channels A and B. (Table 1-2 lists the type of coaxial cable used with these inputs.)
- 11. COM A/SEP input amplifier control switch 18. Selects independent operation of Channels A and B in SEP (separate) position. In COM A (Common A) position, the signal at A is also applied to Channel B. (The B input is disconnected from the input circuitry; Channel B coupling and attenuation are determined by the Channel A settings.)
- 12. Trigger lights 15, 17. Light blinks when its channel is triggering. Light is OFF when input signal is below the trigger level. Light is ON when input signal is above trigger level.
- 13. LEVEL A/B controls . Used in conjunction with ATTEN switch to select voltage at which triggering occurs. With X1 attenuator, level is variable ±2.5 volts. In X10, ±25 volts. In X100, ±250 volts.
- 14. SLOPE switches 11, 19. Select triggering on either positive or negative slope of input signal.
- 15. OVERLOAD annunciator 22 indicates (flashes on-off) if more than 5 volts is applied to Channel C input connector 6.
- 16. OVFL (overflow) annunciator . Indicates that one or more of the most-significant digits (digits left-most from the decimal point) are not displayed.
- 17. RMT (remote) annunciator (b). For counters with HP-IB only. Lights when 5328A is in remote operation.
- 18. GATE annunciator 11. Indicates when the counter's main gate is open and a measurement is in progress.
- 19. K,S,M,μ,n, and Hz annunciators (Λ). Indicates the units multiplier of the measurement.
- 20. Nine-digit LED display 3 shows all measurements.

Figure 3-6. 5328A Front Panel Operation Summary (Continued)



- 1 VOLTAGE SELECTOR switch. Selects 115 or 230 volt operation.
- 2 LINE FUSE. Requires a 2.0 amp fuse for 115-volt operation or a 1.0 amp fuse for 230-volt operation.
- AC Line connector. IEC type with offset pin connected to chassis.
- ARM switch. With switch in OFF, counter is armed by the same signal which is involved in the measurement (e.g., FREQ A measurements are armed by the signal at Channel A). With arming ON, the measurement is armed by an input other than the input involved in the measurement. The following are armed by an event at B: FREQ A, PERIOD A, PERIOD AVG A, FREQ C, C/A; the following are armed by an event at C: T.I. A—B, T.I. AVG A—B, RATIO B/A.
- EXT OSC INput connector allows separate outside signal to be used for time base.
- 6 1 MHz OUT and 10 MHz OUT connectors allow internal high stability oscillator signal to be used outside the 5328A. Outputs are buffered.
- GATE/MARKER OUT connector. High when the main gate is open.
- B HP-IB Interface connector (24-pin). Used to convey data and programming instructions.
- AP-IB Interface address switch. See Programming Operation in this Section.

Figure 3-7. 5328A Rear Panel Controls and Connectors

3-25. FUNCTION OF CONTROLS, INDICATORS, INPUTS, AND OUTPUTS

3-26. The following paragraphs provide a detailed description of the function of controls, indicators, and connectors.

3-27. Display

3-28. The 5328A counter display consists of nine-digit, seven-segment LED display and annunciators for indicating the measurement units of Hz, s, as well as multiplier indicators (K, m, μ , n). These display units and multipliers are automatically displayed along with the correct decimal point location. Overflow (OVFL) indicates that left-most-significant digits have overflowed the display. Remote (RMT) indicates that the counter (HP-IB interface) is under remote program control. A GATE lamp indicates that the counter has been armed and that a measurement is in process.

3-29. Power (Line)

3-30. The LINE switch puts the counter in OPER (operate) or STBY (standby). The STBY position with STBY light on turns off some but not all the power supply voltages. This circuit arrangement allows the high stability oscillator to operate continuously. Therfore, the input to main power transformer (T1) plus the unregulated dc voltage to the oscillator oven is always energized whenever power is connected even with the line switch in STBY.

3-31. Reset

3–32. The RESET pushbutton resets the display and internal count to zero and also initiates single measurements when the SAMPLE RATE control is in the HOLD mode, The HP-IB interface, provides remote control capability, pushing the RESET button restores the counter to local control (when not remotely locked out by the HP-IB Local Lockout universal command). Refer to programming in this section.

3-33. Sample Rate Control

3–34. The SAMPLE RATE control sets the minimum time between samples, The time is continuously variable from less than 2 milliseconds between measurements to HOLD, which holds the display indefinitely.

NOTE

The counter will internally (self) arm (via the SAMPLE RATE control) only when ARMing is OFF and the FUNCTION selected is at other than FREQ A, FREQ C, and RATIO C/A.

3-35. Arming

3-36. The counter may be armed internally (i.e., made ready to start a measurement) by the SAMPLE RATE control, or externally by the input signal itself, (arming off) or by a signal not directly involved in the measurement (arming on). Table 3-7 is an arming status table. A rear panel switch turns ARMing either ON or OFF. The counter is armed within 1 μ s after the event at the B arming input and is armed within 10 μ s after the event of the C arming input.

Table 3-1. Arming Status

FUNCTION	ARMING OFF	ARMING ON
FREQ A	Armed by A input	Armed by B input
PERIOD A	Armed by SAMPLE RATE	Armed by B input
PERIOD AVG A	Armed by SAMPLE RATE	Armed by B input
T.I. A to B	Armed by SAMPLE RATE	Armed by C input
T.I. AVG A to B	Armed by SAMPLE RATE	Armed by C input
FREQ C	Armed by C input	Armed by B input
RATIO B/A	Armed by SAMPLE RATE	Armed by C input
RATIO C/A	Armed by C input	Armed by B input

3-37. Frequency Resolution, N Switch

3-38. The FREQUENCY RESOLUTION, N switch determines the amount of time that the counter's main gate is open for a particular measurement when the Main Gate FF (refer to Section IV) determines the gate time. Depending on the measurement, this time results in a certain measurement resolution (e.g., frequency measurements), a number of intervals averaged (e.g., T.1. AVG measurements), or a scaling factor by which the time base is divided (e.g., period measurements). Table 3-2 shows the setting of the RESOLUTION switch and the corresponding time the main gate is open.

Table 3-2. Frequency Resolution, N Switch Settings and Gate Times

RESOLUTION	N	GATE TIME
1 Hz	10 ⁷	10 s
1 Hz	106	1 s
10 Hz	105	.1 s
100 Hz	104	10 ms
1 kHz	10 ³	1 ms
10 kHz	10 ²	100 μs
100 kHz	10	10 μs
1 MHz	1	1 μs

3-39. Table 3-3 summarizes the FUNCTIONS and the corresponding interpretation of the FREQUENCY RESOLUTION, N switch setting.

Table 3-3. Functions and Resolution Switch Settings

FUNCTION	RESOLUTION, N SWITCH
FREQ A, FREQ C	Indicates frequency resolution in Hz.
PERIOD A, T.I. A to B	Indicates the factor (N) by which time base is scaled. Maximum resolution occurs with N=1.
PERIOD AVG A, T.I. AVG A to B	Indicates number of time intervals or periods over which the average measurement is made.
RATIO B/A, RATIO C/A	Indicates the number of counts at the A input over which the ratio measurement is made. Resolution improves with increasing N.

3-40. Input Channel Section

- 3-41. Two separate inputs are provided on the right side of the panel. The A and B inputs are identical in specification and identical controls are provided for each input to allow maximum versatility and accuracy.
- 3-42. HP-IB PROGRAMMABLE INPUT CONTROLS. In COM A position, the output of the Channel B attenutor is disconnected. The output of the Channel A attenuator is routed to the A and B input amplifiers as shown in Figure 3-8. In COM A the Channel B AC-DC, X1, X10, X100 Attenuator relays are disabled. The Channel A AC-DC, X1, X10, X100 Attenuator determine the coupling for the Channel B amplifier.

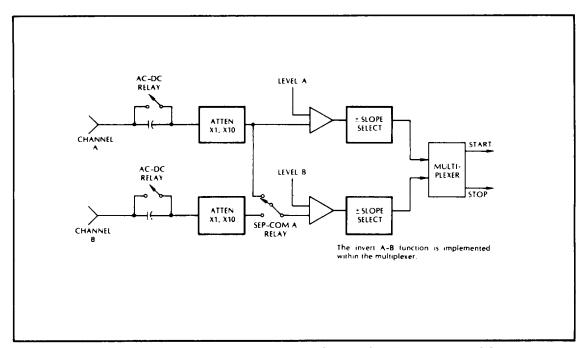


Figure 3-8. Programmable Input Switch Configuration for COM A

3-43. The A and B input amplifiers have independent LEVEL and SLOPE controls regardless of the mode of operation (SEP or COM A).

3-44. A and B Channel Signal Conditioning

3-45. AC-DC SWITCH. The AC-DC switch controls the coupling of the external signal to the attenuator-amplifier by switching a capacitor in series in the AC position or by direct coupling in the DC position. The advantage of AC coupling is to provide a DC block for signals with a DC component. DC has the disadvantage of being unable to pass low frequency signals. A distinct advantage of having DC coupling cover the full bandwidth (DC-100 MHz) is that extremely accurate time interval or pulse measurements can be achieved even though pulse widths or repetition rates vary since the trigger point is independent of the duty cycle of the input signal.

3-46. ATTENUATOR. The attenuator (ATTEN) connects the input signal directly to the amplifier (in X1) or through a 10:1 attenuator (X10) or a 100:1 attenuator (X100) to increase the voltage range by 10 or 100 times to allow measurement of high level signals that would otherwise be impossible without external attenuation.

3-47. SLOPE SWITCH. The ±SLOPE switch (provided for each channel) determines which slope of the input signal will trigger the counter. As a simple example, (Figure 3-9) if the pulse width of a positive pulse is to be measured, the A channel slope switch would be set to "+" and the B channel would be set to "-" (for time interval measurements the A channel always begins the measurement and the B channel ends the measurement).

NOTE

A simple pulse width measurement is achieved with the use of the +SLOPE setting for Channel A and the -SLOPE setting for Channel B.

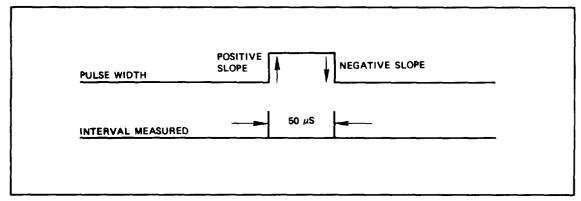


Figure 3-9. Slope Switch Settings

3-48. LEVEL CONTROL. The LEVEL control for each channel is adjustable over the range of ±2.5V dc with the attenuator for that channel in the X1 position. A typical use of the LEVEL controls is shown in Figure 3-10.

NOTE

Simple measurement of a time interval, the LEVEL control of the A and B input channels were used to set the trigger LEVEL of A and B.

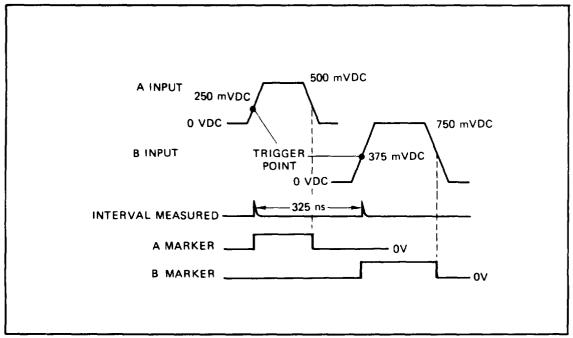


Figure 3-10. Level Control Settings

3-49. Channel C Input

3-50. The CHANNEL C 500 MHz 50 Ω input is useful for higher frequency signals out of the A and B input channel range (0 to 100 MHz).

CAUTION

The "C" channel input signal should be limited to 5 volts maximum. If this limit is exceeded the inline fuse may open (blow).

3-51. "C" Channel Overload Indicator

3-52. The OVERLOAD (CHANNEL C) indicator will flash on and off if the voltage maximum is exceeded at the "C" channel input.

3-53. Hysteresis Band of Trigger Levels

3-54. The width of the trigger level hysteresis band, shown in Figure 3-77 is determined by the sensitivity of the counter. For frequencies below 40 MHz, it is typically less than 25 mV peak-to-peak. At frequencies from 40 MHz to 100 MHz, it is typically less than 70 MHz peak-to-peak. The signal must pass through the entire hysteresis band before a trigger pulse is generated. If the SLOPE switch is set to "+", the trigger pulse occurs at the top of the hysteresis band. If the SLOPE switch is set to "-", the trigger pulse "occurs at the bottom" of the hysteresis band.

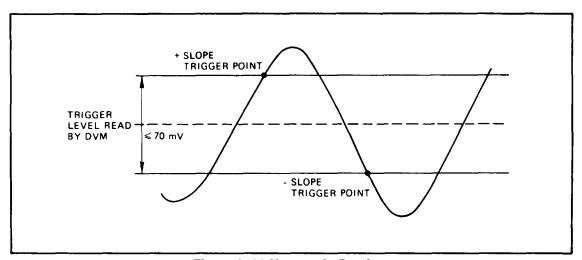


Figure 3-11 Hysteresis Band

3-55. Since trigger level measurements indicate the center of the hysteresis band, a better value for the actual trigger level may be obtained by subtracting one-half the hysteresis band ("-" slope) or adding one-half the hysteresis band ("+" slope). A typical value for the width of the hysteresis band is 30 mv peak-to-peak.

3-56 The value to use for the hysteresis band depends on the frequency; or, for pulses, it depends on the rise time.

3-57. External Frequency Standard Input

3-58. The rear panel external frequency standard (EXT OSC IN) input is useful for locking the counter to a high stability external frequency standard. This external standard must be 1, 2.5,5, or 10 MHz, with an amplitude of >1V rms into 1 $k\Omega$ (maximum input of 5 volts peak-to-peak).

3-59. Marker Outputs

3-60. Two marker output connectors are mounted on the front panel. These outputs represent the Channel A and Channel B Schmitt triggers. The outputs provide 0 to 300 mV levels into 50Ω delayed by less than 20 ns. These outputs are useful for oscilloscope monitoring, Time interval measurement setups are simplified if the time interval of interest and the marker outputs can be simultaneously displayed on oscilloscope traces. Frequency measurements on noisy signals can be made with more confidence since the markers can indicate the presence of noise triggering. These outputs are protected from inadvertently applied voltage to $\pm 5 \text{V}$ dc.

3-61. Gate/Maker Out

3-62. the GATE/MARKER OUT rear panel connector supplies a TTL level which is high when the counter's main gate is open and low when it is closed. Monitoring the GATE OUT on an oscilloscope can provide this information for applications where the markers do not give the desired information.

3-63. 1 MHz and 10 MHz Frequency Standard Outputs

3-64. The 1 MHz OUT and 10 MHz OUT connectors are on the rear panel. When terminated in 50 ohms, the output is a square wave of approximately I-volt amplitude.

3-65. Trigger Lights

3-66. A trigger light is provided for each (A and B) input channel to enable the user to know not only if the channel is triggering, but also in which direction the trigger level must be adjusted to cause triggering. The light is ON when input is above the trigger level; OFF when input is below the trigger level; BLINKING when channel is triggering. The trigger lights are operative over the full frequency range of dc to 100 MHz.

3-67. The trigger lights can be used with a 10:1 oscilloscope probe to provide a logic probe function. By adjusting the trigger level to one-tenth (since using 10:1 divider probes) of the threshold voltage for the logic family under investigation (e.g., .14 volts for TTL), the light indicates the logic state of circuit points which are contacted with the probe. When the trigger level light is ON, the circuit node is a high (i.e., above the threshold voltage). If the light is OFF, the node is a logical low. If the light blinks, then pulses (up to 100 MHz rep rate) are present at the node. The trigger lights can also detect the polarity of low rep rate pulses down to 5 ns pulse width. Positive pulses cause the light to blink on while negative pulses cause the light to blink off.

3-68. PROGRAMMING OPERATION

3-69. The 5328AF/096/H42 Universal Counter is fully compatible with the Hewlett-Packard Interface Bus (HP-1B) IEEE Standard 488-1975 Appendix C.

3–70. Procedures for verification of proper operation of the 5328AF/096/H42 in the remote mode are contained in paragraphs 5–37 through 5-42.

3-71. SETTING ADDRESS SWITCHES

3-72 To use the 5328A in an HP-IB based system the first step is to set the rear panel address switches shown in Table 3-4. The left-most switch sets the counter to ADDRESSABLE or TALK ONLY mode. ADDRESSABLE mode is used whenever a calculator or other controller is used within the system. TALK ONLY mode is used when the counter will be controlled manually but will output results to another device on the bus such as a printer or D/A converter.

3-73. The five right-hand switches, AS through A1, set the talk and listen addresses to the 5328A when it is used in the ADDRESSABLE mode. Table 3-4 shows the possible address settings and the corresponding ASCII codes for talk and listen addresses.

Table 3-4. Addresssing **ADDRESSABLE** A5 A4 A3 A2 A1 - ADDRESS SWITCHES **TALK** ONLY ASCII ADDRESS CODES ASCII ASCII LISTEN TALK A4 **A**₂ **ADDRESS ADDRESS** A5 A_1 A В C D S E F G Н K L М N P Q R S U < ı

3-74. Table 3-5 gives the program code set for the 5328AF/096\H42. All Function, Frequency Resolution, N and Channel A/B Signal Conditioning are analogous to the corresponding frontpanel operations described previously.

Table 3-5. Program Code Set

Codes shown in **bold face** are start-up conditions. These conditions are set by the code "P", Remote Program Initialize, or by the bus commands Device Clear or Selected Device Clear.

- 1. Initialization
 - Remote Program Initialize
- 2. Function
 - F4 Freq. A
 - F6 Period A Per. Avg. A F7
 - F8 T.I. A→B
 - F9 B/A

 - T.I. Avg. A→B F< Check
 - C/A
 - Freq. C
- 3. Time Base

Code	Freq Res	Multiplier	Time Res (Std)
G#	1 MHz	1	100 ns
G1	100 kHz	10	1 μς
G2	10 kHz	10 ²	عμ 10
G3	1 kHz	103	عبر 100
G4	100 Hz	104	1 ms
G5	10 Hz	105	10 ms
G6	1 Hz	104	100 ms
G7	0.1 Hz	107	1 s

- Single-Multiple Measurement
 - Single Measurement
- Multiple Measurement
- Measurement Cycle
 - Wait to output; Service Request at end of measurement
- Continue cycle; no Service Request
- Output Mode
 - Output at end of measurement
- Output when addressed (on-the-fly)
- Sample Rate
 - Maximum
- Manual control (fron front panel)
- Arming
- On
- **Display Storage** On (normal)
 - Off
- 10. Decade Reset
 - Normal
 - Disabled (for cumulative measurements)

- 11. Display Blanking
 - Normal display
 - Blank display (digits and decimal point)
- 12. Channel A Signal Conditioning
 - a. Coupling
 - A2 AC A3 AC
- b. Slope
- **A4** +slope
- A5 -slope
- c. Attenuator A1 X100
- A6 X10 A7 X1
- 13. Separate Common Separate

 - A9 Common A
- 14. Trigger level A
 - volts
 - tenths of volts

hundredths of volts

 $A \pm d_1 d_2 d_3$ Permissiable trigger level range: -2.50V to +2.50V.

The program sequence to set trigger level starts with the channel designation letter followed by a "+" or "-" sign. Next. three digits set the voltage level. An sign. Next, three digits set the voltage level. An "*" terminates the sequence. The same sequence must be used even to set 0 volts.

Examples: "A+000*" 0 volts
"A-123*" -1.23 volts

- 15. Channel B Signal Conditioning
 - a. Coupling
 - B2 AC B3 DC

 - b. Slope
 - B4 +slope 85 -slope
 - c. Attenuator
 - B1 X100
 - **B**6 X10
- **B**7 X1
- 16. Trigger Level B

 - $B \pm d_1 d_2 d_3 *$ See Group 15, Trigger Level A, for details.
- 17. Channel Invert
 - Normal
- B9 Invert A and B inputs
- 18. Reset; Trigger
 - (Also see Bus Command GET)
 - Reset, no trigger
 - Reset and trigger

3-75. MEASUREMENT OUTPUT FORMAT

3-76. The 5328AF/096/H42 transmits the following string of characters to output a measurement:

Position	1	2	3 thru 12	13	14	15	16	17
Character	101	\ + \	9 digits and decimal point.	F	{ ⁺ }	d	CR	LF
Criaracter	SP	1-1	decimal point.	-	1-1	_		

"O" in the first position indicates measurement overflow. Leading Ø's in positions 3 to 12 are output as SP (space) if they occur to the left of the decimal point except for the Ø next to the decimal point. The decimal point may appear at positions 4 to 12. The output string is always 17 characters long. Typical character output strings are:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	7	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
SP	+	5	Ø	3		2	1	7	6	9	8	E	+	6	CR	LF	
SP	+	SP	SP	SP	5	4	3	2	1	Ø		E	-	3	CR	LF	
0	+	Ø	5	3	1		8	5	4	2	Ø	E	+	6	CR	LF	

The 5328AF/096/H42 inserts a 0 in position 12 of the output string for all measurements that don't use the ninth digit of the display. This extra 0 fills the output string to a constant 17 characters.

3-77. BUS COMMANDS

3-78. The 5328AF/096/H42 obeys the following HP-1 B Universal Commands and Addressed Commands (ASCII codes shown in parenthesis and in Table 3-6).

a. Universal Commands:

LLO Local Lockout (ASCII DC1)

Disables all programmable front panel controls including reset. Go To Local (GTL) must be programmed to return to manual control.

DCL Device Clear (ASCII DC4)

Resets the programmed state of the counter to the codes shown in bold face in the program code set. Has the same effect as the program code "P".

SPE Serial Poll Enable (ASCII CAN)

Sets the counter to the serial poll mode. When addressed to talk during the serial poll mode, the 5328A produces a status byte to indicate its condition. If the counter has completed a measurement and it requesting service, the status byte contains a "1" in bit 7 (decimal value 64). If the counter has not requested service, the status byte will be "0" in all bits. When addressed to talk in the serial poll mode, the counter will immediately stop requesting service.

SPD Serial Poll Disable (ASCII EM)

Terminates the serial poll mode. The 5328A can resume its normal data output mode.

b. Addressed Commands:

GTL Go To Local (ASCII SOH)

Returns the 5328A to local (manual) control from remote control.

SDC Selected Device Clear (ASCII EOT)

Responds as with Device Clear or program code "P".

GET Group Execute Trigger (ASCII BS)

Starts a measurement. This command provides the quickest method to start a measurement cycle.

USA STANDARD CODE FOR INFORMATION INTERCHANGE 001 ⁰ _{1 0} 0 1 1 101 1 1 1 0 0 ¹ ₀ ₀ ¹ ₁₀ BITS b₆, ٠ b₅ • b₃ b₂ b₁ 0 7 1 2 3 5 6 SP 0 0 0 0 0 NUL DLE 0 @ Р р (blank) 0 0 SOH DC1 0 1 1 1 Α Q q .. 0 0 1 0 2 STX DC2 2 В R b 0 0 1 1 3 ETX DC3 # 3 С S ¢ s 0 1 0 0 4 EOT DC4 \$ 4 D T d ŧ 1 0 0 1 5 ENQ NAK % 5 Ε U e u 0 1 1 0 **ACK** SYN 6 F ٧ ٧ 0 1 1 1 7 BEL ETB 7 G W g w 0 0 CAN 8 0 8 BS Н Х (h х 0 1 0 1 9 HT ЕМ) 9 ١ Υ У 1 0 1 0 10 LF SUB Ζ Z J 0 VT**ESC** Κ 1 1 1 11 0 0 12 FF FS < 1 ţ ; 1 0 1 1 13 CR GS 1 m t 0 > 1 j 1 14 RS N 1 SO n 1 1 1 ? DEL 15 S١ US 0 UNLISTEN UNTALK UNIVERSAL ADDRESS COMMAND COMMAND COMMANDS LISTEN TALK **ADDRESSES ADDRESSES** DATA WHEN ATN IS HIGH. ADDRESSES WHEN ATN IS LOW.

Table 3-6. American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII)

3-79. PROGRAM EXAMPLES

3-80. The following examples illustrate the programming capability of the 5328AF/096/H42, using the HP9825A Desktop Computer as a computing controller.

3-81. Example 1

3-82. This program sets the 5328AFA/096/H42 into its CHECK mode, with 1 Hz resolution. The program takes a measurement (trg 701) and reads it into the A register of the HP9825A. After waiting 500 ms, the program loops back to line 1 for the next trigger.

```
0: wrt 701, "PFKG 6R"
1: tra 701; red 701, A; dsa A; art A
2: wait 500; ato 1
3: end *9943
```

100000000.00
100000000.00
100000000.00
10000000.00
10000000.00
10000000.00

3-83. Example 2

3-84. This program sets the 5328AF/096/H42 into its Frequency mode with 1Hz resolution. The program takes a frequency measurement, reads it into the A register of the HP9825A, and prints the results. The calculator computes the period from the frequency measurement and prints the calculated period. The program then sets the 5328AF/096/H42 into its PERIOD mode with 10 μ s resolution. A period measurement is made, read into the C register of the HP9825A and printed. After waiting 2 sec, the program loops back to line 0 for the next trigger.

```
0: w/t 701,"PF4G
                     MEASURED FREQ=
6813R"
                              9.73e 05
1: red 701.A
                                  HZ
                  CALC PERIOD≈
2: prt "MEASURED
  FREQ=";A;"
                             1.03:-06
       HZ"
                                 50C
3: 1/A→B;flt 2
                   MEASURED PERIOD=
4: prt "CALC
                             i.03e-06
PER[00=",B,"
                              560
          sec"
5: wit 701,"PF70
 2813R"
6: red 701.0
                     MEASURED FREQ=
7: prt "MEASURED
                             9.73e 05
 PERIOD=",0,"
                                  HΖ
sec"
8: prt "-----
                    CALC PERIOD=
                             1.03e-06
------- ; spc
2; wait 2000
                     MEASURED PERIOD=
9: 900 0
                            1.03a-06
10: end
                                  580
*31082
```

SECTION IV THEORY OF OPERATION

4-1. INTRODUCTION

4-2. This section contains a description of the operating principles of the counter in reference to an overall block diagram in this section and to individual block and schematic diagrams in Section VIII.

4-3. OVERALL DESCRIPTION

- 4-4. The 5328A is a 500 MHz universal frequency counter with the following capabilities.
 - Frequency 100 and 500 MHz direct count
 - Period 100 ns resolution
 - Period Average 10 MHz clock
 - Time Interval 100 ns single-shot resolution
 - Time Interval Average
 - Ratio 100 MHz/10 MHz
 - Check

4-5. BASIC COUNTER OPERATION

4-6. The operation of the frequency counter is best understood by describing how the counter performs a frequency measurement. If n is the number of cycles of a signal that occurs in a time period, t, the average frequency, f, of that signal over the time period, t, is given by

$$f = \frac{n}{t} \tag{1}$$

4-7. Frequency

4-8. The counter measures the frequency, f, by accumulating the number of cycles, n, of the input signal that occurs over the time period, t. The basic counter elements necessary to perform this measurement are shown in Figure 4-1.

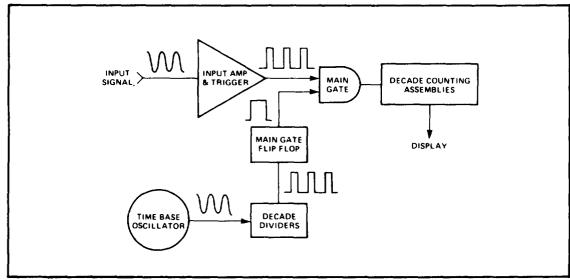


Figure 4-1. Basic Elements of the Frequency Counter

- 4-9. INPUT AMPLIFIER AND TRIGGER essentially conditions the input signal to a form that is compatible with the internal circuitry of the counter. As Figure 4-7 indicates, the output of the amplifier/trigger is a pulse train where each pulse corresponds to one cycle or event of the input signal.
- 4-10. TIME BASE OSCILLATOR is that element of the counter from which the time, t, of equation (1) is derived. From equation (1) it may be seen that the accuracy with which t is determined has a significant effect on the measurement accuracy of the frequency, f. The 5328A employs a 10 MHz temperature-controlled (oven-regulated) precision, crystal oscillator as the time base element.
- 4-11. DECADE DIVIDERS take the time base oscillator signal as the input and provide as an output a pulse train whose frequency is variable in decade steps. The operator can control this frequency with the FREQ RESOLUTION, N switch. The time, t, of equation (1) is determined by the period of this pulse train.
- 4-12. MAIN GATE is the heart of the counter. When this gate is opened, pulses from the amplifier/trigger are allowed to pass through. The opening and closing of the main gate is controlled by the decade divider output to the main gate flip-flop.
- 4-13. DECADE COUNTING ASSEMBLIES totalizes the output pulses from the main gate and displays this total after the gate is closed. If, for example, the gate is open for precisely 1 second, the decade counting assemblies (DCA's) display the frequency, in Hertz, of the input signal.
- 4-14. Other basic measurements the counter can perform are described in the following paragraphs.

4-15. Period

- 4-16. Period, the inverse of frequency, can be measured with the counter by reversing the inputs to the main gate. Now the input signal controls the duration over which the main gate is open and the decade divider output is counted by the DCA's. The duration of the count is, of course, one cycle or period of the input signal (see Figure 4-2).
- 4-17. Unused decades in the decade divider chain can be used to divide the amplifier/trigger output so that the gate remains open for decade steps of the input period rather than a single period. The is the basis for multiple period averaging. Period and period averaging techniques are used to increase measurement accuracy on low frequency measurements.

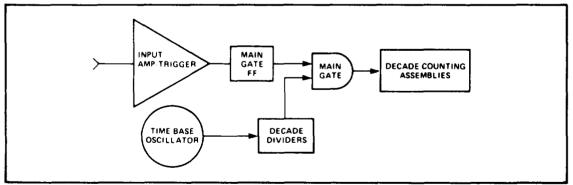


Figure 4-2. Measuring Period

NOTE

The roles of the amplifer/trigger and decade divider outputs are reversed in measuring the period. This same configuration also serves for ratio measurements with the second input replacing the time base oscillator.

4-18. Ratio

4-19. By replacing the time base with a second input of frequency, f_2 ; the same configuration as in Figure 4-2 can be used to measure the ratio f_2/f . For higher resolution the signal at frequency f can be divided in decade steps in a manner identical to multiple period averaging.

4-20. Time Interval

4-21. Figure 4-3 shows the configuration for the measurement of time between two events or time interval. The main gate is now opened by the START input and closed by the STOP. The decade divider output is again counted and the display shows the elapsed time between START and STOP signals. The measurement of time interval is considered in more detail in paragraph 4-22.

4-22. TIME INTERVAL, RESOLUTION, AND AVERAGING TECHNIQUES

4-23. Time interval, the measurement of the time between two events, is shown in the block diagram shown in Figure 4-3. The main gate is now controlled by two independent inputs, the START input opening the gate and the STOP input closing it. Clock pulses are accumulated for START and STOP. This is shown in Figure 4-4.

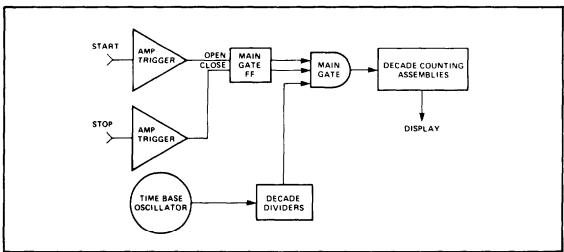


Figure 4-3. Basic Elements of a Time Interval Counter

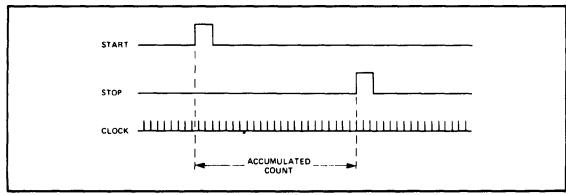


Figure 4-4. Clock Pulses

NOTE

In a time interval measurement, clock pulses are accumulated for the duration the main gate is open, The gate is opened by one event, START and closed by the other, STOP.

4-24. Resolution

4-25. The resolution of the measurement is determined by the frequency of the counted clock (e.g., a 10 MHz clock provides 100 ns resolution). The elements within the time interval counter (input amplifier, main gate, DCA's) must operate at speeds consistent with the clock frequency, otherwise the instrument's resolution would be meaningless. The 5328A counts a 10 MHz clock.

4-26. Clock frequencies of 1, 10, 100 MHz, and other 10° frequencies, are preferred since the accumulated count, with the appropriate placement of decimal point, gives a direct readout of time interval. This explains why the conventional time interval counter is at present limited to 10 nanoseconds, a clock frequency of 100 MHz. 1 GHz is beyond reach and a clock frequency of 200 MHz would require some arithmetic processing of the accumulated count in the DCA's to enable time to be displayed directly.

4-27. Time Interval Averaging

4-28. This technique is based on the fact that if the ± 1 count error is truly random it can be reduced by averaging a number of measurements. The words "truly random" are significant. For time interval averaging to work, the time interval must (1) be repetitive, and (2) have a repetition frequency which is a synchronous to the instrument's clock. Under these conditions the resolution of the measurement is:

Resolution =
$$\frac{\pm 1 \text{ count}}{\sqrt{N}}$$

where N = number of time intervals averaged

4-29. With averaging, resolution of a time interval measurement is limited only by the noise inherent in the instrument. Ten picosecond resolution can be obtained with the 5328A. Most time interval averaging suffers one severe limitation; the minimum measurable time interval is limited to the period of the clock. This limitation is removed by circuits known as synchronizers which are used in the 5328A to measure intervals as short as 100 picosecond.

4-30. The 5328A synchronizers operate as shown in Figure 4-5. The top waveshape shows a repetitive time interval which is asynchronous to the square wave clock. When these signals are applied to the main gate, an output similar to the third waveform results (no synchronizers). Note that much of this output results in transitions of shorter duration than the clock pulses. DCA's designed to count at the clock frequency are unable to accept pulses of shorter duration than the clock. The counts accumulated in the DCA's will therefore approximate those shown in the fourth trace — the exact number of counts is indeterminant since the number of short duration pulses actually counted by the DCA's cannot be known. Since the time interval to be measured is slightly greater than the clock period, the fourth waveshape shows that the average answer will be in error, having been biased, usually low, because of the DCA's requirement of having a full clock pulse to be counted.

4-31. This problem is alleviated by the synchronizers which are designed to detect leading edges of the clock pulses that occur while the gate is open. The waveshape applied to the DCA's, when synchronizers are used, is shown by the fifth waveform. The leading edges are detected and reconstructed, such that the pulses applied to the DCA's are of the same duration as the clock.

4-32. Synchronizers are a necessary part of time interval averaging; without them the averaged answered is biased. In addition, it may easily be seen that with synchronizers involved, time intervals of much less than the period of the clock can be measured, This technique is only as good as the synchronizers, however. The 5328A high-speed synchronizers enable intervals as small as 100 picosecond to be measured.

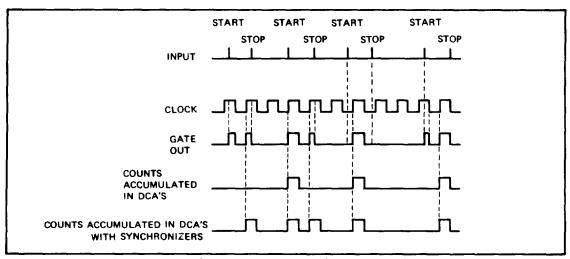


Figure 4-5, Synchronizer Operation with Time Interval Averaging

4-33. There are occasional situations where time interval averaging cannot be performed on a periodic signal. This problem occurs when the input time interval repetition rate is synchronous with the internal clock.

4-34. SOURCES OF MEASUREMENT ERROR

4-35. The major sources of measurement error are the ±1 count ambiguity, the time base error and trigger error. These are discussed in the following paragraphs.

4-36. ±1 Count Ambiguity

4-37. Since the signal input to the main gate of the counter and the clock input are not coherent, an inherent ±1 count ambiguity exists in the count accumulated in the decade counting assemblies. This is illustrated by Figure 4-6.

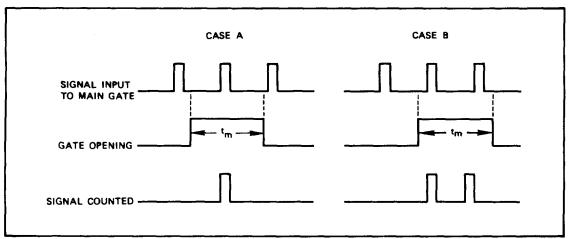


Figure 4-6. ±1 Count Ambiguity

NOTE

The main gate is open for the same time, $t_{\scriptscriptstyle m}$, in both cases. incoherence between the clock and the input signal can result in two different counts which for this example is one for case A and two for case B.

4-38. FREQUENCY MEASUREMENT ERROR. The error caused by the ambiguity is in absolute terms, ±1 of the accumulated count. For a frequency measurement the signal counted is the input signal of frequency, f_{in}. Thus the relative error is given by:

±1 count error, relative frequency measurement error

$$\frac{\Delta f}{f} = \frac{\pm 1}{f_{in}} \tag{2}$$

4-39. PERIOD MEASUREMENT ERROR. For period measurement, the signal counted is the internal time base clock of period $t_{\rm c}$. Hence the relative error becomes:

±1 count error; relative period measurement error

$$\frac{\Delta T}{T} = \frac{\pm t_C}{T_{in}} \tag{3}$$

4-40. MAIN GATE REQUIREMENTS. The ±1 count error described above assumes the main gate itself does not contribute any error. As with any gate, however, the main gate does exhibit propagation delays and takes finite times to both switch on and off. Any differential between the times taken for the main gate to switch on and off show up as uncertainties in the length of time the gate is open. This uncertainty in turn translates into a measurement error that increase the ±1 count. However, the uncertainty in the main gate of the 5328A is substantially less than the period of the highest frequency counted, so this error is not appreciable.

4-41. Time Base Error

4-42. Any error in the time base oscillator directly translates itself into a measurement error. Thus, if the total of all the oscillator errors amount to 1 x 10° , the total error contributed by the time base in the measurement of a 10 MHz signal is 1 x 10° x 10^{7} = 10 Hz. Similarly, for the measurement of a 100-millisecond period, the error would be 1 x 10° x 10^{1} = 1 x 10^{7} or 100 n a n o s e c o n d s.

4-43. Trigger Error

- 4-44. Noise on the input signal will cause uncertainties in the point at whit} the Schmitt trigger switches. Provided the noise is not large enough to cause false triggering (i.e., cross both limits of the hysteresis band which would produce more pulses out of the Schmitt trigger than input cycles to it) no significant error is introduced in a frequency measurement.
- 4-45. For period measurements, however, this uncertainty produces like error in the time the gate is open, since it is this signal that controls the gate. It can be shown that with essentially low frequency noise and a signal-to-noise ratio of 40 dB, the resultant worst case trigger error is .32% of the period. Thus, the trigger error in the measurement of the period of a 1 kHz signal is 3.2x $10^3 \times 10^3 = 3.2$ microseconds, worst case. For 60 dB signal-to-noise ratio, worst case error is .032%; while for a 20 dB signal-to-noise ratio signal it is 3.2%.
- 4-46. For an arbitrary wave shape (but constant slew rate through the hysteresis band), the trigger error takes on a different expression. In Figure 4-7, it is shown that for this case, the trigger error is:

for a 40 dB S/N, this translates to:

$$\pm .0025 \mu s$$
 signal slew rate $(V/\mu s)$

4--47. For time interval measurements, trigger error is generally negligible when compared to the systematic error introduced by the uncertainty in the setting of trigger levels. For an uncertainty in trigger level of ± 10 millivolt and a peak noise voltage of one millivolt, trigger error is a factor of five less than the error caused by trigger level uncertainty, regardless of signal slew rate. For example, trigger level uncertainty of ± 10 millivolt on a 100 millivolt/nanosecond signal introduces an error in the time interval measurement of ± 0.1 nanosecond. The trigger error for such a signal, with 1 millivolt peak noise, is less than $\pm .02$ nanosecond, a factor of five less. Averaging reduces the trigger error still further (but not the trigger level uncertainty error). The error is reduced by \sqrt{N} for time interval averaging and by N for period averaging.

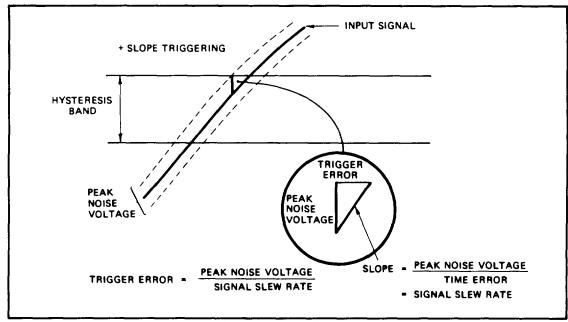


Figure 4-7. Trigger Error

4-48. 5328A PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

- 4-49. The 5328A is organized into four main operating sections (refer to Figure 4-8):
 - The main counter section
 - Ž The input section
 - The power supply section
 - The Hewlett-Packard Interface Bus (HP-IB) section
- 4-50. Each section operates relatively independently and communicates to the other through an internal bus system. The two-way bus consists of 90 lines.
- 4-51. The power supply provides regulated dc voltage for the other operating sections of the instrument. The main on-off switch of the instrument operates only the central power supply regulator; the main ac power line is never broken. Unregulated dc is constantly fed to the oven oscillator eliminating the need for time base warmup. The fan is dc powered.

4-52. Main Counter Section

4-53. The main counter section on A1 Motherboard contains all of the functional subunits of a standard counter with the exception of input signal conditioning and special logic, which are contained in the input section. The decade counting assembly contains eight decades of BCD counting logic, latches, and output multiplexing logic. The time base assembly contains eight

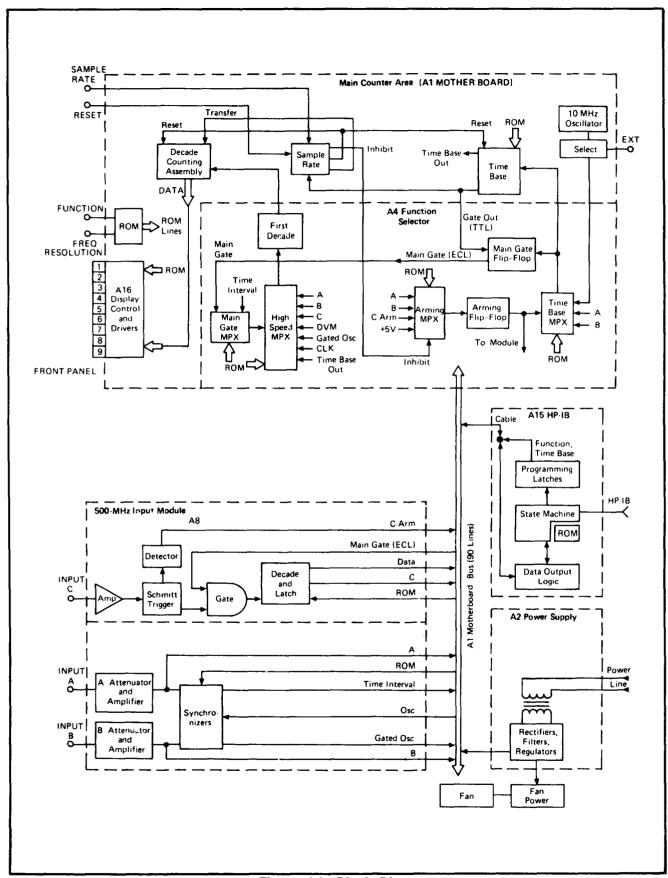


Figure 4-8. Block Diagram

counting decades, output multiplexing logic, and synchronizers to generate precise timing signals for the main gate. The oscillator section contains the input/output logic to accept an external signal via the rear panel or an internal signal from the oven-regulated crystal oscillator.

- **4-54.** The sample rate circuit controls the instrument display cycle. Inhibit, reset, main gate, transfer, and sample rate signals are generated in this circuit, as is the BCD digit address code for the strobed display. Generation of decimal point and annunciators and decoding of BCD data are accomplished by the display control circuits. Data out of the decade counting assembly or the input modules is decoded and displayed on the nine-digit LED display.
- **4-55.** The A4 Function Selector serves as the main signal switch of the instrument. It routes input signals through multiplexer to the decade counting assembly and/or the time base. At the same time, it interacts with the display control circuits to determine the beginning and end of the display cycle. The precision main gate signal is created on the function selector through interaction with the time base assembly. The function selector also has extensive interaction with the input modules. It is the main receiver of the high-speed data from the modules and the originator and receiver of module arming pulses.
- **4–56.** The flexibility of the 5328A comes from the ability of all these operating subsections to accept diverse data from input modules. This is accomplished through the use of a 4000-bit read-only memory (ROM) as the master control of the instrument. Located in the main counter section of the instrument, the ROM accepts the four-bit function code and the three-bit time base code from the front-panel switches or the HP-IB remote programming board. The ROM generates 32 bits of output data which are transmitted throughout the instrument to set-up each subsection for the particular measurement situation.

4-57. Input Section

- **4-58.** The input modules are the main interface between the instrument and the outside electronic environment. They accept input signals and convert them into the proper form to be handled by the main counter circuits.
- **4-59.** The middle area of the input module section provides the 5328A with extended frequency capability (Channel C). A 50Ω fuse-protected 500 MHz amplifier and Schmitt trigger feed the 500 MHz decade. Latches in this section strobe the ninth (least-significant) digit from the module onto the data bus and into the display. In functions not requiring an input from this module, ROM lines deactivate the output strobing circuitry and the ninth digit on the display goes blank.

4-60. Hewlett-Packard Interface Bus (HP-US) Section

4-61. The fourth section of the instrument, the HP-IB assembly provides for control of the counter by the HP-IB. Connected to the main instrument bus through a ribbon cable, the internally-mounted HP-IB board controls function, time base, cycle rate, arming, and other controls in the instrument.

4-62. A1 MOTHERBOARD

- 4-63. The A1 Motherboard consists of five sections, as follows:
 - a. Display control.
 - b. State control.
 - c. Oscillator.
 - d. Decade Counting Assembly.
 - e. Time Base.

4-64. Display Control

- **4-65.** The display control section on Al Motherboard acts as an interface between the A16 Display board and the other circuits of the counter.
- **4-66.** The outputs of the A16 Display Board FUNCTION and RESOLUTION switches go to the ROM (A1U37). The outputs of the ROM position the decimal point and annunciators in the display and provide control functions for other circuits of the counter. Data from the data bus is translated from BCD to seven-segment form in decoder U41 and sent to the display which is strobed by U39. U39 decodes the digit address code from BCD to one of 10 forms. Leading zero blanking is provided by the latch comprised of U32B and U40B. Latches U25, U26, U27, and U31 provide outputs related to function and time base codes for use in other sections of the instrument.

4-67. State Control

4-68. The state control section is comprised of circuits U1, U2, U3, U4, and US. Decade Counter U1 generates the digit select strobe code for the display. Circuit U4 receives the Sample Rate signal and generates the main Reset, Transfer, and Inhibit signals.

4-69. A3 OSCILLATOR SUPPORT

4-70. An oven-temperature-regulated crystal oscillator (A3A1) supplies the precision 10 MHz time base signal in the 5328A. The A3A1 crystal oscillator (also designated HP Model 10544A) is in rectangular metal enclosure which plugs into the A3 Oscillator Support. The A3 Oscillator Support in turn plugs in the A1 Motherboard.

4-71. A3 Oscillator Support

4-72. On the A3 Oscillator Support five separate functional circuits are provided: a voltage regulator, an external signal detector, and amplifier-multiplier, a multiplexer, and a 10:1 divider. Integrated circuit U3 is a voltage regulator which regulates the 25-volt power at about 13 volts for the oscillator. External signal detector U4C will detect if an external signal (1, 5, or 10 MHz) is applied to the 5328A rear panel EXT OSC IN connector and send a signal, U4C(13), to control the U2 multiplexer. If an external oscillator signal is applied, the multiplexer selects the external signal for the 5328A time base. If only the A3A1 10 MHz signal is available, it is used for the time base. U4A and B produce a 10 MHz output, U4B(5), with either 1, 5, or 10 MHz input. The A3A1 10 MHz is divided to 1 MHz by U1 for the rear panel 1 MHz OUT connector.

NOTE

The rear panel 10 MHz OUT and 1 MHz OUT are both always derived from the 10544A, A3A1 Oscillator.

4-73. A3A1 Oscillator (HP 10544A)

4-74. The oscillator specifications are given in *Table 7-3.* This oscillator is a factory-serviced assembly. No circuit description is given here.

4-75. DECADE COUNTING ASSEMBLY (DCA)

4-76. The 5328A DCA is comprised of Decade Counter/Latches (U10 and U12) on the A1 Motherboard and U1A, U3, and U4B on A4 Function Selector Board, The Motherboard contains output enable circuitry (U6, U7, and U9) for controlling the counters output data, signal overflow indication, and circuitry for strobing data into the display (U41). The data output of each Decade Counter in the DCA corresponds to a digit on the display. The first Decade Counter in the sequence of operation corresponds 'to the least-significant-digit and the last to the most-significant-digit. Digits 0 through 5 are processed by U12, digit 6 by U10, and digit 7 by U11.

- **4-77.** All measurements performed by the 5328A result in pulses being counted in the DCA. Pulses are admitted to the DCA by way of the Main Gate FF on A4 which is either controlled by a Gate Out signal from the Time Base (A1U19) or held open by the HOPN signal from A1U25.
- **4-78.** Data strobe signals, transfer pulses, reset pulses, and an output disabling signal are routed to the DCA via the 5328A State Control Circuitry. These signals are processed in the DCA and are used to control transfer of the counter's output data to the latch outputs, strobe this data onto the Data Bus, disable the outputs that feed into the Data Bus, and reset the counters after a measurement cycle is over.

4-79. TIME BASE

- **4-80.** The 5328A Time Base circuit is comprised of an 8-decade divider U21, shaping flip-flop U19A, and Synchronization flip-flop U19B. The Time Base input, depending on the particular measurement being made, is either the 10 MHz system clock or the Channel A or B input signal. These signals are routed to the Time Base input via the ROM-controlled Time Base Multiplexer, U10 on the A4 Function Selector board.
- **4-81.** The Time Base circuit has two modes of operation consistent with the two types of measurements performed by the 5328A. For frequency and time interval type measurements, the Time Base circuit generates a gate during which either oscillator or input pulses are counted. For totalize type measurements, the Time Base circuit divides its input by N as set on the RESOLUTION, N switch on the front panel and outputs the divided signal to be counted in the DCA. The outputs of the Time Base circuit, corresponding to both operating modes, are generated simultaneously. Regardless of the type of measurement being performed, these outputs are made available to the A4 Function Selector which selects the proper signal to perform the function.
- **4-82.** The length of the gate time generated by the Time Base circuit and the scale factor of the Time Base Input is determined by the Time Base code. The 5328A Mainframe ROM reads the codes of both the Time Base (RESOLUTION, N) and FUNCTION switches and outputs the proper code to the Time Base such that measurement resolution and scale factor agree with the information in the various (RESOLUTION, N) switch positions.

4-83. A2 POWER SUPPLY

4-84. The power supply has five output voltages: +5, -5.2, +15, -15, and +3.5 volts, dc. The +5V and -5.2V circuits are essentially the same as are the +15V and -15V sections, so only the positive voltage sections will be described.

4-85. +5V Supply

4-86. The +5V supply is a switching regulator that has greater efficiency than a linear regulator of the same output, When the output voltage is below its nominal level, comparator U1 sees its + input being above its - input and hence its output goes positive turning on transistor Q5 which in turn turns on Q3 and Q1. The voltage at the collector of Q1 now goes high (greater than 17V) and current starts to build up through L1, charging the output capacitor and increasing the output voltage. At the same time positive feedback is provided via resistor R11 to maintain the situation until the output goes slightly above +5V. When the voltage reaches this point the comparator output voltage starts to fall turning off transistors Q5, Q3, and Q1 causing the voltage at the collector of Q1 to fall. This provides positive feedback via resistor R11 to reinforce the charge. As a result, transistors Q5, Q3, and Q1 are turned off hard, and the voltage at the collector of Q1 goes negative, except for diode CR3 which clamps the voltage to ground. During this part of the cylce, current flows through diode CR3 and coil L1 allowing the energy which has been stored in the field of L1 to go into the load. This goes on until the output voltage again goes low enough to overcome the offset at the input of comparator U1 and turn transistor Q1 on again.

- **4-87.** +15V FAN POWER. The +15V supply is a simple linear regulator using transistor Q7 as the pass transistor. Transistor Q2 provides level shifting and current gain while U3 is used as comparator and gain block. The 5328A cooling fan motor receives power from A20. A20 is a sealed unit which produces an alternating current from +15 volts input.
- **4-88.** The +3.5V supply is also a simple linear regulator with the operational amplifier section of U5 being used as a comparator and gain block. Resistor R32 provides overcurrent limiting to protect against shorts.

4-89. A4 FUNCTION SELECTOR

4-90. The A4 Function Selector serves as the main high-speed switching module of the 5328A. It receives high-speed differential ECL data from the Main Bus (from the modules that process the signal input) and routes that data to either the Time Base or the DCA. In addition, the Main Gate FF, the Arming Multiplexer and Arming FF, and the First Decade of the DCA are on the A4 Function Selector assembly.

NOTE

Refer to Table 8-7 for definitions of mnemonics.

4-91. High Speed Multiplexer, Main Gate, and 1st Decade

- **4-92.** High speed multiplexer U6 serves as the main multiplexer and routes the following signals to the 1st decade of the DCA: A, B, GATES OSC (GOSC), C, DVM, TIME BASE OUT (TBO), and OSCILLATOR (OSC). ROM lines IA, IB, and IC control the active address of the multiplexer. Pin 2 (enable) of the multiplexer serves as the Main Gate. The Low Time Interval (LTIF), Low Main Gate FF (LMGF), or (LTOTŽLST), signal operating through U8 and enabled by ROM lines LMGF, LTIF, (LTOTŽLST), respectively control the Main Gate. In addition, ROM line HOPN can override LTIF or LMGF and lock open Main Gate U6(2) through U8C. Main Gate status is detected and sent off the A4 Function Selector by ECL-to-TTL translator U2D. Capacitor C11 and resistor R35 serve to stretch any ECL gate signal present at U2(10) so that the slower TTL control chip A1U4 and gate light one-shot (Q6, U36B, E) can see the pulses and properly react. U8D differentially drives bus lines MG and M to operate the remote Main Gate of Channel C.
- **4-93.** The output of the main multiplexer U6(15) feeds into first binary U1 of the main DCA. U1A is an ECL High-Speed binary the output of which couples to pins 14 and 15 of ECL-to-TTL translator U2. The TTL output of U2(13) clocks Schottky quinary U4 and U3. The outputs of the first decade U3(9), U4(9), U3(5), and U2(13) travel off the A4 Function Selector board to the DCA on the Al Motherboard where they are latched and the carry feeds into the next decade of the DCA.

4-94. Arming Multiplexer and Arming FF

4-95. The Arming FF, the second half of U4, serves to inhibit various measurements by enabling or disabling Time Base Multiplexer U10 and the synchronizers in the Universal Module. This action occurs via the High Disables Syncrhonizers (HDS) signal from U4(6). The signal which sets or enables U4 comes from Arming Multiplexer U5(6). ROM lines control U5(10, 11) while the remaining address line (pin 9) is controlled by the Low Arm (L ARM) signal from the rear panel ARM switch. US thus selects either C-ARM, B, B, or free run (+5V) as the signal to send to U4 as the Arming signal. The A and B signals are derived from ECL-to-TTL translator U2A and U2B, respectively. Capacitors C4 and C5 and resistors R17 and R18 serve as pulse stretcher timing elements to enable the narrow ECL pulses on lines **A** and **B** to be seen by the TTL Arming FF U4.

4-96. Time Base Multiplexer and Main Gate FF

- **4-97.** Time Base Multiplexer U10 select either A, B, or OSC to send the Time Base Input (TBI) signal via pin 8 to the Time Base. This same signal is also sent to U1, the Main Gate FF, as a desynchronizing signal. ROM lines R(HTBA), R(HTBO), and R(HTBB) control the selection of the Time Base Input signal. The HDS signal to U10(3) or ROM line LTOT to U10(1) serve to enable or disable U10.
- **4-98.** U1B is a high-speed ECL FF used to generate precise stable gate times for the Main Gate Multiplexer U8 and the remote gate in the Frequency C module. A TTL replica of the Main Gate signal (GATE OUT) is generated in the Time Base and sent to U1 via the line Main Gate Synchronizer on the Motherboard. Resistors R14 and R43B translate this TTL signal down to ECL levels at U1(10). The output of Time Base Multiplexer U10 via resistors R42 and R43D and capacitor C16 clocks U1(11) yielding a synchronized fast rise and fall time Main Gate signal on U1(14).

4-99. An Example of Operation

- **4-100.** To show how the above mentioned function selector circuits operate together an example of the measurement of frequency A is given in the following paragraphs.
- **4-101.** Assume the counter is in the middle of its display cycle. Low Inhibit (LINH) is TTL low, High Reset Time Base (HRTB) has momentarily gone high resetting U1 and U4 and High Reset Decade (HRD) has momentarily gone high resetting First Decade U1, U4, and U4. The control chip on the Motherboard releases LINH to go high. U9(13) goes low enabling Arming Multiplexer US. Assuming that self arm has been selected, A will have been dected by the ROM, on pins 9, 10, and 11 of U5. When the first A pulse occurs U4(4) goes low setting U4. U4(5) goes high turning on transistor Q1 which in turn pulls LINH low again and inhibits another measurement from starting until Reset has occurred. In a frequency measurement, the ROM selects the Oscillator signal on pin 2 of U10 to be sent into the Time Base. Shortly after the Time Base returns, a high signal on Main Gate Synchronizer drives U1(10) high. On the next Oscillator signal (through U10) U10(11) gets clocked causing U1(14) to go low. This low signal propagates through U8(B and C) to U62) opening the Main Gate and initiating the count, Signal A has been selected on U6 by ROM lines R22, 23, and 24 thus each A event is counted into 1st decade U1A, U4A, and U3.
- **4-102.** After the appropriate gate time has elapsed (N clock counts into the Time Base) the Main Gate Syncrhonizer signal goes low and the next Oscillator signal clocks Main Gate FF U1 closed. U2(10) detects the closing of the Main Gate and sends a TTL signal (LMGF) to U4 in the State Control section of the Al Motherboard which initiates a new display cycle.

4-103. A16 DISPLAY ASSEMBLY

- **4-104.** The Display Assembly contains the display, as shown in the block diagram in Section VIII, in addition to switches S1 (POWER), S2 (RESET), S3 (FUNCTION), S4 (FREQ RESOLUTION, N) and SAMPLE RATE control R6 as shown in the schematic diagram in Section VIII.
- **4-105.** The display consists of a nine-digit seven-segment LED numeric display (DS1-DS9) and annunciators for indicating measurement units (DS10-DSI6) in addition to overflow (DS17), remote (DS18), and gate (DS19). The display digits and annunciators are automatically displayed with the correct decimal point.
- **4-106.** The digit address code from A1U39 on the Motherboard is applied to transistors Q1 through Q9 to strobe each digit which receives the seven-segment code from A1U41 through transistors Q13-Q20. The gate (DS19), remote (DS18), and overflow (DS17) LED's receive signals from the Motherboard through transistors Q10, Q11, and Q12, respectively.

4-107. REMOTE CONTROLLABLE (PROGRAMMABLE) INPUT BLOCK DIAGRAM DESCRIPTION

- **4-108.** In the local mode, the A19 Switch Control board generates TTL levels that control the A12 signal conditioning relays. These levels allow front panel control of A and B channel input signal conditioning. The A19 board accepts inverted A and B channel signals from the A12 board. These signals are routed through pulse stretcher and driver circuits to the A and B channel trigger LEDs located on the A19 board. The inverted signals are also translated from ECL to TTL levels and supplied to the A and B marker outputs.
- **4-109.** Input circuitry for the A and B channels is on the A12 Amplifier board and part of the A10 Synchronizer board. The A12 board contains the 100 MHz A and B channels with signal conditioning SLOPE, AC/DC, ATTENUATORS, SEP/COM, amplifiers, and Schmitt triggers. Signal conditioning circuitry is controlled by relays K1 through K12 synchronizing circuitry for period and time interval type measurements. The A, \overline{A} , B, \overline{B} , TI, \overline{TI} , GOSC, and GOSC outputs, from the A10 board, are routed to the A4 Function Selector.
- **4-110.** The programming interface section of A10 board is used to allow remote control of all input signal conditioning relays. The A11 DAC board contains two identical DACs, A and B channel, that allow remote control of trigger levels. The outputs of these DACs are supplied to a relay on the A12 board. In remote, the relay connects these DAC levels to the Schmitt trigger on the A12 board. There are two modes of accepting remote commands, the non-DAC and DAC control modes.
- **4-111.** When the 5328A goes into remote, front panel switch control is disabled. At the same time, the programming interface takes control of the input signal conditioning relays. In the non-DAC control mode, the interface accepts and decode serial data bytes, stores the information in latches, and control signal conditioning via the latched outputs.

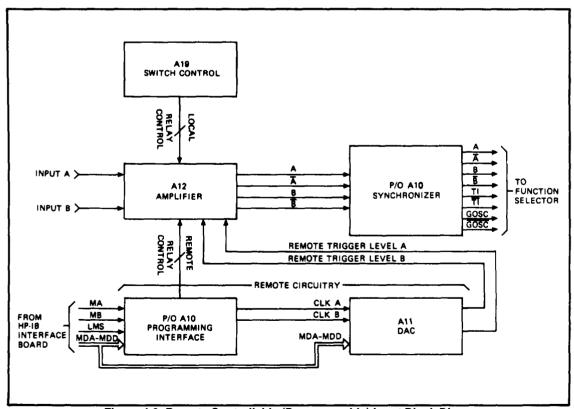


Figure 4-9. Remote Controllable (Programmable) Input Block Diagram

- **4-112.** When the interface receives a data byte, for control of trigger levels, it goes into the DAC control mode. This is a result of the interface receiving a + or on its input data lines. Once in the DAC control mode, the programming interface latches disregard the information at their input. Simultaneously, the information, on the input data lines (MDA-MDD) is accepted by the A11 DAC board.
- **4–113.** The A11 DAC board shifts the polarity indicator and three following numerical bytes of information into its shift registers. Following the polarity indicator and the three numerical data bytes, an asterisk (*) appears on the MDA-MDD lines (see Table 4-7 for proper format). The asterisk causes the programming interface to revert back to the non-DAC control mode. In this mode, the All board stops accepting data, and the programming interface latches again accept the input data.

Table 4-1. 5328A Input Circuit Program Code Set

Programming is accomplished as detailed in Section III with the additions below. Codes shown underlined are start up conditions. These conditions are set by the code "P", Remote Programm Initialize, or by the bus commands Device Clear, or Selected Device Clear.

Commands to A channel are preceded by A Commands to B channel are preceded by B

Trigger levels are programmed using the following format

±X.Y Z*

Where X is volts

Y is 100 s of mV Z is 10 x of mV

* is used to terminate inputs to the DAC's

Control	Function	Code
Coupling	AC DC	2 3
Slope	+	4 5
Atten	X100 X10 x1	1 6 7
Separate/Corn	Separate Common A	A8 A9
	NOTE	

NOTE

Underlined codes are default conditions.

Invert Normal B8 A&B Inverted B9

The check function overrides all other programming commands for A&B channels.

EXAMPLES:

The instruction:

CMD "?U9", "PF:G5S137A3579-1.25*B37+1.65*R" Input circuits related programming information

Will program a 5328A with listen address of 9 to:

Function	Channel A	Channel B
Time Interval Avg A to B	DC Coupled	DC Coupled
Multiplier 10⁵	-Slope	X1 Atten
Multiple measurement	X1 Atten	Trig Level +1.65V
Continuous Cycle	Common A	+Slope
Manual sample rate control	Trigger Level -1.25V	

4-114. The A11 DAC board processes the four serial data bytes, and produces one parallel BCD output. The BCD output provides the information for generating a square wave train by using a series of rate multipliers. The square wave train has an average duty cycle proportional to the input code supplied to the rate multipliers. This square wave train switches on a precision current source that feeds a voltage averager to produce a dc output.

4-115. REMOTE CONTROLLABLE (PROGRAMMABLE) INPUT SCHEMATIC THEORY

4-116. Theory of operation for the programmable input section is given in the following paragraphs.

4-117. A19 Switch Control Board

- **4-118.** In local mode, -0.7 volts is applied to switches S1-S8. This potential allows the switches to control their respective functions by supplying an active low available at each switch. In a closed switch position, the -0.7 volts will forward-bias the associated diode, pull the anode low, and cause a low to be sent to the amplifier board through J3.
- **4-119.** In remote mode, the -0.7 volts switches to +5 volts, only allowing the output lines, transmitted through J3, to be high. When a switch is open, the pull-up resistor on the line causes it to go high. When the switch is closed, the associated diode is reverse biased and the line remains high,
- **4-120.** Trigger LEDs, DS1 and DS2, are driven by the inverted A and B outputs of the Schmitt trigger (A12U4). These signals enter pins 14 and 10 of ECL-to-TTL translator U1. Feedback capacitors C8 and C9 stretch the 5 nanosecond ECL pulse to approximately a 25 millisecond TTL output pulse. This 25 millisecond pulse is of long enough duration to be seen, and is used to drive the trigger LEDs. Since this pulse stretcher is decoupled to the Schmitt trigger, it functions like a logic probe with adjustable threshold voltage. When Channel A input is higher than the trigger level setting, the trigger LED is ON. When the input is lower, the LED is OFF, and whenever it passes through the trigger threshold, the LED flashes on or off depending on the polarity of the input signal.
- **4-121.** The 5 nanosecond inverted A and B outputs are also applied to pins 2 and 6 respectively of U1. The signals are translated from ECL to TTL levels and connected to the marker outputs.

4-122. A12 Amplifier Board

- 4-123, Since both A and B channel circuitry are identical only the A channel will be discussed.
- **4-124.** Input signal A enters A12 through J2 and depending on relay K7 is either ac coupled through capacitor c30 or dc coupled across relay K7. The signal then enters the three position attenuator (X1, X10, X100) and is passed from the selected attenuation node through either K2, K3, or K8 to the input of the FET impedance converter stage. Diodes CR5 and CR6, resistors R39, R37, and R34, and capacitors C23 and C24 form an overvoltage protection network to limit the signal sent to FET transistor Q3 and successive circuits to ±2.61 volts maximum, The signal at the node between resistors R30 and R32 follows closely the signal at the gate of Q3A. A potentiometer is used to adjust any initial offset voltage.
- **4-125.** SEP/COM A relays, K4 and K5, connect the input of the B channel attenuator to either the A or B channel inputs. The signal then passes through U4, a dual Schmitt trigger, Trigger U4B compares the signal at pin 9 to a dc reference between ±2.5 volts on pin 10. This dc reference is selected by K1 and is supplied by either the A11 DAC board or by the A19Switch Control board. The output of U4 changes state whenever the input crosses the reference voltage on U4(11). The output is ECL (=-0.8 to -1.6V) and drives both the A trigger LED circuit on the A19 board

and the exclusive OR gate U2. Schmitt trigger U4 has approximately 15 mV peak-to-peak hysteresis at its input. Exclusive OR gate U2 is used to select the desired slope of the input waveform. When pin 7 of U2 is held to an ECL high level (SLOPE switch in + position), U2 acts as an inverter. When pin 7 goes low (SLOPE switch in the - position), U2 does not invert the signal passing through it.

4-126. Input signal conditioning control is accomplished by inverters U1 and U3 and relays K1-K12. This control is supplied from either the A10Synchronizer board or the A19Switch Control board. When the 5328A is in remote, relay control is received through J1 from the A10 board, In the local mode, relay control arrives via P2 from the A19 board. Since all of the relay control lines contain inverters, relay activation is caused by a high at the input.

4-127. A10 Synchronizer Board

- **4-128.** The differential A channel outputs from A12U2 feedthrough connector P2 pins 7 and 8 respectively to U1. Circuit U4 is a one-shot that only triggers on a negative edge, and therefore, passes only trigger events that occur on the slope selected by A12U2. The output of U4 pin 15 is an ECL pulse of approximately 5-10 nanoseconds width. In the FREQ A check mode, the oscillator signal from U1(2), (either 10 MHz or 100 MHz as selected by S1) is injected via U5B to U10(13). The normal A input entering U10(12) is disabled at A12U4 by LCHK being low. The oscillator signal at U10(13) is passed through U10C and U10D to U11 a dual 4 to 1 multiplexer. In a noninverting mode, multiplexer U11 always routes the A channel signal to the start synchronizer U6A. In a period function, U11 routes the A channel signal to the stop synchronizer U6B. For time interval measurements, the B channel signal is supplied to stop synchronizer U6B. ROM line R6 controls the stop synchronizer input switching. In remote, HINV, from U11(7) allows the A and B channel outputs of U11 to be inverted. The outputs of U11A feed U12A which drives the A and A outputs to the A4 Function Selector.
- **4-129.** In TI, TI AVG, PER, and PER AVG functions, U5, U6, U12, and U13 are used to generate synchronized time interval and gated oscillator pulses for the mainframe. After a reset pulse arrives on the HDS line, the RS FFs US and U12 and D FFs U6A and U6B are reset. At the same time, the TI and GOSC outputs are at an ECL high. When a start event enters U5D pin 12, it sets the U5A output to U6A pin 7 high. The next clock pulse to U6(6) will cause U6A pin 3 to go low. This pulls the TI coutput low, signaling to the function selector that the time interval has started, When TI goes low, GOSC (U13B) starts to output oscillator pulses. When a stop event occurs at U5(10), the output of U12C goes high. This, synchronous to the next clock pulse, sets U16(15) high. When U16(15) goes high, the TI and GOSC outputs go high stopping the time interval measurement. The Q output of U6B through U13C, U14B, and U14A resets all FFs and thus prepares them for the next measurement.
- **4-130.** ROM line RL6(HC), connected to U14(11) by R6, is used in period measurements. This line is set low in period, and holds the stop FF (U5C and U12C) off until the start synchronizer U6A clocks a high to its Q output.
- **4-131.** In a PER AVG function where time base scaling takes place, ROM line RL5(T10) is driven high. This TTL high is converted to an ECL high, by resistors R18 and R21, and applied through U14D to U12(1)). This causes the stop synchronizer flip-flop (U5C and U12C) to remain in a reset condition.
- **4-132.** The programming interface has two operational modes, the non-DAC and DAC control modes. These modes refer to the operation of the interface with respect to incoming data. When the incoming data is for control of signal conditioning (not trigger level) the interface will be in the non-DAC mode. The interface will be in the DAC control mode when incoming data is for DAC (trigger level) control.

- **4-133.** When the 5328A goes into remote, LEXT goes low. The low, on LEXT, causes the output of A1 Motherboard switch control circuit to go from -0.7 volts to +5 volts. This change, disables front panel switch control on the A16 and the A19 boards. When LEXT is low, U17(4) connected to tri-state buffers U2 pin 1 and U9 pines 1 and 15 is also low. This low, returns the outputs of tri-state buffers, U2 and U9, to their active state. With the outputs of U2 and U9 enabled, the outputs of addressable latches, U8 and U15, control the A12 signal conditioning relays.
- **4-134.** The interface is reset by a high on the HRPR line. This high is generated by the A15 HP-IB Interface Board when it receives an ASCII "P".
- **4-135.** When the interface is reset it defaults to the non-DAC control mode. The reset causes the latched outputs of U8 and U15 to go low. This sets U17 pins 9 and 10 low, giving a low at U17(8), The low at U17(8) is connected to U7(14), where it causes the interface to be in the non-DAC mode. The low at U17(8) is also connected to clock multiplexer U16(1) where it causes U16 to route clock (LMS) pulses to only U8 or U15.
- **4-136.** Clock multiplexer U16 decodes the MA and MB lines, from the A15 board, to determine whether the input data byte, on MDA-MDD, is A or B channel information. It then routes the clock pulse to U8(14) for A channel information, or to U15(14) for B channel information. The clock pulse, latches the information into the intended latch.
- **4-137.** After reset, the interface defaults to all of the underlined functions in *Table* 3-5 Program Code Set. To change one of the signal conditioning controls it is necessary to program that function.
- **4-138.** As an example, assume a Channel A function setting of X1 is desired. This means that an "A7" must be included in the data string sent by the system controller to the 5328A. When the "A" is decoded by the A15 HP-IB interface, it causes the MA line to be high and the MB line to be low. The MA and MB lines are decoded by U6 and it routes the following clock pulses to U8.
- **4-139.** When the "7" is sent, 1110 appears at the input of ROM U7 on MDA-MDD respectively. As shown in *Table* 5-28, the 1110 at the input causes an output of 000011 on U7 pins 1-6.
- **4-140.** The clock pulse arrives at U8(14) and latches the high on U8(13) to U8(5). The high on U8(5) is buffered by U9 and appears at pin 13 of its output. The high at U9(13) is inverted on the same function as Channel A.
- **4-141.** All non-DAC information is latched in the same manner. B channel information is latched into the outputs of U15. it has the same code into U7, and thus the same code out of U7, for the same function as Channel A.
- **4-142.** Refer to Table 3-5 Program Code Set for the proper format to program a trigger level. The proper format is ±X.YZ*, and follows an A and B which indicates to which channel it applies.
- **4-143.** For the following discussion, assume a trigger level is programmed, following the proper format, and preceded by an "A", The interface resets to the non-DAC mode when the A15 board receives an ASCII "P" from the system controller. When the A15 board receives the "A", the MA line is set high and the MB line is set low. U16 decodes the MA and MB lines, in the non-DAC mode, and clocks the A channel latch U8.
- **4-144.** When a + or appears on the MDA-MDD lines, a high is latched into U8(12), Latching occurs on the positive clock pulse transition from U16. The high at U8(12), will cause U17(8) to go high. U17(8) is connected to U7(14), where the high changes the input address to ROM U7, and locks the interface into the DAC control mode. The high at U17(8) is also connected to U16(1). A high at U16(1) causes U16 to supply clock pulses to either the A or B channel DAC.

Since the condition of the MA and MB lines remains the same, the Channel A DAC receives the clock pulses. On the negative transition of the clock pulse, the + or - is shifted into the A channel DAC shift registers A10U7 and U11.

- 4-145. Following the format, the next data byte on MDA-MDD will be a number. The MDA-MDD lines supplied to U7 are also connected to the A11 DAC board shift registers. Since the interface is in the DAC mode, neither U8 or U15 are clocked and thus disregard data on MDA-MDD. The number is clocked into the A channel DAC shift registers. The condition of the MA and MB lines, determines which DAC is clocked and accepts the number. Following the first number, a decimal appears at the input to ROM U7. When U7 decodes the decimal, it sends U7(5) high. This high, applied to U2(15), causes U2 to block the clock pulse associated with the decimal data byte. In this manner, the DAC disregards the decimal.
- 4-146. Following the format, two more numbers are input, serially, and each clocked into the A channel DAC shift registers. The final character in the string, an asterisk (*), appears on the input data lines to U7. When U7 decodes the asterisk, U7(5) goes high, again blocking the positive clock pulse transition to the A channel DAC. This causes the A channel DAC to disregard the *. Simultaneously U7(6) goes low, allowing the negative transition of the clock pulse to latch the low at U8(13) into U8(12). The low at U8(12) causes U17(8) to go low, returning the interface to the non-DAC control mode.

4-147, A11 DAC Board

- 4-148. Since the DAC board contains two identical DACs only the Channel A DAC will be discussed. For the following description assume the Channel A DAC is programmed for a +2.22V trigger level. Refer to Program Code Set, Table 3-5, for an explanation of the format.
- 4-149. The first data byte, a +, appears on the input data lines MDA-MDD. This data byte is supplied to the inputs of shift registers U7 and U11. An LMS clock pulse routed through A10U6, applied to U7 pin 1, shifts the + into U7 and U11. The next three data bytes, all two's, are shifted into U7 and U11 in the same manner.
- 4-150. With the + and the three numerals shifted into U7 and U11, the shift registers provide a parallel BCD output. This parallel output is static until the A channel DAC is reprogrammed. The parallel output is supplied to the input of rate multiplier chain U8, U9, and U10.
- 4-151. Circuit USC and related components are configured as an oscillator. The oscillator output is coupled through Q7 to the clock input of rate multipliers U8, U9, and U10. The clock signal is also supplied through inverter U5D to D-FF U2A, which is used as a synchronizer and wave shaper.
- 4-152. With 1000 pulses entering pin 9 of each rate multiplier, the output at U10(6) will be 222 pulses, These pulses are supplied through level shifter and inverter U5B to U2(12), The input pulse are synchronized and shaped by U2A, The Q and Q outputs, from U2A, supply level shifter networks composed of resistors R31, R34, and R36, R38, and R39. The pulse outputs from the level shifter networks arrive at the cathode of CR6 and the anode of CR8.
- 4-153. The + shifted into U11, causes U6 pins 2 and 6 to go high, The highs, on pins 2 and 6, cause pins 1 and 7 to go low. The low at U6(1), causes CR11 to be forward biased. Forward biasing CR11 causes U6A to sink all of the current from the positive current source, This disables the positive current source U3A and Q3. With U6(7) low, CR12 is reverse biased enabling the negative current source U3B and Q4.
- 4-154. The signal at the anode of CR8 is the inverted output from the rate multipliers. When the anode of CR8 is low, CR8 is reverse biased, and current flows through CR10 into U4(2), When the anode of CR8 is high, CR8 is forward biased and current flows from Q4 through CR8

4-155. Averager U4 converts the current pulses supplied via CR10 into a dc output voltage. The averager generates the output voltage proportional to the duty cycle of the input current pulses.

4-156. A8 Channel C Input

- 4-157, The A8 board contains circuitry to amplify and detect input signals up to 500 MHz, a divide-by-10 counting chain, a high-speed gate, and circuitry to drive the least-significant-digit in the display.
- 4-158, The input signal enters J1 and continues through a fuse (F1) into a limiter circuit composed of diodes CR2-5 and a 50-ohm termination. Diodes CR2-5 have 70V reverse breakdown voltage and limit the signals below that value to approximately ±600 mV to protect amplifier U1. Fuse (F1) is rated at 125 mA and blows when the input voltage reaches about =7 volts. The signal passes through amplifier U1 (with a single ended gain of =4) and drives U2 (a combination amplifier/Schmitt trigger) differentially. The Schmitt trigger output (U2 pin 13) is a logic level from 0 volts to approximately -600 mV. The now digital (square wave) signal passes through U3 where it branches to drive a binary (U4) and a detector. The detector circuit senses the presence of an input signal and sends a TTL "C ARM" command to the A4 Function Selector, as described in the following paragraph.
- 4-159. During normal operation (in the frequency C function) U4 is originally disabled by a High logic level at U4 pin 14 (0 volts). When the counter is ready to make a measurement and it senses that an input signal is present via the "C ARM" line, the main gate opens. Pin 14 on U4 then goes "low" (to -600 mV) and the input signal passes through U4 (\div 5) where it is translated to ECL levels. A 50-40% duty cycle (for sine wave inputs) signal is sent to the A4 Function Selector on "C" and " $\overline{\text{C}}$ " bus lines, after the time base counts out, the main gate closes, U4 pin 14 goes high and U4 and U5 stop in their present states. Circuit U6 translates the information in U4–U5 to TTL level and it is shifted into a quad latch (U7) where it is stored for strobing into the display.
- 4-160. Circuit U10, Q1, Q2, and various resistors constitute a current source to properly bias U1 and U2. The circuit draws approximately 16 mA out of pin 3 on each IC and adjusts the current out of pin 6 between 28 and 56 mA until the voltage on pin 3 is approximately +600 to +900 mV on each IC.
- 4-161. Resistors R1, R2, R4, and R82 and U9A comprise the offset voltage adjustment circuit. This circuit also compensates for changes in input bias current into U1 to minimize drift in offset voltage.

4-162. HP INTERFACE BUS THEORY

- 4-163. The HP Interface Bus transfers data and commands between the components of an instrumentation system on 16 signal lines. The interface functions for each system component are performed within the component so only passive cabling is needed to connect the system. The cables connect all instruments, controllers, and other components of the system in parallel to the signal lines.
- 4-164. Eight of the lines (DIO1—DIO8) are reserved for the transfer of data and other messages in a byte-serial, bit-parallel manner. Data and message transfer is asynchronous, coordinated by the three handshake lines (DAV, NRFD, NDAC). The other five lines are for control of bus activity,
- 4-165. Devices connected to the bus may be talkers, listeners, or controllers. The controller dictates the role of each of the other devices by setting the ATN (attention) line low and sending

talk or listen addresses on the data lines (DIO1—DIO8). Addresses are set into each device at the time of system configuration either by switches built into the device or by jumpers on a PC board. While the ATN line is low, all devices must listen to the data lines. When the ATN line is high, only devices that have been addressed will actively send or receive data. All others ignore the data lines.

- 4-166. Several listeners can be active simultaneously but only one talker can be active at a time. Whenever a talk address is put on the data lines (while ATN is low), all other talkers will be automatically unaddressed.
- 4-167. Information is transmitted on the data lines under sequential control of the three handshake lines. No step in the sequence can be initiated until the previous step is completed. Information transfer can proceed as fast as devices can respond, but no faster than allowed by the slowest device presently addressed as active. This permits several devices to receive the same message byte concurrently.
- 4-168. The ATN line is one of the five control lines. When ATN is low, addresses and universal commands are transmitted on seven of the data lines using the ASCII (American Standard Code for Information Interchange) code. When ATN is high, any code of 8 bits or less understood by both talker and listener(s) may be used.
- 4-169. The other control lines are IFC, REN, SRQ, EOI. IFC (interface clear) places the interface system in a known quiescent state. REN (remote enable) is used with other coded messages to select either local or remote control of each device.
- 4-170. Any active device can set the SRQ (service request) line low. This indicates to the controller that some device on the bus wants attention, say a counter that has just completed a time-interval measurement and wants to transmit the reading to a printer.
- 4-171. EOI (end or identify) is used by a device to indicate the end of a multiple-byte transfer sequence. When a controller sets both the ATN and EOI lines low, each device capable of a parallel poll indicates its current status on the DIO line assigned to it.
- 4-172. For a more detailed description of bus operation, refer to the manual entitled "Condensed Description of the Hewlett-Packard Interface Bus", HP Part No. 59401-90030.

4-173. HP-IB A15 INTERFACE OPERATION

- 4-174. The 5328A HP-IB Interface is used to remotely program the 5328A and deliver the measurement results to the bus. Thus, the board operates both as a listener and as a talker.
- 4175. As a listener, the interface is capable of programming most of the controls in the mainframe and all programmable modules that may be installed. The HP-IB board contains storage circuits to control the mainframe remotely, and is set up to program the storage circuits in any programmable module.
- 4-176. As a talker, the interface is capable of outputting the measurement data in exponential format with a mantissa of nine digits (leading zeros are output as spaces) and an exponent of one digit. Overflow and signal information is also contained along with a carriage return (CR), linefeed (LF) termination of make it compatible with the standard HP-IB serial data format.
- 4-177. In addition to being a talker and listener, the HP-IB Interface follows a set of HP-1 B commands. This includes complete service request capability, The ASCII codes used for addressing and for data are shown in Table 3-7. Address switch information is shown in Table 3-4. The program code set is shown in Table 3-5.

4-178. Overall Operation

4-179. The heart of the HP-IB Interface is a 256 state algorithmic state machine (ASM) controlled by a 256x16 ROM (U22) as shown in the block diagram. This state machine has two different format states determined by the format (F) bit from U22. One state (F=0) is an output mode state where the machine will proceed sequentially to the next state (address) after storing or outputting information. The other state (F=1) is a mode where the machine can either proceed to the next line or perform a conditional jump to a different line in the program. The decision as to which state is chosen is made on the basis of where the qualifier bit from U11A is low or high. Preset counters U14 and U23 provide presetting to a jump state when F=1 and the qualifier is low. These counters increment their count in all other cases. Altogether, there are 52 different bits that may be selected as the qualifier for a particular state.

4-180. Qualifier negate circuit U30C can invert the qualifier bit for any given state so that the machine can branch on the qualifier being low or being high. U7 is added for psuedo subroutine capability. In the output mode, the ASM goes through the same group of states once for every character being outputted on the bus. U7 is incremented every time so that the ASM can tell which character it is to output.

4-181. Bus Command Mode

4-182. In this mode (ATN low), the ASM accepts parallel bytes of information and decodes them into bus commands. This usually requires setting or clearing bits of storage in U19 or U26.

4-183. Listen Mode

8-184. In the listen mode, the listen qualifier of U26 must be low and ATN high. The interface will then accept 8-bit parallel bytes continuously. When receiving the ASCII characters P, Q, U, R, or T the counter will act upon the byte immediately (refer to programming in Section III). When receiving the letters F, G, A, B, C, D, or S the interface will then route any ASCII number or numbers following these letters into particular storage registers. These registers are U28, U33, and U34 along with any that are contained in any of the optional modules installed in the mainframe.

4-185. Talk Mode

4-186. The HP-IB Interface will go into the talk mode if the talk qualifier of U26 is low or the talk always switch is set to talk always and ATN high for both cases. There will be no output in normal operation unless a completed measurement is present and has not been outputted. The information to be put on the bus is latched into latches U15 and U24. These drive the high current buffers U5, U10, and U16, Counter U7 is used as a pointer for the ASM to recognize which character in the serial output string the interface is to output.

4-187. A15 Circuit Operation

4-188. The following paragraphs describe the circuit operation of the HP-IB Interface.

4-189. STATE COUNTERS. The state of the ASM ROM (current state and next state) is determined by State Counters U14 and U23. These counters from an 8-bit presettable binary counter, When pin 1 of U25 is low, the counters will always increment. When pin 1 of U25 is high, the counters will preset (jump to another state in the program) if the output of U30C is high. The preset address is supplied to the State Counters input from the ROM. The program is shown in the operational flowchart, *Figures* 5-4, 5-5, and 5-6. The output of U30C is determined by the "not" bit from the ROM (through U21E) and the output of the Qualifier FF U11A. The preprogrammed state of the "not" bit determines whether a high or low output of the qualifier FF will result in a jump in the program. (This is shown in the ASM Operational Flowchart, by

the use of the letter "N" in a decision diamond symbol.) The preset (jump) is synchronous and only occurs when pin 9 of U14 and U23 is low and when there is a rising edge at pin 2 of U14 and U23. FF U31A synchronizes the reset of the State Counters to occur at the proper time.

4-190. ASM OSCILLATOR. As shown in the ASM Oscillator Timing Diagram, Figure 4-70, the ASM oscillator circuit provides three separate phases of clock outputs. Schmitt trigger U18A is the fundamental oscillator element which uses hysteresis to develop oscillation, The output of U18A (through U13) strobes storage latches U11A and B, U15, U19, U24, U26, U28, U33, U31B, and U34. The output of U18A is also sent through a delay circuit consisting of resistor R14 and capacitor C4 into U18B to provide another phase of the clock output that determines the next state of the ASM. In addition, the output of U18A is sent through U30A to provide a third clock phase which is applied to U31A. The output of U31A resets the 8-bit State Counter synchronously at power up or when the IFC signal occurs. (Synchronous reset prevents loading the storage latches with erroneous data.) The IFC signal also resets U26 (ASM storage). The power up reset circuit U18C and U18D clears all storage elements.

4-191. BUS INTERFACE. The bus interface circuit consists of bus line termination resistors, data output drivers and data input buffers. Resistors R29 and R30 form the line termination networks, U4 is used to buffer the bus line inputs and U5, U10, and U16 are high current drivers that drive the bus lines output. The ATN signal is sent through U9A and U29D to ensure that the gates connected to bus lines DIO1—DIO7 and DAV do not output when ATN goes true. The DAO signal from U24(9) arms the DAC signal through U17B to ensure that DAC goes false within a few gate delays after ATN goes true. (1 n some cases, the DAC response from the ROM may be too slow.) After ATN is true, DAO is set to a "0" to allow normal operation of the DAC line.

4-192. END OF MEASUREMENT. When a measurement has been completed, FF U11B is set. This FF is clocked by the closing edge of the LMG signal. Diode CR2 and transistor Q3 keep U11B from going to the "I" state when LRES is low or HRD is high, (During these times the counter is being reset and noise appears on the LMG line which could trigger UIIB.)

4-193. QUALIFIER MULTIPLEXER. Five 8-to-1 multiplexer are connected to allow 36 lines to be multiplexed into 1 line. ASM ROM U22 controls multiplexer U3, U6, U8, and U32 to select individual line qualifiers and U12 to select one of these multiplexer. In addition, U12 checks the output of auxiliary State Counter U7, a 4-bit binary counter that allows the same sequence of states to be repeated up to 16 times. In the output algorithm, each state represents an output character. Qualifier FF U11A eliminates erroneous results by ensuring that the State Counters U14 and U23 are not clocked when a qualifier is changing states. This would cause a partial preset and partial increment of the State Counters,

4-194. ADDRESSING. Address Comparator U2 monitors the Data Input/Output (DIO) lines 2 through 5 and the address switch (S1) settings. When a comparison occurs between the state of these DIO lines and the address switch settings, U2 sends qualifier ADDR to multiplexer U8. The TALK ALWAYS section of the address switch provides a means of setting U6 so that interface is always addressed to talk.

4-195. DATA OUTPUT. The Data Output circuit outputs characters on the bus data lines. Storage circuit U24 transfers outputs from the ROM to DIO lines 5 through 7. U15 selects data from either the ROM or the 5328A data bus and transfers it to DIO1—DIO4. The state of the "not" bit from ROM U22(13) through U21E determines the selection made by U15. A displayed digit is selected from the 5328A, any other characters (decimal point, "E", carriage return, exponent, linefeed, etc.) are selected from the ROM.

4-196. ASM STORAGE. The internal memory for the ASM operation is in ASM Storage circuits U19, U26, and U31B. There are 17 information bits that can be set or cleared by these circuits. This section also includes one-shot U1 which outputs a 2 ms pulse (LRST) to ensure reliable

operation of the state control circuit U4 on the motherboard. Diode CR3 ensures that LINH is low to inhibit the counter during the time that LRST is low.

4-197. STROBE ENABLE DECODER. Decoder U13 is a 4- to lo-line decoder used to strobe the various storage latches. Pins 1, 14, and 15 are used to select the device to be strobed and pin 2 is an enable which determines the width of the strobe pulse. The output of U25C disables U13 when the ASM is in the decision state mode. In the decision state mode, the format bit U22(17) goes high which disables U13.

4-198. REMOTE PROGRAM STORAGE. Storage circuits U28, U33, and U34 are used to program instrument functions. U28 stores Time Base codes in 3-bit bytes and U34 stores Function codes in 4-bit bytes. U33 stores 8 bits of information, one-bit at a time. The Sample Rate, Arming, Storage Off, and Decade Reset can be programmed by U33. In addition, U33(4,5, and 6) control the manner in which measurements are made and output to the bus. The inputs to the remote program storage circuits are the Module Data A, B, C, and D lines from DIO lines, 1,2,3, and 4, respectively.

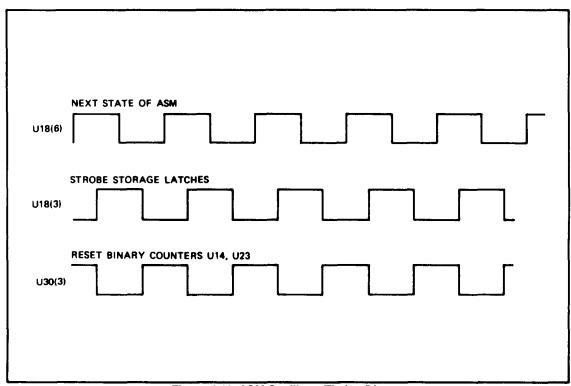


Figure 4-10. ASM Oscillator Timing Diagram

SECTION V MAINTENANCE

5-1. INTRODUCTION

5–2. This section gives maintenance and service information. Included is a table of assemblies, recommended test equipment, a performance test, (which may be used to verify proper counter operations) and adjustments.

5-3. ASSEMBLY DESIGNATIONS

5-4. Table 5-1 lists the designations, name, and Hewlett-Packard part number of assemblies used in this instrument.

5-5. TEST EQUIPMENT

5-6. Test equipment recommended for maintaining and checking performance is listed in Table 5-2. Test equipment having equivalent characteristics may be substituted for the equipment listed. Required test equipment is listed in Appendix D, Maintenance Allocation.

5-7. ASSEMBLY CONNECTION IDENTIFICATION

5-8. Throughout the manual, connections to printed-circuit assemblies are referred to in abbreviated form. For example, connection to A4 pin 10 is A4(10).

Table 5-1. 5328A Assembly Identification

"A" Number	Description	HP Part No.
A1	Main (Motherboard)	05328-60028
A2	Power Supply	05328 -6 0035
A3	Oscillator Support (Holds 10544A Oscillator)	05328-60027
A3A1	Oscillator 10544A	10544-60011
A4	Function Selector	05328-60005
A5	Not used	
A6	Not used	
A7	Not used	
A8	"C" Channel Input	05328-60032
A9	Not used	
A10	Synchronizer	05328-60020
A11	Digital-to-Analog Converter	05328-60023
A12	"A-B" Channel Input	05328-60031
A13	Not used	
A14	Not used	
A15	HP-IB Interface	0532860019
A16	Display	05328-60026
A17	Not used	1
A18	Not used	
A 19	Switch (Attenuator)	05328-60030

Table 5-2. Recommended Test Equipment

Instrument Type	Required Characteristics	Recommended Type
Frequency Standard	1 MHz Output	HP 107AR
Oscilloscope Vertical Plug-In Time Base Plug-In 1 GHz Sampler	50 MHz Bandwidth 50 mV/cm Sensitivity 50 MHz Bandwidth 1 GHz Bandwidth	HP 180A HP 1801A HP 1820A HP 1810A
Test Oscillator	10 Hz to 10 MHz at 5V p-p	HP 651B
VHF Signal Generator	10 MHz to 480 MHz	HP 608E
Frequency Counter	10 to 80 MHz Frequency Measurements	HP 5381A
Digital Multimeter	10V Range .01% Accuracy	HP 3490
DC Voltmeter	0 to 200V dc, 1% Accuracy	HP 970A
AC VTVM	0 to 250V ac	HP 400F
RF Voltmeter	1 mV to 3V	HP 3406A
Logic Probe	Logic State Test	HP 10525T
Logic Pulser	State Activator	HP 10526T
Logic Comparator	IC Test	HP 10529A
Calculator	HP-IB Compatible	HP 9830A or 9820A
HP-IB Calculator Interface	Connects 9830A to HP-IB	HP 59405A, Option 030
Printer	Compatible with 9830A	HP 9866A
Pulser Generator	0.5 Hz to 25 MHz at 1V	HP 8008A
DC Power Supply	0—10V Stable to ±1 mV	HP 6213A
RMS Voltmeter	RMS ac Voltage 0—10V Range	HP 3400A

5-9. PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

5-10. Preventive maintenance consists of periodic inspection, cleaning, performance checks, and oscillator calibration. Table 5-3 lists the recommended schedule of preventive maintenance routines.

Table 5-3. Preventive Maintenance

Routine	Schedule		
Inspection	Weekly		
Cleaning	Monthly		
Performance Test	As required		
Oscillator Calibration	Quarterly		

5-11. Inspection

5-12. The 5328A should be inspected for indications of mechanical and electrical defects. Electronic components that show signs of overheating, leakage, frayed insulation, and other signs of deterioration should be checked and a thorough investigation of the associated circuitry should be made to verify proper operation. Mechanical parts should be inspected for excessive wear, looseness, misalignment, corrosion, and other signs of deterioration.

5-13. Cleaning

5-14. The instrument should be kept free of dust, moisture, grease, and foreign matter to ensure trouble-free operation. A dry clean cloth, a soft bristled brush, or a cloth saturated with cleaning compound may be used.

WARNING

100/120/220/240 VAC SUPPLY WIRES ARE EXPOSED WHEN EITHER TOP OR BOTTOM COVER IS REMOVED. USE EXTREME CAUTION DURING TROUBLESHOOTING, ADJUSTMENT, OR REPAIR. AVOID DAMAGE TO INSTRUMENT BY REMOVING POWER BEFORE REMOVING OR REPLACING COVERS, ASSEMBLIES, OR COMPONENTS.

5-15. Performance Test

5-16. GENERAL. The performance test (Table 5-4) and test card sheets that follow the test can be used to verify and record proper operation of all circuits of the counter and may also be used:

- a. As part of an incoming inspection check of instrument specifications.
- b. Periodically, for instruments used in systems where maximum reliability is important.
- c. As part of a procedure to locate defective circuits.
- d. After any repairs or adjustments and before returning instrument to regular service.
- e. As a permanent record of instrument maintenance performed, because the test record pages may be removed.

5-17. REPAIR

5-18. Printed Circuit Component Replacement

5-19. Component lead holes in the circuit boards have plated-through walls to ensure good electrical contact between conductors on opposite sides of the board. To prevent damage to the plating and the replacement component, apply heat sparingly, and work carefully.

5-20. Replacing Integrated Circuits

- 5-21. Following are two recommended methods of replacing integrated circuits:
 - a. SOLDER GOBBLER. This is the best method. Solder is removed from board by a soldering iron with a hollow tip connected to a vacuum source,
 - b. CLIP-OUT. This method should be used as a last resort only. Clip the leads as close to the base as possible. With a soldering iron and long nose pliers, carefully remove the wires from each hole. Then clean the holes.

Table 5-4. Performance Test

1. SENSITIVITY - Channel A

Specification:

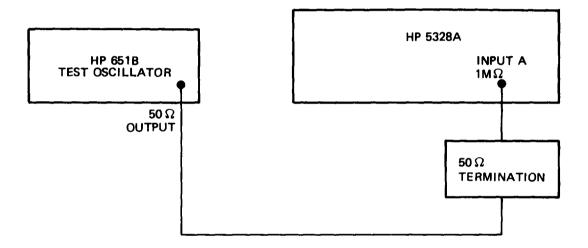
15 mV rms, 0-35 MHz (dc coupled) 20 Hz-35 MHz (ac coupled)

50 mV rms, 35 MHz-100 MHz

Description: A signal generator with calibrated output is set to the specified 5328 signal sensitivity level and varied over the specified frequency range. The counter must display the correct frequency.

a. 10 Hz to 10 MHz

Setup:



(1) DC coupled 10 Hz to 10 MHz

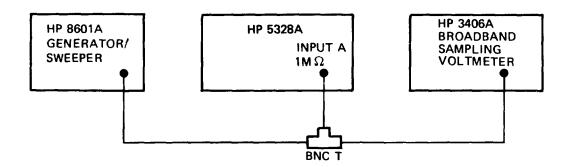
- Set the 5328A to FREQ A, 1 Hz RESOLUTION, SAMPLE RATE fully ccw, Level A to PRESET, DC COUPLING, ATTEN X1, SEP. Rear panel ARM switch should be set to OFF.
- Set the 651B for 15 mV rms. Vary the 651B's frequency from 10 Hz to 10 MHz and verify that the 5328A displays the proper frequency. Adjust the 5328 LEVEL A control as necessary to achieve a stable display. Mark results on performance test record at the end of these procedures.

(2) AC coupled 20 Hz to 10MHz

- Set the 5328 to AC coupling.
- Set the 651B for 15 mV rms. Vary the 561B's frequency from 20 Hz to 10 MHz and verify that the counter displays the proper frequency. Adjust the 5328 LEVEL A control as necessary to achieve a stable display. Mark results on performance test record at the end of these procedures.

b. 10 MHz to 100 MHz

Setup:



- (1) DC coupled 10 MHz to 100 MHz
 - Set the 5328A to DC COUPLING.
 - Set the "8601A for an output level of 15 mV rms as measured on the 3436A RF voltmeter. Vary the 6601A's frequency from 10 MHz to 35 MHz and verify that the counter displays correct frequency readings. Increase the 8601A output level to 50 mV rms and vary the frequency from 35 MHz to 100 MHz. Verify that the counter displays correct frequency readings. Adjust 5328A LEVEL A control as necessary to obtain stable display. Mark results on performance test record.
- (2) AC coupled 10 MHz to 100 MHz
 - Set the 5328A to AC coupling.
 - Set the 8601A for an output level of 15 mV rms and repeat part 2 of step (1.) above.

2. SENSITIVITY - Channel B

Specification:

15 mV rms,0-35MHz (dc coupled) 20 Hz-35 MHz (ac coupled)

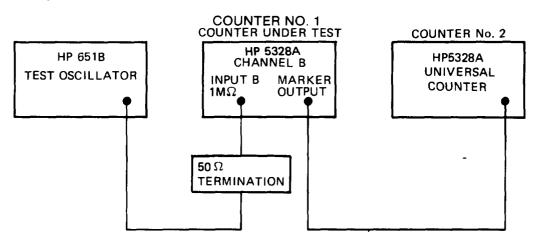
50 mV rms, 35 MHz-100MHz

Description: A generator with calibrated output drives the B channel of the 5328A under test. The frequency of the B channel MARKER OUTPUT is measured by a second frequency counter. The generator is set to the specified 5328A signal sensitivity level and varied over the specified frequency range. The second counter must display the correct frequency. Adjustments of the 5328A LEVEL B control may be necessary to achieve a stable count.

Table 5-4. Performance Test (Continued)

a. 10 Hz to 10 MHz

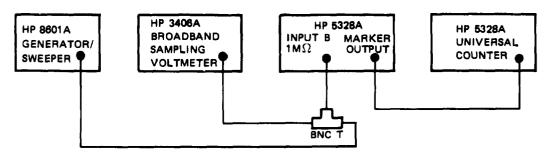
Setup:



- (1) DC coupled 10 Hz to 10 MHz
 - Set counter No. 1 (HP 5328A) to SEP, LEVEL B to PRESET, ATTEN X1 (B channel), DC coupling (B channel).
 - Set the 651B to 15 mV rms. Vary the 6516's frequency from 10 Hz to 10 MHz and verify that the 5328A Channel B MARKER OUTPUT is the correct frequency as read by counter No. 2. Adjust the 5328A LEVEL B control as necessary to achieve a stable display. Mark results on performance test record.
- (2) AC coupled 20 Hz to 10 MHz
 - Set Counter No. 1 (HP 5328A) to AC coupling (B channel).
 - With the 651B set to 15 mV rms, vary the frequency from 20 Hz to 10 MHz and verify that the 5328A Channel B MARKER OUTPUT is the correct frequency as read by counter No. 2. Adjust the 5328A LEVEL B control as necessary to achieve a stable display. Mark results on performance test record.

b. 10 MHz to 100 MHz

Setup:



- (1) DC coupled 10 MHz to 100 MHz
 - Set Counter No. 1 (HP 5328A] to DC coupling (B channel).
 - Set the 8601A for an output level of 15 mV rms as measured on the 3406A RF voltmeter. Vary the 8601A's frequency from 10 MHz to 35 MHz and verify that the 5328A Channel B MARKER OUTPUT is the correct frequency as read by counter No. 2. Increase the 8601A output level to 50 mV rms and vary the frequency from 35 MHz to 100 MHz. Counter No. 2 must continue displaying the correct input frequency. Adjust the 5328A LEVEL B control as necessary to achieve a stable display. Mark results on performance test record.
- (2) AC coupled 10 MHz to 100 MHz
 - Set Counter No. 1 (HP 5328A) to DC coupling (B channel).
 - Set the 8601A for an output level of 15 mV and repeat part 2 of step (1) above.

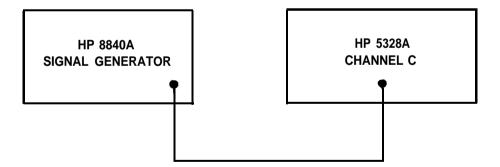
3. SENSITIVITY-Channel C

Specification:

15 mV rms, 30 MHz-500MHz

Description: A signal generator covering the frequency range from 30 MHz to 500 MHz is set to the specified channel C 5328A signal sensitivity level and varied over the specified frequency range. The counter must display the correct frequency.

Setup:



- Set the 5328A to FREQ C, 1 kHz, 103 Resolution, SAMPLE RATE midrange.
- Set the signal generator for an output of 15 mV rms (-24 dBm for 50Ω). Vary the frequency from 30 MHz to 500 MHz and verify that the counter displays the proper frequency.

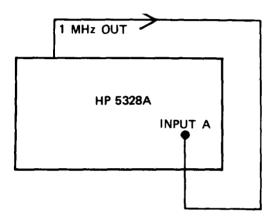
4. PERIOD AND PERIOD AVERAGE

Specification:

PER A - counter will measure periods of signals to 10 MHz with resolutions from 10 ns to 0.1s in decade steps.

PER AVG A - counter will measure periods of signals to 10 MHz with resolutions from 100 ns to 0.01 ps in decade steps. The number of periods over which the period average measurement is made can be selected by the FREQ RESOLUTION, N switch.

Description: The 1 MHz time base output from the rear panel of the 5328A drives the A channel input of the counter.



- Set 5328A Function switch to PER A; Freq Resolution, N switch to 1 MHz, 1; Level A to PRESET; AC coupling; X10 ATTEN; SEP. Verify that the counter displays 1.0µsec. Mark results on performance test record.
- Set the 5328A Function switch to PER AVG A and the Freq Resolution, N switch to 1 Hz, 106. Verify that the counter displays approximately 999,9XXXX nsec with 0.1 psec resolution. Mark results on performance test record.

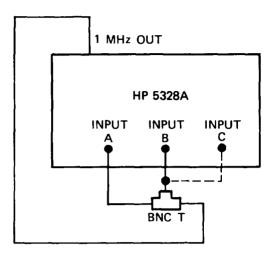
5. RATIO B/A, or C/A

Specification:

RATIO B/A, RATIO C/A-Counter will measure the ratio of the frequency at B (0 to 100 MHz) or C (30 to 500 MHz) to the frequency at A (0 to 10 MHz) for N counts of A.

Description: The 1 MHz time base output from the rear panel of the 5328A drives the A, B or C input channels of the counter.

Setup:



- Set the 5328A Function switch to RATIO B/A: Freq Resolution. N switch to 1 kHz, 103; Level A and B to PRESET; AC coupling on both channels; X10 ATTEN on both channels; COM A. Verify that the counter displays 1.000. Mark results on performance test record.
- Set the 5328A Function switch to RATIO C/A; SEP. Disconnect the channel B input and reconnect it to channel C. Verify that the counter displays 1.000.

6. TIME INTERVAL AND TIME INTERVAL AVERAGE

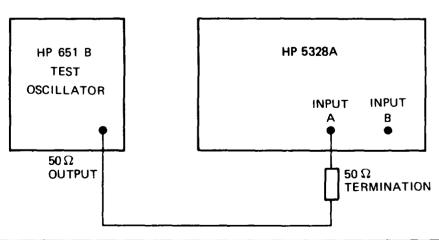
Specification:

T.I. A-B - counter measures time intervals (100 ns to 108 see) between a start signal at the channel A input and a stop signal at the channel B input.

T.I. AVG A-B - counter measures time intervals (0.1 ns to 10 see) between a start signal at the channel A input and a stop signal at the channel B input. The number of time intervals over which the time interval average measurement is made can be selected by the FREQ RESOLUTION, N switch.

Description: A 1 MHz signal drives the A and B channel inputs of the 5328A counter.

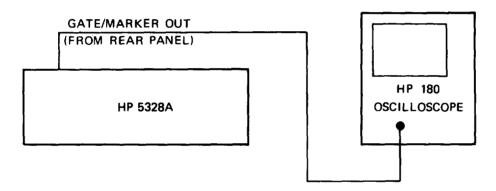
Setup:



- Set the 651B to 1.0 MHz and 500 mV rms.
- Set the 5328A Function switch to T.I. A-B; Freq Resolution, N switch to 1 MHz, 1; Level A and B to PRESET; AC coupling on both channels, X1 ATTEN on both channels, COM A.
- Set the Channel A SLOPE to (+) and the Channel B SLOPE to (-). Verify that the counter displays 0.5 µs ±0.25 µs. Mark results on performance test record.
- Set 5328A Function switch to T.I. AVG A→B and Freq Resolution, N switch to 1 Hz, 106. Verify that the counter displays 500.XXXX ns. Mark results on performance test record.
- Change Channel A SLOPE to (-) and Channel B SLOPE to (+). Verify that the counter displays 500.XXXX ns. Mark results on performance test record.

7. GATE/MARKER OUT AND SAMPLE RATE

Setup:



- Set the 5328A to CHECK, 1 kHz, 103 Resolution.
- Observe the GATE/MARKER OUT signal from the counter. Vary the SAMPLE RATE control to full ccw. The GATE/MARKER OUT signal must be greater than 2.4 Vdc and the sample delay (time during which GATE/MARKER OUT is Low) must be less than 2 msec. Mark results on performance test record.

Table 5-4. Performance Test (Continued)

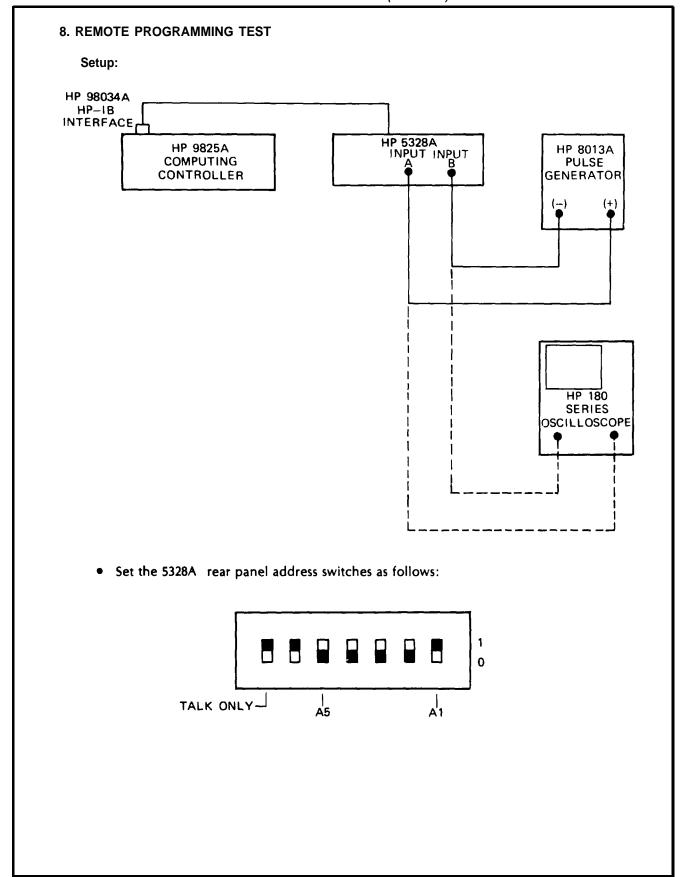
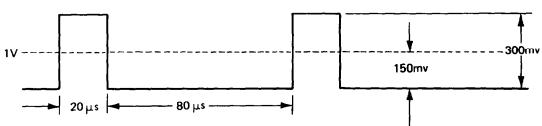


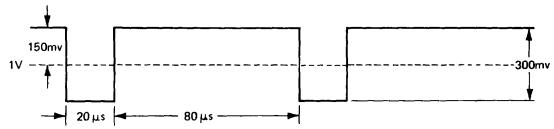
Table 5-4. Performance Test (Continued)

• Set the pulse generator for the following output:

POSITIVE OUTPUT



NEGATIVE OUTPUT

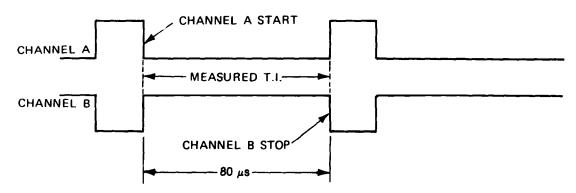


a. (-) SLOPE TEST

Execute the following from the 9825A keyboard:

wrt 701, "PF8G1S13A57+000*B57+000*R"

Counter should display 20 µs ±10 µs. Mark results on performance test record.

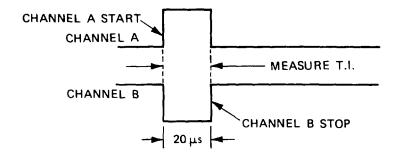


- b. (+) SLOPE TEST
 - Press RESET button on HP 5328A. Set Channels A and B slope switches to (-).
 - Execute the following from the 9825A keyboard.

wrt 701, "PF8G1S13A7+000*B7+000*R"

Table 5-4. Performance Test (Continued)

• Counter should display 20 µs ±10 µs. Mark results on performance test record.



c. AC/DC TEST

- Press RESET button on 5328A and set both channels A and B to AC coupling.
- Execute the following from the 9825A keyboard:

wrt 701, "PF8G1S13A37+000*B37+000*R"

• Counter should display 0. µs and the GATE light should be off. Both A and B channel trigger lights should be lighted (but NOT blinking). Mark results on performance test record,

d. SEP/COM A TEST

- Press RESET on 5328A.
- Execute the following from the 9825A keyboard:

wrt 701, "PF8G1S13A79+000*B7+000*R"

Counter should display 0. µs and the GATE light should be flashing. Both
A and B channel trigger lights should be blinking. Mark results on performance test record.

e. INVERT TEST

- Execute the following from the 9825A keyboard:
 - Counter should display 80. μs ±40 μs.
 - Execute:

wrt 701, "B9R"

• Counter should display 20. µs ±10 µs. Mark results on performance test record.

Tab/e 5-4. Performance Test (Continued)

f. ATTEN X1, X10, X100 TEST Setup: HP 98034A HP-IB INTERFACE 9825A HP 651B **HP 5328A** TEST OSCILLATOR COMPUTING **CHANNEL A** CONTROLLER 50 Ω **50** Ω **OUTPUT TERMINATION**

• Set the 651B to 1 kHz at an output level of 25 mV rms.

(1) ATTEN X1 TEST

• Execute the following from the 9825A keyboard:

wrt 701, "PF4G5S13A379+000*B37+000*R"

• Observe that both channel A and B trigger lights are blinking.

(2) ATTEN X10 TEST

• Execute the following from the 9825A keyboard:

wrt 701, "PF4G5S13A3+000*B3+000*R"

 Observe that both channel A and B trigger lights are off. Mark results on performance test record.

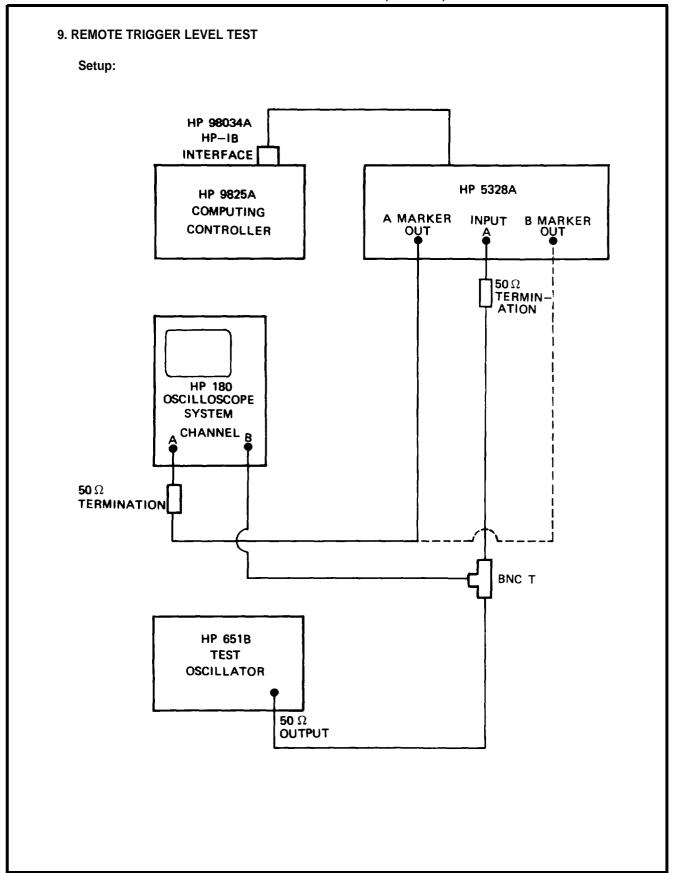
(3) ATTEN X100 TEST

• Execute the following from the 9825A keyboard:

wrt 701, "PF4G5S13A319+000*B31+000*R"

 Observe that both channel A and B trigger lights are off. Mark results on performance test record.

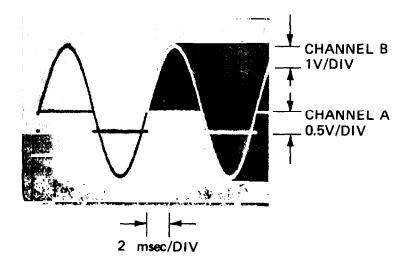
Table 5-4. Performance Test (Continued)



- Set channels A and B of the 5328A to DC coupling, COM A, X1 ATTEN, and FREQ A.
- Set the 6516 Test Oscillator for an output of 100 Hz at 6 volts peak-to-peak. Center the signal on the oscilloscope B channel display.
- Execute the following from the 9825A keyboard:

wrt 701, "PF4G6S13A379+000*B37+000*R"

 Adjust the display of the A channel marker output (on channel A of the oscilloscope) such that the top of marker waveform just barely intersects the positive slope and negative slope of the 100 Hz sine wave. Verify that this occurs at 0 volts on the 100 Hz sine wave.

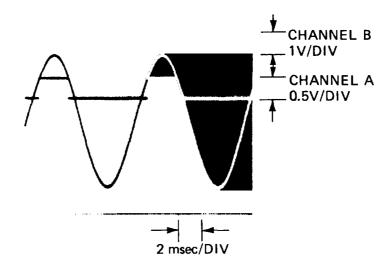


- Connect the counter's B Marker Output to the A channel of the oscilloscope. Verify that the top of the marker intersects the 100 Hz sinewave at 0 volts.
- Execute the following from the 9825A keyboard:

wrt 701, "PF4G6S13A379+200*B37+200*R"

 Adjust the display of the B channel marker output such that the top of the marker just barely intersects both positive and negative slopes of the 100 Hz waveform.
 Verify that this occurs at +2 volts on the 100 Hz waveform as shown.

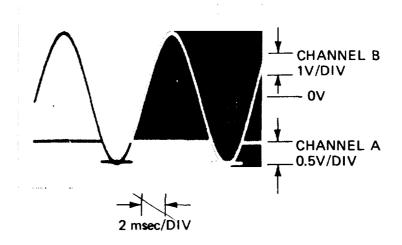
Table 5-4. Performance Test (Continued)



- Connect the 5328A A MARKER output to the A channel of the oscilloscope. Adjust the position of the A MARKER as described above and verify that it intersects the 100 Hz sinewave at +2 volts.
- Execute the following from the 9825A keyboard:

wrt 701, "PF4G6S13A379-200*B37-200*R"

 Adjust the display of the A channel marker output such that the top of the waveform just barely intersects both positive and negative slopes of the 100 Hz waveform. Verify that this occurs at -2 volts on the 100 Hz waveform.



Connect the 5328A B marker output to the A channel of the oscilloscope. Adjust the position of the B marker as described and verify that it intersects the 100 Hz waveform at -2 volts.

Mark results on performance test record.

PERFORMANCE CHECK TEST CARD

TEST	DESCRIPTION	RES	ULTS
		PASS	FAIL
1	a. Sensitivity, Channel A		
	(1) 10 Hz-10 MHz, dc		
	(2) 20 Hz-10 MHz, ac		
	b. Sensitivity, Channel A		
	(1) 10 MHz-100 MHz, dc		
	(2) 10 MHz-100 MHz, ac		
2	a. Sensitivity, Channel A		
	(1) 10 Hz-10 MHz, dc		
	(2) 20 Hz-10 MHz, ac		
	b. Sensitivity, Channel B		
	(1) 10 MHz-100 MHz, dc		
	(2) 10 MHz-100 MHz, ac		
3	Sensitivity, Channel C		
	30 MHz-500 MHz		
4	period and period Average		
	1.0 µsec display		
	Approximately 999.9XXX nsec display with 0.1 psec resolution		

PERFORMANCE CHECK TEST CARD

5328A	Date

TEST	DESCRIPTION		RESULTS
		PASS	FAIL
5	RATIO B/A		
	1.000 display		
	RATIO C/A		
	1.000 display		
6	TIME INTERVAL AND TIME INTERVAL AVERAGE		
	TI A-B -0.5 µsec display		
	TI AVG A-B, (+) to (-), 500.XXXX nsec display		
	TI AVG A-B, (-) to (+), 500.XXXX nsec display		
7	GATE/MARKER OUT AND SAMPLE RATE		
8	REMOTE PROGRAMMING		
	a. (-) SLOPE TEST		
	b. (+) SLOPE TEST		
	c. AC/DC TEST		
	d. SEP/COM A TEST		
	e. INVERT TEST		
	f. ATTEN TEST		
	(1) ATTEN X1 Test		
	(2) ATTEN X10 Test		
	(3) ATTEN X100 Test		
	g. Trigger Level Test		

5-22. ADJUSTMENTS

- 5-23. Adjustment procedures are provided for the oscillator and for the time interval unit (sensitivity). The adjustments should not be done unless:
 - a. A trouble has been repaired which would affect these values.
 - b. The instrument does not meet all specifications while performing the check in Table 5-4 (Performance Test), or during periodic calibration.
- 5-24. OSCILLATOR ADJUSTMENT. Periodically, the oscillator should be checked against a house standard. When adjustment is required, use the oscilloscope method shown in *Figure* 5–2. Using the appropriate sweep speed, adjust the oscillator until the movement of the pattern is stopped or nearly stopped.

NOTE

When adjusting the 5328A oscillator, adjust FREQ ADJ on the 10544A crystal oscillator unit, and the fine tuning adjustment A3R14.

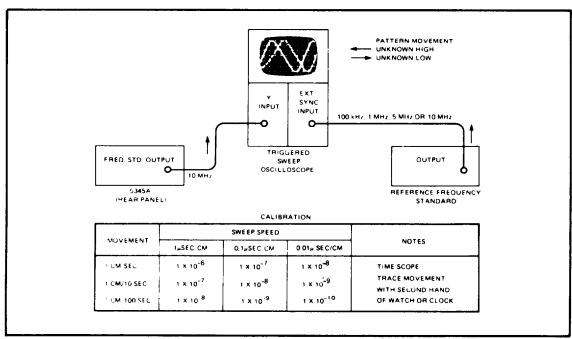


Figure 5-1. 10 MHz Oscillator Frequency Check

5-25. Sensitivity Adjustments

- 1. Adjust the channels A and B sensitivity as follows:
 - a. Remove top cover of 5328A to gain access to variable resistors R28 and R26 on the A12 Amplifier Assembly (see location photo in Section VIII),
 - b. Set 5328A front panel controls as follows:

FUNCTION	FREQ A
RESOLUTION	10⁵, 10 Hz
SLOPE (A)	+ +
AC/DC (A)	DC
ATTEN (A)	1
LEVEL (A)	PRESET
SEP-COM A	SEP
SAMPLE RATE M	MIDRANGE

c. Set 5328A rear panel control as follows:

ARM OFF

- d. Connect HP 608E Signal Generator (or equivalent) to INPUT A. Set signal generator to 35 MHz at 50 mV rms (140 mV p-p).
- e. Slowly decrease the signal generators output level to 15 mV rms (42 mV p-p), while adjusting variable resistor R26, to obtain a stable correct display, on the counter.
- f. To set Channel B sensitivity change 5328A front panel controls as follows:

FUNCTION	RATIO B/A
RESOLUTION	10 3 10 kHz
SEP-COM A	
LEVEL B	PRESET

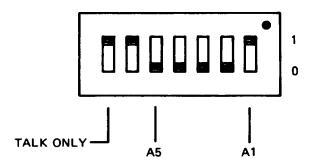
- With HP 651B Test Oscillator (set to 10 MHz at 100 mV rms) connected to IN-PUT A, connect a second signal generator (set to 40 MHz at 50 mV rms) to iN-PUT B.
- h. Repeat step e adjusting variable resistor R28 instead of R26.
- 2. Channel C Sensitivity adjustments:
 - a. Remove the top cover from the 5328A.
 - b. Set signal to 100 MHz and reduce level until no stable reading in counter display. Adjust A8R82 for stable reading.
 - c. Repeat step b. until best sensitivity is obtained.
 - d. Repeat step b. to ensure that the counter still meets the requirement.
- 3. High Frequency Offset adjustments:
 - a. Remove top cover.
 - b. Set signal generator to 500 MHz and reduce signal level until display reading is no longer stable. Adjust A8R85 until display is stable.
 - c. Repeat step b. until best balance is obtained.
- 4. D-to-A Converter Adjustment procedure:

The following adjustment procedure adjusts the All D-to-A Converter outputs for accurate programmed trigger levels. Measuring the DAC outputs with a DVM is NOT an equivalent procedure. Since the gain through the 5328A input amplifiers is not exactly equal to 1.00, the signal arriving at the A12U4 comparator is not identical to the signal at the counter's input. As an example, assume the input amplifier gain is 0.95. Further assume an input signal which goes from 0 volts to 1.0 volt and it is desired to trigger at the 1.0 volt level. Since the signal arriving at A12U4 goes from 0 volts to 0.95 volts (due to the gain of 0.95), the trigger level specified by the DAC to A12U4 must be 0.95 volts. Triggering at 0.95 volts on the A12U4 input signal is the same as triggering at the 1.0 volt level on the original signal. The procedure described in the following takes into account the fact that the input amplifier gain is less than 1.0.

The procedure offsets an input signal to the 5328A by 0, +2, and -2 volts and programs the A and B channel trigger levels for 0, +2, and -2 volts respectively. For each offset, adjustments are made by observing the A (and B) channel marker outputs and adjusting for a 50% duty cycle. A 50% duty cycle indicates that the programmed trigger level (which is the center of the hysteresis band) is exactly equal to the dc offset at the signal input to the A12U4 comparator.

It is very important that the DAC adjustments be performed after the A and B channels sensitivity adjustment. In this adjustment, follow the procedure outlined on page 12 of the Option 041 Manual but adjust for optimum sensitivity by continuing to decrease the signal generator level below 25 mV rms and adjusting the A12R26, R28 for stable counter displays.

a. Set up the equipment as in Figure 5-2. Set the rear panel address switches on the 5328A to:



Set the 651B test oscillator to 20kHz at a level of 25 mV rms (70mV p-p). Set the 180A oscilloscope A channel for ac coupling and 50 mV per division. Verify that the 20 kHz signal into the counter is 70 mV p-p.

b. Disconnect the dc supply for a 0.0-volt dc offset on the input signal. Execute from the key-board of the 9825A the following:

wrt 701, "PF4G5S1S3A379+000*B37+000*R"

Monitoring the 5328A Marker A output on the oscilloscope, adjust A11R21 for a 50% duty cycle in the Marker A signal as shown:

- c. Connect the 5328A B Marker output to the B channel of the oscilloscope. Adjust A11R20 for a 50% duty cycle in the Marker B output signal. (The counter has been programmed for COMA.)
- d. Connect power supply as in the figure and adjust for a dc level of 2.00 volts (±2 mV) as read on the DVM.
- e. Execute the following from the keyboard of the 9825A:

wrt 701, "PF4G5S1S3A379+200*B37+200*R"

(press RECALL on 9825A and simply change DAC voltages as required.)

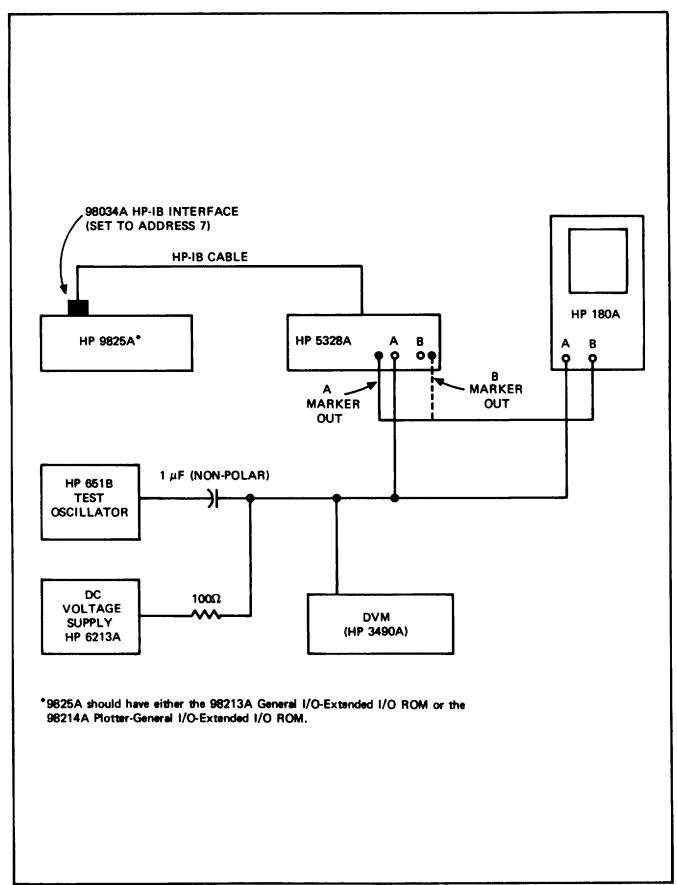
Adjust A11R18 for a 50% duty cycle on the 5328A B Marker output signal.

Connect the 5328A marker output signal to channel B of the oscilloscope. Adjust A11R24 for a 50% duty cycle on the A Marker output signal.

- h. Reconfigure dc power supply for negative voltages and set the voltage for -2.00 volts (±2 mv).
- i. Execute the following from the keyboard of the 9825A:

wrt **701**, "PF4C5S1S3A379-200*B37-200*R"

- j. Adjust All R26 for a 50% duty cycle on the A Marker output signal.
- k. Connect the 5328A B Marker output to the B channel of the oscilloscope. Adjust A11R17 for a 50% duty cycle on the B Marker output signal.



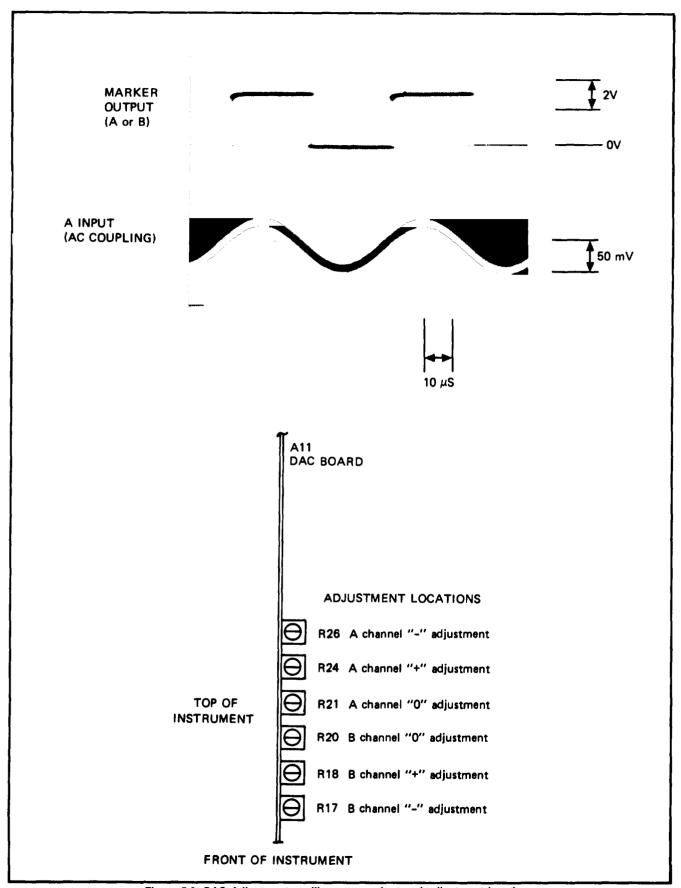


Figure 5-3. DAC Adjustment oscilloscope readout and adjustment locations

5-26. Adjustment of A3 Oscillator Support

1. Connect 5328A, HP 8640, and HP 180 as shown in Figure 5-4.

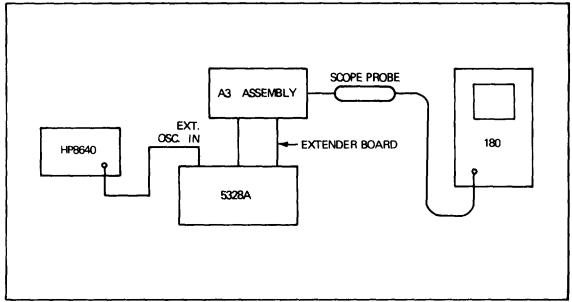


Figure 5-4. Hookup For A3 Oscillator Support Adjustment

- 2. Place A3 on an extender board,
- 3. Apply a 1 MHz signal at a level greater than 1V rms to the 5328A rear-panel EXT OSC IN.
- 4. With scope probe, monitor A3U2 (6) non-component side of A3 circuit board.
- 5. Adjust A3C15 and A3C12 to minimize side-jitter in trace, as shown in Figure 5--5.
- 6. Put the scope in X10 and fine-tune the adjustments for minimum jitter.

5-27. TROUBLESHOOTING

5-28. Trouble isolation can best be accomplished by obtaining all possible information from the controls, connectors, and indicators on the 5328A. This information should then be analyzed by conducting the Performance Test (Table 5-4) to aid in determining symptoms of the trouble. Troubleshooting aids are described in the following paragraphs,

5-29. TROUBLESHOOTING AIDS

5-30. Troubleshooting flowcharts for each assembly of the 5328A are provided at the back of this section. Extender boards and test cards are available as service kits. This section contains a table for analysis of functional signals and a table for IC troubleshooting.

5-31. Extender Board (05328-62016)

5-32. Two of these extender boards are supplied with the 5328A to extend the A4 Function Selector Assembly or the A8 Frequency C Assembly. One of these extender boards is required to extend the A10 assembly for the standard 5328A.

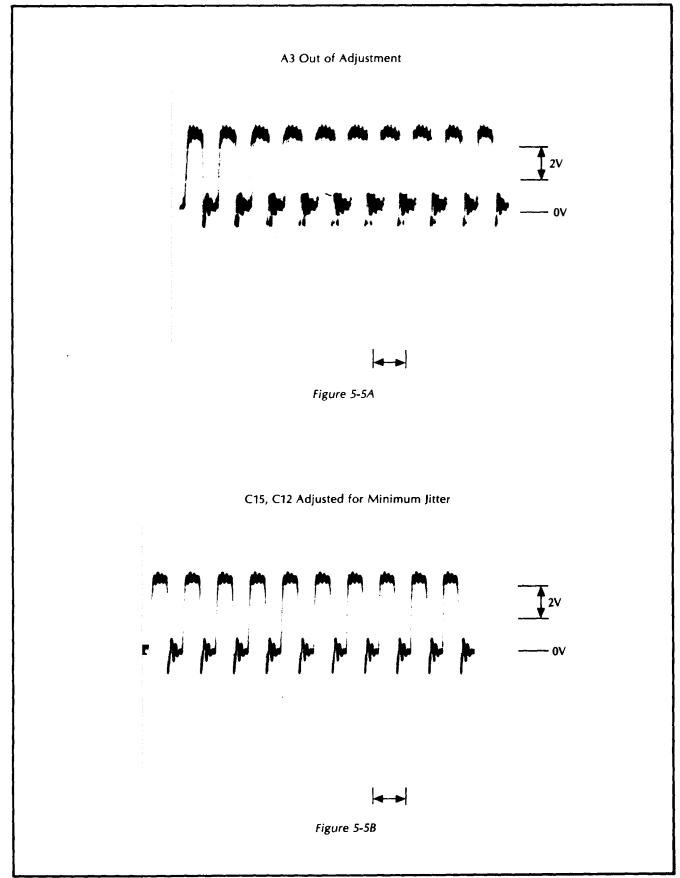


Figure 5-5. A3 Jittler Adjustment

5-33. IC Troubleshooting

5-34. To troubleshoot the IC's on the A1 Motherboard, proceed as follows:

- a. Set the FUNCTION switch to CHECK.
- b. Set the FREQ RESOLUTION, N switch to 1 MHz, 1.
- c. Remove top cover and remove A4 Function Selector Assembly.
- d. Apply power and check for the logic states as shown in Table 5-5, using an HP Model 10528A Logic Clip or a Model 10525T Logic Probe. A dark pattern indicates a logic high.

5-35. Function Signals

5-36. *Table* 5-6 lists the functional signals at pertinent points for each position of the FUNCTION switch. This information can be used to isolate problems that may occur in any of the various modes of operation.

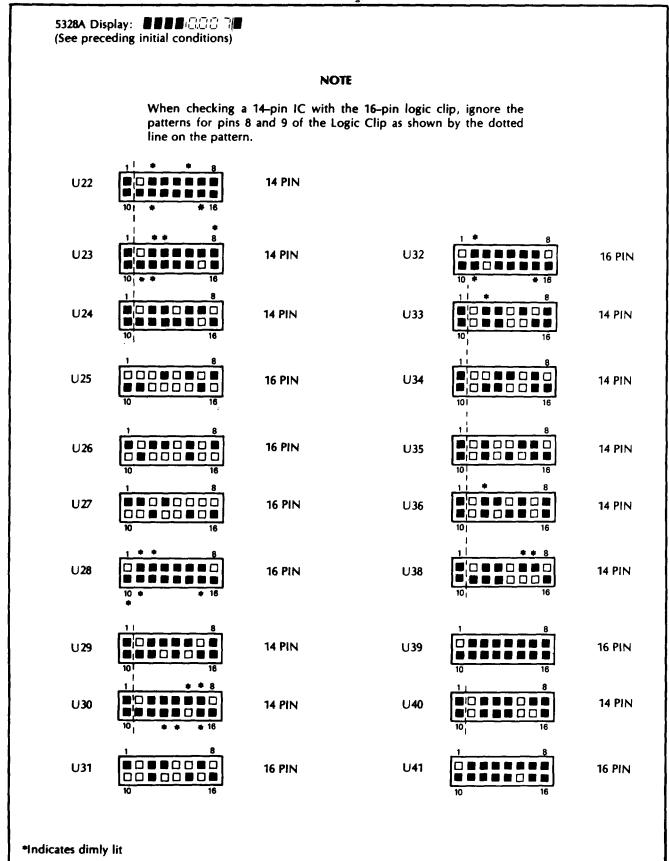


Table 5-5. IC Troubleshooting, A1 Motherboard (Continued)

[FUNCTION								
PINS U25		CHECK	FREQ C	FREQ C	PER A	PER AVG A	RATIO B/A	T! A-B	TI AVG A—B	RATIO C/A
INPUTS	2 3 6 7	L H H	L H L	L H H	H L H L	H L H L	H H H	H L H L	H L H L	H H L
OUTPUTS	9 10 15 16	H H L	l H L H	L H L	L H L H	L H L H	L H L	L H L H	L H L H	L H L
U26										
INPUTS	2 3 6 7	H H L	H L L	H H H	L H L H	L H L	L H L	L H L	L H L	H L L
OUTPUTS	9 10 15 16	L H L	L L L	L L L	L H L	L H L	L H L	L H L	H H L	L L L
U27										
INPUTS	2 3 6 7	l l l H	L L H	L L L	L H L H	L H L H	L H H	L H L H	L H L H	н н н
OUTPUTS	9 10 15 16	լ լ լ	L L H L	L H L	H H L	H H L L	H L L	H L L	H H L L	H L H
U31										
INPUTS	2 3 6 7	H L H L	H L H L	H L H L	L L L	L L L	L H H	L L L	L L L	L H H
OUTPUTS	9 10 15 16	l L L	L L L	l H H			L L L	H	H	L L L

Table 5-5. IC Troubleshooting, A1 Motherboard (Continued)

		·	FREQ RESOLUTION						
	!	Hz 1	.1 MHz 10	10 kHz 10²	103	104	105	106	: 107
PINS U2	5	1 MHz	Σ.	10 kł	1 kHz	.1 kHz	10 Hz	1 Hz	.1 Hz
INPUTS	2 3 6 7	ւ н н	L H H L	L H L H	L H L	L H H	L H H L	L H L H	L H L
OUTPUTS	9 10 15 16	H L L	Н Н Н L	H H L	H H H L	H H L	Н Н Н	H H L	H H H L
U26									
INPUTS	2 3 6 7	Н Н	L H H	L H H L	L H H L	L L H L	L L H L	L L H L	L L H L
OUTPUTS	9 10 15 16	HLL	H	L H L	L H L	L H L H	L H L H	L H L H	L H L
U27									
INPUTS	2 3 6 7	LLH	I	H	H	LLH	L L H	L L H	L L H
OUTPUTS	9 10 15 16	L L L		LLLH	L L H	L L	L L L	L L H	L L H
U31									
INPUTS	2 3 6 7	H L H	HLHL	HLHL	HLHL	HLHL	HLHL	HLH	H L H L
OUTPUTS	9 10 15 16	H	L L H	L L H	L L H	L L H	L L H	L L H	L L L

Table 5-5. IC Troubleshooting, A1 Motherboard (Continued)

Table 3-3. To Troubleshooting, AT motherboard (continued)						
		37				
(F	OM STATES WI	TH A4 REMO	OVED)			
1	-2V	15	L			
2	+5V	16	GND			
3	L	17	L			
4	L	18	L			
5	L	19	L			
6	L	20	н			
7	н	21	Н			
8	L	22	L			
9	Н	23	L			
10	Н	24	н			
11	Н	25	н			
12	Н	26	Н			
13	L	27	L			
14	L	28	+12V			
L						

Table 5-6. 5328A Functional Signals

			ion 1 on C	NOTE on FREQ R switch. All LK = 10 MI = Don't ca	other posi Hz					
Function Switch	Displayed Number FREQ • TIME (Hz) (Seconds)	Signal to TB (Output A4U10) IF N=0 IF N≠0		Signal to 1st Decade (Output A4U6) IF N=0 N≠0		Arming (Output A4U5) Norm Armed		Main Gate (Input A4U6) IF N=0 IF N≠0		Gate (Opt. 030) (Input A8U4)
FREQ A	A • 10(N+1)	CLK	CLK	A	٨	٨	В	MGFF	MGFF	•
PER A	CLK 10 ^N • PER A	•	CLK	GOSC	ТВО	Free	В	Ореп	TI	*
PER AVG A	CLK • 10 ^N PER A	*	A	GOSC	CLK	Free	В	Open	MGFF	•
Ti A→B	CLK 10N TO A→B	•	CLK	GOSC	ТВО	Free	CA	Open	TI	•
TI AVG A→B	(CLK • 10 ^N) • TI A→B	•	В	GOSC	GOSC	Free	CA	Open	MGFF	•
FREQ C (Option 030)	C • 10(N+1) CLK	CLK	CLK	С	С	CA	В	Open	Open	MGFF
RATIO B/A	B ◆ 10 ^N	†*	A	В	В	Free	CA	ті	MGFF	•
RATIO C/A	C • 10 ^N A	•	٨	С	С	Free	В	Open	Open	TI IF N=0 MGFF IF N≠0
CHECK	CLK • 10(N+1)	CLK	CLK	CLK	CLK	Free	В	MGFF	MGFF	•
				NOTES						

5-37. HP-IB VERIFICATION USING THE HP9825A

5-38. The following program checks the 5328AF/096/H42 for proper operation on the HP-IB. The program is designed to operate with the 5328AF/096/H42 connected to a HP9825A Desktop Computer as a controller.

† = ROM makes "A" into period = gate time CA = CARM 5-39. To perform the verification, connect the 5328AF/096/H42 as shown in Figure 5-6, and set the rear panel address switches to decimal equivalent one.

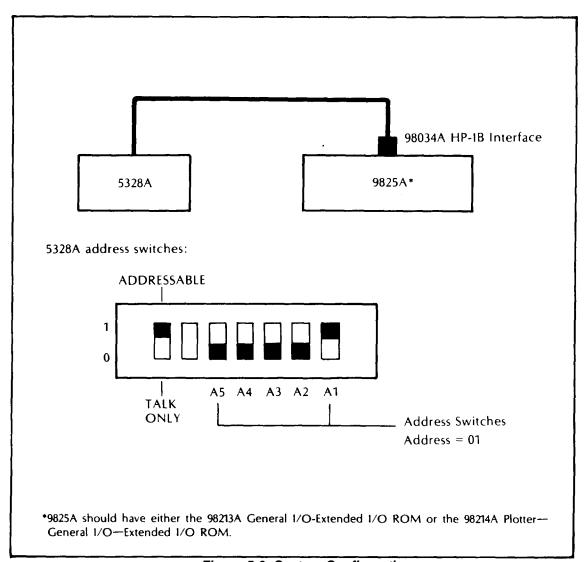


Figure 5-6. System Configuration

5-40. The program listed in Table 5-7 may be keyed into the 9825A or may be loaded from an HP-IB Verification cassette, HP P/N 59300-10001, (Revision E or later) which also contains HP-IB verification programs for the 59300 series of instruments, To run the program on the cassette, insert the cassette into the 9825A, Load file 0, and press RUN. Enter "5328" when the instrument model number is requested. The 9825A will then load into memory the 5328A verification program.

5-41. The 5328A HP-IB Verification Program goes through 17 check points. The information in Table 5-8A, B, C tells what occurs during each test and what should be observed by the operator if the test has been successfully completed. At the conclusion of each test, the program stops and displays the current check point. To advance to the next test, simply press **CONTINUE**. If it is desired to repeat a test, set the variable L to 1 via the keyboard (1-L **EXECUTE**), then press **CONTINUE**. To go on to the next test after looping, set L back to O when the program halts (**O**—**L EXECUTE**), then press **CONTINUE**.

5328AF/096 OR 5328A/H42	CHECK POINT 7 *PER.AVG.A	CHECK POINT 15 *COUPLING
HP-IB TESTS	يش بين الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل	
CHECK POINT 1 *REMOTE	CHECK POINT 8 *T.I.A→B	CHECK POINT 16 *TRIGGER LEVEL: CHNL B,+SLOPE CHNL B,-SLOPE
CHECK POINT 2 *CHECK=	CHECK POINT 9 *T.I.AVG.A+B	CHNL A,+SLOPE CHNL A,-SLOPE
+ 10.0000E+6	CHECK PUINT 10 FREQ C	CHECK POINT 17 BUS COMMANDS: *LOCAL LOCKOUT
CHECK POINT 3 RESOLUTION + 10.00E+6 + 10.000E+6 + 10.0000E+6 + 10.00000E+6 + 10.00000E+6	CHECK POINT 11 RATIO C/A	*DEV[CE CLEAR *SELECTED DEVI CLEAR *GROUP EXECUTE TRIGGER *SER[AL POLL STATUS BYTE=
+10.0000000E+6 O+0.00000000E+6	CHECK POINT 12 *SAMPLE RATE	6.40e (*GO TO LOCAL
CHECK POINT 4 *FREQ A	*SINGLE/MULTIPLE MEASMNT	END OF TEST
CHECK POINT 5 *RATIO B/A	CHECK POINT 13 *ATTENUATOR	
CHECK POINT 6 *PERIOD A	CHECK POINT 14 *SEPARATE/COMMON *NORMAL/INVERTED	
that you make that the sale with the time that you will have the time the		

Table 5-7. Program Listing

```
0: dim C$[40];dsp "HODEL5328AF/096/H42 FREQ COUNTER"
1: prt "5328AF/095 OR"
2: prt "5328A/H42";spc 1
3: prt " 3P-I2 TESTS"; spc 1
4: "1":prt "-----", "CHECK POINT 1"
5: rem. 701
6: prt "*REHOTA"; beep; spc 2
7: dsp "CHECK POINT 1--PRESS CONTINUE"; stp
8: if L=1;gto -6
9: prt "-----", "CHECK POINT 2"
10: wrt 701, "PF<G3S13K"
11: red 701,C$;prt "*CduCK=",C$;beep;spc 2
12: dsp "CheCK Point 2--PRESS CONTINUE"; sto
13: if L=1;gtc -4
14: prt "-----", "CHECK PCIN' 3", "RUSOLUTION"
15: 1+X
16: "LOOP":fmt 2, "G", f.0, "R"
17: wrt 701.2,X
18: red 701,C$;prt C$
19: X+1+X
20: if X=8;gto +2
21: gto "LOUP"
22: dsp "CHECK POINT 3--PRESS CONTINUE"; beep; stp
23: if L=1;gto -9
24: prt "-----", "CHECK POINT 4"
25: wrt 701, "F4R"
26: prt "*FREQ A"; beep; spc 2
27: dsp "CHECK POINT 4--PRESS CONTINUE"; sto
28: if L=1; gto -4
29: prt "------", "CHECK PCINT 5"
30: wrt 701, "F9R"
31: prt "*RATIO B/A"; beep; spc 2
32: dsp "CHECK POINT 5--PRESS CONTINUE"; stp
33: if L=1;gto -4
34: prt "-----", "CHECK POINT 6"
35: wrt 701, "F6R"
36: prt "*PERIOD A"; beep; spc 2
37: dsp "CHECK POINT 6--PRESS CONTINUE"; stp
38: if L=1;gto -4
39: prt "-----", "CHECK POINT 7"
40: wrt 701, "F7R"
41: prt "*PER.AVG.A"; beep; spc 2
42: dsp "CHECK POINT 7--PRESS CONTINUE"; stp
43: if L=1;gto -4 .
44: prt "-----", "CHECK POINT 8"
45: wrt 701, "F8R"
46: prt "*T.I.A+B"; beep; spc 2
47: dsp "CHECK POINT 8--PRESS CONTINUE"; stp
48: if L=1;qto -4
49: prt "-----", "CHECK POINT 9"
50: wrt 701, "F:R"
```

Table 5-7. Program Listing (Continued)

```
51: prt "*T.I.AVC.A+B"; beep; spc 2
52: dsp "CHECK POINT 9--PRESS CONTINUE":stp
53: if L=1;gto -4
54: prt "-----", "CHECK POINT 10"
55: wrt 701, "F>R"
56: prt "FREG C"; beep; spc 2
57: dsp "CHECK POINT 10--PRESS CONTINUE"; stp
58: if L=1; gto -4
59: prt "-----", "CHECK POINT 11"
60: wrt 701, "F=R"
61: prt "RATIO C/A"; beep; spc 2
62: dsp "CHECK POINT 11--PRESS CONTINUE": stp
63: if L=1;gto -4
64: prt "-----", "CHECK POINT 12"
65: wrt 701, "F<G1S137R"
66: dsp "MANUAL OK? -- PRESS CONTINUE"; stp
67: prt "*SAMPLE RATE"
68: wrt 701, "S6UR"
69: dsp "GATE LIGHT OFF?-PRESS CONTINUE"; stp
70: prt "*SINGLE/MULTIPLE HEASHNT"; beep; spc 2
71: dsp "CHECK POINT 12--PRESS CONTINUE"; stp
72: if L=1;gto -8
73: "13":prt "-----", "CHECK POINT 13"
74: wrt 701, "PF4G4S13A379B37R"
75: dsp "STEPS 1,2-PRESS CONTINUE"; stp
76: wrt 701, "PF4G4S13A139B13R"; wait 1000
77: prt "*ATTENUATOR"; beep; spc 2
78: dsp "CHECK POINT 13--PRESS CONTINUE"; stp
79: if L=1:qto -6
80: "14":prt "-----", "CHECK POINT 14"
81: dsp "STEP 3--PRESS CONTINUE"; stp
82: wrt 701, "PF9G3S13A79B7R"
83: wait 2000
84: dsp "STEP 4--PRESS CONTINUE"; stp
85: wrt 701, "PF4C5S13B79R"; wait 2000
36: prt "*SEPARATE/COUMON", "*NORMAL/INVERTED"; beep; spc 2
87: asp "CHECK POINT 14-PRESS CONTINUE"; stp
88: if L=1;qto -8
89: "15":prt "-----", "CHECK POINT 15"
00: wrt 701, "PF4G4S13A79B7R"
91: dsp "STEPS 5,6--PRESS CONTINUE"; stp
92: wrt 701,"PF4G4S13A379B37R"
93: prt "*COUPLING"; beep; spc 2
94: dsp "CHECK POINT 15-PRESS CONTINUE"; stp
75: "15":ort "------", "CHECK POINT 16"
%: wrt 701,"2F4G6S136A379+000*B37+000*R"
97: dsp "STEP3 7,3--PRESS CONTINUE";stp
98: wrt 701, "Pr4C6S1C6A379+040*B37+040*R"
99: ort "*TRISGER LEVELS"
100: dsp "TRIGJER LVLS-PRESS CONTINUE"; stp
```

Table 5-7. Program Listing (Continued)

```
101: dsp "STEPS 9,10,11,12-PRESS CONTINUE"; stp
102: wrt 701, "PF:S137A379+040*B37+050*R"
103: prt "CHNL B,+SLOPE"
104: dsp "CHAMMEL B,+SLOPE--PRESS COMTINUE"; stp
105: wrt 701, "22:S137A379+040*B375+050*R"
106: prt "CHAL B,-3LOPE"
107: dsp "CHAL &,-3LOPE--PRESS CONTINUS"; stp
108: Wrt 701, "Pa:S137A379+050*B375+040*E"
109: prt "CHNL A,+SLOPE"
110: dsp "CHNL A, +SLOPE-PRESS COMPINGE"; stp
111: wrt 701, "PF:S137A3795+050*B375+040*R"
112: prt "CHAL A,-SLOPE"; soc 2
113: dsp "CHaL A, -3LJPE-PRE3S CONTINUE"; stp
114: 3sp "CHOCK POINT 15-PRESS CONTINUE"; stp
115: if L=1;9to "16"
116: "17":ort "-----", "CHECK POINT 17"
117: prt "DUS COLTANDS:"
118: rem 701; dsp "REMOTE?-PRESS CONTINUE"; stp
119: 110 7; dsp "LOCAL LOCKOUT?-PRESS CONTINUE"; stp
120: prt "*LUCAL LOCKOUT"
121: wrt 701,"PPKS13G3R"
122: dsp "10.000Haz?-PREJS CONTINUE";stp
123: clr 7; prt "*DEVICA CLDAR"; beep
124: dsp "DCL-PRESS CONTINUE";stp
125: wrt 701, "PF<$13G3R"
126: dsp "10.000mHZ?-PRESS CONTINUE"; stp
127: clr 701; prt "*SELECTED DEVICE CLUAR"; beep
12:: 885 "303-23833 JD actions";sto
129: wrt 701, "er<038038"
130: dsp "IN HOLD?-PRESS CONTINUE"; stw
131: wait 1000; trg 7; beep; wait 2000; trg 701; bees; wait 1000
132: ort "*GROUP EXECUTE TRIGGER"
133: dsm "GET-PRESS CONTINUE"; stm
134: wrt 701,"4F<G7S12R"
135: rds(701) +A;dsp A
136: if A=0;gtc -1
137: prt "*SERIAL POLL", " STATUS BYTE=", A
130: dsp "SERIAL POLL-PRESS CONTINUE"; stp
139: 1c1 7;dsp "COUNTER IN LOCAL?-PRESS CONTINUE";stp
140: prt "*GO FO LOCAL"; spc 2
141: rem 731
142: dsp "CHECK POINT 17-PRESS CONTINUE"; stp
143: if L=1;qto "17"
144: "END":dsp "END OF TEST"
145: prt "END OF TEST"; beer; spc 5
146: end
*17327
```

Table 5-8A. Program Description

Check Point	Test	Observe on 5328A
1	REMOTE	Front panel (RMT) annunciator should be on.
2	CHECK	Counter should read 10.000 MHz.
3	RESOLUTION	The 9825A should print and counter display the 10 MHz check signal with resolutions from 0.1 Hz to 1.0 MHz.
4	FREQ A	Counter display should read 0.0000 KHz.
5	RATIO B/A	Counter display should read 0.0000000
6	PERIOD A	Counter display should read 0. s
7	PER. AVE. A	Counter display should read 0.00000 ns
8	T.I. A-B	Counter display should read 0. s
9	T.I. AVG. A-B	Counter display should read 0.00000 ns
10	FREQ C	Counter display should read 0.0000 KHz
11	RATIO C/A	Counter display should read 0.0000000
12	SAMPLE RATE	When calculator displays MANUAL OK?, verify that front
	SINGLE/	panel SAMPLE RATE control can be manually adjusted as
	MULTIPLE MEASMNT	seen from GATE LIGHT flashing rate. When calculator displays GATE LIGHT OFF?, verify that Gate Light is truly off.
		Light is truly off.

5-42. Connect a function generator to the 5328 input channels and monitor the signal with an oscilloscope as shown in *Figure 5-8*.

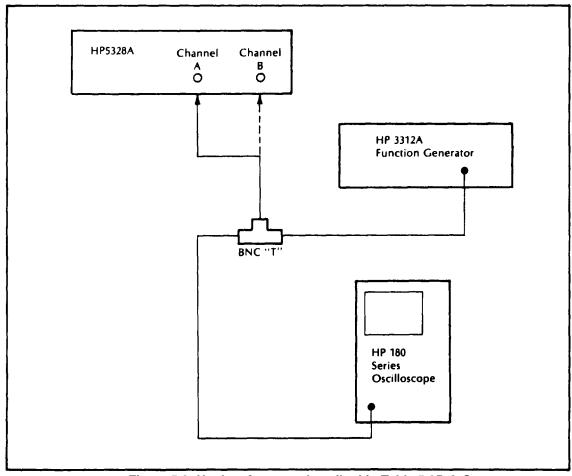


Figure 5-8. Hookup for tests described in Table 5-8B & C

Table 5-8B. Program Description

01 1			
Check Point	Step	Test	Counter Display Readout
13	1	ATTENUATOR	Set the function generator to an output of 1 kHz, 100 mV p-p sinewave centered at & dc as seen on the oscilloscope. Connect the function generator's output to Channel A of the counter. Set the counter's LEVEL A and B to PRESET. HP5328AF/096/H42 trigger lights should be blinking.
	2		When the 9825A CONTINUE key is pressed, verify that the counter trigger lights stop blinking.
14	3	SEPARATE/ COMMON NORMAL/ INVERTED	With function generator connected to Channel A of counter, when CONTINUE key of 9825A is pressed, verify counter readout as 1.000.
	4		With function generator connected to Channel B of counter, when CONTINUE key of 9325A is pressed, counter should display approximately 1.00 kHz (frequency of function generator).
15	5	COUPLING	Set the function generator to a triangular pulse output of 1 kHz at 300 mV p-p with a +0.4 vdc offset (<i>Figure 5-9</i>). Connect signal to counter's Channel A input. Counter's Channel A and B trigger lights should be blinking.
	6		When the 9825A CONTINUE key is pressed, observe the counter's trigger lights stop blinking.
16	7	SLOPE/ TRIGGER LEVEL	Set the function generator to a triangular pulse output of 1 kHz at 300 mV p-p with a +0.4 vdc offset (<i>Figure 5-9</i>). Connect the function generator's output to Channel A of the counter. Set the counter's LEVEL A and B to PRESET.
	8		When the 9825A CONTINUE key is pressed, observe Channel A and B trigger lights commence blinking.
	9	Channel B + SLOPE	When the 9825A CONTINUE key is pressed, counter should display approximately 150µsec±75µsec (wide tolerance).
	10	Channel B - SLOPE	When the 9825A CONTINUE key is pressed, counter should display approximately 400µsec±100µsec (wide tolerance).
	11	Channel A + SLOPE	When the 9825A CONTINUE key is pressed, counter should display approximately 400µsec±100µsec (wide tolerance).
	12	Channel A - SLOPE	When the 9825A CONTINUE key is pressed, counter should display approximately 150µsec±75µsec (wide tolerance).

Table 5-8C. HP-IR Bus Commands

Check Point	Test	
17	LOCAL LOCKOUT (LLO) DEVICE CLEAR (DCL) SELECTED DEVICE CLEAR (SDC) GROUP EXECUTE TRIGGER (GET) SERIAL POLL (SPE/SPD) GO TO LOCAL (GTL)	When the 9825A CONTINUE key is pressed, verify that counter (RMT) annunciator is on. When the 9825A CONTINUE key is again pressed, verify Local Lockout by pressing front panel RESET button and ensuring counter doesn't go into Local operation. (RMT annunciator Off). When the 9825A CONTINUE key is pressed, verify that counter displays 10.000 MHz. When the 9825A CONTINUE key is again pressed, counter will reset to its Remote Program Initialize mode and display (O.). When the 9825A CONTINUE key is pressed, verify that counter displays 10.000 MHz. When the 9825A CONTINUE key is again pressed, counter will reset to its Remote Program Initialize mode and display (O.). When the 9825A CONTINUE key is pressed, verify that counter is in Hold (Gate Light off). When the 9825A CONTINUE key is pressed, Gate Light should flash twice and counter should display 10.000 MHz. When the 9825A CONTINUE key is pressed, counter should display (0.0000000 MHz) and GATE Light should go off. Calculator should print (STATUS BYTE = 64.00). When the 9825A CONTINUE key is pressed, verify that counter is in Local (RMT annunciator off). When 9825A CONTINUE key is again pressed, counter will go into remote. END OF TEST

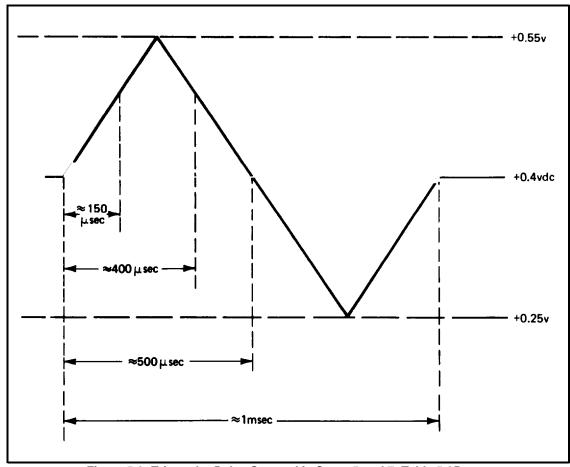


Figure 5-9. Triangular Pulse Oserved in Steps 5 and 7, Table 5-8B

Table 5-9. 5328A A15 Qualifiers and Signal Mnemonics

		QUALIFIERS
Signal	Source	Description
ADDR ANN ATN	U26(4) U32(3) U8(5)	H = My Listen Address L = Annunciator On L = Attention
BØ B1 B2 B3 BLK	U12(5) U12(6) U12(7) U12(9) U6(7)	16 State Sequence Count for Output of ASCII Code 16 State Sequence Count for Output of ASCII Code 16 State Sequence Count for Output of ASCII Code 16 State Sequence Count for Output of ASCII Code
D DAC DAV DIO1 DIO2 DIO3 DIO4 DIO5 DIO6 DIO7	U32(5) U8(7) U3(1) U3(2) U3(3) U3(4) U3(5) U3(6) U3(7) U3(9)	H = Decimal Point has been Outputted H = Data Accepted L = Data is Valid HP-IB Data Bit 1 HP-IB Data Bit 2 HP-IB Data Bit 3 HP-IB Data Bit 4 HP-IB Data Bit 5 HP-IB Data Bit 5 HP-IB Data Bit 6 HP-IB Data Bit 7
EOM	U8(1)	H = End of Measurement
[]	∪8(2)	Always HIGH, used for unconditional jump
LDP LIS LLO	U32(2) U6(1) U19(9)	L = Decimal Point On H = Address to Listen H = Local Lockout On
MA	U6(5)	L = Enable Strobe to Function Select Latch U34 and Select Bit on
МВ	∪6(6)	Module Strobe Code L = Enable Strobe to Time Base Select Latch U28 and Select Bit on Module Strobe Code
MLT MS	U32(6) U29(3)	H = Make Multiple Measurements H = Module Strobe L = FC & TB Strobe
OVFL ODV	U32(4) U32(7)	L = Overflow L = Wait until Addressed
RDF REN RFD RMT	U32(9) U8(4) U8(9)	H = Read Data on the fly L = Remote Enabled H = Ready for Data H = Option 011 in Remote
S SP SRQ SWL	U32(1) U32(1) U6(3) U8(6)	H = Measurement has dimension of time H = Serial Pole Active L = Service Request H = Switch to Local
TALK A	∪6(2) U26(5)	L = Talk Always H = Address to Talk

Table 5-9. 5328A A15 Qualifiers and Signal Mnemonics (Continued)

	1DIE 5-9. 3326F	A A15 Qualifiers and Signal Mnemonics (Continued) OUTPUTS
Signal	Source	Description
LLIS HLIS LTLK HTLK LSP		Unlisten Listen Untalk Talk Serial Poll Disable
HSP LMA		Serial Poll Enable Enable Function Code Latch Input Module Select Code. Also used in putting out Exponent
HMA LS HS HLTCH LRMT HRMT LD HD LMB		Opposite of LMA Measurement does not have dimension of time. Output POS EXP Opposite of LS Latch Data into U28, U33, or U34 Go to Local Go to Remote Decimal Point has not been outputted Decimal Point has been outputted Enable Time Base Code Latch input, Module Select Code. Also use in putting out Exponent
HMB LMS		Opposite of LMB Enable Function and Time Base Code Latches Disable Module Strobe Line
HMS LDAV HDAV LRFD HRFD LDAC HDAC LLO HLLO LEOM HIC HDSA LRPR		Opposite of LMS 5328A says Data Not Valid 5328A says Data Valid 5328A says Not Ready for Data 5328A says Ready for Data 5328A says Data not Accepted 5328A says Data Accepted Local Lockout Off Local Lockout On Reset End of Measurement F/F (U11B) Initialize 16 State Counter Strobe Mainframe Display and 16 State Counter Turn OFF Master Remote Programming Reset
HRPR LDDIS HDDIS		Turn ON Master Remote Programming Reset Low Disable Display. TTL active low turns blanks display except LHS Annunciators Opposite of HDDIS
LINH LRST HRST LSRQ HSRQ ASP LDAO HDAO		Inhibit Counter from Arming Turn OFF Counter Mainframe Reset Turn ON Counter Mainframe Reset Output (on U15, U24) Binary 0 on ASCII Bus Output (on U15, U24) Binary 64 on ASCII Bus Output (on U15, U24) ASCII space Output (on U15, U24) all HIGHS on Bus and Disarm DAC Line Output (on U15, U24) all HIGHS on Bus and Arm DAC Line All succeeding bits put out on U15, U24 to be put on HP-IB as ASCII Characters
ADIG ALF AØ ACR AE ADP A3 A6 A9 A+ A-		ASCII Characters ASCII Digit from Display ASCII Line Feed ASCII Ø ASCII Carriage Return ASCII E ASCII Decimal Point ASCII 3 ASCII 6 ASCII 9 ASCII -
A- AOVF		ASCII - ASCII Letter O

5-43. TROUBLESHOOTING INPUT CHANNELS

5-44. The main function of the input channels is to perform input signal conditioning via either local or remote control, Therefore, effective problem diagnosis is divided into two sections, local and remote. It is most efficient to assure proper local operation before remote section trouble-shooting is performed. Use of the Performance Test (*Table 5-4*) will aid in determining which troubleshooting section to use.

5-45. Local Mode Troubleshooting

5-46. Local Mode Troubleshooting consists of the troubleshooting flowchart in Figure 5-5. These flowcharts are intended to help isolate local operation problems.

5-47. The flowchart in Figure 5-5 is intended for overall local operation troubleshooting. Table 5-10 Relay Operation shows required levels, control lines, and the relay involved for any function. *Table 5-11* Relay Control Logic shows the output line and level required for proper relay operation in a function. These tables, 5-10 and 5-11, are to be used with the Local Mode Trouble-shooting Flowchart (*Figure 5-5*).

5-48. The programming interface section of the A10 Synchronizer board is used only when the 5328A is in remote. The interface is used in conjunction with the All board to control A and B channel signal conditioning. When the 5328A is in remote, addressable latches, U8 and U15, control all of the signal conditioning relays. The A11 DAC board is also used in remote to allow programming of the A and B channel trigger levels.

Table 5-10. A12 Relay Operation

+ + + >40	Relay Controlled
+	
-	——— I/O I/44 I/40
V10	1/0 1/44 1/40
X10	K6, K11, K10
AC	K9
SEP	K4, K5
X10	K2, K3, K8
AC	. K7

Table 5-11. Relay Control Logic

Function	Channel A	Channel B
Slope [⁺]	A10J3 Pin 2 Low A10 J3 Pin 2 High	A10J3 Pin 5 Low A10J3 Pin 5 High
X1 Attn X10 X100	A10J3 Pin 12 High A10J3 Pin 12 Low A10J3 Pin 13 High	A10J3 Pin 6 High A10J3 Pin 6 Low A10J3 Pin 8 High
Coupling AC DC	A10J3 Pin 14 Low A10J3 Pin 14 High	A10J3 Pin 7 Low A10J3 Pin 7 High
SEP, COM A	SEP A10J3 Pin 10 Low COM A A10J3 Pin 10 High	

5-49. Remote Mode Troubleshooting

5-50. The following information includes Programming Logic Troubleshooting and DAC Troubleshooting. These areas will help isolate remote operation problems where A and B input channels operate correctly in local control.

- 5-51. Programming Logic Troubleshooting includes Tables 5-12 and 5-13. Table 5-12 Program Interface Operation shows the necessary levels that the A10 must generate in any function. Input and Output codes for ROM (A10U7) are contained in Table 5-13.
- 5-52. DAC Troubleshooting includes a checkout procedure that does not require a programming source. Table 5–14 DAC Logic Levels gives the required logic output levels for proper operation. The information in Table 5–15 DAC Signals is designed to aid in troubleshooting. It should be used to troubleshoot problems where the logic levels are correct, yet the analog output is bad.

5-53. DAC TROUBLESHOOTING. To perform DAC troubleshooting proceed as follows:

- a. Check +5, -5.2, +15, and -15 volts on the A1 Motherboard (refer to A1 troubleshooting procedure for repair).
- b. Check for clock signal on U5 pins 8 and 11 and on collector of Q7. If incorrect, suspect U5, Q7, or C12.
- c. Perform the following setup procedure:
 - 1. Turn 5328A power off and unplug 14-conductor cable from A11J1.
 - 2. Remove DAC board A11 from 5328A and install jumpers in J1 from pins 8 to 10, 5 to 6, 4 to 7, and 3 to 12. Reinstall All board using an extender board (05328-62016) into XA11.

NOTE

Ensure jumper from pin 8 to 10 does not short to any of the other jumpers.

- 3. Apply power to an HP 10526T Logic Pulser.
- Connect HP 3490A Voltmeter between A11TP5 and 5328A chassis (used to monitor Channel A DAC output).
- 5. Turn 5328A power switch to ON.
- d. Pulse A11U11 (14) with the logic pulser. This resets the DAC storage registers. HP 3490 Voltmeter should display OV ±50 mV. If so, perform step 5. If not, refer to Table 5-14 and check the logic levels listed on line 1 (reset pulse U11(14)) for an improper level. Suspect any integrated circuit listed if it has an improper output.
- e. Pulse A11J1(14) once with the logic pulser and verify line 2 of Table 5–14.
- f. Pulse A11J1(14) three more times, stopping after each pulse to verify the next line of Table 5-14.
- g. Steps a through f have checked the A channel DAC. To check the B channel DAC change the voltmeter connection to A11TP6 and 5328A chassis. Repeat steps d through f, pulsing A11J1 pin 13 instead of pin 14. The parentheses in Table 5-14 refer to B channel DAC circuit locations.
- h. If the A and B channel DAC output voltages were the same as in Table 5-74 the board is functioning correctly. If a digital output from Table 5-74 is incorrect, suspect the integrated circuit generating the level. If the digital outputs are correct and the analog output is incorrect continue with step i.
- i. Reset storage registers (U16, U15, U11, U10) by pulsing A11U10(14) with a logic pulser. Using an oscilloscope check signals listed in line 1 of Table 5-15.
- Pulse A11J1(14) and again using the oscilloscope check for signals in line 2 of Table 5–15.
- k. Pulse A11J1 (14) three more times, stopping after each pulse to verify the next line in Table 5–15 with the oscilloscope.
- I. Sets i through k have checked the A channel DAC signal path. To check Channel B DAC, follow steps i through k above, pulsing A11J1 pin 13 instead of 14. Stop after each pulse to verify the locations in parentheses of Table 5-15.
- m. Refer to Table 5-16 match the symptom received with the probable cause of trouble.

Table 5-12. Program Interface Operation

Code	Function	A10U7 Pins 1 2 3 4 5 6	A10U8 Pins 4 5 6 7 9 10 12	A10U15 Pins 4 5 6 7 9 12	A 10J3 Pins 2 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	A10U17 8
A0B0	1 Meg	011000	0	0		
A3B3 A2B2	DC AC	101000 001000	1 0	1 0	1 1	
A5B5 A4B4	-	100000	1 0	1 0	11	
A7B7 A6B6 A1B1	X1 X10 X100	110000 010000 111000	1 0 1	1 0 1	1 1	
A9B9 A8B8	Com A, Inv. Sep, Norm	100100	1 0	1 0	1 1	
A+1B+1 A*B*	DAC NORM	111101 011110	1 0	1 0		1 0

NOTE

If U7 is good and U8 is bad, check for pulse one pins 9 and 10 of U16 for all commands and pins 6 and 7 for DAC command only. Pulse will occur during execution of command.

Table 5-13. ROM (A10U7) Input/Output Code

	Inj	out Co	ode				Outpu	ıt Coc	de			٦		
	A10U7 Pins							A10U7 Pins						
14	13	12	11	10	6	5	4	3	2	1		1		
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0				
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1		- 1		
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0		- 1		
0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1		- 1		
0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		ŀ		
0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1		- 1		
0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0				
0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1				
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0		- 1		
0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1				
0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0		- 1		
0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1		- 1		
o	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0		ı		
0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1		ı		
0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0				
0	1	1	1	1	1 0	0	1	0	1	1		ı		
1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0		1		
1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1				
1	0	0	1	0	1 1	0	0	1	0	0				
1	0	0	1	1	1 1	0	0	1	Ô	1		- 1		
1	0	1	0	0	1 1	0	0	0	Ô	1		- 1		
l	Ô	1	ŏ	1	1	Ō	ō	Õ	Õ	Ö		- 1		
1	0	1	1	Ó	1	Ô	Ô	Ō	1	Ō		- 1		
1	0	1	1	1	l i	Ō	ō	Õ	1	1		- [
l i	1	Ö	ò	ò	1	Õ	1	ō	ò	ò				
1	1	Ō	ō	1	1	0	1	Õ	Ô	1		- 1		
ĺ	1	Ô	1	o O	0	1	1	1	1	Ö				
1	1	Ô	i	1	ľĭ	Ö	i	· 1	i	1		- 1		
1	1	1	Ö	ò	Ιi	ŏ	i	Ö	i	ò		- 1		
	1	1	Ô	1	l i	ő	1	1	i	1		- [
	1	i	1	ė	i	1	Ö	ò	ò	Ö		- [
1	i	i	i	1	ا	Ö	1	Ö	1	1				
1	1	1	1	1	U	U	1	U	1	1				

Table 5-14. A11 DAC Logic Levels

	Least Significant Digit U10(14)		U9(13)					gnificant U8(12)	Sign	Output		
	14	15_	2	3	14	15	2	3	14	15	TP2 (1)	TP5(6)
Reset Pulse U11 Pin 14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000±.050 VDC
1 Pulse J1 Pin 14(13)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	~0.020±.050 VDC
2 Pulses J1 Pin 14(13)	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	-0.220±.070 VDC
3 Pulses J1 Pin 14(13)	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	-2.220±.070 VDC
4 Pulses J1 Pin 14(13)	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	_ 1	1	+2.22±.070 VDC

NOTE

This procedure does not exercise every bit. If DAC symptoms are that **some** voltages are not programmable, exercise each bit high by leaving that bit not shorted to ground.

Table 5-15. A 11 DAC Signals

	TP3(4)	A11U2 Pin 8(6) Pin 9(5)	Anode CR5, CR6 (2, 4)	Cathode CR8. CR10 (1, 3)	TP 5(6)
Reset Pulse U11 Pin 14	No Pulses	No Pulses	No Pulses	No Pulses	0.00±0.05 VDC
1 Pulse J1 Pin 14(13)	10msec±4msec period pulses	10msec±4msec period pulses	10msec±4msec period pulses	≈+13 VDC	-0.02±0.05 VDC
2 Pulses J1 Pin 14(13)	1msec±0.4msec period pulses	1msec±0.4msec period pulses	1msec±0.4msec period pulses	≈+13 VDC	-0.22±0.07 VDC
3 Pulses J1 Pin 14(13)	100µsec±40µsec period pulses	100µsec±40µsec period pulses	100µsec±40µsec period pulses	≈+13 VDC	-2.22±0.07 VDC
4 Pulses J1 Pin 14(13)	100µsec±40µsec period pulses	100µsec±40µsec period pulses	≈-13 VDC	100µsec±40µsec period pulses	+2.22±0.07 VDC

NOTE

Pulse period is approximate; 40% variation may be normal since pulse spacing is not constant out of rate multiplier. Fainter pulses between brighter pulses may be seen. This is normal.

Table 5-16. A11 DAC Troubleshooting

Symptom	Probable Cause
Pulses wrong at TP4	U12, U13, or U14
Pulses wrong at TP3	U8, U9, or U10
Pulses wrong at U2 output	U2
Pulses wrong at drain of Q2	Q2, CR2, CR4, U1, or U3
Pulses wrong at drain of Q1	Q1, CR1, CR3, U1, or U3
Pulses wrong at drain of Q4	Q4, CR8, CR10, U4, or U3
Pulses wrong at drain of Q3	Q3, CR5, CR6, U4, or U3
If pulses at all points good	U4 for Channel A U1 for Channel B

5-54. REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT INSTRUCTIONS

5-55. Removal and replacement instructions are provided for the instrument cover, the time interval module (assemblies A10 and A19) and A16 Display Assembly.

5-56. Instrument Cover Removal

5-57. To remove top or bottom cover, remove the screw at the rear edge that secures cover to instrument. Slide cover toward rear of instrument and lift off. To replace cover, reverse procedure.

WARNING

115 OR 230 VAC SUPPLY WIRES ARE EXPOSED WHEN EITHER TOP OR BOTTOM COVER IS REMOVED. USE EXTREME CAUTION DURING TROUBLESHOOTING, ADJUSTMENT, OR REPAIR. AVOID DAMAGE TO INSTRUMENT BY REMOVING POWER BEFORE REMOVING OR REPLACING COVERS, ASSEMBLIES, OR COMPONENTS.

5-58. Time Interval Module (Assemblies A10 and A19) Removal Replacement

5-59. To remove and replace the time interval module, proceed as follows:

- a. Disconnect the power cable from the 5328A (Safety Precaution).
- b. Remove rear feet and the top cover from the 5328A.
- c. Using a suitable flat-blade screwdriver as a prying tool, gently remove the plastic filler strip from the top of the cast front-panel frame.
- d. Remove the two machine screws that secure the top of the module front panel to the top of the cast front-panel frame.
- e. Turn the 5328A on its side and remove the two machine screws that secure the bottom of the module front panel to the bottom of the cast front-panel frame.
- f. Slightly loosen all remaining machine screws along the top of the cast front-panel frame. This releases the compressive force on the module front panel.
- Remove front panel nuts from A and B channel input connectors.
- h. Remove the A19 Switch Board with front panel attached, by gently pushing the assembly from the rear. Note that the A19 board is separate from the A10 Synchronizer Assembly during this operation.
- i. Remove the front panel from A19 by removing the MARKER OUTPUT connector nuts and removing the LEVEL A and B control knobs.
- i. Remove the A10 Synchronizer Assembly by pulling the assembly upward.
- k. Replacement is essentially the reverse of removal.

5-60 Display Assembly Removal and Replacement

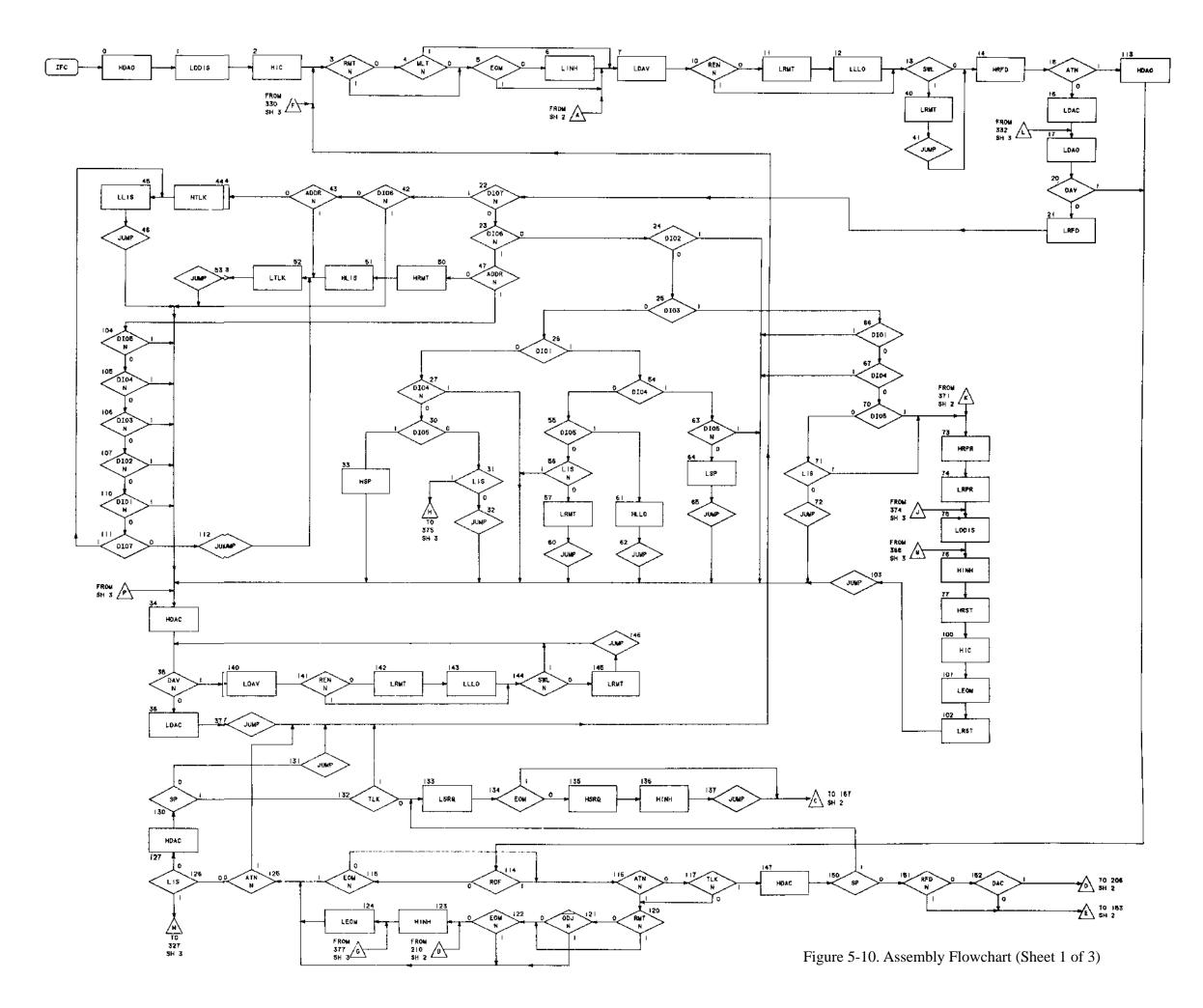
- 5-61. To remove and replace the A16 Display Assembly, proceed as follows:
 - a. Disconnect the power cable from the 5328A (Safety Precaution).
 - b. Remove the top cover from the 5328A.
 - c. Using a suitable flat-blade screwdriver as a prying tool, gently remove the plastic filler strip from the top of the cast front-panel frame.

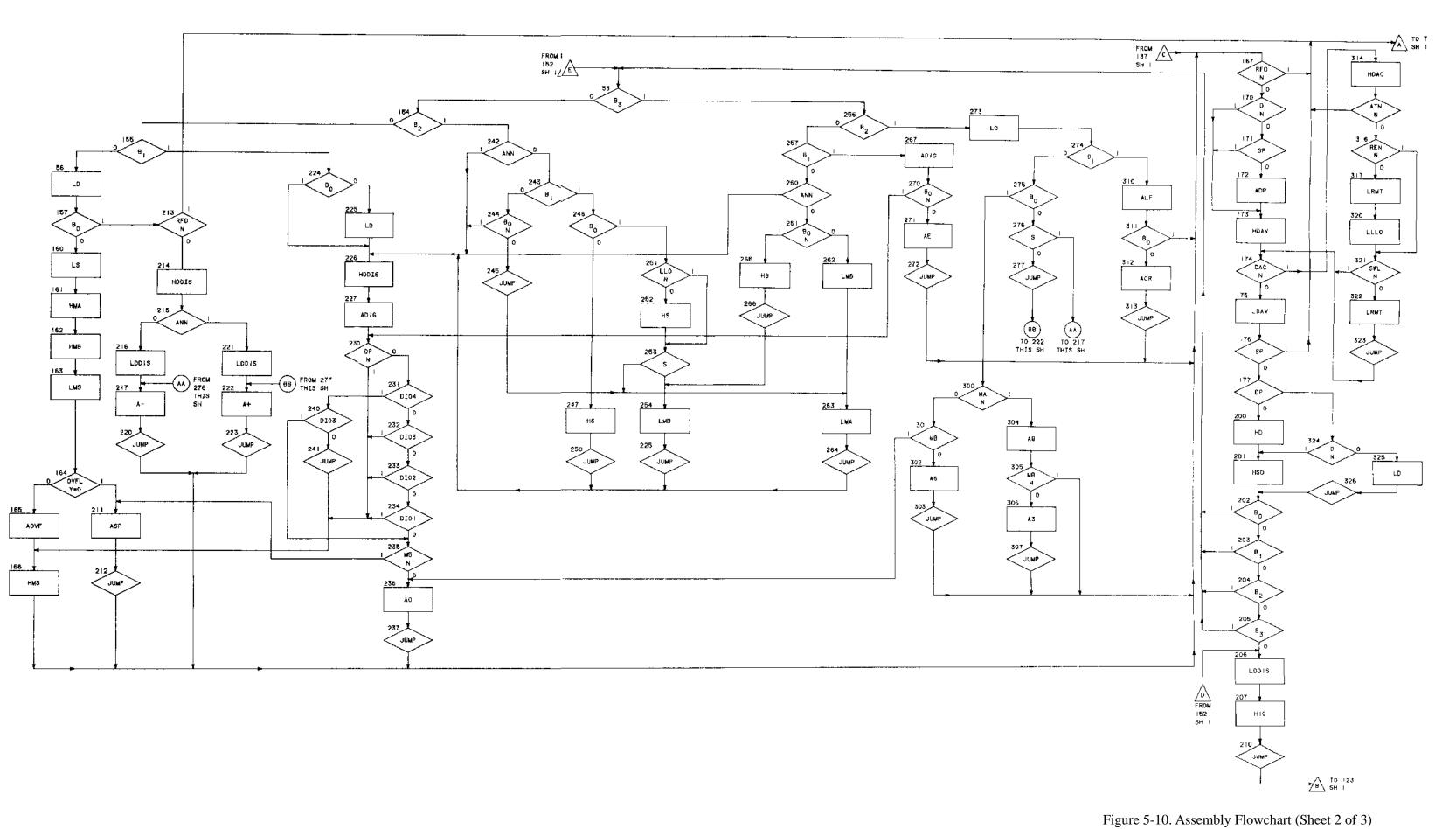
- d. Remove the two machine screws that secure the top of the display front panel to the top of the cast front-panel frame.
- e. Turn the 5328A on its side and remove the two machine screws that secure the bottom of the display front panel to the bottom of the cast front-panel frame.
- f. Slightly loosen all remaining machine screws along the top of the cast front-panel frame. This releases the compressive force on the module front panel.
- g. Remove the A16 Display Assembly, with front panel attached, by gently pushing the assembly from the rear. Note that the display assembly is separated from the A1 Motherboard during the operation.
- h. Using a suitable allen wrench, remove the SAMPLE RATE control knob from the module.
- i. Remove the nuts that attach the SAMPLE RATE and RESET switches and separate the front panel from the display assembly.

NOTE

If the FUNCTION or FREQ RESOLUTION switch control knob is removed or if the associated printed-circuit board switch is disassembled, the knob and switch must be aligned during replacement as described in the following paragraph.

j. To realign the display switches with the proper knob positions, set the rear ceramic wafers with the slots down. Set the knob of the FUNCTION switch to FREQ A and set the knob of the FREQ RESOLUTION switch to 10²(10 kHz). .1 kHz position and tighten the two set screws on each knob with a suitable allen wrench.





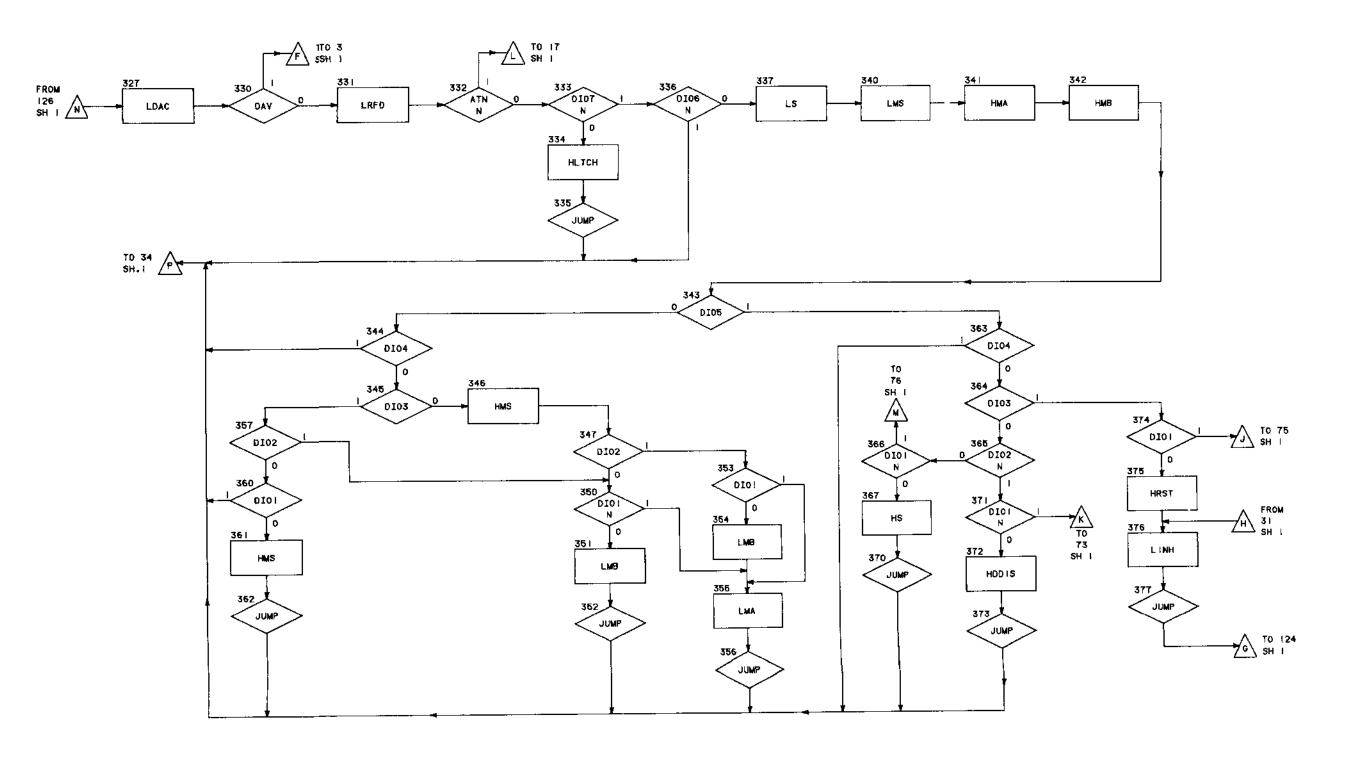


Figure 5-10. Assembly Flowchart (Sheet 3 of 3)

Model 5328A Maintenance

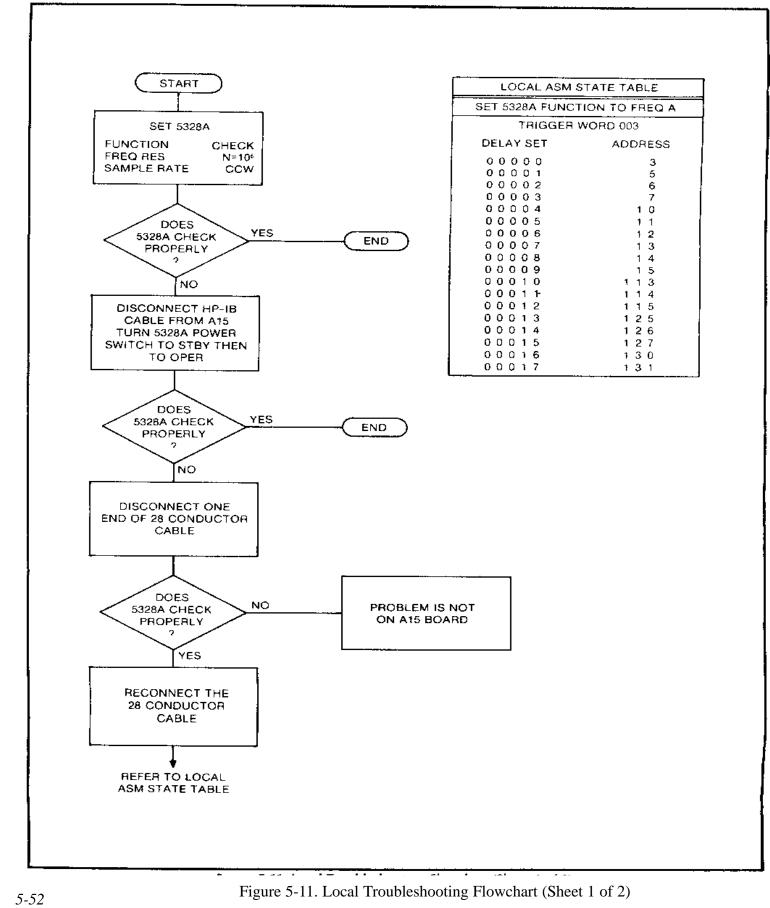


Figure 5-11. Local Troubleshooting Flowchart (Sheet 1 of 2)

Model 5328A Maintenance

5-53

I SYMPTOM DC BIAS ON UI DR U2 IS INCORRECT PIN 5 % 2 TV PIN 6 % 2 TV SET SAMPLE RATE MAX RESOLUTION 10 SEC SUSPECT BI ADJ OFFSET SUSPECT U2 SUSPECT COUNTER IN ARMED MODE SUSPECT U4 DOES US PIN | OO BETWEEN 2347 AS OFFSET POT IS ADJUSTED SYMPTOM OFFSET WON T ADJUST SO THAT SERST SENSITIVITY IS AMAY FROM THE END OF THE AJUST POT RS2 MECL SQ MAVE AT U11 PIN 2 6 3 YES SUSPECT FUNCTION SELECTOR SQ WAYE + 10 AT US PIN 2 15 C ARM TTL HIGH SUSPECT U5 SUSPECT Usl or 43 ge Transistors USE IGHZ SAMPLING PLUG IN PUT 520MHZ IOMY INTO INPUT GOES ABOVE GAND & BELOW -SOOMY APPROX SO% DUTY CYCLE AT US PIN 3 SYMPTOM SENSITIVITY TOO HIGH CHLY AT FREQUENCIES ABOVE BOOMHZ SENSITIVITY OK (4-BmV) BELOW 500mHZ SEE WAVEFORMS ON AS SCHEWATIC CHECK VALUES OF ROS AND R39 SEE WAVEFORMS ON AS SCHEMATIC REPAIR STILL COUNTS PROBLEM CORRECTED

OPTION 030 FREQUENCY C TROUBLESHOOTING FLOWCHAART

Figure 5-11. Address Switch Troubleshooting Flowchart

Model 5328A Maintenance

SECTION VI REPLACEABLE PARTS

6-1. INTRODUCTION

- 6-2. This section contains information for ordering replacement parts. Table 6-7 lists parts in alphanumerical order of their reference designators and indicates the description and HP PART Number of each part, together with any applicable notes. The table includes the following information.
 - a. Description of part (see abbreviations below).
 - b. Typical manufacturer of the part in a five-digit code; see list of manufacturers Table 6-2.
 - c. Manufacturer's part number.
 - d. Total quantity used in the instrument (Qty column).

6-3. ORDERING INFORMATION

- 6-4. To obtain replacement parts, address order of inquiry to your local Hewlett-Packard Sales and Service Office (see lists at rear of this manual for addresses). Identify parts by their Hewlett-Packard part numbers.
 - a. Instrument model number.
 - b. Instrument serial number.
 - c. Description of the part.
 - d. Function and location of the part.

			REFERENCE D	ESIGNA	TIONS		
A AT	≈ assembly = attenuator isolator	E	= micellaneous electrical part	Р	= electrical connector (movable portion).	V VR	= electron tube = voltage regulator,
	termination	F	= fuse		plug		breakdown diode
В	≗ fan, motor	FL	= filter	Q	= transistor, SCR, triode	w	= cable, transmission
ВТ	= battery	н	= hardware		thyristor		path; wire
С	= capacitor	HY	= circulator	A	= resistor	x	= socket
CP	= coupler	j	= electrical connector	RT	= thermistor	Y	= crystal unit-piezo-
CR	a diode, diode thyristor,		(stationary portion).	s	= switch		electric
	varactor		jack	Т	- transformer	Z	= tuned cavity, tuned
oc	= directional coupler	ĸ	= relay	TB	= terminal board		circuit
DL	= delay line	L	= coil, inductor	TC	= thermocouple		
os	= annunciator, signaling	м	= meter	TP	= test point		
	device (audible or	MP	= miscellaneous	U	= integrated circuit		
	visual), lamp LED		mechanical part		microcircuit		
			ABBREV	IATION	s		
A	= ampere	BAL	= balance	COEF	= coefficient	•c	= degree Celsius
ac .	alternating current	BCD	 binary coded decimal 	COM	≥ common		(centrigrade)
ACCESS	= accessory	BD	= board	COMP	composition	۰F	 degree Fahrenheit
ADJ	= adjustment	BE CU	= beryllium copper	COMPL	complete	*K	 degree Kelvin
A/D	= analog-to-digital	BFO	= beat frequency	CONN	= connector	DEPC	 deposited carbon
AF	= audio frequency		oscillator	CP	= cadmium plate	DET	= detector
AFC	* automatic frequency	вн	= binder head	CRT	= cathode-ray tube	diam	= diameter
	control	BKDN	= breakdown	CTL	= complementary tran-	DIA	 diameter (used in
AGC	= automatic gain control	BP	= bandpass		sistor logic		parts list)
NL	* aluminum	BPF	= bandpass filter	CW	= continuous wave	DIFF	
NLC .	= automatic level control	BAS	= brass	cw	= clockwise	AMPL	 differential amplifier
M	= amplitude modulation	BWO	= backward-wave	D/A	= digital-to-analog	div	= division
MPL	= amplifier		oscillator	dB	= decibel	DPDT	= double-pole, double-
NPC .	= automatic phase	CAL	= calibrate	dBm	= decibel referred to		throw
	control	ccw	= counterclockwise		1 m W	DR	= drive
NSSY	= assembly	CER	= ceramic	dc	= direct current	DSB	 double sideband
XUX	= auxiliary	CHAN	= channel	deg	= degree (temperature	DTL	 diode transistor logic
evg	= average	cm	= centimeter		interval or difference)	DVM	 digital voltmeter
AWG	= american wire gauge	CMO	= coaxial		 degree (plane angle) 	ECL	= emitter coupled logic

			ABBREVIATION	3 (CON	INCED)			
EMF	= electromotive force	mH	= millihenry	PIN	≈ positive-intrinsic-	TERM	= terminal	
EDP	= electronic data	mho	= mho		negative	TFT	= thin-film t	ransistor
	processing	MIN	= minimum	PIV	≈ peak inverse voltage	TGL	= toggie	
LECT	= electrolytic	min	= minute (time)	pk	≃ peak	THD	= thread	
NCAP	= encapsulated	.,	= minute (plane angle)	PL	≈ phase lock	THRU	= through	
XT	= external	MINAT	= miniature	PLO	= phase lock oscillator	TI	= titanium	
:	= farad	mm	= millimeter	PM	= phase modulation	TOL	= tolerance	
ET	= field-effect transistor	MOD	= modulator	PNP	= positive-negative-	TRIM	= trimmer	
/F	= flip-flop	MOM	= momentary		positive	TSTR	= transistor	
H	= flat head	MOS	≖ metal-oxide semi-	P/O	= part of	TTL	= transistor-	transistor
OL H	= fillister head		conductor	POLY	= polystyrene		logic	
M	= frequency modulation	ms	= millisecond	PORC	= porcelain	TV	= television	
P	= front panel	MTG	= mounting	POS	= positive; position(s)	TVI	= television	interference
REQ	= frequency	MTR	= meter (indicating		(used in parts list)	TWT	= traveling v	
XD	= fixed		device)	POSN	= position	U	= micro (10	
	= gram	mV	= millivolt	POT	= potentiometer	_	parts list)	, ,
iΕ	= germanium	mVac	= millivolt, ac	р-р	= peak-to-peak	UF	= microfarac	d (used in
iHz	= gigahertz	mVdc	= millivolt, dc	PP	= peak-to-peak (used in		parts list)	. (0000
SL.	= glass	m∀pk	= millivolt, peak		parts list)	UHF	= ultrahigh 1	Irenuency
IND	-		• •	PPM		UNREG	_	
	= ground(ed)	mVp-p	= millivolt, peak-to-peak	PPM	= pulse-position		= unregulate	2 0
1	= henry	mVrms	= millivolt, rms	005****	modulation	V	= volt	_
I T	= hour	mW	= milliwatt	PREAMPL		VA	= voltamper	e
IET	= heterodyne	MUX	= multiplex	PRF	= pulse-repetition	Vac	= volts ac	
EX	= hexagonal	MY	= mylar		trequency	VAR	= variable	
ID.	≖ head	μA	= microampere	PRR	= pulse repetition rate	vco	= voltage-co	ontrolled
DW	= hardware	μF	= microfarad	ps	= picosecond		oscillator	
F	high frequency	μН	≈ microhenry	PT	= point	Vdc	= volts dc	
G	= mercury	µmho	= micromho	PTM	= pulse-time modulation	VDCW	= volts dc, v	vorking (use
II	= high	Ήs	= microsecond	PWM	= pulse-width modulation		in parts lis	
P	= Hewlett-Packard	μ∨	= microvolt	PWV	= peak working voltage	V(F)	= volts, filter	red
PF	= high pass filter	μVac	= microvolt, ac	RC	= resistance capacitance	VFO	= variable-fr	equency
R	= hour (used in parts list)	µVdc	≠ microvolt, dc	RECT	= rectifier		oscillator	
٧	= high voltage	μVpk	= microvolt, peak	REF	= reference	VHF	= very-high	frequency
z	= Hertz	μVp-p	= microvolt, peak-to-	REG	= regulated	Vpk	= volts peak	
;	= integrated circuit	MAD-D	peak	REPL	= replaceable	Vp-p	= Volts peak	
ó	= inside diameter	μVrms	= microvolt, rms	RF	= radio frequency	Vrms	= volts rms	. to peak
		μW	= microwatt	RFI		VSWR	= volta mis	
#PG	= intermediate frequency	•		DEI	= radio frequency	V34111	-	anding wave
	= impregnated	nA	= nanoampere		interference	LITO	ratio	
	= inch	NC	= no connection	RH	= round head; right hand	VTO	= voltage-tu	
NCD	= incandescent	N/C	= normally closed	RLC	= resistance-inductance-	VTVM	= vacuum-ti	
NCL	= include(s)	NE	= neon		capacitance	V(X)	= volts, swite	ched
IP	= input	NEG	= negative	RMO	= rack mount only	W	= watt	
15	= insulation	nF	= nanofarad	rms	= root-mean-square	W/	= with	
NT	= internal	NI PL	= nickel plate	RND	= round	WIV	= working in	
9	= kilogram	N/O	= normally open	ROM	= read-only memory	ww	= wirewound	3
Ηz	= kilohertz	NOM	= nominal	R&P	= rack and panel	W/O	= without	
Ω	= kilohm	NORM	= normal	RWV	= reverse working voltage	YIG	= yttrium-iro	on-garnet
/	= kilovolt	NPN	= negative-positive-	S	= scattering parameter	Zo	= characteri:	stic
	= pound		negative	\$	= second (time)		impedance	9
0	= inductance-capacitance	NPO	= negative-positive zero	**	= second (plane angle)		•	
D	= light-emitting diode	5	(zero temperature	S-B	= slow-blow (fuse (used			
:	= low frequency		coefficient)		in parts list)		NOTE	
3	= long	NRFR	= not recommended for	SCR	= silicon controlled			
-	= left hand	BREB	field replacement	55.1	rectifier; screw	All abbrev	iations in th	ne narte
M	= limit	NSA	= not separately	SE	= selenium	will be in up		Purta
N.	= linear taper (used in	14071		SECT	= sections	De 111 Up	, p. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.	
. •			replaceable	SEMICON	= semiconductor			
	parts list)	ns =147	= nanosecond	SHE				
	= linear	nW	= nanowatt		= superhigh frequency			
WASH	= lockwasher	OBD	= order by description	SI	= silicon			
)	= low, local oscillator	OD	= Outside diameter	SIL	= silver			
OG	= logarithmic taper	ОН	= oval head	SL	= slide			
	(used in parts list)	OP AMPL	= operational amplifier	SNR	= signal-to-noise ratio	8.01	III TIDI II	EDC
g	= logarithm(ic)	OPT	= option	SPOT	= single-pole, double-	M	ULTIPLII	-n3
PF	= low pass filter	osc	= oscillator		throw			
/	= low voltage	ОХ	= oxide	SPG	= spring	Abbres 1 **	lan Andre	B.G 241 4
	= meter (distance)	oz	= ounce	SR	= split ring	Abbreviati	lon Prefix	Multiple
A	= milliampere	Ω	= ohm	SPST	= single-pole, single-	T	tera	1012
AX	= maximum	P	= peak (used in parts		throw	Ġ	giga	10°
Ω	= megohm		list)	SSB	= single sideband	м	mega	104
EG	= meg (10°) (used in	PAM	= pulse-amplitude	SST	= stainless steel	k	kilo	10³
	parts list)		modulation	STL	= steel	da	deka	10
ET EI MA	•	PC		SQ	= square	d	deci	10-
ET FLM	= metal film		= printed circuit					
ET OX	= metal oxide	PCM	= pulse-code moudulation,	SWA	= standing-wave ratio	c	centi	10-7
F	= medium frequency;	BC::	pulse-count modulation	SYNC	= synchronize	m	milli	10-4
	microfared (used in	PDM	= pulse-duration	T	= timed (slow-blow fuse)	μ	micro	10-
	perts list)	_	modulation	TA	= tantalum	n	nano	10-*
FR	= manufacturer	pF	≈ picofarad	TC	= temperature	р	pico	10-12
g	≠ milligram	PH BRZ	= phosphor bronze		compensating	f	femto	10~
¥								

6-5. HP PART NUMBER ORGANIZATION

6-6. Following is a general description of the HP part number system.

6-7. Component Parts and Materials

6-8. Generally, the prefix of HP part numbers identifies the type of device. Eight digit part numbers are used, where the four-digit prefix identifies the type of component, part, or material and the four-digit suffix indicates the specific type. Following is a list of some of the more commonly used prefixes for component parts. The list includes HP manufactured parts and purchased parts.

Prefix	Component/Part/Material
0121-	Capacitors, Variable (mechanical)
0122-	Capacitors, Voltage Variable (semiconductor)
0140-	Capacitors, Fixed
0150-	Capacitors, Fixed Non-Electrolytic
0160-	Capacitors, Fixed
0180-	Capacitors, Fixed Electrolytic
0330-	Insulting Materials
0340-	Insulters, Formed
0370-	Knobs, Control
0380-	Spacers and Standoffs
0410-	Crystals
0470-	Adhesives
0490-	Relays
0510-	Fasteners
0674- thru 0778-	Resistors, Fixed (non wire wound)
0811- thru 0831-	Resistors (wire wound)
1200-	Sockets for components
1205-	Heat Sinks
1250-	Connectors (RF and related parts)
1251-	Connectors (non RF and related parts)
1410-	Bearings and Bushings
1420-	Batteries
1820-	Monolithic Digital Integrated Circuits
1826-	Monolithic Linear Integrated Circuits
1850-	Transistors, Germanium PNP
1851-	Transistors, Germanium NPN
1853-	Transistors, Silicon PNP
1854-	Transistors, Silicon NPN
1855-	Field-Effect-Transistors
1900- thru 1912-	Diodes
1920- thru 1952-	Vacuum Tubes
1990-	Semiconductor Photosensitive and Light-Emitting Diodes
3100- thru 3106-	Switches
8120-	Cables
9100	Transformers, Coils, Chokes, Inductors, and Filters

6-9. For example, 1854-0037, 1854-0221, and 1851-0192 are all NPN transistors. The first two are silicon and the last is germanium.

6-10. General Usage Parts

6-11. The following list gives the prefixes for HP manufactured parts used in several instruments, e.g., side frames, feet, top and bottom covers, etc. These are eight-digit part numbers with the four-digit prefix identifying the type of parts as shown below:

Type of Part	Prefix
Sheet Metal	5000- to 5019-
Machined	5020- to 5039-
Molded	5040- to 5059-
Assemblies	5060- to 5079-
Components	5080- to 5099-

6-12. Specific Instrument Parts

6-13. These are HP manufactured parts for use in individual instruments or series of instruments. For these parts, the prefix indicates the instrument and the suffix indicates the type of parts. For example, 05328-60001 is an assembly used in the 5328A. Following is a list of suffixes commonly used.

Type of Part	P/N Suffix						
Sheet Metal	-00000 to -00499						
Machined	-20000 to -20499						
Molded	-40000 to -40499						
Assemblies	-60000 to -60499						
Components	-80000 to -80299						
Documentation	-90000 to -90249						

6-14. FACTORY SELECTED PARTS

6–15. Some of the values in the parts lists are selected during manufacture to meet circuit requirements. These parts are marked with an asterisk (*) in the parts list and schematic diagrams, with average values shown.

6-16. PART NUMBER TO NATIONAL STOCK NUMBER CROSS REFERENCE INDEX

6-17. Refer to Table 6-3 to cross reference part numbers to National Stock Numbers.

TABLE 6 1 DEDIAGEA	DIE DADEC				
REFERENCE DESIGNATION	ABLE PARTS HP PART NUMBER	QTY	DESCRIPTION	MFR CODE	MFR PART NUMBER
			MOTHER (MAIN) BOARD, SERIES 1804	28480	05328-60028
A1C1 A1C2 A1C3 A1C4 A1C5*	0180-1735 2 0160-0161 4 0180-0106 9	1 1 2	NOT ASSIGNED NOT ASSIGNED CAPACITOR-FXD .22UF+-10% 35VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-10% 200VDC POLYE CAPACITOR-FXD 60UF+-20% 6VDC TA *FACTORY SELECTED PART	56389 28480 56289	150D224X9035A2 0160-0161 150D606X0006B2
A1C6 A1C7 A1C8 A1C10 A1C29	0140-0177 0 0170-0024 9 0180-0230 0 0160-0314 9 0180-0230 0	1 1 3 1	CAPACITOR-FXD 400PF +-1% 300VDC MICA CAPACITOR-FXD .022UF +-20% 200VDC POLYE CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF+-20% 50VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-5% 100VDC POLYE CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF+-20% 50VDC TA	72136 28480 56289 84411 56289	DM15F401F0300WV1CR 0170-0024 150D105X0050A2 663UW10354W2 150D105X0050A2
A1C30 A1C31 A1C32 A1C33 A1C34	0160-0153 4 0180-0230 0 0180-0106 9 0160-2055 9 0180-0210 6	2 17 6	CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-10% 200VDC POLYE CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF+-20% 50VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 6UF+-20% 6VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 3.3UF+-20% 15VDC TA	28480 56289 56289 28480 56289	0160-0153 150D105X0050A2 150D606X0006B2 0160-2055 150D335X0015A2
A1C35 A1C36 A1C37 A1C39 A1C40	0160-2055 9 0180-0210 6 0160-2055 9 0160-2055 9 0180-0155 8	6	CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 3.3UF+-20% 15VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 2.2UF+-20% 20VDC TA	28480 56289 28480 28480 56289	0160-2055 150D335X0015A2 0160-2055 0160-2055 150D225X0020A2
			CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 2.2UF+-20% 20VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 3.3UF+-20% 15VDC TA		
A1C46 A1C47 A1C48 A1C49 A1C50	0180-0210 6 0180-0155 8 0180-0155 8		CAPACITOR-FXD 3.3UF+-20% 15VDC TA NOT ASSIGNED CAPACITOR-FXD 2.2UF+-20% 20VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 2.2UF+-20% 20VDC TA NOT ASSIGNED	56289 56289 56289	150D335X0015A2 150D225X0020A2 150D225X0020A2
A1C51 A1C52 A1C53	0180-0155 8 0180-0155 8		NOT ASSIGNED CAPACITOR-FXD 2.2UF=-20% 20VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 2.2UF+-20% 20VDC TA	56289 56289	150D225X0020A2 150D225X0020A2
AlCR1 AlCR3 AlCR4 AlCR5 AlCR6	1901-0040 1 1910-0016 0 1902-0031 2 1901-0050 3 1901-0050 3	13 2 1 2	DIODE-SWICHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO.35 DIODE-GE 60V 60MA 1US DO-7 DIODE-ZNR 12.7V 5% DO-7 PD=.4W TC=+.061% DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	1901-0040 1910-0016 1902-0031 1901-0050 1901-0050
AlCR7 AlCR8 AlCR9 AlCR10 AlCR11	1901-0040 1 1902-3082 9 1901-0040 1 1901-0040 1 1901-0040 1	1	DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-ZNR 4.64V 5% DO-7 PD=.4W TC=.23% DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 SIODE-WITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	1901-0040 1902-3082 1901-0040 1901-0040 1901-0040
AlCR12 AlCR13 AlCR14 AlCR15 AlCR16	1901-0040 1 1901-0040 1 1901-0040 1 1910-0016 0 1901-0040 1		DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-GE 60V 60MA 1US DO-7 DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	1901-0040 1901-0040 1901-0040 1910-0016 1901-0040
A1Q1 A1Q4 A1Q5 A1Q6 A1Q7	1854-0071 7 1854-0071 7 1854-0071 7 1854-0092 2 1854-0071 7	5	TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=300MW FT=200MHZ TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=300MW FT=200MHZ TRANSISTOR NPN PD=300MW FT=200MHZ TRANSISTOR NPN SI PF=200MW FT-600MHZ TRANSISTOR NPN SI PF=300MW FT=200MHZ	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	1854-0071 1854-0071 1854-0071 1854-0092 1854-0071
~	1854-0071 7		TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=300MW FT=200MHZ		1854-0071
			RESISTOR 270 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 NETWORK-RES 9-PIN-SIP .15-PIN-SPCG RESISTOR 2.7K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 3.3M 5% .25W FC TC=-900/+1100 *FACTORY SELECTED PART		
			NETWORK-RES 9-PIN-SIP .15-PIN-SPCG RESISTOR 330 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 4.7K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 1.5K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700		
A1R10 A1R11 A1R12 A1R13 A1R14	0683-1025 9 0683-1025 9 0683-1025 9 0683-1035 1 0683-4725 2	21	RESISTOR 1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 4.7K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700	01121 01121 01121 01121 01121	CB1025 CB1025 CB1025 CB1035 CB4725

REPLACEABLE PARTS	BLE PARTS (CONTINUED)				
REFERENCE DESIGNATION	HP PART NUMBER	QTY	DESCRIPTION	MFR CODE	MFR PART NUMBER
	1810-0041 9 0683-1025 9 0683-1035 1 1810-0055 5 0683-2015 9				
A1R27 A1R28 A1R29 A1R30 A1R32	0757-0928 6 1810-0055 5 0757-0952 6 0683-1035 1 0683-1035 1	1	RESISTOR 1.5K 2% .125W F TC=0+-100 NETWORK-RES 9-ON-SIP .15-PIN-SPCG RESISTOR 15K 2% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700	24546 28480 24546 01121 01121	C4-1/8-T0-1501-G 1810-0055 C4-1/8-T0-1502-G CB1035 CB1035
A1R33 A1R34 A1R35 A1R36 A1R37	0683-1035 1 0683-2715 6 0683-5115 6 0683-1035 1 0683-2715 6	5	RESISOTOR 10K 5% .25W TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 270 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 510 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 270 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600	01121 01121 01121 01121 01121	CB1035 CB2715 CB5115 CB1035 CB2715
A1R38 A1R39 A1R40 A1R41 A1R42	0683-1035 1 0683-1035 1 0683-1035 1 0683-1035 1 1810-0055 5		RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 NETWORK-RES 9-PIN-SIP .15-PIN-SPCG	01121 01121 01121 01121 28480	CB1035 CB1035 CB1035 CB1035 1810-0055
A1R43 A1R44 A1R45 A1R46 A1R48	0683-1025 9 0683-1035 1 0683-1035 1 0683-1545 8 0683-1035 1	1	RESISTOR 1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 150K 5% .25W FC TC=-800/+900 RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700	01121 01121 01121 01121 01121	CB1025 CB1035 CB1035 CB1545 CB1035
A1R52 A1R55 A1R56 A1R57 A1R58	0683-5635 5 0683-1025 9 0683-4725 2 0683-6815 5 0683-1025 9	1	RESISOTR 56K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+800 RESISTOR 1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 4.7K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 680 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600	01121 01121 01121 01121 01121	CB5635 CB1025 CB4725 CB6815 CB1025
A1R59 A1R60 A1R61 A1R62 A1R63	0683-5605 9 0683-5605 9 0683-5605 9 0683-5605 9	9	RESISTOR 56 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500 RESISTOR 56 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500	01121 01121 01121 01121 01121	CB5605 CB5605 CB5605 CB5605 CB5605
A1R64 A1R65 A1R66 A1R67 A1R68	0683-5605 9 0683-5605 9 0683-5605 9 0683-5605 9 0683-1035 1		RESISTOR 56 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500 RESISTOR 56 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500 RESISTOR 56 5% .25W FC TC=-400/=500 RESISTOR 56 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500 RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700	01121 01121 01121 01121 01121	CB5605 CB5605 CB5605 CB5605 CB1035
A1R69 A1R70 A1R71 A1R72 A1R73	0757-0938 8 0757-0950 4 0757-0279 0 0757-0931 1 0683-1035 1	1 1 1	RESISTOR 3.9K 2% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 12K 2% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 3.16K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 2K 2% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700	24546 24546 24546 24546 01121	C4-1/8-TO-3901-G C4-1/8-TO-1202-G C4-1/8-TO-3161-F C4-1/8-TO-2001-G CB1035
A1R74 A1R75 A1R78 A1R80	0683-1035 1 0683-1035 1 0683-4315 6 0683-1035 1	3	RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/=700 RESISTOR 430 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700	01121 01121 01121 01121	CB1035 CB1035 CB4315 CB1035
A1S1 A1S2 A1S3	3101-1977 1	1	NOT ASSIGNED NOT ASSIGNED SWITCH-SL DPDT-NS SUBMIN .5A 125VAC PC	28480	3101-1977
A1U1 A1U2 A1U3 A1U4*	1820-0055 6 1820-1056 9 1820-0175 1 1820-0632 5	2 1 1 1	IC CNTR TTL DECD SYNCHRO POS-EDGE-TRIG IC SCHMITT-TRIG TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP IC INV TTL HEX 1-INP IC MISC	01295 01295 01295 28480	SN7490AN SN74132N SN7405N 1820-0632
			*FACTORY SELECTED PART		
A1U5 A1U6 A1U7 A1U8 A1U9	1820-0513 1 1820-0282 1 1820-0511 9 1820-0174 0 1820-0661 0	2 4 1 6 2	IC GATE TTL AND QUAD 2-INP IC GATE TTL EXCL-OR QUAD 2-INP IC GATE TTL AND QUAD 2-INP IC INV TTL HEX 1-INP IC GATE TTL OR QUAD 2-INP	01295 01295 01295 01295 01295	SN7409N SN7486N SN7408N SN7404N SN7432N
A1U10 A1U11 A1U12 A1U13 A1U14	1820-1143 5 1820-0301 5 1820-0634 7 1820-0269 4 1820-0513 1	1 5 1 2	IC CNTR TTL DECD SYNCHRO IC LCH TTL D-TYPE 4-BIT IC CNTR MOD DECD IC GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP IC GATE TTL AND QUAD 2-INP	27014 01295 28480 01295 01295	DM8552N SN7475N 1820-0634 SN7403N SN7409N
A1U16 A1U17 A1U18 A1U19 A1U20	1820-0537 9 1820-0068 1 1820-0174 0 1820-0077 2 1820-0055 6	1	IC SCHMITT-TRIG TTL NAND DUAL 4-INP IC GATE TTL NAND TPL 3-INP IC INV TTL HEX 1-INP IC FF TTL D-TYPE POS-EDGE-TRIG CLEAR IC CNTR DECD SYNCHRO POS-EDGE-TRIG	01295 01295 01295 01295 01295	SN7413N SN74010N SN7404N SN7474N SN7490AN
A1U21 A1U22 A1U23 A1U24 A1U25	1820-0633 6 1820-0269 4 1820-0328 6 1820-0282 1 1820-0301 5	1 2 2	IC MISC IC GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP IC GATE TTL NOR QUAD 2-INP IC GATE TTL EXCL-OR QUAD 2-INP IC LCH TTL D-TYPE 4-BIT	28480 01295 01295 01295 01295	1820-0633 SN7403N SN7402N SN7486N SN7475N

REPLACEABLE PARTS					
REFERENCE	BLE PARTS (CONTINUED) HP PART NUMBER	QTY	DESCRIPTION	MFR CODE	MFR PART NUMBER
A1U26 A1U27 A1U28 A1U29 A1U30	1820-0301 5 1820-0301 5 1820-0538 0 1820-0282 1 1820-0282 1	2	IC LCH TTL D-TYPE 4-BIT IC LCH TTL D-TYPE 4-BIT IC GATE TTL NOR DUAL 4-INP IC GATE TTL EXCL-OR QUAD 2-INP IC GATE TTL EXCL-OR QUAD 2-INP	01295 01295 01295 01295 01295	SN7475N SN7475N SN7423N SN7486N SN7486N
A1U31 A1U32 A1U33 A1U34 A1U35	1820-0301 5 1820-0538 0 1820-0174 0 1820-0174 0 1820-0174 0		IC LCH TTL D-TYPE 4-BIT IC GATE TTL NOR DUAL 4-INP IC INV TTL HEX 1-INP IC GATE TTL OR QUAD 2-INP IC DCDR TTL BCD-TO-DEC 4-TO-10-LINE IC GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP	01295 01295 01295 01295 01295	SN7475N SN7423N SN7404N SN7404N SN7404N
A1U36 A1U37 A1U38 A1U39 A1U40	1820-0174 0 1816-2251 9 1820-0661 0 1820-0214 9 1820-0054 5	1 1 1	IC INV TTL HEX 1-INP IC GATE TTL OR QUAD 2-INP IC DCDR TTL BCD-TO-DEC 4-TO-10-LINE IC GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP	01295 28480 01295 02395 01295	SN7404N 1816-2251 SN7432N SN7442N SN7400N
A1U41	1820-0914 6	1			MC8307P
A1XU4 A1XU12 A1XU21	1200-0525 1 1200-0473 8 1200-0473 8	1 2	SOCKET-IC 20-CONT DBL STRP DIP-SLDR SCKET-IC 16-CONT DIP DIP-SLDR SOCKET-IC 16-CONT DIP DIP-SLDR	28480 28480 28480	1200-0525 1200-0473 1200-0473
			A1 MISCELLANEOUS		
	0360-0124 3 0380-0640 0 1200-0549 9 1251-2026 8 1251-2035 9	2 1 4 1 2	CONNECTOR-SGL XONT PIN .04-IN-BSC-32 RND STANDOFF-RND .5-IN-LG 6-32THD .25-IN-OD SOCKET-IC 14-CONT STRIPO DIP-SLDR CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 18-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 15-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS	28480 0000 28480 28480 28480	0360-0124 ORDER BY DESCRIPTION 1200-0549 1251-2026 1251-2035
	8159-0003 0	2	WIRE 22WG W PVC 1X22 80C		8159-0005
A2	05328-60035 8	1	OPTION 096		05328-60035
A2C1 A2C2	0180-2842 4	2	CAPCITOR-RXD 450 OUF+20% 35VDC AL	28480	0180-2842
A2C3#	0160-0576 5	7	CAPACITOR FAD 1UF +-20% 50VDC CER	28480	0160-0576
A2C4#	0160-0576 5		CAPCITOR-RXD 450 0UF+20% 35VDC AL CAPACITOR-FXD 4500UF+-20% 35 VDC AL CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER # ADDED IF NEEDED,NOT IN ALL INSTRUMENTS CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER #ADDED IF NEEDE,NOT IN ALL INSTRUMENTS	28480	0160-0576
A2C5*	0160-2203 9	1	CAPACITOR-FXD 91PF +-5% 300VDC MICA 0+70	28480	0160-2203
A2C6*	0160-0945 2	1	CAPACITOR-FXD 910FF +-5% 100VDC MICA	28480	0160-0945
A2C7	0180-0562 1	1	CAPACITOR-FXD 91PF +-5% 300VDC MICA 0+70 *FACTORY SELECTED PART CAPACITOR-FXD 910PF +-5% 100VDC MICA *FACTORY SELECTED PART CAPACITOR-FXD 33UF +-20% 10VDC TA	56289	196D336X0010KA1
A2C8 A2C9 A2C10 A2C11	0160-3879 7 0180-2827 5 0180-2827 5 0180-2832 2	2	CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 47UF+100-10% 40VDC AL CAPACITOR-FXD 47UF+100-10% 40VDC AL CAPACITOR-FXD 1000UF+100-10% 12VDC AL USE EXACT REPLACEMENT PART	28480 28480 28480 28480	0160-3879 0180-2827 0180-2827 0180-2832
A2C12	0180-2832 2		CAPACITOR-FXD 1000UF+100-10% 12VDC AL	28480	0180-2832
			CAPACITOR-FXD 1000UF+100-10% 12VDC AL USE EXACT REPLACEMENT PART CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF+-20% 35VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF+-20% 35VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 5PF +-10% 500VDC MICA #ADDED IF NEEDED,NOT IN ALL INSTRUMENTS		
A2C16 A2C17 A2C18 A2C19 A2C20#	0140-0209 9 0180-0587 0 0180-0587 0 0160-0576 5 0160-3879 7	2	CAPACITOR-FXD 5PF +-10% 500VDC MICA CAPACITOR-FXD 47UF+100-10% 25VDC AL CAPACITOR-FXD 47UF+100-10% 25VDC AL CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF +-20% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER #ADDED IF NEEDED,NOT IN ALL INSTRUMENTS	72136 56289 56289 28480 28480	DM15C050K0500WV1CR 672D476H025CC5B 672D476H025CC5B 0160-0576 0160-3879
			CAPACITOR-FXD 2.2UF +-20% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 2.2UF +-20% 50VDC CER		
A2CR1 A2CR2 A2CR3 A2CR4 A2CR5	1902-0774 0 1902-0774 0 1901-1086 7 1901-1086 7	2	DIODE-ZNR 12.1V 10% DO-15 PD=1W DIODE-ZNR 12.1V 10% DO-15 PD=1W DIODE-PWR RECT 50V 5A 200NS DIODE-PWR RECT 50CT 50V05A 200NS NOT ASSIGNED	28480 28480 04713 04713	1902-0774 1902-0774 MR820 MR820
A2CR6 A2CR7 A2CR8 A2CR9 A2CR10	1902-0522 6 1902-0522 6 1901-0040 1 1901-0040 1	2	NOT ASSIGNED DIODE-ZNR 1N53408 6V 5% PD=5W IR=1UA DIODE-ZNR 1N53408 6V 5% PD=5W IR=1UA DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO=35 DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO=35	04713 04713 28480 298480	1N5340B 1N5340B 1901-0040 1901-0040
A2CR11 A2CR12 A2CR13	1902-0632 9 1902-0632 9 1901-0638 3	2	DIODE-ZNR 1N5354B 17V 5% PD=5W TC=+75% DIODE-ZNR 1N5354B 17V 5% PD=5W TC=+75% DIODE-FW BRDG 100V 4A	04713 04713 04713	1N5354B 1N5354B MDA-970-2

REFERENCE DESIGNATION	BLE PARTS (CONTINUED) HP PART NUMBER	QTY		MFR CODE	MFR PART NUMBER	
	2110-0002 9 2110-0002 9			75915 75915	312002 312002	
A2L1 A2L2 A2L3	9100-3017 8 9100-3017 8 9100-3139 5	2	INDUCTOR:FXD: 300UH AT 5A DC INDUCTOR:FXD: 300UH AT 5A DC COIL 75UH 15% .5DX.875LG=NOM	28480 28480 28480	9100-3017 9100-3017 9100-3139	
A2Q1 A2Q2 A2Q3 A2Q4 A2Q5	1853-0363 8 1854-0635 9 1853-0326 3 1854-0634 8 1854-0492 6	2 3 1 1 2	TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=50W TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=50W TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=1W FT=50MHZ TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=1W FT=MHZ TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=250MHZ	03508 03508 28480 04713 28480	X45H281 D44H5 1853-0326 MPS-U01 1854-0492	
A2Q6 A2Q7 A2Q8 A2Q9 A2Q10	1853-0016 8 1853-0363 8 1854-0635 9 1854-0492 6 1853-0016 8	2	TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=50W TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=50W TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=1W FT=50MHZ TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=1W FT=MHZ TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=250MHZ TRANSISTOR PNP SI TO -92 PD=300MW TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=50W TRANSISTOR NPN SI PF=50W TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=350MW FT=250MHZ TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=350MW FT=250MHZ TRANSISTOR PNP SI TO=92 PD=300MW	28480 03508 03508 28480 28480	1853-0016 X45H281 D44H5 1854-0492 1853-0016	
A2Q11	1854-0635 9		TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=50W	03508	D44H5	
A2R1 A2R2 A2R3 A2R4 A2R5	0761-0026 4 0761-0026 4 0683-1015 7 0683-1015 7 0683-1025 9	2	RESISTOR 220 5% 1W MO TC=0+-200 RESISTOR 220 5% 1W MO TC=0+-200 RESISTOR 100 5% .25W FC TC=400/+500 RESISTOR 100 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500 RESISTOR 1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600	28480 28480 01121 01121 01121	0761-0026 0761-0026 CB1015 CB1015 CB1025	
A2R6 A2R7 A2R8 A2R9 A2R10	0683-1025 9 0683-6815 5 0683-6815 5 0698-3620 5 0698-3620 5	2	RESISTOR 1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 680 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 680 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 100 5% 2W MO TC=0+-200 RESISTOR 100 5% 2W MO TC=0+-200	01121 01121 01121 28480 28480	CB1025 CB6815 CB6815 0698-3620 0698-3620	
A2R11 A2R12 A2R13 A2R14 A2R15	0683-8245 9 0683-1055 5 0683-4725 2 0683-1025 9	1	RESISTOR 820K 5% .25W FC TC=-800/+900 RESISTOR 1M 5% .25W FC TC=-800/+900 RESISTOR 4.7K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 PESISTOR 1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/-600	01121 01121 01121 01121	CB8245 CB1055 CB4725 CB1025 CR1025	
A2R16 A2R17 A2R18 A2R19 A2R20	0698-3160 8 0757-0428 1 0757-0454 3 0683-1025 9 0683-1025 9	1 1 1	RESISTOR 31.6K 1%.125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 1.62K 1%.125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 33.2K 1%.125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 4K 5%.25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 1K 5%.25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 2K 1%.125W FC TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 2K 1%.125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 1K 1%.125W F TC=0+-100	24546 24546 24546 01121 01121	C4-1/8-T0-3162-F C4-1/8-T0-1621-F C4-1/8-T0-3322-F CB1025 CB1025	
A2R21 A2R22 A2R23 A2R24 A2R25	0683-1025 9 0683-1025 9 0757-0283 6 0757-0283 6 0757-0280 3	2	RESISTOR 1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 2K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 2K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 1K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100	01121 01121 24546 24546 24546	CB1025 CB1025 C4-1/8-T0-2001-F C4-1/8-T0-2001-F C4-1/8-T0-1001-F	
A2R26 A2R27 A2R28 A2R29 A2R30	0757-0280 3 2100-1738 9 0757-0280 3 0683-4725 2 0683-1135 2	1	RESISTOR 1K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR-TRMR 10K 10% C TOP-ADJ 1-TRN RESISTOR 1K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 4.7K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 11K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+800	24546 73138 24546 01121 01121	C4-1/8-T0-1001-F 82PR10K C4-1/8-T0-1001-F CB4725 CB1135	
A2R31 A2R32 A2R33	0683-2715 6 0811-3050 7	1	RESISTOR 270 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR .75 5% .5W PW TC=0+-150	01121 75042	CB2715 BW20-1-3/4-J	
A2R34 A2R35	0811-1340 4 0811-1340 4	2	RESISTOR 1 5% 5W PW TC=0+-50 RESISTOR 1 5% 5W PW TC=0+-50	28480 28480	0811-1340 0811-1340	
			RESISTOR 1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600	01121 01121	CB1025 CB1025	
A2U1 A2U2 A2U3 A2U4 A2U5	1826-0065 0 1826-0065 0 1820-0477 6 1820-0477 6 1820-0439 0	2 2 2	IC 311 COMPARATOR 8-DIP-P	01295 207014 27014	SN72311P SN72311P LM301AN LM301AN 723PC	
			FUSEHOLDER-CLIP TYPE.250-FUSE FUSEHOLDER-CLIP TYPE.25D-FUSE		2110-0269 2110-0269	
A2XQ1 A2XQ2 A2XQ7 A2XQ6 A2XQ11	1251-3246 6 1251-3246 6 1251-3246 6 1251-3246 6 1251-3246 6	5	CONNECTOR 3-PIN F	28480 28480 28480 28480	1251-3240 1251-3246 1251-3246 1251-3246 1251-3246 1251-3246	
A3	05328-60027 8	1	OSCILLATOR SUPPORT (SERIES 1744)	28480	05328-60027	
				28480	10544-60011	
A3C1 A3C2 A3C3 A3C4 A3C5	0180-1746 5 0160-0576 5 0160-3877 5 0160-0576 5 0180-0116 1	1 1 1	CAPACITOR-FXD 15UF+-10% 20VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 100PF +-20% 200VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 6.8UF+10% 35VDC TA	56289 28480 28480 28480 56289	150D156X9020B2 0160-0576 0160-3877 0160-0576 150D685X9035B2	

REPLACEABLE PARTS					
REFERENCE DESIGNATION	BLE PARTS (CONTINUED) HP PART NUMBER	QTY	DESCRIPTION	MFR CODE	MFR PART NUMBER
A3C6 A3C7 A3C9 A3C10 A3C11	0160-0576 5 0160-3876 4 0160-2055 9 0160-2055 9 0140-0221 5	1 2	CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 47PF +-20% 200VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 220PF +-1% 300VDC MICA	28480 28480 28480 28480 72136	0160-0576 0160-3876 0160-2055 0160-2055 DM15F221F0300WV1C
A3C12 A3C13 A3C14 A3C15 A3C16	0121-0180 5 0140-0221 5 0160-3875 3 0121-0180 5 0160-3456 6	2 1 1	CAPACITOR-V TRMR-CER 15-60PF 200V PC-MTG CAPACITOR-FXD 220PF +-1% 300VDC MICA CAPACITOR-FXD 22PF +-5% 200VDC CER 0+-30 CAPACITOR-V TRMR-CER 15-60PF 200V PC-MTG CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-10% 1KVDC CER	52763 72136 28480 52763 28480	304324 15/60PF N1500 DM15F221F0300WV1C 0160-3875 304324 15/60PF N1500 0160-3456
A3C17 A3C18 A3C19	0160-2055 9 0160-2055 9 0160-0576 5		CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER	28480 28480 28480	0160-2055 0160-2055 0160-0576
A3CR1 A3CR2 A3CR3	1902-0579 3 1901-0040 1 1901-0040 1	1	DIODE-ZNR 5.11V 5% DO=15 PD=1W TC=009% DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35	28480 28480 28480	1902-0579 1901-0040 1901-0040
A3L1 A3L2 A3L3 A3L4	9140-0131 5 9100-1788 6 9140-0096 1 9140-0096 1	1 1 2	COIL-MLD 10MM 5% Q=80 .24DX.74LG-NOM CHOKE-WIDE BAND ZMAX=680 OHM@ 180 MHZ COIL-MLD 1UH 10% Q=50 .155DX.375LG-NOM COIL-MLD 1UH 10% Q=50 .155DX.375LG-NOM TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=350MW FT=300MHZ TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=350MW FT=300MHZ TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=310MW FT=250MHZ	28480 02114 28480 28480	9140-0131 VK200 20/48 9140-0096 9140-0096
A3Q1 A3Q2 A3Q3	1854-0215 1 1854-0215 1 1853-0036 2	5 1	TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=350MW FT=300MHZ TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=350MW FT=300MHZ TRANSISOTR PNP SI PD=310MW FT=250MHZ	04713 04713 28480	SPS 3611 SPS 3611 1853-0036
A3R1 A3R2 A3R3 A3R5 A3R6	0683-1025 9 0683-1025 9 0683-1225 1 0683-1035 1	1	RESISTOR 1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 1.2K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700	01121 01121 01121 01121	CB1025 CB1025 CB1225 CB1035
A3R7 A3R8 A3R9 A3R10 A3R11	0683-0475 1 0757-0200 7 0757-0439 4 0683-4715 0 0683-1015 7	1 1 1	RESISTOR 1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 1.2K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 1.0K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500 RESISTOR 4.7 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500 RESISTOR 5.62K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 6.81K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 470 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 100 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500	01121 24546 24546 01121 01121	CB47G5 C4-1/8-T0-5621-F C4-1/8-T0-6811-F CB4715 CB1015
A3R12 A3R13 A3R14 A3R15 A3R16	0683-1005 5 0811-1856 7 2100-3103 6 0683-1025 9 0683-1035 1	1 1 1	RESISTOR 10 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500 RESISTOR 250 5% 5W PW TC=0+-20 RESISTOR-TRMR 10K 10% C SIDE-ADJ 17-TRN RESISTOR 1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700	01121 28480 02111 01121 01121	CB1005 0811-1856 43P103 CB1025 CB1035
A3R17 A3R18 A3R19	0683-1035 1 0683-1025 9 0698-3136 8	1	RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 17.8K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100	01121 01121 24546	CB1035 CB1025 C4-1/8-T0-1782-F
A3U1 A3U2 A3U3 A3U4 A3U5	1820-1490 5 1820-1428 9 1820-0439 0 1820-1052 5 1826-0276 5	1 1 2 1	IC CNTR TTL LS DECD ASYNCHRO IC MUXR/DATA-SEL TTL LS 2-TO-1-LINE QUAD IC V RGLTR 14-DIP-P IC XL TR ECL/TTL ECL-TO-TTL QUAD 2-INP IC 78L05A V RGLTR TO-92	01295 01295 07263 04913 04713	SN74LS90N SN74LS158N 723PC MC10125L MC78L05ACP
A3W1	05328-60115 5 8120-0229 9 0890-0029 0 1250-0824 8	1 1 1	CABLE ASSEMBLY, OSCILLATOR CABLE-COAX 50-OHM 29PF/FT TUBING-HS .187-D/.093-RCVD .02-WALL CONNECTOR-RF SMC FEM UNNTD 50-OHM CONNECTOR-RF BNC FEM SGL-HOLE-RR 50-OHM CONTACT-RF CONN/TNCIFEM CTR BUSHING RF CONN BNC/TNCI FOR INTL SLEEVE-RF CONN SER BNC/TNC NUT-RF CONN BNC/TNCI CLAMP NUT FOR	28480 28480 28480 28480	05328-60115 8120-0229 0890-0029 1250-0824
			A3 MISCELLANEOUS		
	0380-0310 1 1250-0835 1 1251-2035 9 8159-0005 0	5 1	STANDOFF-RVT-ON .75-IN-LG 6-32THD CONNECTOR-RF SMC M PC 50-OHM CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 15-CONT/ROW 2ROWS WIRE 22AWG W PVC 1X22 80C	0000 28480 28480 28480	ORDER BY DESCRIPTION 1250-0835 1251-2035 8159-0005
A4	05328-60005 2	1	FUNCTION SELECTOR	28480	05328-60005
A4C1 A4C2 A4C3 A4C4 A4C5	0160-3879 7 0160-4084 8 0140-0215 7 0140-0215 7	1 2	NOT ASSIGNED CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 80PF +-2% 300VDC MICA CAPACITOR-FXD 80PF +-2% 300VDC MICA	28480 28460 72136 72136	0160-3879 0160-4084 DM15E800G0300WV1CR DM15E800G0300WV1CR
A4C6 A4C7 A4C8 A4C9 A4C10	0160-2055 9 0180-0210 6 0160-2055 9 0180-0210 6 0160-2055 9		CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 3.3UF+-20% 15VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 3.3UF+-20% 15VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20% 100VDC CER	28480 56289 28480 56289 28480	0160-2055 150D335X0015A2 0160-2055 150D335X0015A2 0160-2055

REPLACEABLE PARTS					
REFERENCE	ABLE PARTS (CONTINUED HP PART NUMBER	QTY	DESCRIPTION	MFR CODE	MFR PART NUMBER
A4C11 A4C12 A4C13 A4C14	0160-0342 3 0140-0214 6 0160-2055 9 0160-2055 9	1	CAPACITOR-FXD 800PF +-1% 300VDC MICA CAPACITOR-FXD 60PF +-5% 300VDC MICA CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20% 100VDC CER	28480 72136 28480 28480	0160-0342 DM15E600J0300WV1CR 0160-2055 0160-2055
A4C16 A4C17	0140-0202 2 0160-0153 4	1	CAPACITOR FAD 1010F +00 20% 1000DC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 15PF +-5% 500VDC MICA CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-10% 200VDC POLYE	72136 28480	DM15C150J0500WV1CR 0160-0153
A4Q1 A4Q2 A4Q3	1854-0215 1 1854-0215 1		TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=350MW FT=300MHZ TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=350MW FT=300MHZ TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=350MW FT=300MHZ	04713 04713	SPS 3611 SPS 3611
A4R1 A4R2 A4R3	0683-5115 6 0683-1315 0 0683-8205 1	3	RESISTOR 510 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 130 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 82 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500	01121 01121 01121	CB5115 CB1315 CB8205
A4R4 A4R5	0683-5115 6 0683-5115 6		RESISTOR 510 5% .25W FC TC=-400/=600 RESISTOR 510 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600	01121 01121	CB5115 CB5115
A4R6 A4R7 A4R8 A4R9 A4R10	0683-2025 1 0683-1815 5 0683-2025 1 0683-1815 5 0683-2025 1	4 7	RESISTOR 510 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 130 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 82 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500 RESISTOR 510 5% .25W FC TC=-400/=600 RESISTOR 510 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 2K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 180 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 2K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 180 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 2K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 2K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700	01121 01121 01121 01121 01121	CB2025 CB1815 CB2025 CB1815 CB2025
A4R11 A4R12 A4R13 A4R14	0683-1815 5 0683-2025 1 0683-1815 5 0683-1825 7	11	RESISTOR 180 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 2K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 180 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 1.8K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 430 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600	01121 01121 01121 01121	CB1815 CB2025 CB1815 CB1825
A4R15 A4R16	0683-4315 6 0683-1825 7		RESISTOR 430 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 1.8K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700	01121	CB4315 CB1825
A4R17 A4R18 A4R19 A4R20	0683-1815 5 0683-1815 5 0683-1825 7 0683-8205 1		RESISTOR 180 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 180 55 .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 1.8K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 82 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500	01121 01121 01121 01121	CB1815 CB1815 CB1825 CB8205
A4R21 A4R22 A4R23 A4R24 A4R25	0683-1315 0 0683-1825 7 0683-1825 7 0683-1825 7		RESISTOR 1.8K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 180 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 180 55 .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 1.8K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 8.2 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500 RESISTOR 130 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 1.3K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 1.8K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 1.8K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 1.8K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 1.0K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700	01121 01121 01121 01121	CB1315 CB1825 CB1825 CB1825 CB1035
A4R26 A4R27 A4R28	0683-4315 6 0683-2715 6 0683-3315 4		RESISTOR 430 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 270 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 330 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 1.8K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 1.8K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700	01121 01121 01121	CB4315 CB2715 CR3315
A4R29 A4R30	0683-1825 7 0683-1825 7		RESISTOR 1.8K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 1.8K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700	01121 01121	CB1825 CB1825
A4R31 A4R32 A4R33 A4R34 A4R35	0683-2725 8 0683-2725 8 0683-2725 8 0683-1825 7 0683-1815 5		RESISTOR 2.7K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 2.7K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 2.7K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 1.8K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 180 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600	01121 01121 01121 01121 01121	CB2725 CB2725 CB2725 CB1825 CB1815
A4R36 A4R37 A4R38 A4R39 A4R40	0683-8205 1 0683-1315 0 0683-5115 6 0683-2715 6 0683-2715 6		RESISTOR 82 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500 RESISTOR 130 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 510 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 270 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 270 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600	01121 01121 01121 01121 01121	CB8205 CB1315 CB5115 CB2715 CB2715
A4R41 A4R42 A4R43 A4R44 A4R45	0683-6815 5 0683-1825 7 1810-0041 9 1810-0080 6 0698-5103 3	1 1	RESISTOR 680 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 1.8K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 NETWORK-RES 9-PIN 81P .15-PIN-SPCG NETWORK-RES 8-PIN-SIP .125-PIN-SPCG RESISTOR 430 5% .125W CC TC=-330/+800	01121 01121 28480 28480 01121	CB6815 CB1825 1810-0041 1810-0080 BB4315
A4R46	0683-1825 7		RESISTOR 1.8K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700	01121	CB1825
A4U1 A4U2 A4U3 A4U4 A4U5	1820-1225 4 1820-1052 5 1820-0629 0 1820-0629 0 1820-0622 3	1 2 1	IC FF ECL D-M/8 DUAL IC XLTR ECL/TTL ELC-TO-TTL QUAD 2-INP IC FF TTL 8 J-K NEG-EDGE-TRIG IC FF TTL 8 J-K NEG-EDGE-TRIG IC MUXR/DATA-SEL TTL 8-TO-1-LINE 8INP	04713 04713 01295 01295 01295	MC10231P MC10125L SN748112N SN74S112N SN74151AN
A4U6 A4U7 A4U8 A4U9 A4U10	1820-0829 2 1820-0809 8 1820-0802 1 1820-0328 6 1820-0074 9	1 1 1	IC MUXR/DATA-SEL ECL 8-TO-1-LINE 8-INP IC RCVR ECL LINE RCVR QUAD 2-INP IC GATE ECL NOR QUAD 2-INP IC GATE TTL NOR QUAD 2-INP IC GATE TTL AND-OR-INV 2-INP	04713 04713 04713 01295 01295	MC10164L MC10115P MC10102P SN7402N SN7454N
			A4 MISCELLANEOUS		
	1480-0116 8 4040-0752 9	1 1	PIN-GRV .062-IN-DIA .25-IN-LG STL EXTRACTOR-PC BOARD YEL POLYC	28480 28480	1480-0116 4040-0752
A5			NOT ASSIGNED		
A6			NOT ASSIGNED		
A7 SEE INTRODUCTION TO	O THIS SECTION FOR OR	DERING	NOT ASSIGNED INFORMATION		

REFERENCE DESIGNATION	HP PART NUMBER	QTY	DESCRIPTION	MFR CODE	MFR PART NUMBER
A8 A8C1 A8C2 A8C3 A8C4 A8C5	05328-60032 5 0160-4084 8 0180-0428 8 0180-0428 8 0180-0155 8 0160-4084 8	1 6 16	"C" CHANNEL INPUT (SERIES 1736) CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 68UF+-20% 6VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 68UF+-20% 6VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 2.2UF+-20% 20VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF +-20% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 68UF+-20% 6VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 68UF+-20% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 15UF+-10% 20VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 15UF+-10% 20VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 50VDC CER	28480 28480 28480 28480 56289 28480	05328-60032 0160-4084 0180-0428 0180-0428 150D225X0020A2 0160-4084
A8C6 A8C7 A8C8 A8C9 A8C11	0180-1701 2 0160-2599 6 0160-1084 8 0160-3879 7 0160-3878 6	1 1 39 6	CAPACITOR-FXD 68UF+-20% 6VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 680PF +-10% 200VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 100PF +-20% 100VDC CER	56289 28480 28480 28480 28480	150D685X0006A2 0160-2599 0160-4084 0160-3879 0160-3878
A8C12 A8C13 A8C14 A8C15 A8C16	0160-3879 7 0160-4084 8 0180-0474 4 0180-0474 4 0160-4084 8	2	CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 15UF+-10% 20VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 15U+-10% 20VEDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0160-3879 0160-4084 0180-0474 0180-0474 0160-4084
A8C17 A8C18 A8C20 A8C21 A8C22	0160-3879 7 0160-3878 6 0160-3878 6 0160-3879 7 0160-3879 7		CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 100PF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0160-3879 0160-3878 0160-3878 0160-3879 0160-3879
A8C23 A8C24 A8C25 A8C26 A8C27	0160-3879 7 0160-3878 6 0160-4084 8 0160-3879 7 0180-0428 8		CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 100PF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 6VDC TA	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0160-3879 0160-3878 0160-4084 0160-3879 0180-0428
A8C28 A8C29 A8C30 A8C31	0160-2055 9 0160-2055 9 0160-2055 9 0160-3878 6	4	CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 68UF+-20% 6VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 200VDC CER	28480 28480 28480 28480	0160-2055 0160-2055 0160-2055 0160-3878
A8C32 A8C33 A8C34	0180-0428 8 0160-3878 6 0160-4182 7	1	CAPACITOR-FXD 68UF+-20% 6VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 200VDC CER	28480 28480 51642	0180-0428 0160-3878 200-200-X7R-103M
A8CR1 A8CR2 A8CR3 A8CR4 A8CR5	1901-0050 3 1901-0518 8 1901-0518 8 1901-0518 8 1901-0518 8	6 4	DIODE-SWITHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SCHOTTKY DIODE-SCHOTTKY DIODE-SCHOTTKY DIODE-SHOTTKY DIODE-SCHOTTKY DIODE-SCHOTTKY DIODE-SCHOTTKY DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SCHOTTKY	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	1901-0050 1901-0518 1901-0518 1901-0518 1901-0518
A8CR6 A8CR7 A8CR8 A8CR9 A8CR10	1901-0535 9 1901-0535 9 1901-0050 3 1901-0050 3 1901-0535 9	4	DIODE-SCHOTTKY DIODE-SCHOTTKY DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SCHOTTKY	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	1901-0535 1901-0535 1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0535
A8CR11 A8CR12 A8CR13 A8CR14	1901-0050 3 1901-0050 3 1901-0050 3 1901-0535 9		DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SCHOTTKY	28480 28480 28480 28480	1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0535
A8F1	2110-0301 1 05305-20104 1 05305-20105 2 05305-60205 7 05305-60206 8	1 1 1 1	FUSE .125 125V FAST-BLO .281X.093 FUSE HOLDER INSULATOR CONNECTOR ASSEMBLY, BNC CONNECTOR ASSEMBLY, SMC	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	2110-0301 05305-20104 05305-20105 05305-60205 05305-60206
A8L1 A8L2 A8L3 A8L4 A8L5	9100-1788 6 9100-1788 6 9140-0137 1 9100-1788 6 05303-80001 1	3 1 1	CHOKE-WIDE BAND ZMAX=680 OHM@ 180 MHZ CHOKE-WIDE BAND ZMAX=680 OHM@ 180 MHZ COIL-MLD 1MH 5% Q=60 .19DX.44LG-NOM CHOKE-WIDE BAND ZMAX=680 OHM@ 180 MHZ COIL, PEAKING	02114 02114 28480	VK200 20/48 VK200 20/48 9140-0137 VK200 20/48 05303-80001
A8Q1 A8Q2 A8Q3 A8Q4 A8Q5	1854-0071 7 1854-0071 7 1854-0092 2 1854-0092 2 1854-0092 2	8	TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=300MW FT=200MHZ TRANSISTOR NNPN SI PD=300MW FT=200MHZ TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=200MW FT=600MHZ TRANSISTOR NPN SI PF=200MW FT=600MHZ TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=200MW FT=600MHZ	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	1854-0071 1854-0071 1854-0092 1854-0092 1854-0092
A8Q6 A8Q7 A8Q8	1854-0092 2 1854-0071 7 1853-0036 2	2	TRANSISTOR NPN SI PS=200MW FT=600MHZ TRANSISTOR NPN SI P=300MW FT=200MHZ NOT ASSIGNED TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=310MW FT=250MHZ	28480 28480	1854-0092 1854-0071
A8Q9 A8R1 A8R2 A8R3 A8R4 A8R5	0683-1035 1 0683-1035 1 0683-2715 6 0683-2715 5 0683-1035 1	34 7 5	RESISTOR PNP S1 PD=310MW FT=250MHZ RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 270 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 1M 5% .25W FC TC=-800/+900 RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700	28480 01121 01121 01121 01121 01121	1853-0036 CB1035 CB1035 CB2715 CB1055 CB1035

REPLACEABLE PARTS					
TABLE 6-1. REPLACEA	BLE PARTS (CONTINUED)				
REFERENCE	HP PART NUMBER	QTY	DESCRIPTION	MFR	MFR PART NUMBER
DESIGNATION	NUMBER			CODE	
3.00.6	0602 1025 1		RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 120 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 820 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 270 5% .125W CC TC=-330/+800	01101	GD1025
ASRb	0683-1035 I		RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+/00	01121	CB1035
AGR/	0683-8215 3	4	RESISTOR 120 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600	01121	CB1215
A8R9	0683-1035 1	-	RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700	01121	CB1035
A8R10	0698-8354 2	1	RESISTOR 270 5% .125W CC TC=-330/+800	01121	BB2715
A8R11	0698-6283 2	3	RESISTOR 10 5% .125W CC TC=-120/+400	01121	BB1005
A8R12	0683-5615 1	4	RESISTOR 560 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600	01121	CB5615
A8R12	2100-2522 1	1	RESISTOR-TRMR 10K 10% C SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN	30983	ET50X103
A8R13	0698-3378 0		RESISTOR 51 5% .125W CC TC=-270/+540	01121	BB5105
A8R14	0683-8205 1	2	RESISTOR 10 5% .125W CC TC=-120/+400 RESISTOR 560 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR-TRNR 10K 10% C SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN RESISTOR 51 5% .125W CC TC=-270/+540 RESISTOR 82 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500	01121	CB8205
30D1E	0603 1135 0	4	DECICEOD 1 1V E% 25W EG EG 400/.700	01101	GD112E
78D16	0683-8215	3	RESISIOR 1.1A 5% .25W FC 1C=-400/+/00	DECICA	OBI125
A8R17	0757-1001 8	1	RESISTOR 56 2 1% 5W F TC=0+-100	28480	0757-1001
A8R18	0683-3015 1	2	RESISTOR 300 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600	01121	CB3015
A8R19	0683-5125 8	6	RESISTOR 1.1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 300 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 300 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 5.1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 120 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+800 RESISTOR 51K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+800 RESISTOR 470 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 51 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 51 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700	01121	CB5125
A8R20	0683-1215 9		RESISTOR 120 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600	01121	CB1215
A8R21	0683-5135 0	2	RESISTOR 51K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+800	01121	CB5135
A8R22	0683-4715 0	2	RESISTOR 470 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600	01121	CB4715
A0K23 AQD24	0693-5125 8		RESISION SI 56 .125W CC IC=-2/0/+540 PEGIGTOD 5 1K 59 25W EC TC=-400/±700	01121	CD5125
AORZ4	0003 3123 0		RESISTOR 5.1R 5% .25W PC 1C= 400/1700	01121	CDS125
A8R25	0683-1125 0		RESISTOR 1.1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700	01121	CB1125
A8R26	0683-8205 1		RESISTOR 82 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500	01121	CB8205
A8R27	0683-5105 4	9	RESISTOR 51 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500	01121	CB5105
A8R28	0683-5615 1		RESISTOR 560 55 .25W FC TC=-400/+600	01121	CB5615
A8R29*	0698-7080 9	4	RESISTOR 27 5% .125W CC TC=-270/+540	01121	BB2705
			RESISTOR 1.1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 82 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500 RESISTOR 51 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500 RESISTOR 560 55 .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 27 5% .125W CC TC=-270/+540 *FACTORY SELECTED PART		
Δ8₽30*	0695-7080 9		RESISTOR 27 5% .125W CC TC=-270/+540 *FACTORY SELECTED PART RESISTOR 1.1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 1.1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 2K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 51 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500 RESISTOR 51 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500 RESISTOR 51 5% .125W CC TC=-270/+540 RESISTOR 30 5% .125W CC TC=-270/+540 RESISTOR 51 5% .125W CC TC=-270/=540	01121	BB2705
0.031011	0000 1000 3		*FACTORY SELECTED PART	01121	C01200
A8R31	0683-1125 0		RESISTOR 1.1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700	01121	CB1125
A8R32	0683-1125 0		RESISTOR 1.1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700	01121	CB1125
A8R33	0683-2025 1		RESISTOR 2K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700	01121	CB2025
A8R34	0683-5105 4		RESISTOR 51 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500	01121	CB5105
A8R35	0683-5105 4		RESISTOR 51 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500	01121	CB5105
A8K36 A9D27	0698-3378 0	1	RESISTOR 51 5% .125W CC TC=-270/+540	01121	BB2102
A8R38	0698-3378 0	Τ.	RESISTOR 50 5% .125W CC TC=-270/+540	01121	BB5105
Holeso	0000 3370 0		MBJBJOR 31 30 .123W CC 1C- 2707-310	01121	DDJ103
A8R39*	0683-2025 1	11	RESISTOR 2K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 *FACTORY SELECTED PART RESISTOR 51 5% .125W CC TC=-270/+540 *FACTORY SELECTED PART	01121	CB2025
			*FACTORY SELECTED PART		
A8R40*	0698-3378 0	7	RESISTOR 51 5% .125W CC TC=-270/+540	01121	BB5105
3.07.41	0600 4101 5	-	*FACTORY SELECTED PART	01101	PPE60E
A8R41	0698-4131 5	1	RESISTOR 56 5% .125W CC TC=-270/+540	01121	BB5605
A8P42*	0683-1215 9	4	RESISTOR 120 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 *FACTORY SELECTED PART RESISTOR 180 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 51 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500 RESISTOR 51 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500 RESISTOR 51 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500 RESISTOR 51 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 470 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 5.1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 5.1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+800 RESISTOR 120 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 120 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 330 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600	01121	CB1215
AOR42	0003 1213 9	-	*FACTORY SELECTED PART	01121	CDIZIO
A8R43	0683-1815 5	3	RESISTOR 180 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600	01121	CB1815
A8R44	0683-5105 4		RESISTOR 51 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500	01121	CB5105
A8R45	0683-5105 4		RESISTOR 51 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500	01121	CB5105
A8R46	0698-3378 0		RESISTOR 51 5% .125W CC TC=-270/+540	01121	BB5105
A8R4 /	0683-4715 0		RESISTOR 4/0 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600	01121	CB4/15
A8K48 A9D40	0603-5125 8		RESISTOR 5.1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+/00	01121	CB5125
A8R50	0683-5125 0		RESISTOR 51K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700	01121	CB5125
A8R51	0683-1215 9		RESISTOR 120 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600	01121	CB1215
A8R52	0683-3315 4	7	RESISTOR 330 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600	01121	CB3315
A8R53	0683-5615 1		RESISTOR 560 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600	01121	CB5615
A8R54	0683-3015 1		RESISTOR 330 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 560 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 300 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 5.1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700	01121	CB3015
A8R56 A8R57*	0757-0959 3	1	RESISTOR 51K 2% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 30K 2% .125W F TC=0+-100 *FACTORY SELECTED PART RESISTOR 1K 2% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 51 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500	24546	C4-1/8-T0-3102-G
		-	*FACTORY SELECTED PART	_ 10 10	, 5 10 5002 G
A8R58	0757-0924 2	1	RESISTOR 1K 2% .125W F TC=0+-100	24546	C4-1/8-T0-1001-G
A8R59	0683-5105 4		RESISTOR 51 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500	01121	CB5105
A8R60	0683-5105 4	2	RESISTOR 51 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500	01121	CB5105
A8R61	0683-2215 1	3	RESISTOR 220 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600	01121	CB2215
78D63	0683-5105 4		RESISION 51 5% .25W FC IC=-400/+500 DESISTOR 51 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500	01121	CB5105
A8R64	0683-1815 5		RESISTOR 51 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500 RESISTOR 220 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 51 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500 RESISTOR 51 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500 RESISTOR 18005% .25W FC TC=-400/+600	01121	CB1815
			2 3222 20001 .250 25 25 250/1000		
A8R65	0683-4705 8	1	RESISTOR 47 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500	01121	CB4705
A8R66	0683-1025 9	15	RESISTOR 1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600	01121	CB1025
A8R67	0698-3378 0		RESISTOR 47 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500 RESISTOR 1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 51 5% .125W CC TC=-270/+540 RESISTOR 1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 20 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500	01121	BB5105
A8R68	0683-1025 9	-	RESISTOR 1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600	01121	CB1025
A8R69	0683-2005 7	5	RESISTOR 20 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500	01121	CB2005
A8R70 A8R71 A8R72	0683-1025 0		RESISTOR 1K 5% 25W FC TC=-400/±600	01121	CB1025
A8R71	0683-1025 9		RECISTOR 1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600	01121	CB1025
A8R72	0683-2005 7		RESISTOR 20 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500	01121	CB2005
A8R73	0683-1025 9		RESISTOR 1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600	01121	CB1025
A8R74	1810-0080 6	7	RESISTOR 1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RECISTOR 1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 20 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500 RESISTOR 1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 NETWORK-RES 8-PIN-SIP .125-PIN-SPCG	28480	1810-0080

TABLE 6-1 PEDIACEA	BLE PARTS (CONTINUED)				
REFERENCE DESIGNATION	HP PART NUMBER	QTY	DESCRIPTION	CODE	MFR PART NUMBER
A8R75 A8R76	0683-1525 4 0683-5125 8	7	RESISTOR 1.5K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 5.1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 560 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 2K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 270 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600	01121 01121	CB1525 CB5125
A8R77	0683-5615 1		RESISTOR 560 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600	01121	CB5615
A8R78 A8R79	0683-2025 1 0683-2715 6		RESISTOR 2K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 270 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600	01121 01121	CB2025 CB2715
A8R80	0683-2025 1		RESISTOR 2K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700	01121	CB2025
A8R81	0683-2025 1		RESISTOR 2K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700	01121	CB2025
A8R83*	0698-7080 9		RESISTOR 27 5% .125W CC TC=-270/+540 *FACTORY SELECTED PART	01121	BB2705
A8R84*	0698-7080 9		RESISTOR 2K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 2K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 27 5% .125W CC TC=-270/+540 *FACTORY SELECTED PART RESISTOR 27 5% .125W CC TC=-270/+540 *FACTORY SELECTED PART	01121	BB2705
A8R85	2100-2633 5	3	RESISTOR-TRMR 1K 10% C SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN	30983	ET50X102
A8R86	0683-1035 1		RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700	01121	CB1035
A8R88			NOT ASSIGNED		
A8R89	0683-4745 6	1	RESISTOR-TRMR 1K 10% C SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 NOT ASSIGNED NOT ASSIGNED RESISTOR 470K 5% .25W FC TC=-800/+900	01121	CB4745
A8U1	1826-0084 3	1	IC WIDEBAND AMPL	28480	1826-0084
A8U2	1826-0085 4	1	IC, AMPLIFIER IC WIDEBAND AMPL	28480	1826-0151
A8U3	1820-2112 0	1	IC WIDEBAND AMPL IC, AMPLIFIER IC WIDEBAND AMPL *FACTORY SELECTED PART	28480	1820-2112
A8U4	1820-0736 0	1	IC CNTR ECL BIN DUAL IC CNTR ECL BI-QUINARY IC XLTR ECL/TTL ECL-TO-TTL QUAD 2-INP IC LCH TTL D-TYPE 4-BIT IC GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP	28480	1820-0736
A8U4 A8U5	1820-1019 4	1	IC CNTR ECL BI-QUINARY	28480	1820-1019
A8U6 A8U7	1820-1052 5 1820-0301 5	1	IC ALTR ECL/TTL ECL-TO-TTL QUAD 2-INP IC LCH TTL D-TYPE 4-BIT	01295	MC10125L SN7475N
A8U8	1820-0514 2	2	IC GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP	01295	SN7426N
A8U9	1826-0139 9	2	IC 1428 OP AMP 8-DIP-P IC 1458 OP AMP 8-DIP-P IC GATE ECL OR-NOR TPL IC GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP IC 8-DIP-P	01928	CA1458G
A8U11	1826-0139 9 1820-0803 2	3	IC 1458 OP AMP 8-DIP-P IC GATE ECL OR-NOR TPL	01928	MC10105P
A8U12	1820-0514 2	1	IC GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP	01295	SN7426N
A8U13	1826-0419 8	1	IC 8-DIP-P	27014	TM3303N
A8W1	05328-60116 6 8120-0029 7	1	CABLE ASSEMBLY, FREQUENCY "C" CABLE-SHID 18AWG 2-CNDCT JGK-JKT	28480	05328-60116 8120-0029
	05328-60119 9	1	CABLE ASSEMBLY, TEST	28480	05328-60119
	0890-0029 0 1250-0824 8	1	TUBING-HS .187-D/.093-RCVD .02-WALL	28480	0890-0029 1250-0824
	1250-0833 9	1	CABLE ASSEMBLY, FREQUENCY "C" CABLE-SHLD 18AWG 2-CNDCT JGK-JKT CABLE ASSEMBLY, TEST TUBING-HS .187-D/.093-RCVD .02-WALL CONNECTOR-FF SMC FEM UNMTD 50-0HM TERMINATION-COAX CA CRP/CLP-COAX-CA FEM	28480	1250-0833
A8W2	05328-60120 2		CABLE, OVERLOAD INDICATOR CONNECTOR-SGL CONT SKT RND LED-VISIBLE LUM-INT-3MCD IF=20MA-MAX WIRE 24AWG O 300 PVC 7X32 80C WIRE 24AWG Y 300V PVC 7X32 80C	28480	05328-60120
	1200-0063 2 1990-0517 4	2 1	CONNECTOR-SGL CONT SKT RND LED-VISIBLE LUM-INT-3MCD IF=20MA-MAX	28480 28480	1200-0063 5082-4655
	8150-0450 1	1	WIRE 24AWG O 300 PVC 7X32 80C	28480	8150-0450
	8150-0451 2	1	WIRE 24AWG Y 300V PVC 7X32 80C	28480	8150-0451
			A8 MISCELLANEAUS		
	0380-0310 1 1200-0475 0	4 81	STANDOFF-RVT-ON .75-IN-LG 6-32THD CONNECTOR-SGL CONT SKT .016-IN-BBC-8Z CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN .114-MM-BSC-8Z SQ CONNECTOR-SGL CONT SKT .033-IN-BSC-8Z PIN-GRV .062-IN-DOA .25-IN-LG STL	0000 28480	ORDER BY DESCRIPTION 1200-0475
	1251-0600 0	3	CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN .114-MM-BSC-8Z SQ	28480	1251-0600
	1251-2229 3 1480-0116 8	2	CONNECTOR-SGL CONT SKT .033-IN-BSC-8Z	28480 28480	1251-2229 1480-0116
			EXTRACTOR-PC BOARD GRA POLYC		
A9			NOT ASSIGNED		
A10	05328-60020 1	1	SYNCHRONIZER	28480	05328-60020
A10C1	0180-0428 8		CAPACITOR-FXD 68UF+-20% 6VDC TA	28480	0180-0428
A10C2	0180-0428 8		CAPACITOR-FXD 680F+-20% 6VDC TA		0180-0428
A10C3 A10C4	0160-2055 9 0160-3879 7		CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER	28480 28480	
A10C5	0160-3879 7		CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER	28480	0160-3879
A10C6	0121-0059 7	1	CAPACITOR-V TRMR-CER 2-8PF 350V PC-MTG CAPACITOR-FXD 3PF +25PF 500VDC CER	52763	304324 2/8PF NPO
A10C7 A10C9	0160-2244 8 0160-3879 7		CAPACITOR-FXD 3PF +25PF 500VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER	28480 28480	0160-2244 0160-3879
A10CR1	1902-3036 3	1	DIODE-ZNR 3.16V 5% DO-7 PD=4W TC=064%		1902-3036
A10J1 A10J2	1200-0548 8 1200-0548 8	5	SOCKET-IC 14-CONT DIP-SLDR SOCKET-IC 14-CONT DIP DIP-SLDR	28480 28480	1200-0548 1200-0548
A10J3	1200-0548 8		SOCKET-IC 14-CONT DIP DIP-SLDR	28480	1200-0548
A10Q1	1854-0071 7		TRANSISTORNNPN SI PD=300MW FT-200MHZ	28480	1854-0071
A10R1	0683-3315 4		RESISTOR 330 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600		CB3315
A10R2 A10R3	0683-3315 4 1810-0080 6		RESISTOR 330 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 NETWORK-RES 8-PIN-SIP .125-PIN-SPCG	01121 28480	
Al0R4	0683-5115 6	11	RESISTOR 510 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600	01121	CB5115
A10R5	1810-0080 6		NETWORK-RES 8-PIN-SIP .125-PIN-SPCG	28480	1810-0080

REPLACEABLE PARTS					
REFERENCE DESIGNATION	BLE PARTS (CONTINUED) HP PART NUMBER	QTY		MFR CODE	MFR PART NUMBER
A10R6 A10R7 A10R8 A10R9 A10R10	0683-2025 1 0683-2225 3 0683-4725 2 0683-5115 6 0683-3025 3	3 9 3	RESISTOR 2K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 2.2K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 4.7K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 510 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 3K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700	01121 01121 01121 01121 01121	CB2025 CB2225 CB4725 CB5115 CB3025
A10R11 A10R12 A10R13 A10R14 A10R15	0683-1815 5 0683-5115 6 0683-9115 4 1810-0080 6 0683-9115 4	2	RESISTOR 180 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 510 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 910 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 NETWORK-RES 8-PIN-SIP .125-PIN-SPCG RESISTOR 910 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 NETWORK-RES 8-PIN-SIP .125-PIN-SPCG RESISTOR 510 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 2K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 2K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 510 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600	01121 01121 01121 28480 01121	CB1815 CB5115 CB9115 1810-0080 CB9115
A10R16 A10R17 A10R18 A10R19 A10R20	1810-0080 6 0683-5115 6 0683-2025 1 0683-2025 1 0683-5115 6		NETWORK-RES 8-PIN-SIP .125-PIN-SPCG RESISTOR 510 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 2K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 2K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 510 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600	28480 01121 01121 01121 01121	1810-0080 CB5115 CB2025 CB2025 CB5115
A10R21 A10R22 A10R23 A10R24 A10R25	0683-2225 3 1810-0080 6 0683-2225 3 0683-1035 1		RESISTOR 2.2K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 NETWORK-RES 8-PIN-SIP .125-PIN-SPCG RESISTOR 2.2K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700	01121 28480 01121 01121 01121	CB2225 1810-0080 CB2225 CB1035 CB1035
A10R26 A10R27 A10R28 A10R29	1810-0020 4 0683-1025 9 0683-5115 6 0683-5115 6	1	NETWORK-RES 8-PIN-SIP .125-PIN-SPCG RESISTOR 1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 510 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 510 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600	28480 01121 01121 01121	1810-0020 CB1025 CB5115 CB5115
			SWITCH-SL DPDT-NS MINTR 1A 125VAC PC		
A10TP1 A10TP2 A10TP3 A10TP4	0360-0124 3 0360-0124 3 0360-0124 3 0360-0124 3	11	CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN .04-IN-SBC-8Z RND CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN .04-IN-BSC-8Z RND CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN .04-IN-BSC-SZ RND CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN .04-IN-BSC-SZ RND	28480 28480 28480 28480	0360-0124 0360-0124 0360-0124 0360-0124
A10U1 A10U2 A10U3 A10U4 A10U5	1820-1320 0 1820-1049 0 1820-0802 1 1820-0802 1 1820-0802 1	1 2 5	IC RCVR ECL LINE RCVR TPL 2-INP IC TTL NON-INV HEX IC GATE ECL NOR QUAD 2-INP IC GATE ECL NOR QUAD 2-INP IC GATE ECL KNOR OUAD 2-INP	04713 01295 04713 04713	MC10216L SN74367N MC10102P MC10102P MC10102P
A10U6 A10U7 A10U8 A10U9 A10U10	1820-0817 8 1816-0821 5 1820-0833 8 1820-1049 0 1820-0802 1	1 1 2	IC FF ECL D-M/S DUAL IC SN74188N 256-BIT ROM TTL IC LCH TTLCOM CLEAR 8-BIT IC BFR TTL NON-INV HEX IC GATE ECL NOR QUAD 2-INP	04713 01295 07263 01295 04713	MC10131P SN74S188N PROGRAMMED 9334PC SN74367N MC10102P
A10U11 A10U12 A10U13 A10U14 A10U15	1820-1359 5 1820-0803 2 1820-0803 2 1820-0802 1 1820-0833 8	1	IC MUXR/DATA-SEL ECL 4-TO-1-LINE DUAL IC GATE ECL OR-NOR TPL IC GATE ECL DR-NOR TPL IC GATE ECL NOR QUAD 2-INP IC LCH TTL COM CLEAR 8-BIT	14713 04713 04713 04713 07263	MC10174P MC10105P MC10105P MC10102P 9334PC
A10U16 A10U17	1820-1245 8 1820-1208 3	1 1	IC DCDR TTL LS 2-TO-4 LINE DUAL 2-INP IC GATE TTL LS OR QUAD 2-INP	01295 01295	SN74LS155N SN74LS32N
A10W1	05328-60114 4	1		28480	05328-60114
			A10 MISCELLANEAOUS	_	
	1480-0116 8 4040-0748 3	3	PIN-GRV .063-IN-DIA .25-IN-IN-LG STL EXTRACTOR-PC BOARD BLK POLYC	28480 28480	1480-0116 4040-0748
			DIGITAL TO ANALOG CONVERT		
A11C1 A11C2 A11C3 A11C4 A11C5	0180-0374 3 0160-3879 7 0180-0428 8 0180-0428 8 0160-2743 2	2	CAPACITOR-FXD 10UF+-10% 20VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 68UF+-20% 6VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 68UF+-20% 6VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 33PF +-10% 200VDC CER	56289 28480 28480 28480 28480	150D106X9020B2 0160-3879 0180-0428 0180-0428 0160-2743
A11C6 A11C7 A11C8 A11C9 A11C10	0180-0374 3 0160-3879 7 0160-3879 7 0160-3879 7 0160-3879 7		CAPACITOR-FXD 10UF+-10% 20VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER	56289 28480 28480 28480 28480	150D106X9020B2 0160-3879 0160-3879 0160-3879 0160-3879
A11C11 A11C12 A11C13 A11C14 A11C15	0160-2746 2 0160-3879 7 0180-0428 8 0180-0428 8 0160-3879 7		CAPACITOR-FXD 33PF +-10% 200VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 68UF+-20% 6VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 68UF+-20% 6VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0160-2743 0160-3879 0180-0428 0180-0428 0160-3879
AllC16 AllC17 AllC18 AllC19 AllC20	0160-3879 7 0160-3879 7 0160-3879 7 0160-3879 7 0160-3879 7		CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0160-3879 0160-3879 0160-3879 0160-3879 0160-3879

TABLE 6-1. REPLACEA	TABLE 6-1. REPLACEABLE PARTS (CONTINUED)						
	HP PART		DESCRIPTION	MFR CODE	MFR PART NUMBER		
AllCR1 AllCR2 AllCR3 AllCR4 AllCR5	1901-0179 7 1901-0179 7 1901-0179 7 1901-0179 7 1901-0179 7	12	DIODE-SWITCHING 15V 50MA 750PS DO-7 DIODE-SWITCHING 15V 50MA 750PS DO-7 DIODE-SWITCHING 15V 50MA 750PS DO-7 DIODE-SWITCHING 15V 50MA 750PS DO-7 DIODE-SWITCHING 15V 50MA 750PS DO-7	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	1901-0179 1901-0179 1901-0179 1901-0179 1901-0179		
AllCR6 AllCR7 AllCR8 AllCR9 AllCR10			DIODE-SWITCHING 15V 50MA 750PS DO-7 DIODE-SWITCHING 15V 50MA 750PS DO-7 DIODE-SWITCHING 15V 50MA 750PS DO-7 DIODE-SWITCHING 15V 50MA 750PS DO-7 DIODE-SWITCHING 15V 50MA 750PS DO-7				
AllCR11 AllCR12 AllCR13 AllCR14 AllCR15	1901-0179 7 1901-0179 7 1902-0680 7 1902-0680 7 1901-0040 1	2 28	DIODE-SWITCHING 15V 50MA 750PS DO-7 DIODE-SWITCHING 15V 50MA 750PS DO-7 DIODE-ZNR IN827 6.2V 5% DO-7 PD=.25W DIODE-ZNR IN827 6.2V 5% DO-7 PD=.25W DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35	28480 28480 24046 24046 28480	1901-0179 1901-0179 1N827 1N827 1901-0040		
AllCR16	1901-0040 1		DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35	28480	1901-0040		
	1200-0548 8		SOCKET-IC 14-CONT DIP DIP-SLDR	28480	1200-0548		
A11Q1 A11Q2 A11Q3 A11Q4 A11Q5	1855-0081 1 1855-0416 6 1855-0416 6 1855-0081 1 1853-0020 4	2 2 1	TRANSISTOR J-FET N-CHAN D-MODE SI TRANSISTOR J-FET P-CHAN D-MODE SI TRANSISTOR J-FET P-CHAN D-MODE SI TRANSISTOR J-FET N-CHAN D-MODE SI TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=300MW FT=150MHZ	01295 28480 28480 01295 28480	2N5245 1855-0416 1855-0416 2N5245 1853-0020		
A11Q6 A11Q7 A11Q8	1854-0071 7 1854-0071 7 1854-0071 7		TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD-300MW FT=200MHZ TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=300MW FT=200MHZ TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=300MW FT=200MHZ	28480 28480 28480	1854-0071 1854-0071 1854-0071		
A11R1 A11R2 A11R3 A11R4 A11R5	0683-6215 9 0757-0438 3 0683-2015 9 0683-4315 6 0698-3153 9		RESISTOR 620 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 5.11K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 200 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 430 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 3.83K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100		CB6215 C4-1/8-T0-5111-F CB2015 CB4315 C4-1/8-T0-3831-F		
	0683-6215 9 0698-3136 8 0698-3156 2 0698-3157 3 0757-0199 3 0757-0447 4		*FACTORY SELECTED PART				
AllR8 AllR9 AllR10 AllR11 AllR11 AllR11 AllR11 AllR11	0683-2015 9 0698-3152 8 0683-4315 6 0698-3136 8 0698-3156 2 0698-3157 3 0757-0199 3 0757-0447 4	4	RESISTOR 430 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 17.8K1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 14.7K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 19.6K 1% A.125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 21.5K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 16.2K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100	24546 24546 24546	C4-1/8-T0-1962-F C4-1/8-T0-2152-F C4-1/8-T0-1622-F		
AllR12 AllR13 AllR14 AllR15 AllR16	0698-3152 8 0683-1015 7 0698-3153 9 0683-1025 9 0683-1055 5	4		24546 01121 24546 01121 01121	C4-1/8-T0-3481-F CB1015 C4-1/8-T03831-F CB1025 CB1055		
AllR17 AllR18 AllR19 AllR20 AllR21	2100-2705 2 2100-2705 2 0683-1035 1 2100-2503 8 2100-2503 8	2	RESISTOR-RRMR 1K 10% C SIDE-ADJ 17-TRN RESISTOR-TRMR 1K 10% C SIDE-ADJ 17-TRN RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR-TRMR 20K 10% C SIDE-ADJ 17-TRN RESISTOR-TRMR 20K 10% C SIDE-ADJ 17-TRN	22007	2000D 1 102		
AllR22 AllR23 AllR24 AllR25 AllR26	0683-1025 9 0683-1055 5 2100-2705 2 0683-1015 7 2100-2705 2		RESISTOR 1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 1M 5% .25W FC TC=-800/+900 RESISTOR-TRMR 1K 10% C SIDE-ADJ 17-TRN RESISTOR 100 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500 RESISTOR-TRMR 1K 10% C SIDE-ADJ 17-TRN	01121 01121 32997 01121 32997	CB1025 CB1055 3009P-1-102 CB1015 3009P-1-102		
A11R27 A11R28* A11R28* A11R28* A11R28* A11R28*	0698-3152 8 0698-3136 8 0698-3156 2 0698-3157 3 0757-0199 3 0757-0447 4		RESISTOR 3.48K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 17.8K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 14.7K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 19.6K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 21.5K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 16.2K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 *FACTORY SELECTED PART	24546 24546 24546 24546 24546 24546	C4-1/8-T0-3481-F C4-1/8-T0-1782-F C4-1/8-T0-1472-F C4-1/8-T0-1962-F C4-1/8-T0-2152-F C4-1/8-T0-1622-F		
A11R29 A11R30 A11R31 A11R32 A11R33* A11R33* A11R33* A11R33*	0698-3153 9 0698-3152 8 0683-4315 6 0757-0438 3 0698-3136 8 0698-3156 2 0698-3157 3 0757-0199 3		RESISTOR 3.83K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 3.48K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 430 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 5.11K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 17.8K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 14.7K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 19.6K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 21.5K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 21.5K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 16.2K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 *FACTORY SELECTED PART	24546 24546 01121 24546 24546 24546 24546 24546 24546	C4-1/8-T0-3831-F C4-1/8-T0-3481-F CB4315 C4-1/8-T0-5111-F C4-1/8-T0-1782-F C4-1/8-T0-1472-F C4-1/8-T0-1962-F C4-1/8-T0-2152-F C4-1/8-T0-1622-F		

 $*$ Factory selected part see introduction to this section for ordering information

TABLE 6-1. REPLACEA	BLE PARTS (CONTINUED) HP PART NUMBER	QTY	DESCRIPTION		MFR PART NUMBER
DESIGNATION	NUMBER			CODE	
A11R34 A11R35 A11R36 A11R37 A11R38	0683-2015 9 0698-3153 9 0683-6215 9 0683-4315 6 0683-2015 9		RESISTOR 200 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 3.83K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 620 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 430 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 200 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600	01121 24546 01121 01121 01121	CB2015 C4-1/8-T0-3831-F CB6215 CB4315 CB2015
A11R39 A11R40 A11R41 A11R42 A11R43	0683-6215 9 0683-1035 1 0757-0427 0 0683-1525 4 0683-1525 4	1	RESISTOR 200 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 3.83K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 620 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 430 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 200 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 620 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 1.5K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 1.5K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 1.5K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 1.5K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700	01121 01121 24546 01121 01121	CB6215 CB1035 C4-1/8-T0-1501-F CB1525 CB1525
AllR44 AllR45 AllR46 AllR47 AllR48	0757-0421 4 0683-1045 3 0683-1025 9 0757-0421 4 0683-1025 9	2	RESISTOR 825 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 100K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+800 RESISTOR 1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 825 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600	24546 01121 01121 24546 01121	C4-1/8-T0-825R-F CB1045 CB1025 C4-1/8-T0-825R-F CB1025
A11R49	1810-0055 5	5	NETWORK-RES 9-PIN-SIP .15-PIN-SPCG	28480	1810-0055
A11R50 A11R51	0683-2055 7 0683-2055 7	2	RESISTOR 2M 5% .25W FC TC=-900/+100 RESISTOR 2M 5% .25W FC TC=-900/+1100	01121 01121	CB2055 CB2055
A11TP1 A11TP2 A11TP3 A11TP4 A11TP5	0360-0124 3 0360-0124 3 0360-0124 3 0360-0124 3 0360-0124 3		RESISTOR 2M 5% .25W FC TC=-900/+100 RESISTOR 2M 5% .25W FC TC=-900/+1100 CONNCECTOR-SGL CONT PIN .04-IN-BSC-8Z RND CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN .04-IN-BSC-8Z RNS CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN .04-IN-BSC-8Z RNS CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN .04-IN-BSC-8Z RND CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN .04-IN-BSC-8Z RND	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0360-0124 0360-0124 0360-0124 0360-0124 0360-0124
AllTP6	0360-0124 3		CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN .04-IN-BSC-8Z RND	28480	0360-0124
A11U1 A11U2 A11U3 A11U4 A11U5	1826-0059 2 1820-0693 8 1826-0161 7 1826-0059 2 1820-1425 6	2 1 2	IC 201A OP AMP TO-99 IC FF TTL S D-TYPE POS-EDGE-TRIG IC 324 OP AMP 14-DIP-P IC 201A OP TO 99 IC SCHMITT-TRIG TTL LS NAND QUAD 2-INP	04713 01295 18324 04713 01295	MLM201AG SN74S74N LM324-A MLM201AG SN74LS132N
A11U6 A11U7 A11U8 A11U9 A11U10	1826-0161 7 1820-0976 0 1820-1265 2 1820-1265 2 1820-1265 2	4 6	IC 324 OP AMP 14-DIP-P IC SHF-RQTR CMOS D-TYPE SERIAL-IN IC MULTR CMOS IC MULTR CMOS IC MULTR CMOS	18324 0192B 04713 04713 04713	LM324-A CD4015AF MC14527BCP MC14527BCP MC14527BCP
A11U11 A11U12 A11U13 A11U14 A11U15	1820-0976 0 1820-1265 2 1820-1265 2 1820-1265 2 1820-0976 0		IC SHF-RGTR CMOS D-TYPE SERIAL-IN IC MULTR CMOS IC MULTR CMOS IC MULTR CMOS IC SHF-RGTR CMOS D-TYPE SERIAL-IN	01928 04713 04713 04713 01928	CD4015AF MC14527BCP MC14527BCP MC14527BCP CD4015AF
A11U16	1820-0976 0		IC SHF-RGTR CMOS D-TYPE SERIAL-IN	01928	CD4015AF
AllWl	05328-60111 1 8120-0229 9 1250-0834 0 1250-0870 4 1250-0952 3 1250-0957 8 1250-0960 3 1250-0964 7	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	CABLE ASSEMBLY, RF/A & B INPUT CABLE-COAX 50-OHM 29PF/FT TERMINALTION-COAX CA CRP/CLP-COAX-CA FEM CONNECTOR-RF FEM SGL-HOLE-RR 50-OHM CONTACT-RF CONN BNC/TNCIFEMC CTR BUSHING RF CONN BNC/TNCI FOR INTL SLEEVE-RF CONN SER BNC/TNC NUT-RF CONN BNC/TNCI CLAMP NUT FOR	28480 28480 28480 28480 24931 24931 28480 24931	05328-60111 8120-0229 1250-0834 1250-0870 C232-2 CS 105-2 1250-0960 N126-2
A11W2	05328-60111 1		CABLE ASSEMBLY, RF/A & B INPUT	28480	05328-60111
			All MISCELLANEOUS		
	0360-0065 1 4040-0748 3	8	TERMINAL-STUD FKD-TUR SWGFRM-MTG EXTRACTOR-PC BOARD BLK POLYC	28480 28480	0360-0065 4040-0748
			A & B CHANNEL INPUT	28480	05328-60031
			CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER		
			CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 2.2UF +-20% 50VDC CER		

TABLE 6-1. REPLACEA	BLE PARTS (CONTINUED)				
REFERENCE DESIGNATION					MFR CODE	MFR PART NUMBER
A12C11	0160-0128	3		CAPACITOR-FXD 2.2UF +-20% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 68UF+-20% 6VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 68UF+-20% 6VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER	28480	0160-0128
A12C13	0180-0428	8		CAPACITOR-FXD 68UF+-20% 6VDC TA	28480	0180-0428
A12C14 A12C15	0160-3879 0160-0576	5	2	CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER	28480 28480	0160-3879 0160-0576
A12C16	0160-0576	5		CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER	28480	0160-0576
A12C17	0180-0415	3	2	CAPACITOR-FXD 10UF+-20% 25VDC TA	28480	0160-3879
A12C19	0180-0415	3		CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 10UF+-20% 25VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 10UF+-20% 25VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 68UF+-20% 6VDC TA	28480	0180-0415
AI2C2U	0180-0428	8		CAPACITOR-FXD 680F+-20% 6VDC TA	28480	0180-0428
A12C21 A12C22	0180-0428 0160-3876	8 4	2	CAPACITOR-FXD 68UF+-20% 6VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 47PF +-20% 200VDC CER	28480 28480	0180-0428 0160-3876
A12C23	0160-4423	9	2	CAPACITOR-FXD 470FF +-20% 500VDC CER	51642	200-500-X7P-471M
A12C25	0160-4423	9		CAPACITOR-FXD 68UF+-20% 6VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 47PF +-20% 200VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 470PF +-20% 500VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 470PF +-20% 200VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 470PF +-20% 500VDC CER	51642	200-500-X7R-471M
A12C26*	0150-0059	8	2	CAPACITOR-FXD 470PF +-20% 500VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 3.3PF +25PF 500VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 2.4PF +25PF 500VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 3.PF +25PF 500VDC CER *FACTORY SELECTED PART CAPACITOR-FXD 3.3PF +25PF 500VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 3.6PF +25PF 500VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 3.9PF +25PF 500VDC CER *FACTORY SELECTED PART	28480	0150-0059
A12C26* A12C26*	0160-2242 0160-2244	6 8	1 2	CAPACITOR-FXD 2.4PF +25PF 500VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 3PF +25PF 500VDC CER	28480 28480	0160-2242 0160-2244
A12C29*	0150-0059	8		*FACTORY SELECTED PART CAPACITOR-FXD 3.3PF +25PF 500VDC CER	28480	0150-0059
A12C29*	0160-2246	0	1	CAPACITOR-FXD 3.6PF +25PF 500VDC CER	28480	0160-2246
A12C29"	0160-2247	1	1	*FACTORY SELECTED PART	20400	0160-2247
A12C30	0160-4424	0	2	CAPACITOR-FXD .047UF +-20% 500VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .047UF +-20% 500VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 68UF+-20% 6VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 300PF +-1% 300VDC MICA CAPACITOR-FXD 300PF +-1% 300VDC MICA	51642	400-500-X7R-473M
A12C31 A12C32	0160-4424 0180-0428	0 8		CAPACITOR-FXD .047UF +-20% 500VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 68UF+-20% 6VDC TA	51642 28480	400-500-X7R-473M 0180-0428
A12C33	0140-0225	9	2	CAPACITOR-FXD 300PF +-1% 300VDC MICA	72136	DM15F301F0300WV1C
A12034	0140 0225	,		CAPACITOR PAD 500FF 16 500VDC MICA	72130	0160 2072
A12C35*	0160-38/3	_	1	*FACTORY SELECTED PART	28480	0160-3873
A12C36*	0160-3874	2	1	CAPACITOR-FXD 4.7PF +5PF 200VDC CER *FACTORY SELECTED PART CAPACITOR-FXD 10PF +5PF 200VDC CER *FACTORY SELECTED PART	28480	0160-3874
A12CR1	1902-3082	9	1	DIODE-ZNR 4.64V 5% DI-7 PD=.4W TC=023% DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-GEN PRP 35V 50MA DO-7 DIODE-SWAITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-GEN PRP 35V 50MA DO-35	28480	1902-3082
A12CR2	1901-0040	1	E	DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35	28480	1901-0040
A12CR4	1901-0040	1	5	DIODE-SWAITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35	28480	1901-0040
A12CR5	1901-0376	6		DIODE-GEN PRP 35V 50MA DO-35	28480	1901-0376
A12CR6 A12CR7	1901-0376 1902-0126	6 6	2	DIODE-GEN PRP 35V 50MA DO-7 DIODE-ZNR 2.61V 5% DO-7 PD=.4W TC=.072%	28480 28480	1901-0376 1902-0126
A12CR8 A12CR9	1901-0376 1902-0126	6 6		DIODE-HEN PRP 35V 50MA DO-7 DIODE-ZNR 2 6V 5% DO-7 PD= 4W TC=- 072%	28480 28480	1901-0376 1902-0126
A12CR10	1901-0376	6		DIODE-GEN PRP 35V 50MA DO-7 DIODE-ZNR 2.61V 5% DO-7 PD=.4W TC=.072% DIODE-HEN PRP 35V 50MA DO-7 DIODE-ZNR 2.6V 5% DO-7 PD=.4W TC=072% DIODE-GEN PRP 35V 50MA DO-7	28480	1901-0376
A12CR11	1901-0040	1		DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NA DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35	28480	1901-0040
A12CR12 A12CR13	1901-0040	1		DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NA DO-35	28480	1901-0040
A12CR14 A12CR15	1901-0040 1901-0040	1 1		DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35	28480 28480	1901-0040 1901-0040
A12CR17	1901-0040	1		DIODE-SWTCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SETCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35	28480	1901-0040
A12J1	1200-0548	8		SOCKET-IC 14-CONT DIP-SLDR	28480	1200-0548
A12K1	0490-0642	5	1	RELAY-RED 2C 50MA 28VDC 5VDC-COIL 3VA	28480	
A12K2 A12K3	0490-1175 0490-1183	1	7 3	RELAY-REED SPST NO 5VDC COIL RELAY-REED SPST NO 5VDC COIL SAME AS K2	28480 28480	0490-1175 0490-1183
A12K4 A12K5	0490-1175	1		RELAY-RED 2C 50MA 28VDC 5VDC-COIL 3VA RELAY-REED SPST NO 5VDC COIL SAME AS K2 SAME AS K3		0490-1175 0490-1183
						0490-1183
	0490-1175	1		SAME AS K2 SAME AS K2 SAME AS K2 SAME AS K2 SAME AS K2	28480	0490-1175
A12K8 A12K9	0490-1175 0490-1175 0490-1175	1 1		SAME AS K2 SAME AS K2		0490-1175 0490-1175
A12K10	0490-1175	1		SAME AS K2	28480	0490-1175
	0490-1183			SAME AS K3	28480	
A12L1	9100-2288	3	2	COIL-MLD 1MH 10% Q=30 .0950X.25LG-NOM COIL-MLD 1MH 10% Q=30 .095DX.25LG-NOM COIL-MLD 12UH 12UH 10% Q=65 .155DX.375LG-NOM COIL-MLD 12UH 105 Q=65 .155DX.375LG-NOM	28480	9100-2288
A12L2 A12L3	9140-0178	0	2	COIL-MLD 12UH 12UH 10% Q=55 .155DX.375LG-NOM	28480	9140-0178
A12Q1 A12Q3 A12Q4	1854-0071 1855-0213	7 1	2	TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=300MW FT=200MHZ TRANSISTOR-JFET DUAL 2N5912 N-CHAN TRANSISTOR-JFET DUAL 2N5912 N-CHAN	28480 17856	1854-0071 2N5912
Al2Q4	1855-0213	1				
	0698-5426 0698-5426		2	RESISTOR 10K 10% .125W CC TC=-350/+857 RESISTOR 10K 10% .125W CC TC=-350/+857 NETWORK-RES 8-PIN-SIP .125-PIN SPCG RESISTOR 3.9K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 4.7K 5% .125W CC TC=-350/+857	01121	BB1031
	1810-0080	6		NETWORK-RES 8-PIN-SIP .125-PIN SPCG	28480	1810-0080
A12R4 A12R5	1810-0080 0683-3925 0698-5999	2 5	2	RESISTOR 3.9K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 4.7K 5% .125W CC TC=-350/+857	01121 01121	CB3925 BB4725

REFERENCE DESIGNATION	BLE PARTS (CONTINUED) HP PART NUMBER	QTY	DESCRIPTION	MFR CODE	MFR PART NUMBER	
A12R6 A12R7 A12R8 A12R9 A12R10	0683-3925 2 0683-4725 2 0698-5999 5 0683-8215 3 0683-8215 3		RESISTOR 3.9K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 4.7K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 4.7K 5% .125W CC TC=-350/+857 RESISTOR 820 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 820 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600	01121 01121 01121 01121 01121	CB3925 CB4725 BB4725 CB8215 CB8215	
A12R11 A12R12 A12R13 A12R16 A12R17	0675-1021 8 0683-1025 9 0675-1021 8 0683-5115 6 0683-5115 6	2	RESISTOR 1K 10% .125W CC TC=-330/+800 RESISTOR 1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 1K 10% .125W CC TC=-330/+800 RESISTOR 510 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 510 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600	01121 01121 01121 01121 01121	BB1021 CB1025 BB1021 CB5115 CB5115	
A12R18 A12R19 A12R20 A12R21 A12R22	0683-2215 1 0683-2215 1 0683-1005 5 0683-1005 5 0683-3315 4	3	RESISTOR 220 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 220 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 10 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500 RESISTOR 10 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500 RESISTOR 330 5% FC TC=-400/+600	01121 01121 01121 01121 01121	CB2215 CB2215 CB1005 CB1005 CB3315	
A12R23 A12R24 A12R25 A12R26 A12R27	0683-1035 1 0683-3315 4 0683-1035 1 2100-2632 4 0698-7229 8	2 2	RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 330 5% .25W FC T=-400/+600 RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR-TRMR 100 10% C SIDE-ADJ 1=TRN RESISTOR 511 1% .05W F CT=0+-100	01121 01121 01121 30983 24546	CB1035 CB3315 CB1035 ET50X101 C3-1/8-T0-511R-G	
A12R28 A12R29 A12R30 A12R31 A12R32	2100-2632 4 0698-5996 2 0698-5996 2 0698-7229 8 0698-7230 1	2	RESISTOR-TRMR 100 10% C SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN RESISTOR 560 5% .125W CC TC=-330/+800 RESISTOR 560 5% .125W CC TC=-330/+800 RESISTOR 511 1% .05W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 562 1% .05W F TC=0+-100	30983 01121 01121 24546 24546	ET50X101 BB5615 BB5615 C3-1/8-T0-511R-G C3-1/8-T0-562R-G	
A12R33 A12R34 A12R35 A12R36 A12R37	0683-5115 6 0698-6283 2 0698-7230 1 0698-6283 2 0683-1055 5		RESISTOR-TRMR 100 10% C SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN RESISTOR 560 5% .125W CC TC=-330/+800 RESISTOR 560 5% .125W CC TC=-330/+800 RESISTOR 511 1% .05W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 5511 1% .05W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 551 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 510 5% .125W CC TC=-120/+400 RESISTOR 10 5% .125W CC TC=-800/+900	01121 01121 24546 01121 01121	CB5115 BB1005 C3-1/8-T0-562R-G BB1005 CB1055	
A12R38 A12R39 A12R40 A12R41 A12R42	0683-1055 5 0683-2005 7 0683-5115 6 0683-2005 7 0698-6400 5	2	RESISTOR 1M 5% .25W FC TC=-800/+900 RESISTOR 20 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500 RESISTOR 510 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 20 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500 RESISTOR 900K 1% .25W F TC=0+-100	01121 01121 01121 01121 19701	CB1055 CB2005 CB5115 CB2005 MF52C1/4-T0-9003-F	
A12R43 A12R44 A12R45 A12R46 A12R47	0698-6974 8 0698-6974 8 0698-6400 5 0757-0442 9	2	RESISTOR 90K .25% .125W F TC=0+-25 RESISTOR 90K .25% .125W F TC=0+-25 RESISTOR 900K 1% .25W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 10K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 10K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 2K 2% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 100 2% .125W F TC=0+-100	28480 28480 19701 24546 24546	0698-6974 0698-6974 MF52C1/4-T0-9003-F C4-1/8-T0-1002-F C4-1/8-T0-1002-F	
A12R48 A12R49 A12R50 A12R51 A12R52	0757-0931 1 0757-0900 4 0757-0931 1 0757-0900 4	2 2	REISTOR 2K 2% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 100 2% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 2K 2% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 100 2% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 4.7K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700	24546 24546 24546 24546	C4-1/8-T0-2001-G C4-1/8-T0-101-G C4-1/8-T0-2001-G C4-1/8-T0-101-G	
A12R52	0683-4725 2		RESISTOR 4.7K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700	01121	CB4725	
A12R53 A12R54 A12R55 A12R56 A12R57	0683-4725 2 0683-1015 7 0683-1015 7 2100-2633 5 2100-2633 5		RESISTOR 4.7K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 100 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500 RESISTOR 100 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500 RESISTOR-TRMR 1K 10% C SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN RESISTOR-TRMR 1K 10% C SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN	01121 01121 01121 30983 30983	CB4725 CB1015 CB1015 ET50X102 ET50X102	
	1820-0577 7	2 1		01295 04713 01295	SN7416N MC10107P	
A12XU4	1200-0475 0		CONNECTOR-SGL CONT SKT .016-IN-BBC-8Z	28480	1200-0475	
			A12 MISCELLANEOUS			
	1480-0116 8 4040-0748 3				1480-0116 4040-0748	
A13			NOT ASSIGNED			
A14			NOT ASSIGNED			
A15	05328-60019 8	1	HP-IS INTERFACE BOARD (SERIES 1632)	28480	05328-60019	
A15C1 A15C2 A15C3 A15C4 A15C5	0180-0106 9	1 1 2 1		5689 56289 56289 28480 28480	150D606X000682 0160-0154	

TABLE 6-1. REPLACEA	BLE PARTS (CONTINUED) HP PART	OTY	DESCRIPTION	MFR	MFR PART NUMBER
	HP PART NUMBER			CODE	
A15C6 A15C7 A15C8 A15O9	0170-0024 9 0180-0229 7 0180-0229 7 0180-1746 5	1 2 3	CAPACITOR-FXD .022UF +-20% 200VDC POLYE CAPACITOR-FXD 33UF+-10% 10VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 33UF+-10% 10VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 15UF+-10% 20VDC TA	28480 56289 56289 56289	0170-0024 150D336X901082 150D336X901082 150D156X902082
A15CR1 A15CR2 A15CR3 A15CR4 A15CR5	1910-0016 0 1910-0016 0 1910-0016 0 1910-0016 0 1910-0016 0	7	DIODE-GE 60V 60MA 1US DO-7 DIODE-GE 60V 60MA 1US DO-7 DIODE-GE 60V 60MA 1US DO-7 DIODE-GE 60V 60MA 1US DO-7 DIODE-GE 60V 60MA 1US DO-7	82480 82480 28480 28480 28480	1910-0016 1910-0016 1910-0016 1910-0016 1910-0016
					1910-0016
A15J6	1251-3283 1	1	CONNECTOR 24-PIN F MICRORIBBON		1251-3283
A15Q1 A15Q2 A15Q3 A15Q4 A15Q5	1854-0215 1 1854-0215 1 1854-0215 1 1854-0215 1 1853-0036 2	4	TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=350MW FT=300MHZ TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=310MW FT=250MHZ TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=310MW FT=250MHZ RESISTOR 30K 5% .25W FC TC=400/+800 RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC+400/+700 RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 270 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 3.3K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700	04713 04713 04713 04713 28480	SPS 3611 SPS 3611 SPS 3611 SPS 3611 1853-0036
A15R1 A15R2 A15R3 A15R4 A15R5	0683-3035 5 0683-1035 1 0683-1035 1 0683-2715 6 0683-3325 6	2	RESISTOR 30K 5% .25W FC TC=400/+800 RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC+-400/+700 RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 270 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 3.3K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700	01121 01121 01121 01121 01121	CB3035 CB1035 CB1035 CB2715 CB3325
A15R6 A15R7 A15R8 A15R9 A15R10	0683-4725 2 0683-1035 1 0683-1035 1 0683-1035 1 0683-1035 1		RESISTOR 4.7K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700	01121 01121 01121 01121 01121	CB4725 CB1035 CB1035 CB1035 CB1035
A15R11 A15R12 A15R13 A15R14 A15R15	0683-1235 3 0683-1035 1 0683-2715 6 0683-2715 6 0683-1035 1	1	RESISTOR 12K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+800 RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 270 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 270 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700	01121 01121 01121 01121 01121	CB1235 CB1035 CB2715 CB2715 CB1035
A15R16 A15R17 A15R18 A15R19 A15R20	0683-1035 1 0683-1535 6 0683-4725 2 0683-4725 2 0683-1035 1	1	RESISTOR 12K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+800 RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 270 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 270 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 15K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 4.7K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 4.7K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700	01121 01121 01121 01121 01121	CB1035 CB1535 CB4725 CB4725 CB1035
A15R21 A15R22 A15R23 A15R24 A15R25	0683-1035 1 0683-4725 2 0683-4725 2 0683-1035 1 0683-2725 8	1	RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 4.7K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 4.7K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 2.7K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700	01121 01121 01121 01121 01121	CB1035 CB4725 CB4725 CB1035 CB2725
A15R26 A15R27 A15R28 A15R29 A15R30	0683-2025 1 0683-3025 3 0683-3025 3 1810-0136 3 1810-0136 3	2	RESISTOR 2K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 3K 5% .25W FT TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 3K 5% .25W FC TC =-400/+700 NETWORK-RES 10-PIN-SIP .1-PIN-SPCG NETWORK-RES 10-PIN-SIP .1-PIN-SPCG NETWORK-RES 9-PIN-SIP .15-PIN-SPCG RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700	01121 01121 01121 28480 28480	CB2025 CB3025 CB3025 1810-0136 1810-0136
A15R31 A15R32 A15R33 A15R34 A15R35	1810-0055 5 1810-0055 5 1810-0055 5 1810-0055 5 0683-1035 1		NETWORK-RES 9-PIN-SIP .15-PIN-SPCG NETWORK-RES 9-PIN-SIP .15-PIN-SPCG NETWORK-RES 9-PIN-SIP .15-PIN-SPCG NETWORK-RES 9-PIN-SIP .15-PIN-SPCG RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700	28480 28480 28480 28480 01121	1810-0055 1810-0055 1810-0055 1810-0055 CB1035
A1581	3101-1973 7	1	SWITCH-SL 7-1A-NS DIP-NS DIP-SLIDE-ASSY .1A	28480	3101-1973
A15U1 A15U2 A15U3 A15U4 A15U5	1820-0261 6 1820-0904 4 1820-0658 5 1820-0174 0 1820-0621 2	1 1 5 3 3	IC MV TTL MONOSTBL IC COMPTR TIL L MAGTD 5-BIT IC MUXR/DATA-SEL TTL L 8-TO-1-LINE 8-INP IC INV TTL MEX 1-INP IC BFR TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP	01295 07263 07263 01295 01295	SN74121N 93L24PC 93L12PC 8N7404N 8N7438N
A15U6 A15U7 A15U8 A15U9 A15U10	1820-0658 5 1820-0099 8 1820-0658 5 1820-0174 0 1820-0621 2	1	IC MV TTL MONOSTBL IC COMPTR TIL L MAGTD 5-BIT IC MUXR/DATA-SEL TTL L 8-T0-1-LINE 8-INP IC INV TTL MEX 1-INP IC BFR TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP IC MUXR/DATA-SEL TTL L 8-T0-1-LINE 8-INP IC CNTR TTL BIN ASYNCHRO NEG-EDGE-TRIG IC MUXR/DATA-SEL TTL L 8-T0-1-LINE 8-INP IC INV TTL HEX 1-INP IC BFR TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP	07263 01295 07263 01295 01295	93L12PC SN7493N 93L12PC 8N7404N 8N7438N
A15U11 A15U12 A15U13 A15U14 A15U15	1820-0077 2 1820-0658 5 1820-0627 8 1820-1057 0 1820-0656 3	2 1 2 1	IC FF TTL D-TYPE POS-EDGE-TRIG CLEAR IC MUXR/DATA-SEL TTL L 8-TO-1-LINE 8-INP IC DCDR TTL L BCD-TO-DEC 4-TO-10-LINE IC CNTR TTL L BIN SYNCHRO POS-EDGE-TRIG IC MUXR/DATA-SEL TTL L 2-TO-1-LINE QUAD IC BFR TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP IC GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP IC SCHMITT-TRIG TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP IC LCH TTL L COM CLEAR 8-BIT IC GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP	01295 07263 07263 27014 01295	SN7474N 93L12PC 93L01PC DM86L76N SN74L98N
A15U16 A15U17 A15U18 A15U19 A15U20	1820-0621 2 1820-0054 5 1820-1056 9 1820-1358 4 1820-0269 4	3 1 3 2	IC BFR TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP IC GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP IC SCHMITT-TRIG TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP IC LCH TTL L COM CLEAR 8-BIT IC GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP	01295 01295 01295 07263 01295	SN7438N 8N7400N SN74132N 93L34PC SN7403N

REPLACEABLE PARTS							
REFERENCE DESIGNATION	BLE PARTS (CONTINUED) HP PART NUMBER	QTY	DESCRIPTION	MFR CODE	MFR PART NUMBER		
A15U21 A15U22 A15U23 A15U24 A15U25	1820-0174 0 1818-2253 5 1820-1057 0 1820-0876 9 1820-0054 5	1	IC INV TTL HEX 1-INP IC CNTR TTL L BIN SYNCHRO POS-EDGE-TRIG IC LCH TTL L D-TYPE 4-BIT IC GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP	01295 28480 27014 01295 01295	SN7404N 1818-2253 DM86L76N SN74L75N SN7400N		
A15U26 A15U27 A15U28 A15U29 A15U30	1820-1358 4 1820-0269 4 1820-1166 2 1820-0054 5 1820-0282 1	2	IC LCH TTL L COM CLEAR 8-BIT IC GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP IC FF TTL L D-TYPE COM CLEAR QUAD IC GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP IC GATE TTL EXCL-DR QUAD 2-INP	07263 01295 27014 01295 01295	93L34PC SN7403N DM85L51N SN7400N SN7486N		
A15U31 A15U32 A15U33 A15U34	1820-0077 2 1820-0658 5 1820-1358 4 1820-1166 2		IC FF TTL D-TYPE POS-EDGE-TRIG CLEAR IC MUXR/DATA-SEL TTL L 8-TO-1-LINE 8-INP IC LCH TTL L COM CLEAR 8-BIT IC FF TTL L D-TYPE COM CLEAR QUAD	01295 07263 07263 27014	SN7474N 93L12PC 93L34PC DM85L51N		
			CABLE ASSEMBLY, HP-IB SINGLE A15 MISCELLANEOUS				
	0380-0529 4 0380-0644 4 1200-0485 2 1530-1098 4	4 2 4 2	STANDOFF-HEX 1.25-IN-LG 6.32THD STANDOFF-METRIC SHORT STUD MOUNT: FOR SKT-IC,14 PIN, PC MTG: RT AGL: CONT CLEVIS 0.070-IN W SLT: 0.45-IN PIN CTR DISPLAY ASSEMBLY (SERIES 1636)	00000 28480 28480 00000	ORDER BY DESCRIPTION 0380-0644 1200-0485 ORDER BY DESCRIPTION		
A16	05328-60026 7	1	DISPLAY ASSEMBLY (SERIES 1636)	28480	05328-60026		
A16C1	0180-0124 1	1	CAPACITOR-FXD 200UF=75-10% 6VDC AL	56289	30D207G006DC2		
A16CR1 A16CR2 A16CR3 A16CR4 A16CR5	1901-0040 1 1901-0040 1 1901-0040 1 1910-0016 0 1901-0040 1		DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO.35 DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-GE 60V 60MA 1US DO-7 DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 DISPLAY-NUM SEG 1-CHAR .43-H	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	1901-0040 1901-0040 1901-0040 1910-0016 1901-0040		
A16DS1 A16D82 A16DS3 A16DS4 A16DS5	1990-0437 7 1990-0437 7 1990-0437 7 1990-0437 7 1990-0437 7	9	DISPLAY-NUM SEG 1-CHAR .43-H DISPLAY-NUM SEG 1-CHAR .43-H DISPLAY-NUM SEG 1-CHAR .43-H DISPLAY-NUM SEG 1-CHAR .43-H DISPLAY-NUM SEG 1-CHAR .43-H	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	5082-7751 5082-7751 5082-7751 5082-7751 5082-7751		
A16DS6 A16DS7 A16DS8 A16DS9 A16DS10	1990-0437 7 1990-0437 7 1990-0437 7 1990-0437 7 1990-0404 8	10	DISPLAY-NUM SEG 1-CHAR .43-H DISPLAY-NUM SEG 1-CHAR .43-H DISPLAY-NUM SEG 1-CHAR .43-H DISPLAY-NUM SEG 1-CHAR .43-H LED-VISIBLE LUM-INT-300UCD IF-50MA-MAX	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	5082-7751 5082-7751 5082-7751 5082-7751 5082-4480		
A16DS11 A16DS12 A16DS13 A16DS14 A16DS15	1990-0404 8 1990-0404 8 1990-0404 8 1990-0404 8 1990-0404 8		LED-VISIBLE LUM-INT=300UCD IF=50MA.MAX LED-VISIBLE LUM-INT=300UCD IF=50MA-MAX LED-VISIBLE LUM-INT=300UCD IF=50MA-MAX LED-VISIBLE LUM-INT=300UCD IF=50MA-MAX LED-VISIBLE LUM-INT=300UCD IF=50MA-MAX	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	5082-4480 5082-4480 5082-4480 5082-4480 5082-4480		
A16DS16 A16DS17 A16DS18 A16DS19	1990-0404 8 1990-0404 8 1990-0404 8 1990-0404 8		LED-VISIBLE LUM-INT=300UCD IF=50MA-MAX LED-VISIBLE LUM-INT=300UCD IF=50MA-MAX LED-VISIBLE LUM-INT=300UCD IF=50MA-MAX LED-VISIBLE LUM-INT=300UCD IF=50MA-MAX	28480 28480 28480 28480	5082-4480 5082-4480 5082-4480 5082-4480		
A16Q2 A16Q3 A16Q4 A16Q5	1853-0326 3 1853-0326 3 1853-0326 3		TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=1W FT=50MHZ	28480 28480 28480 28480	1853-0326 1853-0326 1853-0326 1853-0326		
A16Q6 A16Q7 A16Q8 A16Q9 A16Q10	1853-0326 3 1853-0326 3 1853-0326 3 1853-0326 3 1854-0492 6	12	TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=1W FT=50MHZ TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=350MW FT=250MHZ	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	1853-0326 1853-0326 1853-0326 1853-0326 1854-0492		
A16Q11 A16Q12 A16Q13 A16Q14 A16Q15	1854-0492 6 1854-0492 6 1854-0492 6 1854-0492 6 1854-0492 6		TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=350MW FT=250MHZ	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	1854-0492 1854-0492 1854-0492 1854-0492 1854-0492		
A16Q16 A16Q17 A16Q18 A16Q19 A16Q20	1854-0492 6 1854-0492 6 1854-0492 6 1854-0492 6 1854-0492 6		TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=350MW FT=250MHZ	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	1854-0492 1854-0492 1854-0492 1854-0492 1854-0492		
	1854-0492 6				1854-0492		
A16R1 A16R2 A16R3 A16R4 A16R5 SEE INTRODUCTION TO	0683-3905 8 0683-3905 8 0683-3905 8 1810-0213 7 0683-1005 5 THIS SECTION FOR ORD	3 1 DERING	RESISTOR 39 5% .25W FC TC=400/+500 RESISTOR 39 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500 RESISTOR 39 5% .25W FC TC=400/+500 NETWORK-RES 9-PIN-SIP .15-PIN-SPCG RESISTOR 10 5% .25W FC TC=400/+500 INFORMATION	01121 01121 01121 28480 01121	CB3905 CB3905 CB3905 1810-0213 CB1005		

KEPLACEABLE PARTS							
REFERENCE DESIGNATION	BLE PARTS (CONTINUED) HP PART NUMBER	QTY		MFR CODE	MFR PART NUMBER		
A16R6 A16R7 A16R8 A16R9 A16R10	2100-3455 1 0683-2005 7 0683-3325 6 0683-1025 9 0683-1025 9	1	RESISTOR-VAR CONTROL CCP 2.5M 20% 10CW RESISTOR 20 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500 RESISTOR 3.3K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 1K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600	01121 01121 01121 01121 01121	WP4G048P255RZ CB2005 CB3325 CB1025 CB1025		
			SWITCH-TGL SUBMIN DPDT NS 2A 250VAC PC SWITCH-PB DPDT MOM .02A 20VAC				
			A16 MISCELLANEOUS				
	1200-0474 9 1251-0600 0 1251-2582 1 5001-0156 6 5001-0157 7	9 1 1 1	SOCKET-IC 14-CONT DIP-SLDR CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.143MM3BSC-SZ SQ CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 24-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS CONTACT, PC SPRING, PC INSULATOR, MALE INSULATOR, FEMALE SPACER, LED, SINGLE SPACER, LED, LONG	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	1200-0474 1251-0600 1251-2582 5001-0156 5001-0157		
	5040-6948 8 5040-6949 9 05000-20017 7 05328-20252 7 05328-40003 8	1 1 2 1	INSULATOR, MALE INSULATOR, FEMALE SPACER, LED, SINGLE SPACER, STANDOFF SPACER, LED, LONG	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	5040-6948 5040-6949 05000-20017 05328-20252 05328-40003		
	3130-0498 0 3130-0500 5	1	SHAFT & INDEX ASSEMBLY 45 DEG INDEX, 8 SHAFT & INDEX ASSEMBLY 36 DEG INDEX; 10	28480 28480	3130-0498 3130-0500		
A17			NOT ASSIGNED				
A18			NOT ASSIGNED				
	05328-60030 3		(SERIES 1736)				
A19C1 A19C2 A19C3 A19C4 A19C5	0180-0106 9 0160-3879 7 0160-3879 7 0160-3879 7 0160-3879 7		CAPACITOR-FXD 60UF+-20% 6VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100UDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER	56289 28480 28480 28480 28480	150D606X0006B2 0160-3879 0160-3879 0160-3879 0160-3879		
A19C6 A19C7 A19C8 A19C9 A19C10	0160-3879 7 0160-3879 7 0180-1746 5 0180-1746 5 0160-3490 8	1	CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 15UF+-10% 20VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 15UF+-10% 20VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF +-20% 50VDC CER	28480 28480 56289 56289 28480	0160-3879 0160-3879 150D156X9020B2 150D156X9020B2 0160-3490		
A19CR2 A19CR3 A19CR4 A19CR5 A19CR6	1901-0040 1 1901-0040 1 1901-0040 1 1901-0040 1 1901-0040 1		DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO.35 DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO.35 DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO.35 DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	1901-0040 1901-0040 1901-0040 1901-0040 1901-0040		
A19CR7 A19CR8 A19CR9 A19CR11 A19CR12	1901-0040 1 1901-0040 1 1901-0040 1 1901-0040 1 1901-0040 1		DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	1901-0040 1901-0040 1901-0040 1901-0040 1901-0040		
A19CR13 A19CR14 A19CR15	1901-0040 1 1901-0040 1 1901-0040 1		DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35	28480 28480 28480	1901-0040 1901-0040 1901-0040		
			LED-VISIBLE LUM-INT-800UCD IF=30MA-MAX LED-VISIBLE LUM-INT-800UCD IF=30MA-MAX				
A19J1 A19J2 A19J3 A19J4	1251-2034 8 1250-1163 0 1251-1626 2 1250-1163 0	1 2 1	CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 10-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS CONNECTOR-RF BNC FEM PC 50-DHM CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 12-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS CONNECTOR-RF BNC FEM PC 50-OHM	28480 28480 28480 28480	1251-2034 1250-1163 1251-1626 1250-1163		
			RESISTOR-VAR W/SW 10K 20% LIN SPST-NO RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700				
			RESISTOR 10K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 2K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700				
A19R16 A19R17 A19R18 A19R19 A19R20	0683-1035 1 0683-1525 4 0683-2715 6 0683-2715 6 0683-1525 4		RESISTOR 10LK 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 1.5K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 270 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 270 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 1.5K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700	01121 01121 01121 01121 01121	CB1035 CB1525 CB2715 CB2715 CB1525		

	BLE PARTS (CONTINUED) HP PART NUMBER		DESCRIPTION	MFR CODE	MFR PART NUMBER
A19R21 A19R22 A19R23 A19R24 A19R25	0683-6815 5 0683-1525 4 0683-3315 4 0683-3315 4 0683-1525 4		RESISTOR 680 5% FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 1.5K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 330 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 330 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR 1.5K .25W FC TC=-400/=700	01121	CR6815 CB1525 CB3315 CB3315 CB1525
A19R26 A19R27 A19R28	0683-2025 1 0683-6815 5 2100-3516 5		RESISTOR 2K 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+700 RESISTOR 680 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+600 RESISTOR-VAR W/SW 10K 20% LIN SPST-NO	01121 01121 01121	CB2025 CB6815 WRS4G056S103M
A19S1 A19S2 A19S3 A1984 A19S5	3101-1596 0 3101-1596 0 3101-1596 0 3101-1313 9 3101-1596 0	1	SWITCH-SL DPDT-NS MINTR 1A 125VAC PC SWITCH-SL DPDT-NS MINTR 1A 125VAC PC SWITCH-SL DPDT-NS MINTR 1A 125VAC PC SWITCH-SL DP3T-NS MINTR .5A 125VAC/DC PC SWITCH-SL DPDT-NS MINTR 1A 125VAC PC	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	3101-1596 3101-1596 3101-1596 3101-1313 3101-1596
A19S6 A19S7 A19S8	3101-1596 0 3101-1596 0 3101-1596 0		SWITCH-SL DPDT-NS MINTR 1A 125VAC PC SWITCH-SL DPDT-NS MINTR 1A 125VAC PC SWITCH-SL DPDT-NS MINTR 1A 125VAC PC	28480 28480 28480	3101-1596 3101-1596 3101-1596
A19TP1	0360-0124 3		CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN .04-IN-BSC-SZ RND	28480	0360-0124
A19U1	1820-1052 5		IC XLTR ECL/TTL ECL-TO-TTL QUAD 2-INP	04713	MC10125L
			A19 MISCELLANEOUS		
	05328-40004 9	2	STANDOFF, LED, SHORT	28480	05328-40004
	05328-60121	1	KIT-SPARE PARTS CONSIST OF:	28480	05328-60121
	1990-0404 1990-0437 1990-0485 05328-60120 2110-0001 2110-0002 2110-0301	3 3 1 1 6 5	CONSIST OF: LED, RED MIN LED, INDICATOR LED, GREEN MIN CABLE ASSEMBLY, OVERLOAD FUSE, 1A F. BLO FUSE, A F. BLO FUSE, 12A MIN. AX	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	1990-0404 1990-0437 1990-0485 05328-60120 2110-0001 2110-0002 2110-0301

	BLE PARTS (CONTINUED) HP PART NUMBER		DESCRIPTION	MFR CODE	MFR PART NUMBER
			CHASSIS PARTS		
			FAN AND CONTROL MODULE ASSEMBLY		0950-1589
C1A C1B	0160-0676 6 0160-0676 6	2	CAPACITOR-FXD 1800PF +-10% CAPACITOR-FXD 1800PF/1800PF +-10%	28480 28480	0160-0676 0160-0676
F1 F1	2110-0001 8 2110-0002 9 2110-0464 7 2110-0465 8 2110-0467 0	1 1 1 1	CAPACITOR-FXD 1800PF +-10% CAPACITOR-FXD 1800PF/1800PF +-10% FUSE 1A 250V FAST-BLO 1.25X.25 UL IEC FUSE 2A 250V FAST-BLO 1.25X.25 UL IEC FUSEHOLDER-EXTR POST 20A 300V UL/IEC FUSEHOLDER CAP EXTR PST, BAYONET, 20A NUT-HEX 1/2-28 THD 0.688 A/F	75915 75915 75915 28480 75915	312001 312002 345002-010 2110-0465 903-070
Q1 Q2 Q7 Q8 Q11	0340-0765 6 0340-0765 6 0340-0765 6 0340-0765 6 0340-0765 6	5	INSULATOR-XSTR KAPTON INSULATOR-XSTR KAPTON INSULATOR-XSTR KAPTON INSULATOR-XSTR KAPTON INSULATOR-XSTR KAPTON	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0340-0765 0340-0765 0340-0765 0340-0765 0340-0765
S1	3101-1234 3	1	SWITCH-SL DPDT-NS STD 1.5A 250VAC	28480	3101-1234
T1	9100-3046 3	1	TRANSFORMER-PWR PRI: 100/120/220/240V	28480	9100-3046
W1	8120-1378 1	1	CABLE ASSY 18AWG 3-CNDCT JGK-JKT	27480	8120-1378
			MISCELLANEOUS PARTS		
	0380-0004 0 1200-0547 7 1250-0083 1 1390-0406 8 1400-0560 8	2 6 3 4 1	SPACER,RND .188.IN.LG .18.IN.ID LOCK-DUAL INLINE PKG IC FOR 14 PIN CONNECTOR-RF BNC FEM SGL-HOLE-FR 50-OHM FASTENER-CATCH STRIKE PL 16 GA STL, 1.00 CLAMP/HOLDER-CMPNT/CA (MISC)3	00000 28480 28480 28480 28480	ORDER BY DESCRIPTION 1200-0547 1250-0083 1390-0406 1400-0560
	2190-0016 3 4040-1214 0 7101-0470 1 7120-7018 3 8120-0520 3	1 1 1 1 3	WASHER-LK INTL T 3/8 IN .377-IN-ID PANEL, PLASTIC COVER ASSEMBLY NAME PLATE, FRONT CABLE ASSY	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	2190-0016 4040-1214 7101-0470 7120-7018 8120-0520
	5040-7216 5 5040-7221 2 5040-7224 5 8120-2176 9 05328-00003 4	2 4 2 1 1	WASHER, HANDLE FOOT, REAR HANDLE ADAPTER CABLE ASSY BRACKET, FRONT	28480 28480 28480	5040-7216 5040-7221 5040-7224 8120-2176 05328-00003
	05328-00011 4 05328-00014 7 05328-00017 0 05328-00019 2 05328-00020 5	1 1 1 1	SHIELD, FREQUENCY C PLATE, COVER, ASCII PANEL, REAR BRACKET, FAN HANDLE, FRONT	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	05328-00011 05328-00014 05328-00017 05328-00019 05328-00020
	05328-00021 6 05328-00022 7 05328-20212 9 05328-20217 4 05328-20253 8	1 1 1 2	COVER, TOP COVER, BOTTOM PANEL, DISPLAY PANEL, FRONT THUMB SCREW CABLE ASSEMBLY, OSCILLATOR CABLE ASSEMBLY, OVERLOAD INDICATOR (WITH A8DS1) BOARD ASSEMBLY, EXTENDER MANUAL, OPERATING AND SERVICE	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	05328-00021 05328-00022 05328-20212 05328-20217 05328-20253
	05328-60115 5 05328-60120 2	1 2	CABLE ASSEMBLY, OSCILLATOR CABLE ASSEMBLY, OVERLOAD INDICATOR	28480 28480	05328-60115 05328-60120
	05328-62016 9 05328-90055 4	2 1	(WITH ARDSI) BOARD ASSEMBLY, EXTENDER MANUAL, OPERATING AND SERVICE	28480 28480	05328-62016 05328-90055
	05328-90057 8 1460-1345 5 2950-0001 8	1 2	BOOKLET, OPERATING TILT STAND SST NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 3/8-32-THD .094-IN-THK	28480 28480 00000 00000	05328-90057 1460-1345 ORDER BY DESCRIPTION ORDER BY DESCRIPTION 0370-1005
	0370-1097 2 0370-1107 5 1251-2357 8 3101-0851 8 7120-0644 1	1 2 1 1	KNOB-BASE-PTR 1/2 JGK .125-IN-ID KNOB-BASE-PTR-AND-BAR 1/2 JGK .25-IN-ID CONNECTOR-AC PWR HP-9 MALE FLG-MTG CAP-PUSHBUTTON BLACK; .2-IN DIA; .155-IN LABEL, WARNING	28480 28480 28480	0370-1097 0370-1107 1251-2357 3101-0851 7120-0644
	7122-0097 2 5020-8801 4 5020-8802 5 5020-8831 0 5040-7201 8	1 1 2 4	NAMEPLATE, REAR FRAME, FRONT, FULL FRAME, REAR FOOT(STANDARD)	28480 28480 28480	7122-0097 5020-8801 5020-8802 5020-8831 5040-7201
	05328-00002 3	1 1 3 1	TRIM, TOP BRACKET, MAIN BRACKET, CORNER INSULATOR, P.S.	28480 28480	5040-7202 05328-00001 05328-00002 05328-00015

Table 6-2. Manufacturers Code list

Mfr No.	Manufacturer Name	Address	Zip Code			
00000	U.S.A. Common	Any Supplier of the U.S.				
01121	Allen-Bradley Co	Milwaukee, WI	53204			
01295	Texas Instr Inc Semicond Cmpnt Div	Dallas, TX	75222			
0192B	RCA Corp Solid State Div	Somerville, NJ	08876			
02111	Spectrol Electronics Corp	City of Ind, CA	91745			
02114	Ferroxcube Corp	Saugerties, NY	12477			
03508	GE Co Semiconductor Prod Dept	Syracuse, NY	13201			
04713	Motorola Semiconductor Products	Phoenix, AZ	85062			
07263	Fairchild Semiconductor Div	Mountain View, CA	94042			
17856	Siliconix Inc	Santa Clara, CA	95054			
18324	Signetics Corp	Sunnyvale, CA	94086			
19701	Mepco/Electra Corp	Mineral Wells, TX	76067			
24046	Transitron Electronic Corp	Wakefield, MA	01880			
24546	Corning Glass Works (Bradford)	Bradford, PA	16701			
24931	Specialty Connector Co Inc	Indianapolis, IN	46227			
27014	National Semiconductor Corp	Santa Clara, CA	95051			
28480	Hewlett-Packard Co Corporate HQ	Palo Alto, CA	94304			
30983	Mepco/Electra Corp	San Diego, CA	92121			
32997	Bourns Inc Trimpot Prod Div	Riverside, CA	92507			
34335	Advanced Micro Devices Inc	Sunnyvale, CA	94086			
51642	Centre Engineering Inc	State College, PA	16801			
52763	Stettner-Trush Inc	Cazenovia, NY	13035			
56289	Sprague Electric Co	North Adams, MA	01247			
72136	Electro Motive Corp Sub IEC	Willimantic, CT	06226			
73138	Beckman Instruments Inc Helipot Div	Fullerton, CA	92634			
75042	TRW Inc Philadelphia Div	Philadelphia, PA	19108			
75915	Littelfuse Inc	Des Plaines, IL	60016			
84411	TRW Capacitor Div	Ogallala, NE	69153			

				REPLAC	CEMENT	
		NATIONAL			NATIONAL	
PART NUMBER	FSCM	STOCK NUMBER	PART NUMBER	FSCM	STOCK NUMBER	SMR CODE
NONDER	rben	NONDER	NONDER	I DCM	NONDER	CODE
DV11PS18A	73899	5910-00-983-2623				XDHZZ
0121-0059 0121-0061	28480 28480	5910-00-776-4185 5910-00-983-2623				XDHZZ XDHZZ
0121-0001	28480	5910-00-410-2393				XDHZZ
0140-0177	28480	5910-00-917-9737				XDHZZ
0140-0202	28480	5910-00-852-2655				XDHZZ
0140-0209	28480	5910-00-920-3776				XDHZZ
0140-0214 0140-0215	28480 28480	5910-00-835-3251 5910-00-023-2355				XDHZZ XDHZZ
0140-0221	28480	5910-00-772-6728				XDHZZ
0140-0225	28480	5910-00-078-1950				XDHZZ
0150-0096	28480	5910-00-247-7226				XDHZZ
0160-0127 0160-0128	28480 28480	5910-00-809-5484 5910-00-057-3934				XDHZZ XDHZZ
0160-0154	28480	5910-00-879-7210				XDHZZ
0160-0161	28480	5910-00-911-9271				XDHZZ
0160-0174	28480	5910-00-234-9817				XDHZZ
0160-0314	28480	5910-00-982-8390				XDHZZ
0160-0342 0160-2055	28480 28480	5910-00-776-4176 5910-00-211-1611				XDHZZ XDHZZ
0160-2242	28480	5910-00-211-1011				XDHZZ
0160-2244	28480	5910-00-008-4451				XDHZZ
0160-2246	28480	5910-00-430-5697				XDHZZ
0160-3043	28480	5910-00-472-5006				XDHZZ
0160-3879 0170-0024	28480 28480	5910-00-477-8011 5910-00-726-6249				XDHZZ XDHZZ
0170-0040	28480	5910-00-829-0245				XDHZZ
0170-0055	28480	5910-00-797-9742				XDHZZ
0180-0106	28480	5910-00-127-1668				XDHZZ
0180-0119 0180-0124	28480 28480	5910-00-864-8416 5190-00-962-0338				XDHZZ XDHZZ
0180-0229	28480	5910-00-403-2449				XDHZZ
0180-0374	28480	5910-00-931-7050				XDHZZ
0180-1701	28480	5910-00-615-7483				XDHZZ
0180-1735 0180-1746	28480 28480	5910-00-430-6016 5910-00-430-6036				XDHZZ XDHZZ
0360-0124	28480	5940-00-993-9338				XDHZZ
0675-1021	28480	5905-00-420-7124				XDHZZ
0683-1005	28480	5905-00-960-0099				XDHZZ
0683-1015 0683-1035	28480 28480	5905-00-102-5294 5905-00-998-1929				XDHZZ XDHZZ
0683-2015	28480	5905-00-683-2239				XDHZZ
0683-2025	28480	5905-00-686-3370				XDHZZ
0683-2055	28480	5905-00-762-8168				XDHZZ
0683-2725 0683-3015	28480	5905-00-882-2723 5905-00-682-4110				XDHZZ
0683-3355	28480 28480	5905-00-082-4110				XDHZZ XDHZZ
0683-3905	28480	5905-00-498-6059				XDHZZ
0683-5115	28480	5905-00-801-8272				XDHZZ
0683-5125	28480	5905-00-139-1642				XDHZZ
0683-6815 0698-3111	28480 28480	5905-00-727-8001 5905-00-420-7126				XDHZZ XDHZZ
0698-3136	28480	5905-00-891-4247				XDHZZ
0698-3152	28480	5905-00-420-7130				XDHZZ
0698-3153	28480	5905-00-974-6081				XDHZZ
0698-3156 0698-3157	28480 28480	5905-00-974-6084 5905-00-433-6904				XDHZZ XDHZZ
0698-3160	28480	5905-00-974-6078				XDHZZ
0698-3378	28480	5905-00-856-9865				XDHZZ
0698-5103	28480	5905-00-420-7139				XDHZZ
0698-5426 0698-5996	28480 28480	5905-00-139-2271 5905-00-172-4901				XDHZZ XDHZZ
0698-5999	28480	5905-00-444-5552				XDHZZ
0757-0199	28480	5905-00-981-7513				XDHZZ
0757-0200	28480	5905-00-891-4224				XDHZZ
0757-0279	28480	5905-00-221-8310				XDHZZ

TABLE 6-3 PART NUMBER - NATIONAL STOCK NUMBER

CROSS REFERENCE INDEX

REPLACEMENT

		313 ET 0313 T		REPLACEM.		
DADE		NATIONAL	D3.DM		NATIONAL	CNT
PART	=====	STOCK	PART	====	STOCK	SMR
NUMBER	FSCM	NUMBER	NUMBER	FSCM	NUMBER	CODE
0757-0280	28480	5905-00-853-8190				XDHZZ
0757-0283	28480	5905-00-998-1909				XDHZZ
0757-0421	28480	5905-00-891-4219				XDHZZ
0757-0427	28480	5905-00-917-0578				XDHZZ
0757-0428	28480	5905-00-998-1794				XDHZZ
0757-0438	28480	5905-00-929-2529				XDHZZ
0757-0439	28480	5905-00-990-0303				XDHZZ
0757-0442	28480	5905-00-998-1792				XDHZZ
0757-0447	28480	5905-00-981-7530				XDHZZ
0757-0454	28480	5905-00-891-2811				XDHZZ
0757-0900	28480	5905-00-935-8470				XDHZZ
0757-0924	28480	5905-00-102-5693				XDHZZ
0757-0931	28480	5905-00-998-1825				XDHZZ
0757-0938	28480	5905-00-858-6501				XDHZZ
0757-0950	28480	5905-00-935-8481				XDHZZ
09-52-3030	27264	5935-00-238-5507				XDHZZ
1200-0063	28480	5999-00-937-4420				XDHZZ
1205-0011	28480	5999-00-789-3794				
						XDHZZ
1250-0083	28480	5935-00-804-5144				XDHZZ
1250-0835	28480	5935-00-068-3546				XDHZZ
1250-0870	28480	5935-00-172-1007				XDHZZ
1251-2026	28480	5935-00-446-8768				XDHZZ
1251-2034	28480	5935-00-267-2973				XDHZZ
1251-2357	28480	5935-00-233-6728				XDHZZ
1251-3246	28480	5935-00-238-5507				XDHZZ
1810-0020	28480	5905-00-173-3935				XDHZZ
1810-0041	28480	5905-00-470-7377				XDHZZ
1810-0055		5905-00-548-0915				
	28480					XDHZZ
1820-0054	28480	5962-00-138-5248				XDHZZ
1820-0055	28480	5962-00-493-5961				XDHZZ
1820-0068	28480	5962-00-865-4626				XDHZZ
1820-0074	28480	5962-00-451-6345				XDHZZ
1820-0077	28480	5962-00-138-5250				XDHZZ
1820-0099	28480	5962-00-102-7520				XDHZZ
1820-0174	28480	5962-00-404-2559				XDHZZ
1820-0175	28480	5962-00-229-8500				XDHZZ
1820-0196	28480	5962-00-451-3131				XDHZZ
1820-0223	28480	5962-00-614-5251				XDHZZ
1820-0301	28480	5962-00-270-1960				XDHZZ
1820-0301						
	28480	5962-00-009-1356				XDHZZ
1820-0537	28480	5962-01-034-9974				XDHZZ
1820-0736	28480	5962-00-513-2691				XDHZZ
1820-0802	28480	5962-00-496-2209				XDHZZ
1820-1019	28480	5962-01-022-3250				XDHZZ
1853-0016	28480	5961-00-901-4862				XDHZZ
1853-0020	28480	5961-00-904-2540				XDHZZ
1853-0036	28480	5961-00-931-0372				XDHZZ
1853-0326	28480	5961-00-471-2984				XDHZZ
1854-0071	28480	5961-00-137-4608				XDHZZ
1854-0092	28480	5961-00-943-7572				XDHZZ
1854-0215	28480	5961-00-892-8706				XDHZZ
1855-0081	82480	5961-00-350-8299				XDHZZ
1901-0040		5961-00-350-8299				
	28480					XDHZZ
1901-0050	28480	5961-00-914-7496				XDHZZ
1901-0376	28480	5961-00-790-7834				XDHZZ
1901-0518	28480	5961-00-430-6819				XDHZZ
1901-0535	28480	5961-00-451-8685				XDHZZ
1901-0638	28480	5961-00-471-2987				XDHZZ
1902-0031	28480	5961-00-718-7329				XDHZZ
1902-0074	28480	5961-00-766-1459				XDHZZ
1902-0126	28480	5961-00-780-8330				XDHZZ
1902-0579	28480	5961-00-452-0438				XDHZZ
1902-0774	28480	5961-00-057-7873				XDHZZ
1902-3036	28480	5961-00-350-2205				XDHZZ
1902-3082	28480	5961-00-448-9737				XDHZZ
1902-3224	28480	5961-00-195-3526				XDHZZ
1910-0016	28480	5961-00-954-9182				XDHZZ

TABLE 6-3
PART NUMBER - NATIONAL STOCK NUMBER
CROSS REFERENCE INDEX

				REPLACEME	NT	
D. D. D. D.		NATIONAL			NATIONAL	21.00
PART		STOCK	PART		STOCK	SMR
NUMBER	FSCM	NUMBER	NUMBER	FSCM	NUMBER	CODE
2100-1738	28480	5905-00-256-8993				KDHZZ
2100 1730	28480	5905-00-476-5797				KDHZZ
2100-2632	28480	5905-00-476-5718				KDHZZ
2100-2633	28480	5905-00-476-5796				KDHZZ
2110-0269	28480	5999-00-333-9620				KDHZZ
2950-0001	28480	5310-00-450-3324				KDHZZ
2950-0035	28480	5310-00-454-1335				KDHZZ
3101-1234	28480	5930-00-406-8746				KDHZZ
4040-0747	28480	5999-00-230-8833				KDHZZ
4040-0748	2848C	5999-00-230-8834				KDHZZ
4040-0752	28480	5999-00-230-8832				KDHZZ
8120-1378	28480	6150-00-008-5075				KDHZZ
8159-0005	28480	6625-01-014-3446				KDHZZ
9100-2288	28480	5950-01-013-7377				KDHZZ
9140-0096	28480	5950-00-138-1381				KDHZZ
9140-0131	28480	5905-00-919-5713				KDHZZ
9140-0137	28480	5950-00-984-3433				KDHZZ
9140-0178	28480	5950-00-199-7652				KDHZZ

SECTION VII MANUAL CHANGES

7-1. INTRODUCTION

7-2. This section contains information for adapting this manual to instruments for which the content does not apply directly. This manual applies directly to instruments having serial prefix 1808A. Refer to Section I for additional important information about serial number coverage.

7-3. MANUAL CHANGES SHEET

7-4. Instruments having serial prefixes higher than 1808A are covered with a "Manual Changes" sheet, following.

MANUAL CHANGES



MANUAL DESCRIPTION

INSTRUMENT: 5328A/H42 Frequency Counter

Operating and Service Manual

SERIAL PREFIX: 1808A

DATE PRINTED: JUNE 1978
HP PART NO: 05328-90055
MICROFICHE NO: 05328-90056

CHANGE DATE July 7, 1978

(This change supersedes all earlier dated changes)

- Make all changes listed as ERRATA.
- Check the following table for your instrument's serial prefix or serial number and make listed change(s) to manual

IF YOUR INSTRUMENT HAS SERIAL PREFIX OR SERIAL NUMBER	MAKE THE FOLLOWING CHANGES TO YOUR MANUAL	IF YOUR INSTRUMENT HAS SERIAL PREFIX OR SERIAL NUMBER	MAKE THE FOLLOWING CHANGES TO YOUR MANUAL
➤ 1828A	1		

► NEW OR REVISED ITEM

- ➤ EFIRATA
 - ➤ Page 6-16, Table 6-1, A12 (05328-60031) Replaceable Parts: Add (SERIES 1636) to the Description of A12.
 - ➤ Page 8-33, Figure 8-20, A12 Component Locator: Change "C4" to C3 and "C3" to C4. The "C3" and "C4" component locators are transposed in the illustration.
 - ▶ Page 1-2, Paragraph 1-17:

Add the following sentence: The 05328-60121 Spare Parts Kit is described a the end of Table 6-1.

▶ Page Page 1-2, Table 1-1, Equipment Supplied:

Add KIT-SPARE PARTS HP PART NUMBER 05328-60121.

- ▶Page Page 1-2, Paragraph 1-19:
 - Change "5328AF/096" to read 5328 A/H42.
- ➤ Page 6-12, Table 6-1, A8 (05328-60032) Replaceable Parts:

Change A8R40* to HP Part No. 0698-4132 6; RESISTOR 62 5% .125W CC TC=-270/+540; 01121; BB6205.

Change A8R67 to A8R67*; 0698-4132 6; RESISTOR 62 5% .125W CC TC=-270/+540; 01121; BB6205; "FACTORY SELECTED PART.

- ▶Page Page 8-27, Figure 8-14, A8 (05328-60032) Schematic Diagram: Change A8R40 and R67 to 62 ohms.
- ▶ Page Page 8-21, Figure 8-10, A3/A3A1 Schematic Diagram and Component Locator:

Change reference designator for capacitor connected to U4A pin 4 in A3 schematic diagram from C22 to C14.

Change reference designator for diode located below J2 and R16 in A3 component locator from CR4 to CR3.

MANUAL CHANGES MODEL 5328A/H42 Page 2

► CHANGE 1 (1828A)

▶ Pages 6-7 and 6-8, Table 6-1, A2 (05328-60035) Replaceable Parts: Change A2 series number from 1808 to 1828.

Change A2R34 and R35 from 0811-1340 (1 Ω) to 0812-0021; RESISTOR **0.47\Omega** 5% 3W WW TC=0 **±** 90; 91637; CW2B1-3-T2-47/100-J.

▶ Page 8-19, Figure 8-9, A2 (05328-60035) schematic Diagram: Change "SERIES 1808" at top of diagram to SERIES 1828.

Change A2R34 and R35 from 1.0 to 0.47 ohms.

▶ Page 6-24, Table 2, Manufacturers Code List: Add 91637 DALE ELECTRONICS INC. COLUMBUS, NE 68601

▶ Pages 6-16 and 6-17, Table 6-1, A12 (05328-60031) Replaceable Parts: Change A12 series number from 1636 to 1828.

Change A12CR7 and CR9 from 1902-0126 (2.61V) to 1902-3048; DIODE-ZNR 3.48V 5% DO-7 PD= .4W TC= -.058%; 28480; 1902-3048.

▶ Page Page 8-33, Figure 8-20, A12 (05328-60031) Schematic Diagram:

Change A12 series number from 1636 to 1828.

Change voltage adjacent to A12CR7 and CR9 from 2.61 to 3.48V

SECTION VIII SCHEMATIC DIAGRAMS

8-1. INTRODUCTION

8-2. This section contains schematic diagrams and part locators. The part locators shown the location by reference designator.

8-3. SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM SYMBOLS AND REFERENCE DESIGNATORS

8-4. Figure 8-1 shows the symbols used on the schematic diagrams. At the bottom of Figure 8-1, the system for reference designators, assemblies, and subassemblies are shown.

8-5. Reference Designations

8-6. Assemblies such as printed-circuit boards are assigned numbers in sequence, A1, A2, etc. As shown in Figure 8-1, subassemblies within an assembly are given a subordinate A number. For example, rectifier subassembly A1 has the complete designator of A25A1. For individual components, the complete designator is determined by adding the assembly number and subassembly number if any. For example, CR1 on the rectifier assembly is designated A25A1CR1.

8-7. SIGNAL MNEMONICS

8-8. Table 8-1 contains a list of the mnemonics used to identify signals on the schematic diagrams.

8-9. IDENTIFICATION MARKINGS ON PRINTED-CIRCUIT BOARDS

- 8-10. HP printed-circuit boards (see Figure 8-1) have four identification numbers: an assembly part number, a series number, a revision letter, and a production code.
- 8-11. The assembly part number has 10 digits (such as 05328-60018) and is the primary identification. All assemblies with the same part number are interchangeable. When a production change is made on an assembly that makes it incompatible with previous assemblies, a change in part number is required. The series number (such as 1704A) is used to document minor electrical changes. As changes are made, the series number is incremented. When replacement boards are ordered, you may receive a replacement with a different series number. If there is a difference between the series number marked on the board and the schematic in this manual, a minor electrical difference exists. If the number on the printed-circuit board is lower than that on the schematic, refer to Section VII for backdating information. If it is higher, refer to the loose leaf manual change sheets for this manual. If the manual change sheets are missing, contact your local Hewlett-Packard Sales and Service Office. See the listing on the back cover of this manual.
- 8-12. Revision letters (A, B, etc.) denote changes in printed-circuit layout. For example, if a capacitor type is changed (electrical value may remain the same) and requires different spacing for its leads, the printed-circuit board layout is changed and the revision letter is incremented to the next letter. When a revision letter changes, the series number is also usually changed. The production code is the four-digit seven-segment number used for production purposes.

Model 5328A Schematic Diagrams

8-13. Symbols are used on PC boards to aid in identifying pin numbers, diode elements, etc., as follows:

Δ OR \square

IDENTIFIES:

Pin 1 of dip and flat-pack IC's.
Tab of TO CASES.
+ side of electrolytic capacitors.
Pin 1 of resistor packs.
Cathode of diodes.
Section I of dip switches.

8-14. ASSEMBLY LOCATIONS AND COMPONENT LOCATORS

6-15. Figures in this section show the front, rear, and top views of the 5328A. The front and rear views shows reference designators of the front and rear panel controls, connectors, and indicators. The top view shows asssembly locations. Component locators for each printed-circuit assembly are located next to the schematics.

8-16. FACTORY SELECTED COMPONENTS

8-17. Factory sleeted parts are identified by an asterisk on the schematic and in the parts list. The nominal value is shown on the schematics and is listed in the table of replaceable parts. A table-format summary on the schematic indexes factory selected parts by reference designator, describes what they are selected for and the range of normal values.

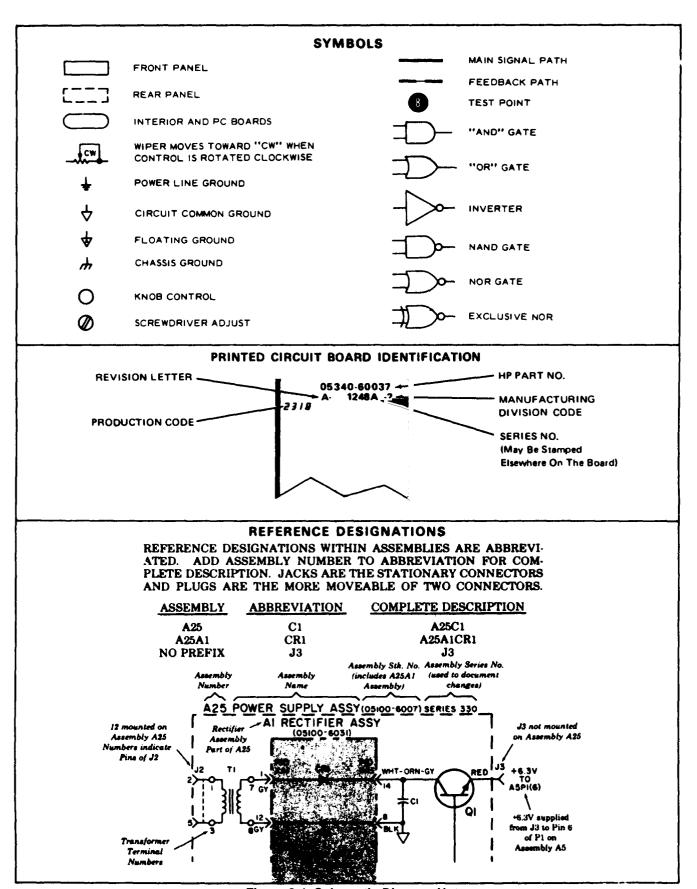


Figure 8-1. Schematic Diagram Notes

Table 8-1. Signal Mnemonics

MNEMONIC	DESCRIPTION
A A	Output of Time Interval Unit, A channel. ECL levels.
R (AØ) R (A1)	Non-latched ROM bits that drive Arming Multiplexer select lines on Function Selector. TTL levels.
В В	Output of Time Interval Unit, B channel. ECL levels.
C C	Output of C module, the carry input for the FS decade. ECL levels.
C ARM	Active high TTL line used for module C arming measurement.
CLK	Clock. Digit address clock to display. TTL levels.
Data A Data B Data C Data D	TTL 4-bit BCD code. Data going to display and HP-IB.
Digit A Digit B Digit C Digit D	TTL 4-bit digit address code. Controls interchange of data.
DVM	Frequency line counted by Function Selector to give display reading. ECL level.
F Code A (FA) F Code B (FB) F Code C (FC) F Code D (FD)	Function code from function switch. TTL levels.
FS	Function Selector.
GOSC GOSC	Gated oscillator. ECL levels.
HDS	TTL level high disables synchronizers.
HDSA	Used by Option 011 HP-IB Interface to strobe bus data in remote listener.
HLS	TTL level line used to strobe latches.
RL (HOPN)	Latched ROM line which locks open Function Selector main gate.
HPL	Same as LDP.
HRD	High resets decades. TTL active high.
HRS	High strobes 4K ROM, TTL active high.
HRTB	High resets time base. TTL active high. Also resets Function Selector.
R (HTBA)	Non-latched ROM bit which enables the TTL level Channel A signal from the Function Selector to be counted by the Time Base.

Table 8-1. Signal Mnemonics (Continued)

MNEMONIC	DESCRIPTION
RL (HTBB)	Latched ROM bit which enables the TTL level Channel B signal from the Function Selector to be counted by the Time Base.
R (HTBO)	Non-latched ROM bit which enables the time base to count the oscillator output.
RL (IA) RL (IB) RL (IC)	TTL level latched ROM bits that drive High Speed Multiplexer select lines on Function Selector.
L ANN	Low annunciators. TTL active low turns RHS annunciators on. Must be timed with digit address code to display selected annunciators.
LDDCA	Low disable Decade Counting Assembly (DCA). TTL active low disables DCA so that all DCA outputs are high.
LDI	Low disable indicators. TTL active low blanks RHS annunciators and all decimal points.
LDDIS	Low disable display. TTL active low blanks display except LHS annunciators.
LDP	Low decimal point. TTL active low turns decimal points on. Must be timed with digit address code to display selected decimal points.
LDSW	Low disable switches. The active low disables the FUNCTION RESOLUTION and RESET switches. Allows module control.
LEXT	Low external. TTL active low disables function and resolution switches for external control and lights RM annunciator.
LINH	Low inhibit. TTL active low inhibits starting new measurement.
LMG	Low main gate. TTL active low indicates main gate open.
RL (LMGF)	Latched ROM bit to Function Selector which selects the main gate F/F on the Function Selector to establish the gate time.
LMRES	Low when reset signal comes from display. Provides powerup type reset.
LRES	Low reset. TTL active low resets when FUNCTION, RESOLUTION, or RESET switch settings are changed. Also resets when DVM switches are changed. Provides power-up type of reset.
R (LST)	Non-latched ROM line which is high in stop totalize and low in start.
RL (LTOT)	Low totalize. Latched ROM bit low in totalize mode. TTL level.
LTR	Low transfer. TTL active low used in DCA.
MG M G	Main gate. Accurate signal to drive remote gate such as channel C. ECL levels.
OSC	10 MHz oscillator. TTL level.

Table 8-1. Signal Mnemonics (Continued)

MAIGNACANIC	Table 8-1. Signal Mnemonics (Continued)				
MNEMONIC	DESCRIPTION				
OSC OSC	100 MHz oscillator. ECL levels.				
OVFL	Overflow. TTL active low indicates display overflow.				
RG	ROM bit. Used to recognize period and institute hysteresis compensation. TTL level.				
RL1 (HEC)	Latched ROM bit. TTL level enables channel C to strobe its digit onto the bus.				
RL2 (BIL)	Latched ROM bit. High for time interval average. TTL level.				
RL3 (HDVM)	Latched ROM bit. Enables DVM to strobe a minus sign on the display or blank characters. TTL level.				
RL4 (LTIF)	Latched ROM bit. TTL level low in time interval or period measurement.				
RL5 (TIO)	Latched ROM bit. TTL level used to recognize period average.				
RL6 (HC)	Latched ROM bit which turns hysteresis compensation on and has a time interval as opposed to a period measurement made by the Time Interval unit, TTL level.				
SRT	The charge node line that controls the sample rate speed.				
RL (TBA) RL (TBB) RL (TBC)	Latched ROM bits that drive Time Base select code inputs.				
TBI TBO	TTL signal that drives Time Base. Time Base scaled output. TTL levels.				
TBS Code A (TBSA) TBS Code B (TBSB) TBS Code C (TBSC)	Time Base code input to ROM controlled by the Time Base switch. TTL levels.				
TI TI	Time interval. Output of Time Interval module used in time interval measurements, ECL levels.				

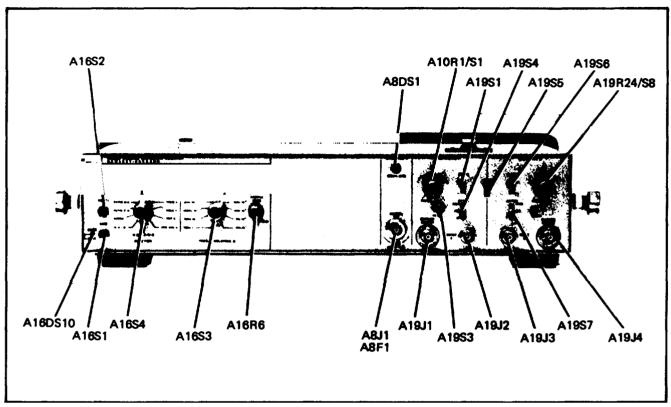


Figure 8-2. 5328A Front View

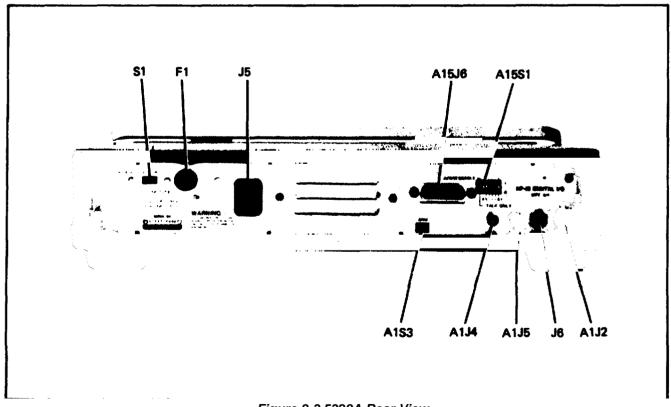


Figure 8-3 5328A Rear View

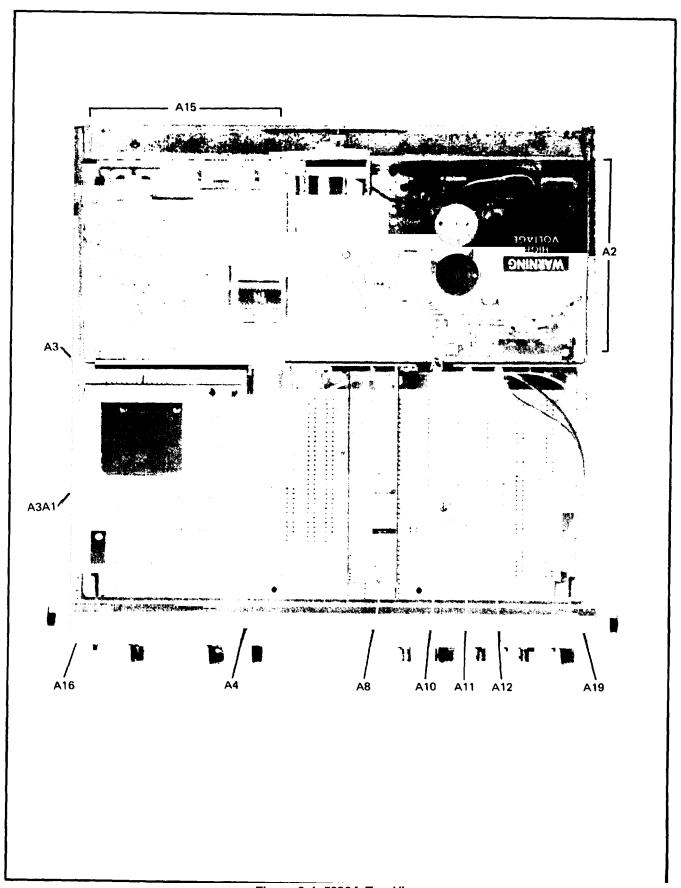


Figure 8-4. 5328A Top View

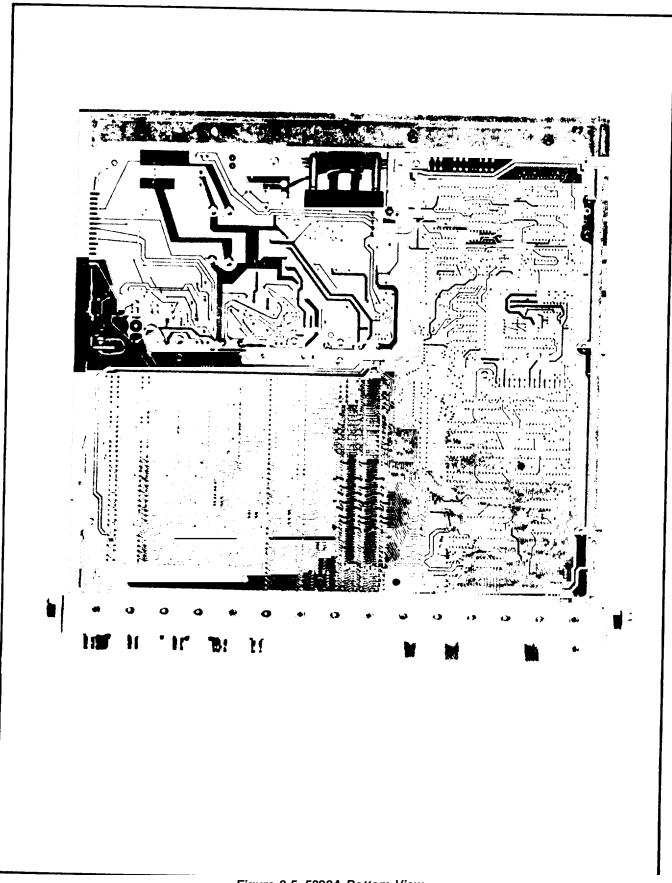
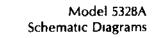


Figure 8-5. 5328A Bottom View



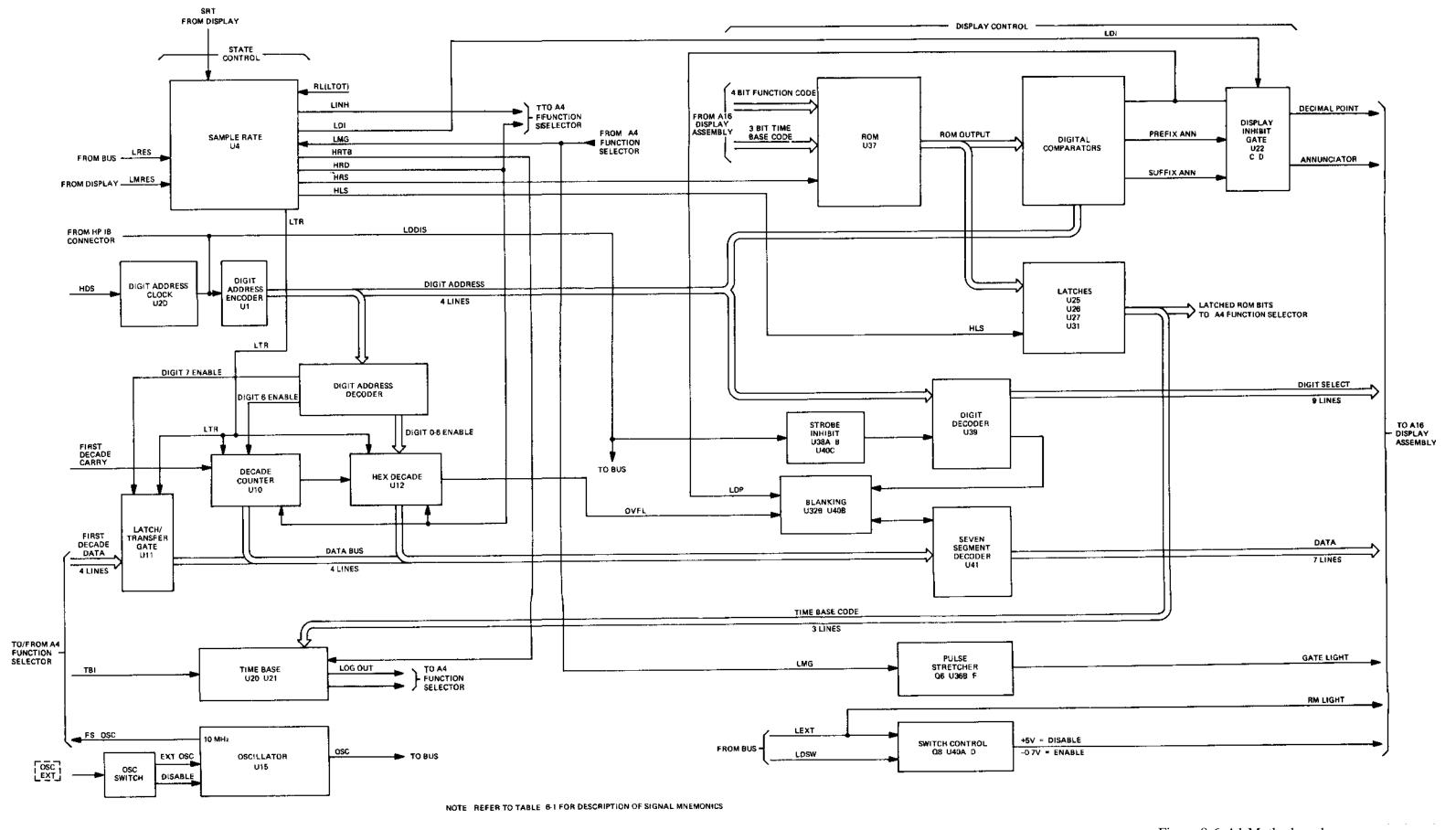
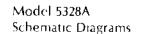
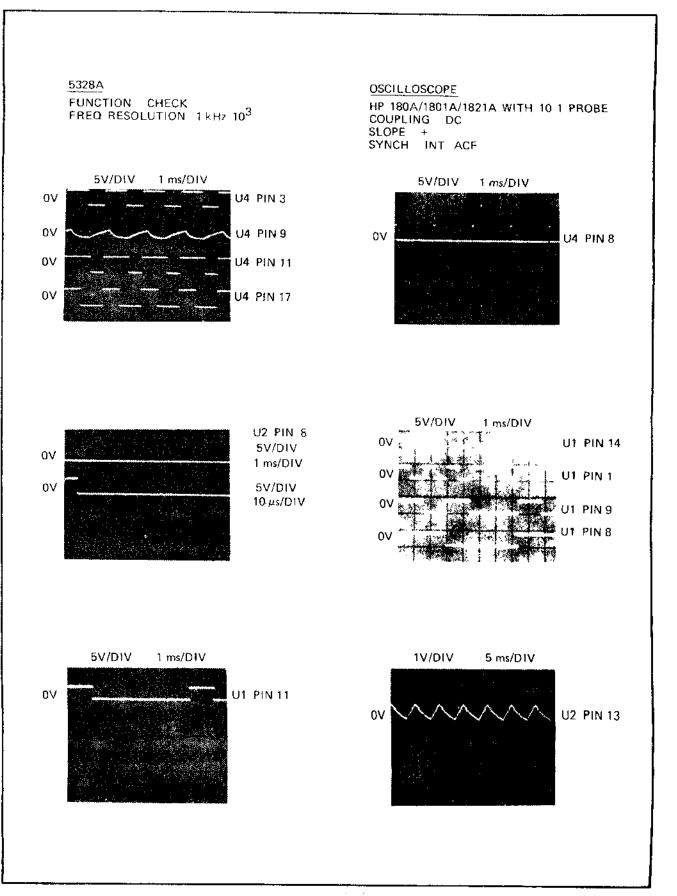


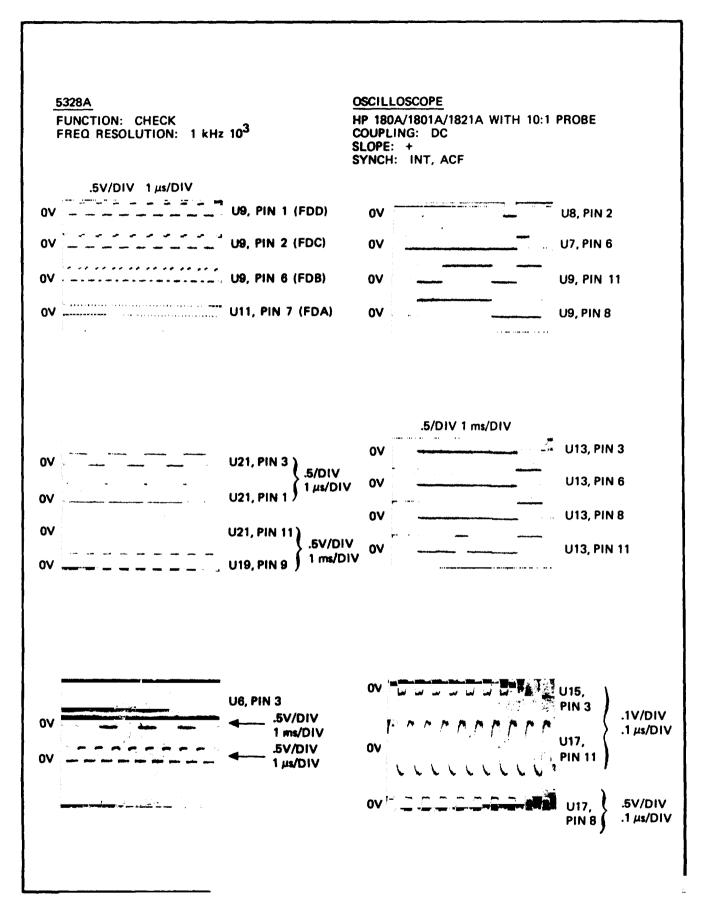
Figure 8-6. A1 Motherboard



8-12



P/O Figure 8-7. A1 Mother board Assembly



5328A

FUNCTION: CHECK

FREQ RESOLUTION: 1 kHz 103

OSCILLOSCOPE

HP 180A/1801A/1802A WITH 10:1 PROBE

BUS LINE NO.

43

43

42

42

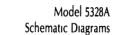
COUPLING: DC

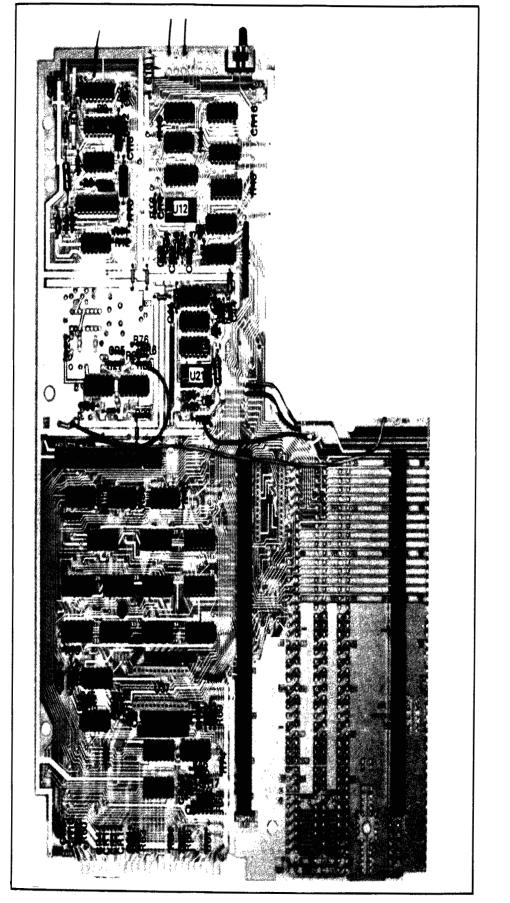
SLOPE: +

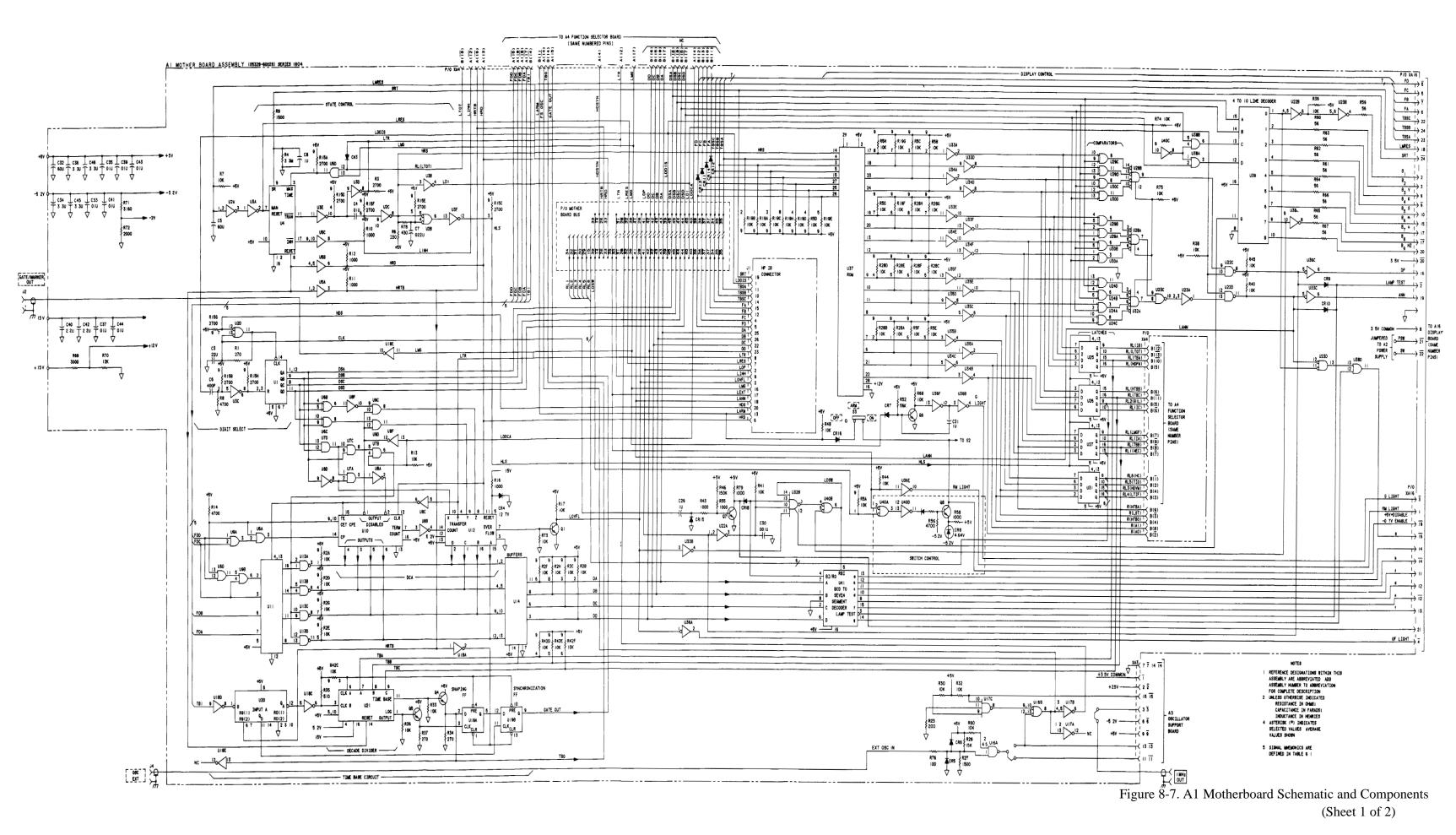
SYNCH: INT, ACF

	EMBW 1 IDW	DIGIT ADDRESS	BUS LINE NO.
ov =	.5V/DIV 1 ms/DIV	A	45
0V	Company of Supplemental Supplem	В	45
0V		С	44
0∨		D	44

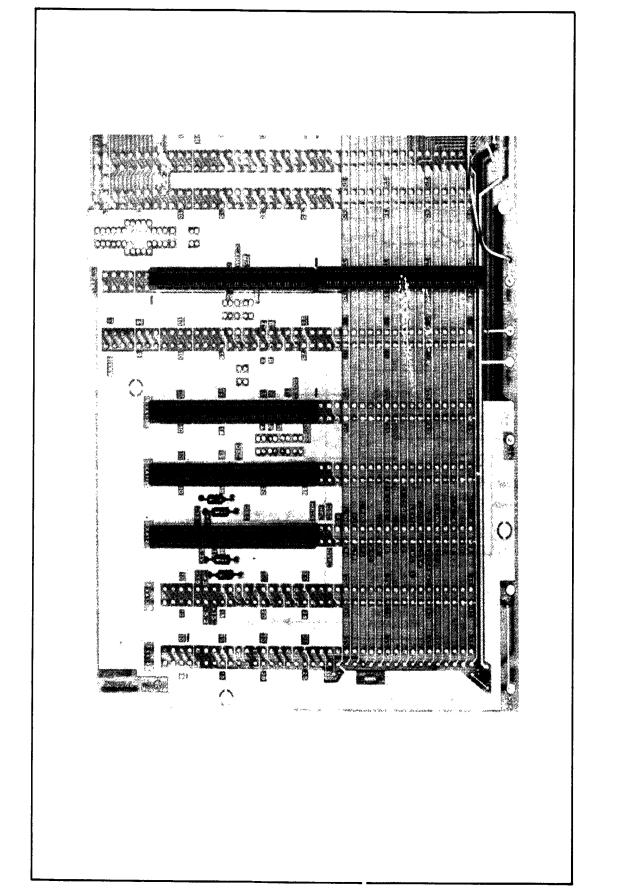
.5V/DIV 1 ms/DIV	DATA
0V	A
0V	В
ov	С
0V	D

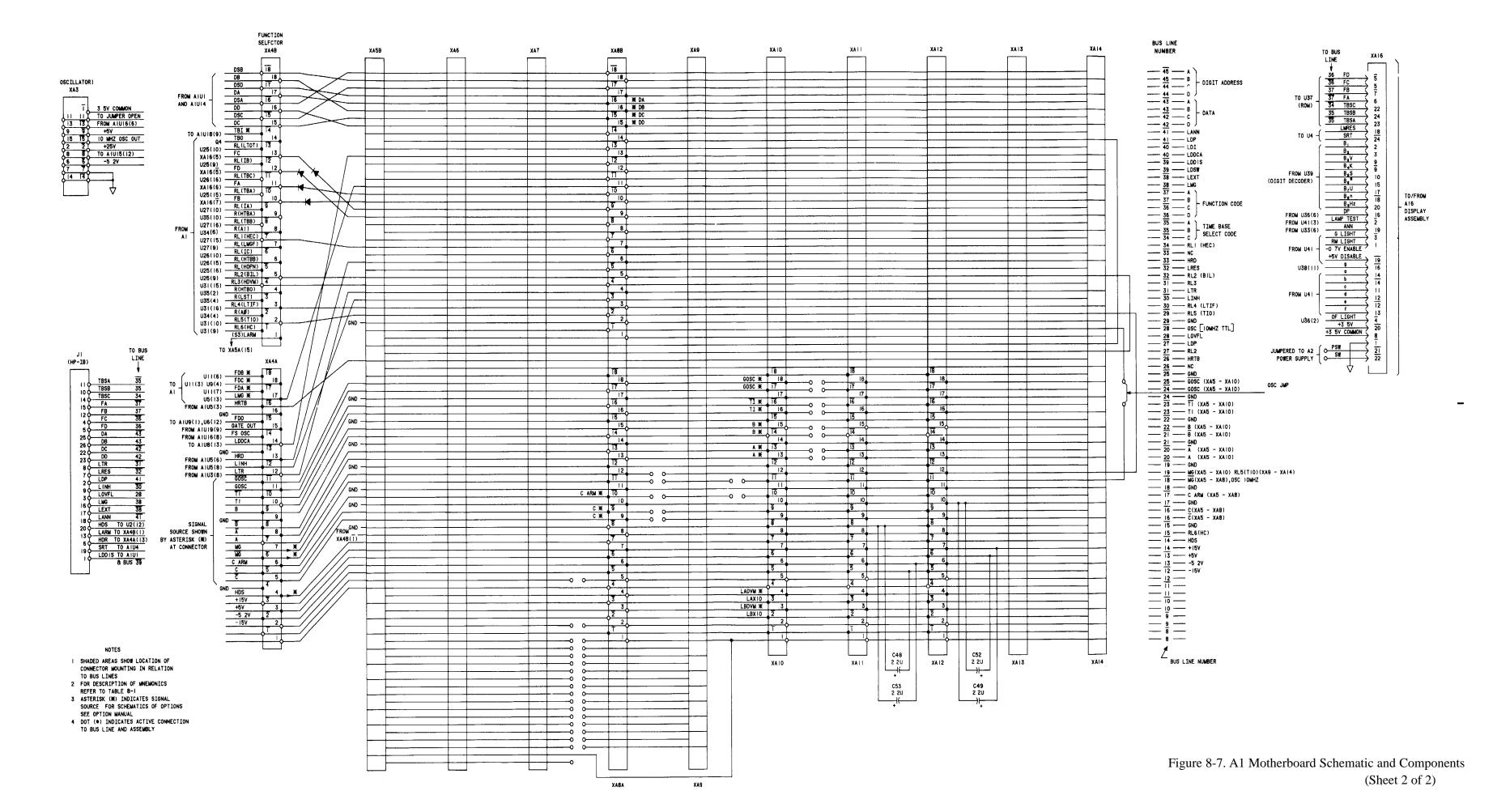






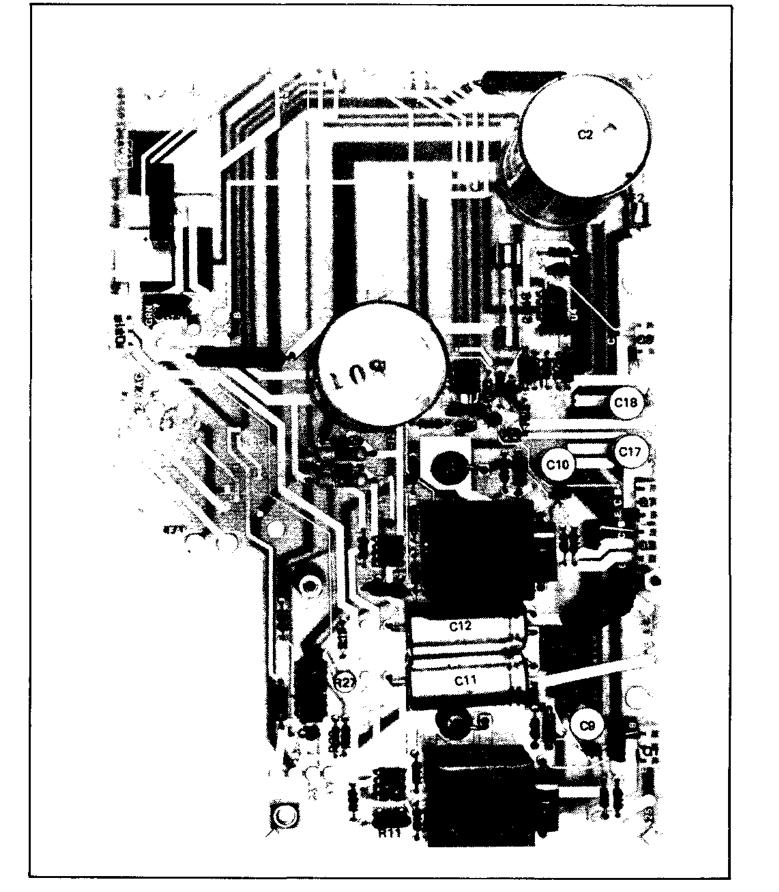
Model 3320A Schematic Diagrams





8-17

Model 5328A Schematic Diagrams



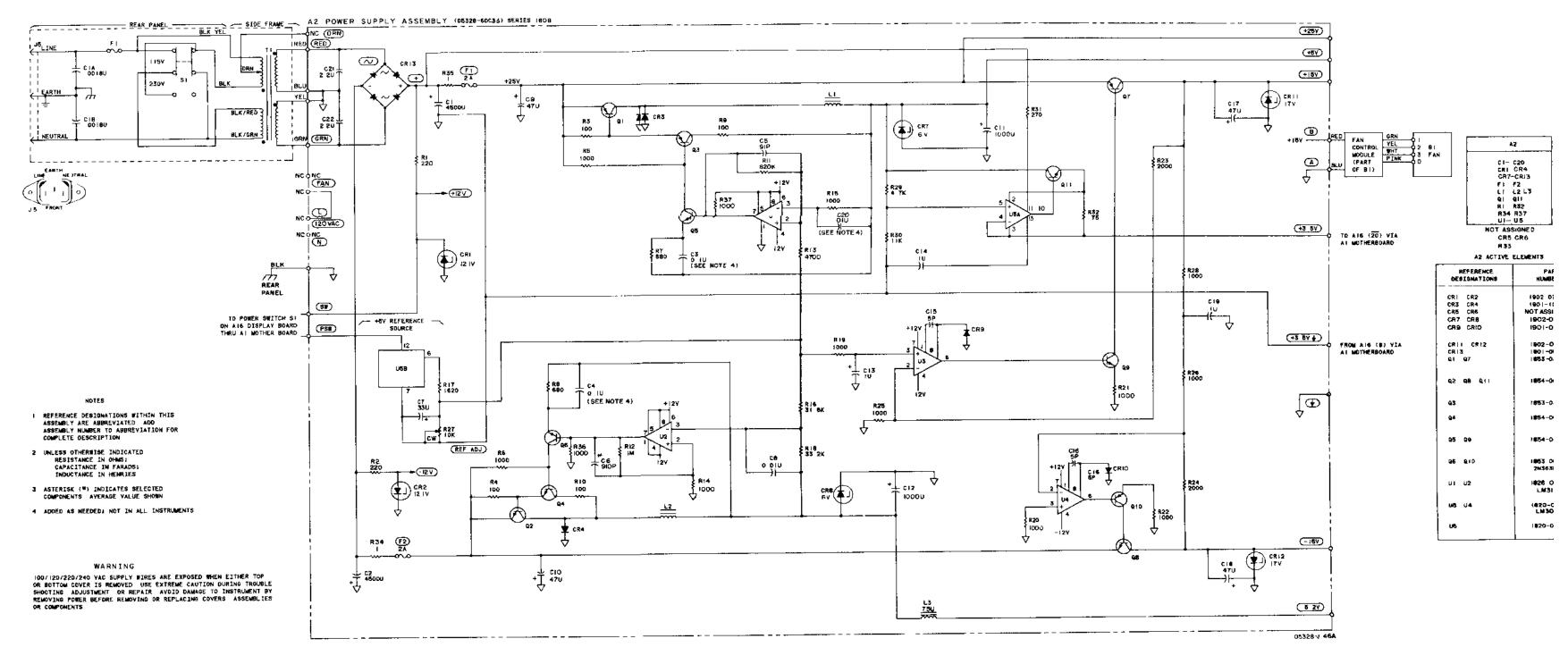
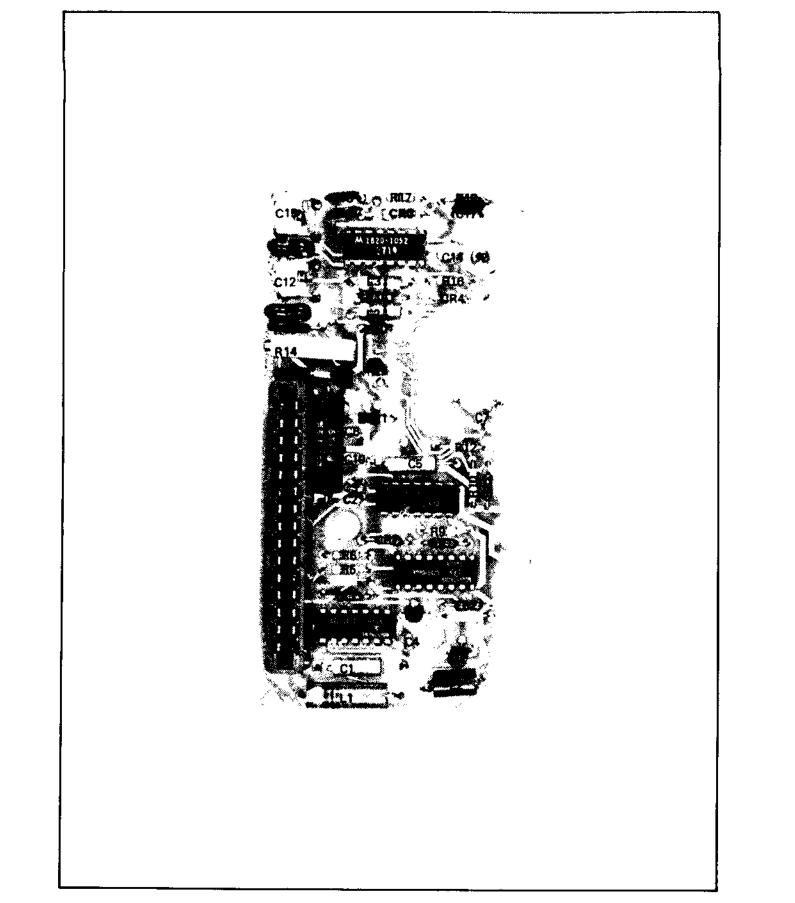
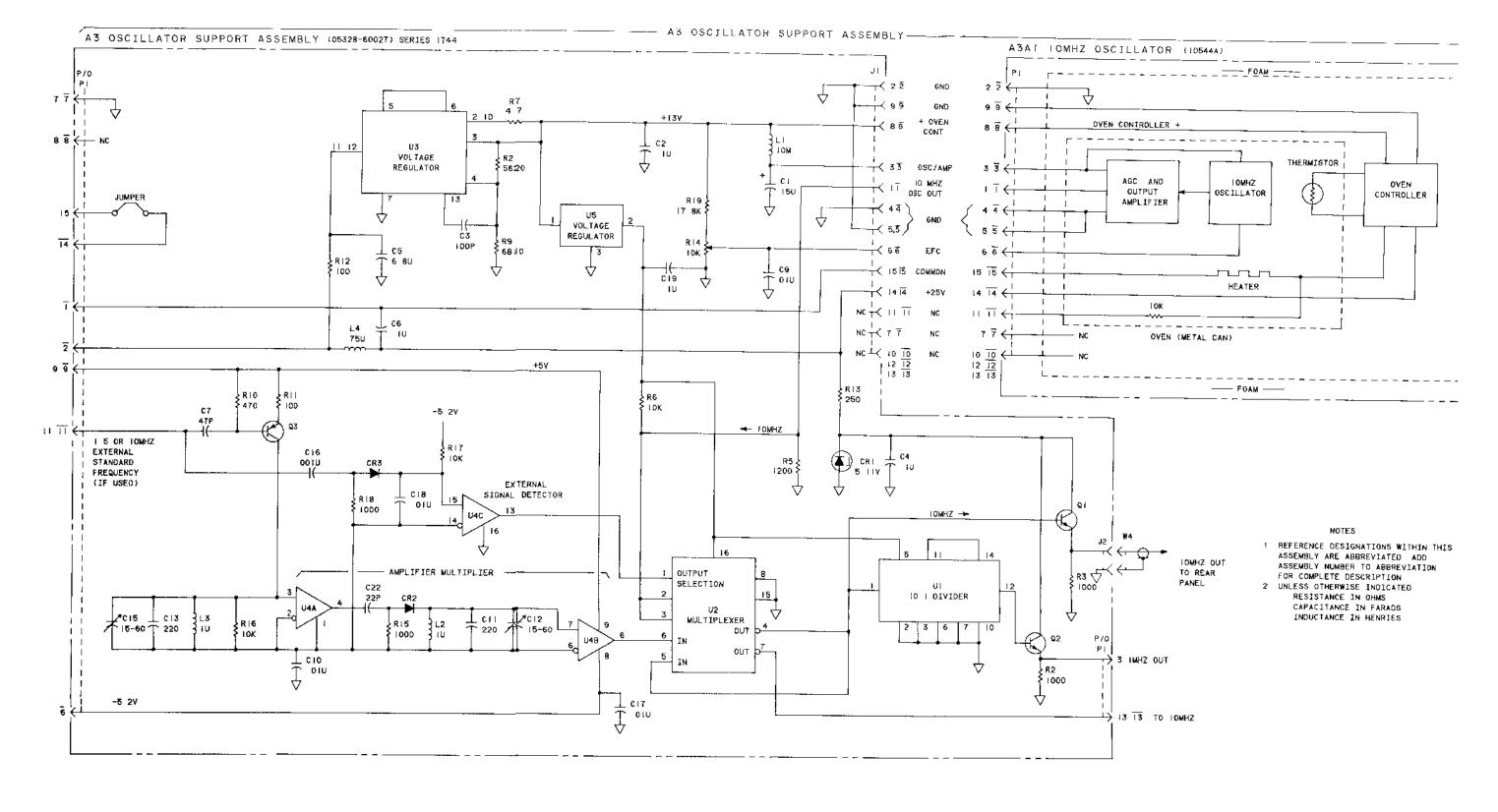


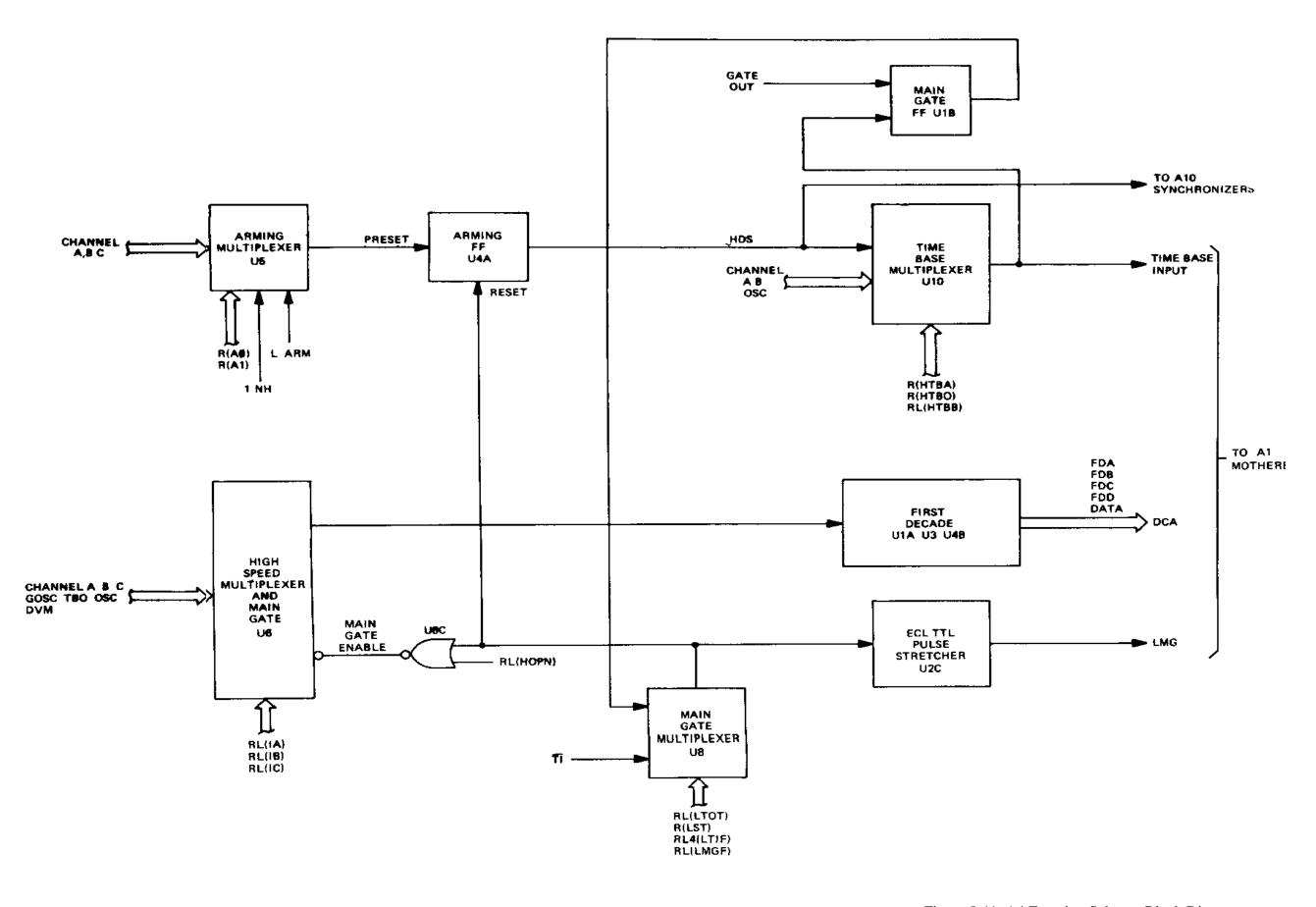
Figure 8-9. A2 Power Supply Schematic and Components





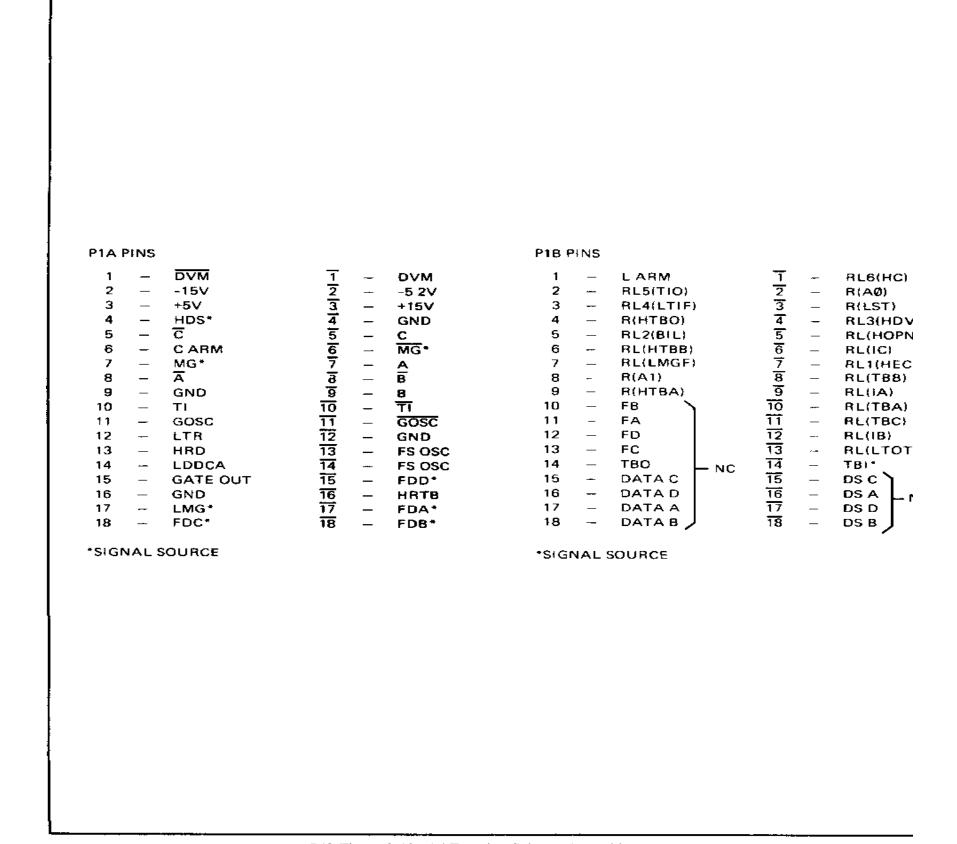


Model 5328A Schematic Diagrams



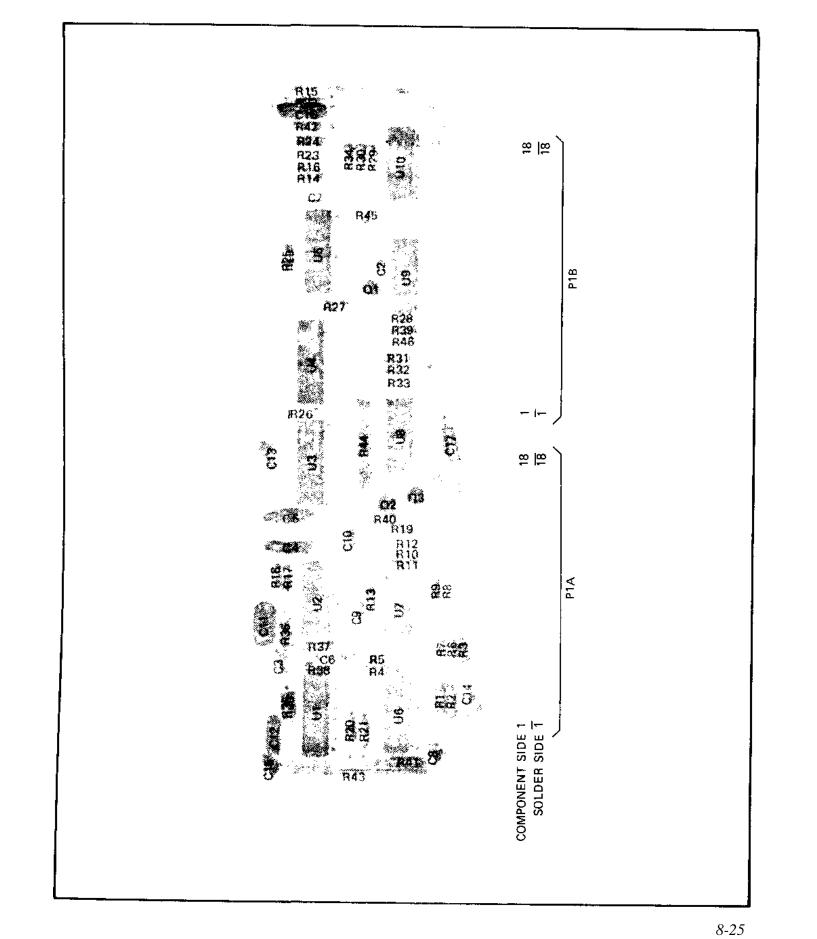
8-23 Figure 8-11. A4 Function Selector Block Diagram

Model 5328A	
Schematic Diagrams	



8-24

Model 5328A Schematic Diagrams



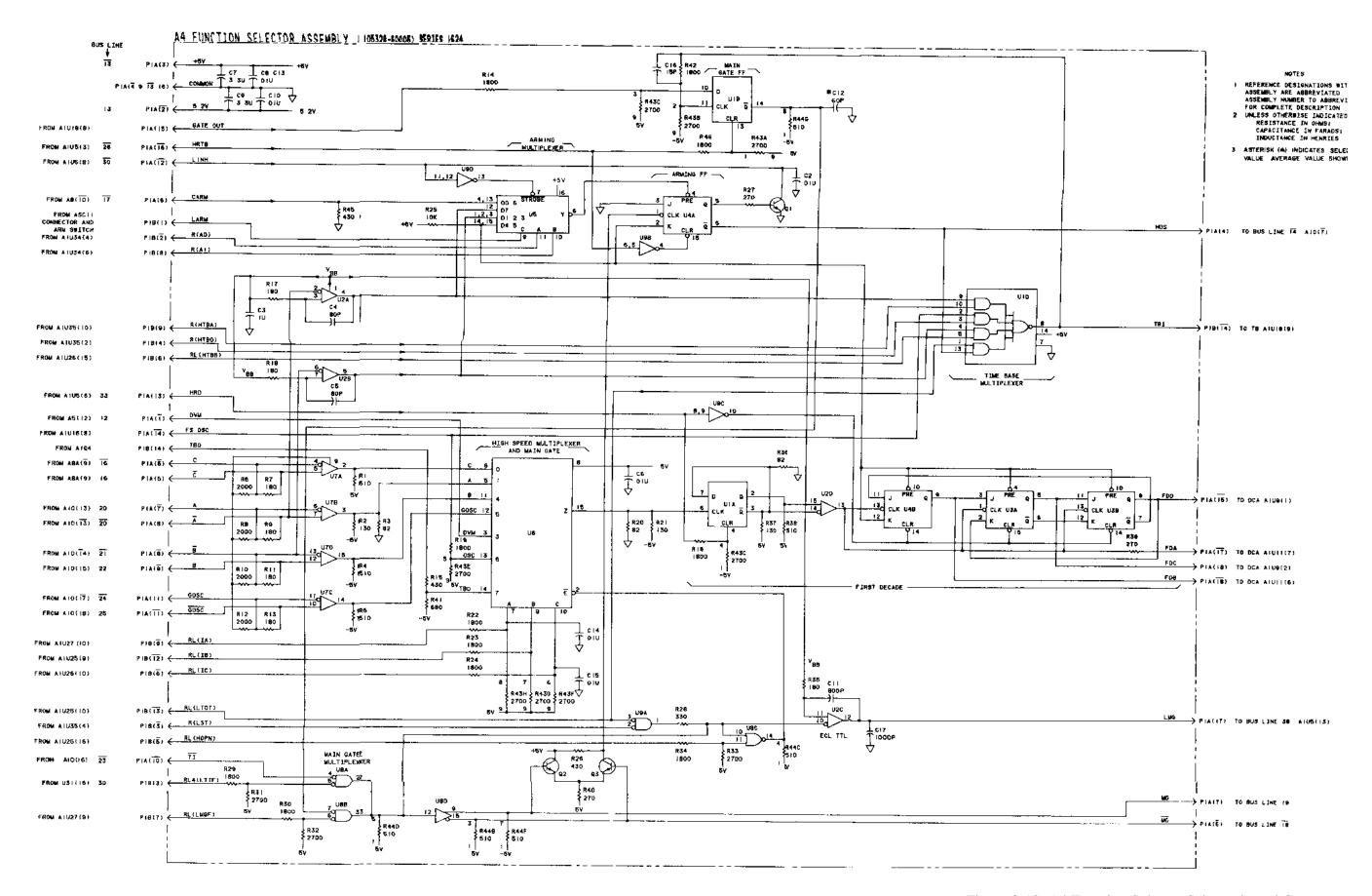
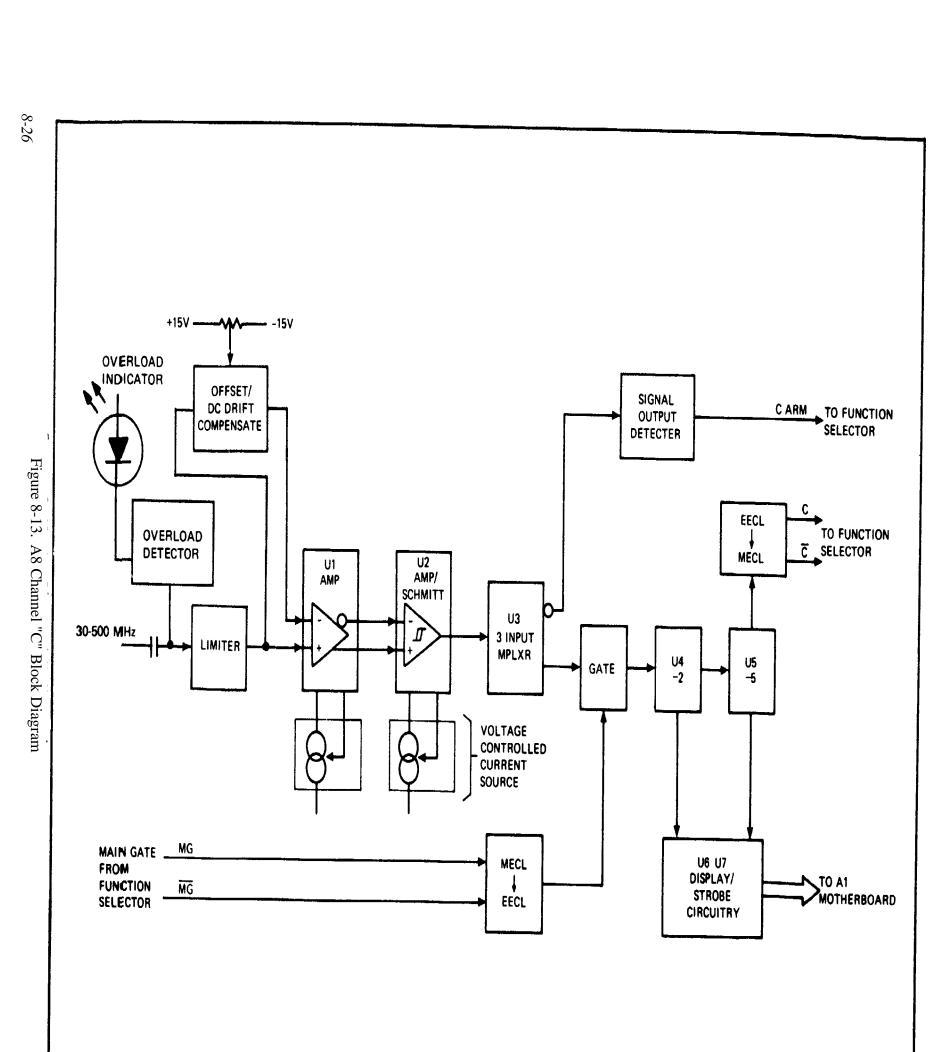
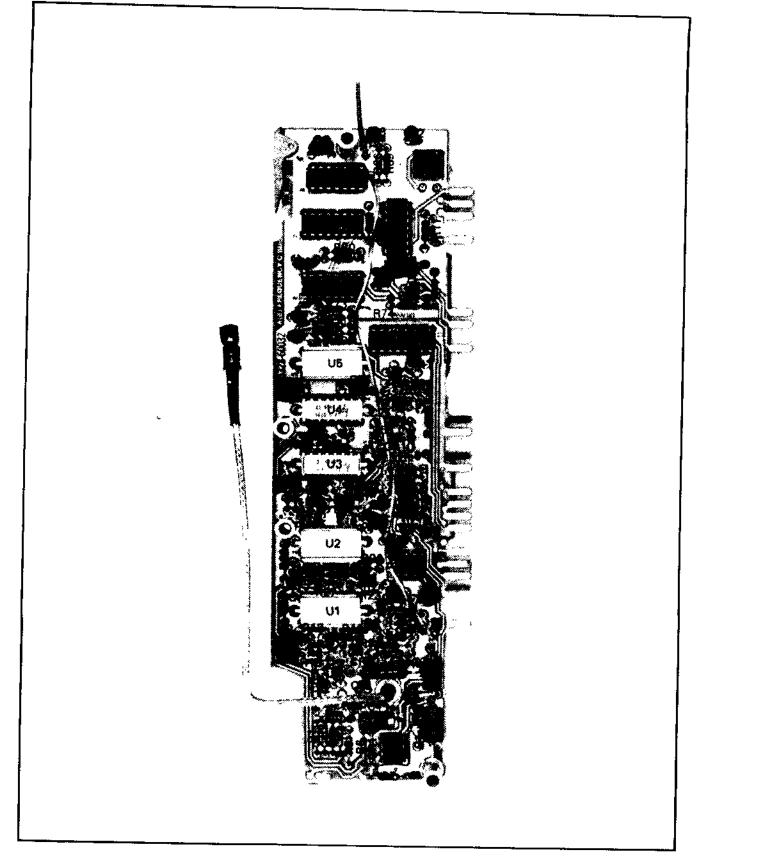


Figure 8-12. A4 Function Selector Schematic and Components



Model 5328A Schematic Diagrams



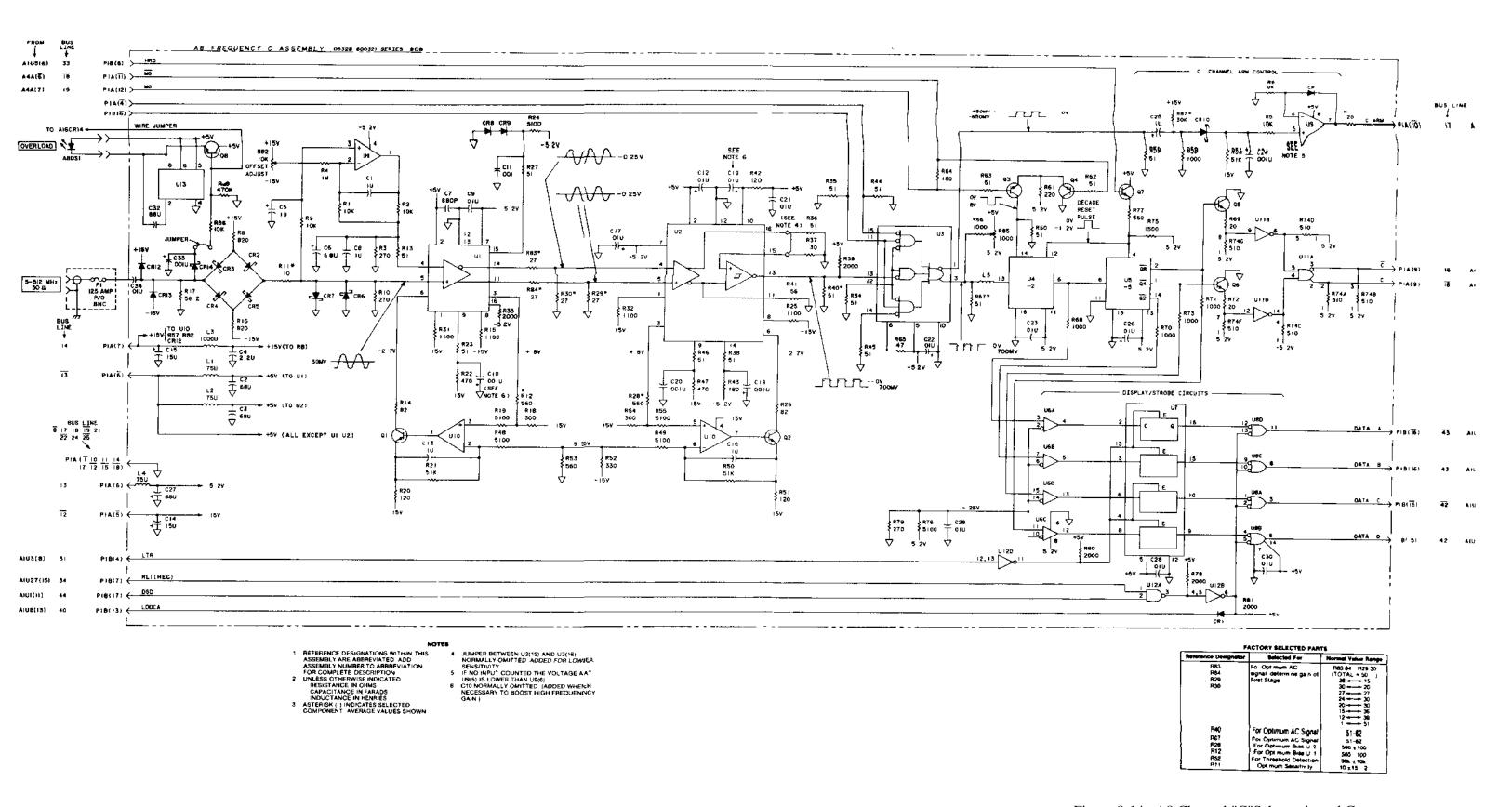


Figure 8-14. A8 Channel "C"Schematic and Components

el 5328A matic Diagrams	

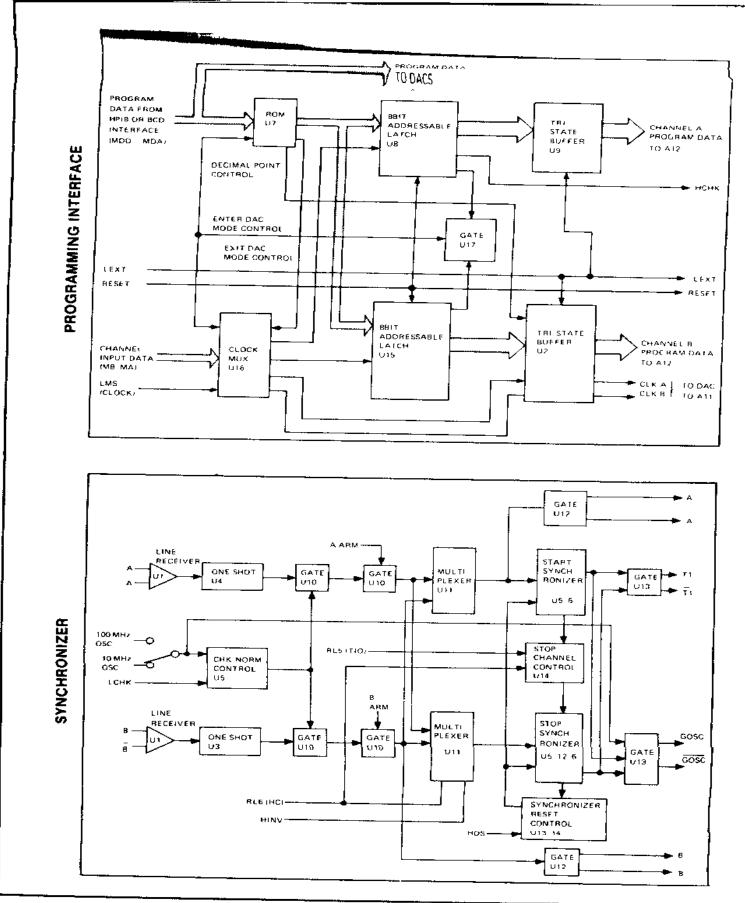
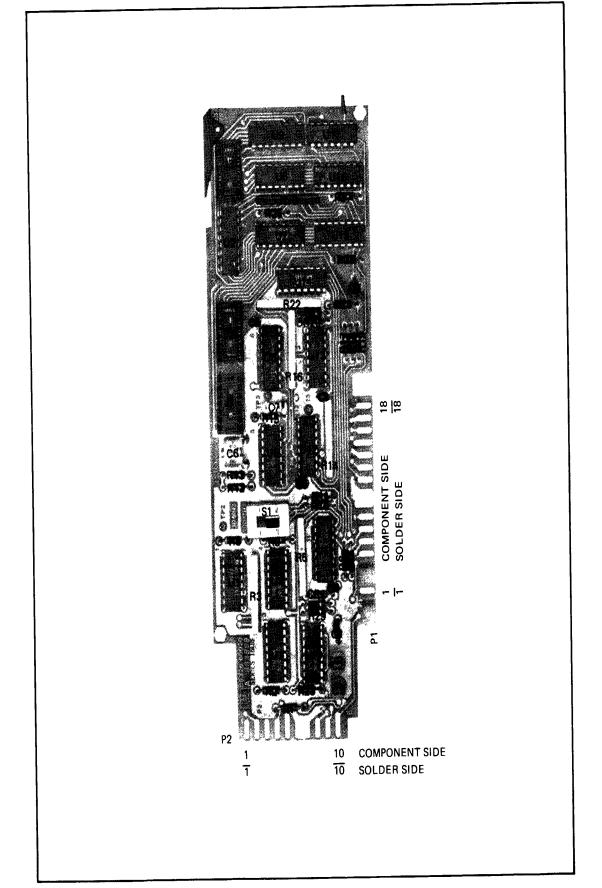
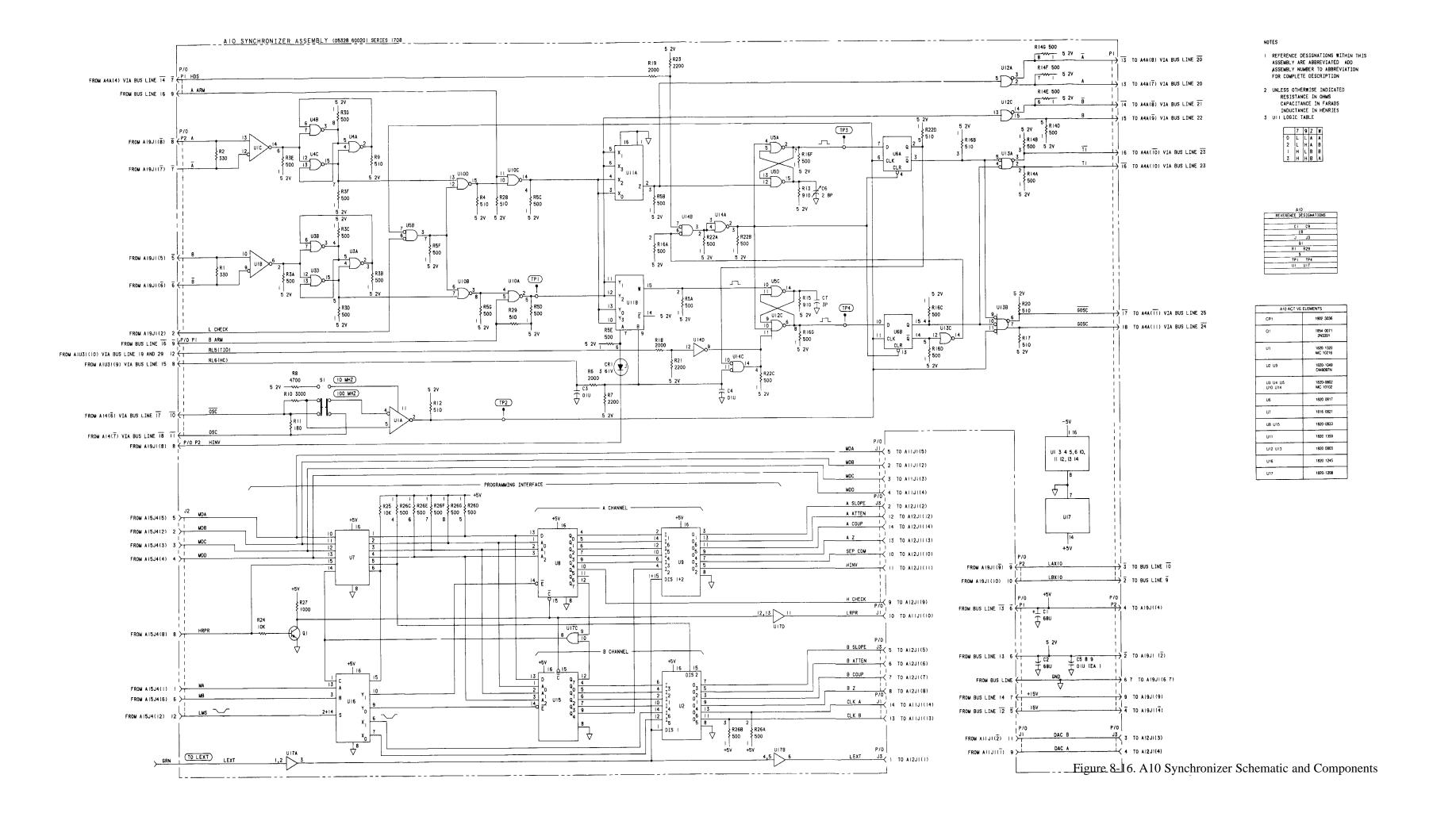


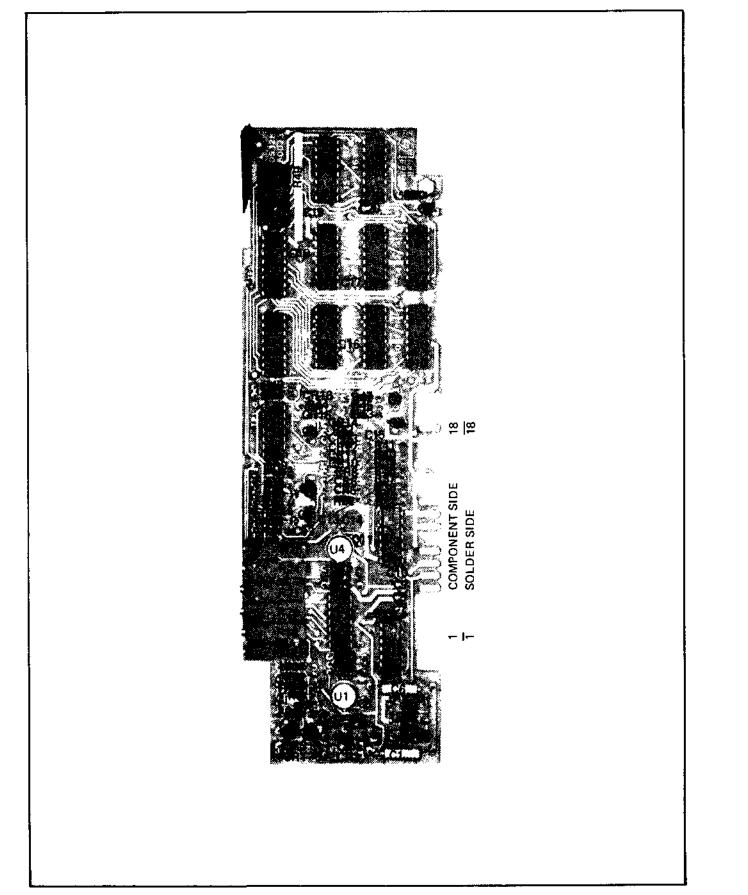
Figure 8-15. A10 Synchronizer Block Diagram

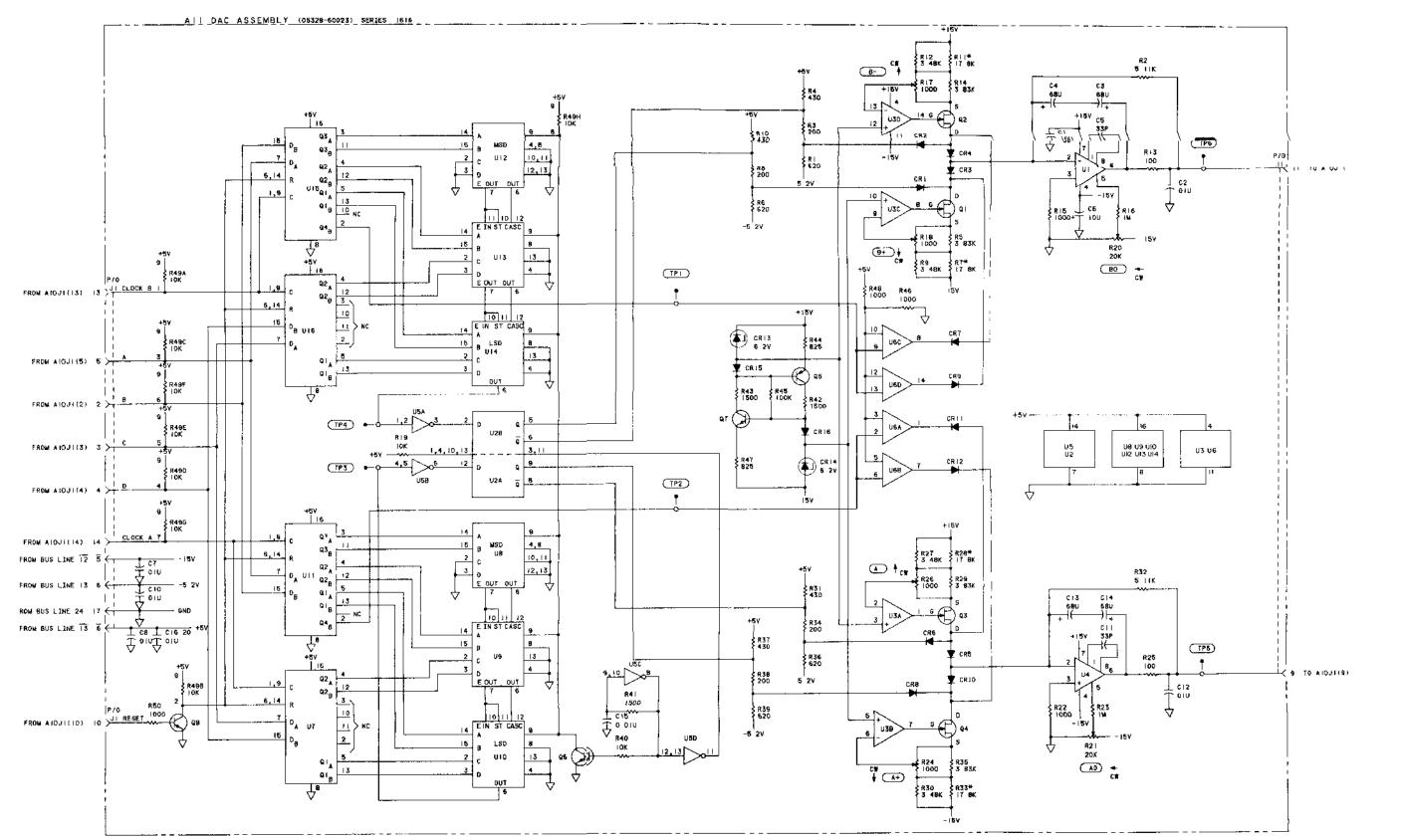
Model 5328A Schematic Diagrams





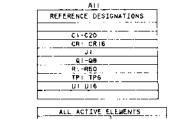
Model 5328A Schematic Diagrams





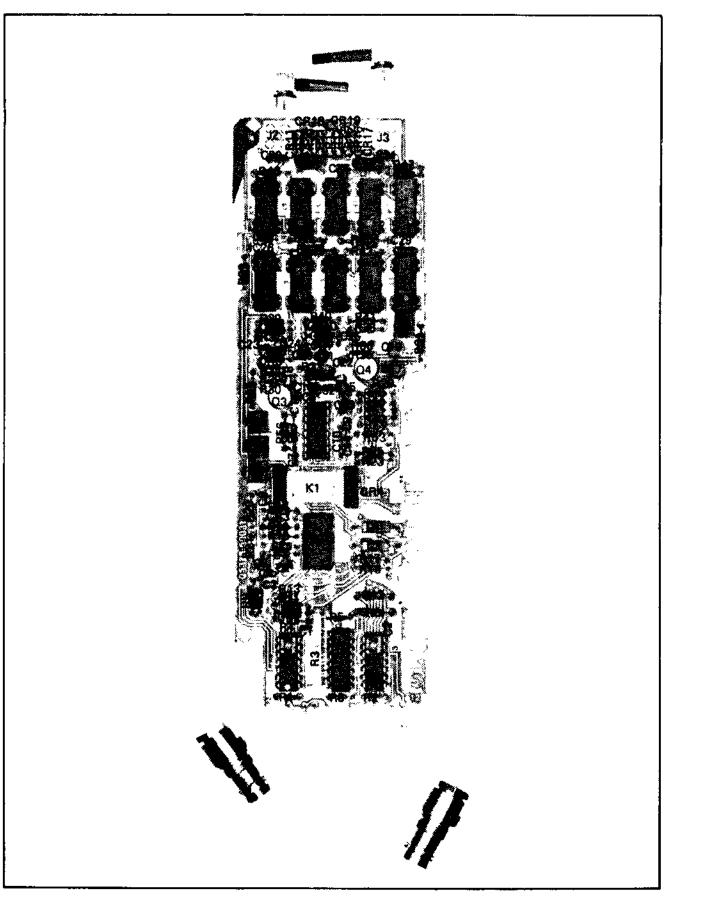
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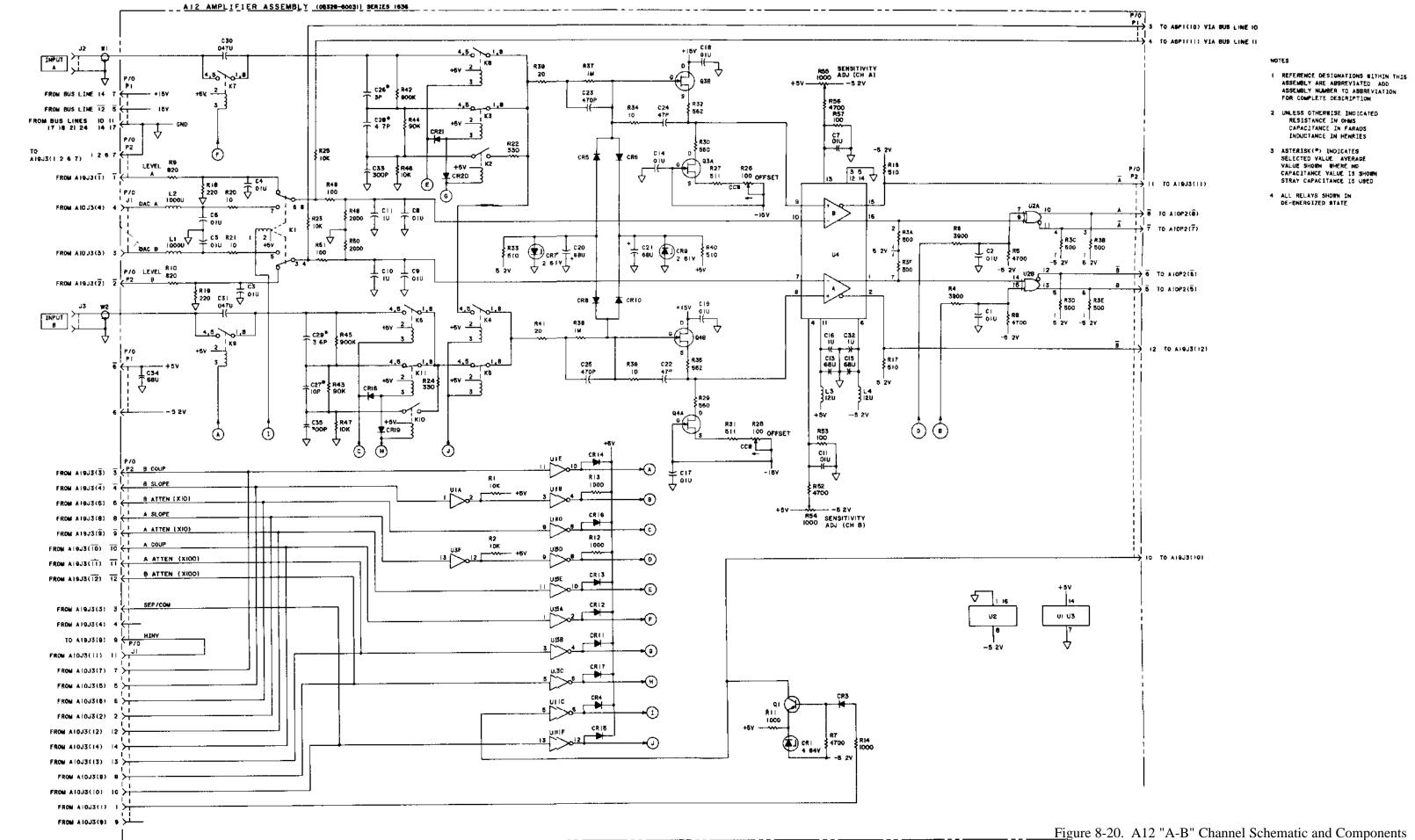
- ; REFERENCE DESIGNATIONS WITHIN THIS ASSEMBLY ARE ABBREVIATED ADD ASSEMBLY NUMBER TO ABBREVIATION FOR COMPLETE DESCRIPTION
- 2 UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED RESISTANCE IN OHMS CAPACITANCE IN FARADS INDUCTANCE IN MENRIES
- 3 ASTERISK (*) INDICATES SELECTED VALUE AVERAGE VALUE SHOWN



CRI CR2 CR3	
CP4 CR5 CR6	
CAT CAB CR9	
CRID CRII CRI2	1901-0179
CRI3 CRI4	1902-0680
CRIS CRIS	1901-0040
Q1 Q4	1855 0081
	2N5245
Q2 Q3	1855-0416
Q6 Q7 Q8	1854-0071
	2N3391
U1 U4	1825 0059
	LM201A
U2	1820 0693
	SN74S74N
U3 U6	1826 0161
	L M354
U5	1820 1425
••	SN74L S 132N
DIG :	1820-0976
V. W	CD4015AE
	PROTUINE
	····
UR U9 UID UI2 UI3 UI4	1820 .265 MC14527CP

Model 5328A Schematic Diagrams





- I REFERENCE DESIGNATIONS WITHIN THIS ASSEMBLY ARE ABBREVIATED ADD ASSEMBLY NUMBER TO ABBREVIATION FOR COMPLETE DESCRIPTION
- 2 UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED RESISTANCE IN OHMS CAPACITANCE IN FARADS INDUCTANCE IN HENRIES
- 3 ASTERISK(*) INDICATES
 SELECTED VALUE AVERAGE
 VALUE SHOWN WHERE NO
 CAPACITANCE VALUE IS SHOWN
 STRAY CAPACITANCE IS USED
- 4 ALL RELAYS SHOWN IN DE-ENERGIZED STATE

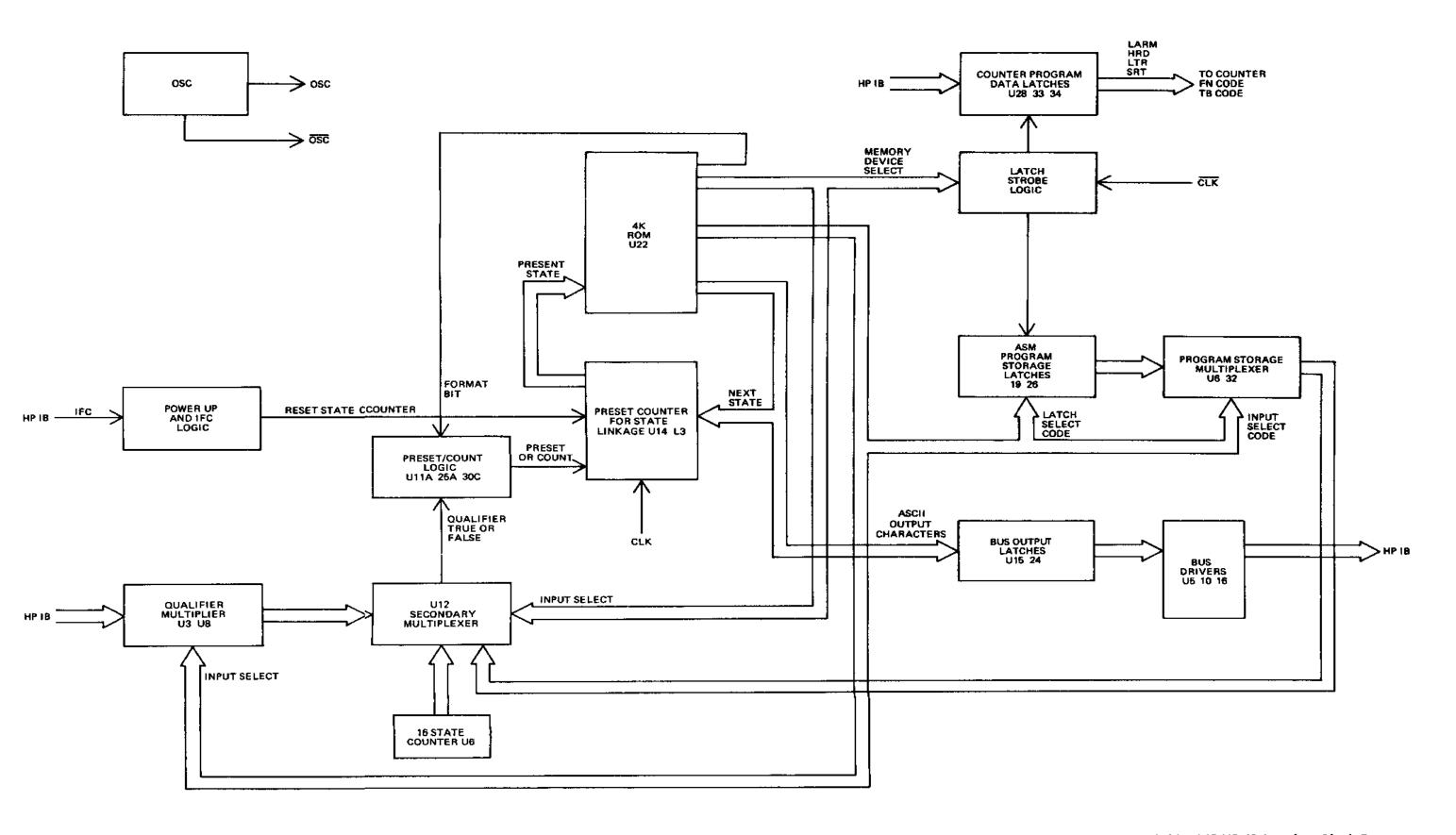
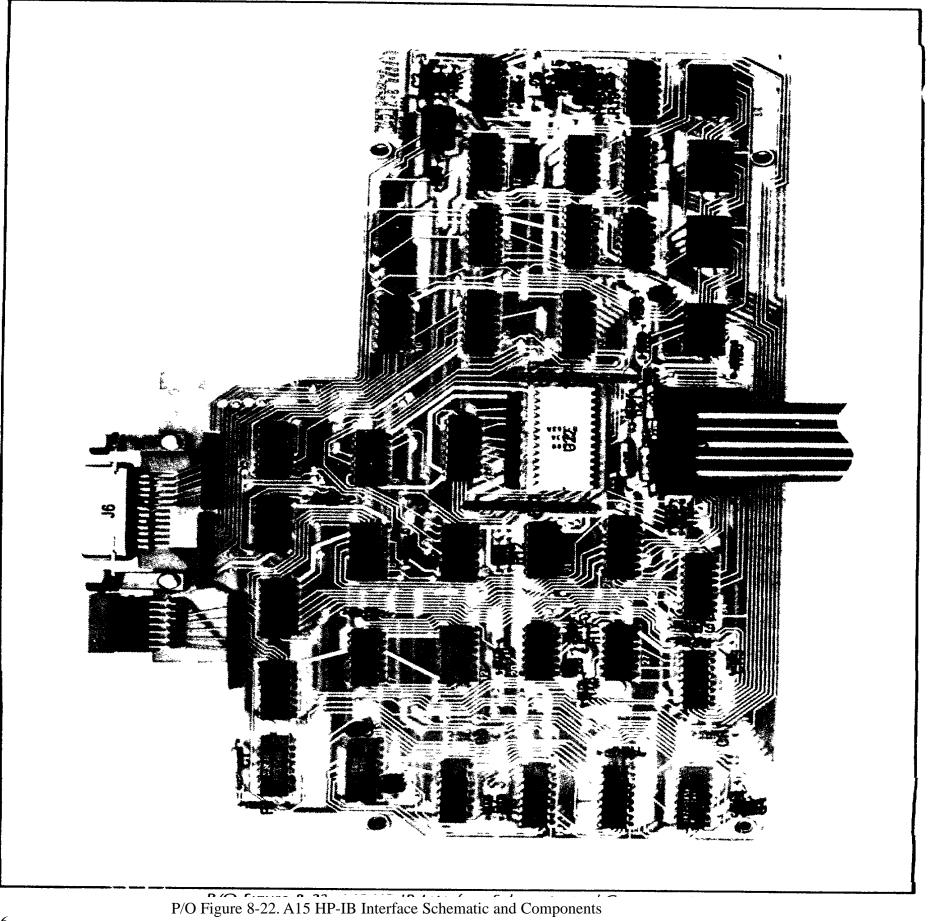
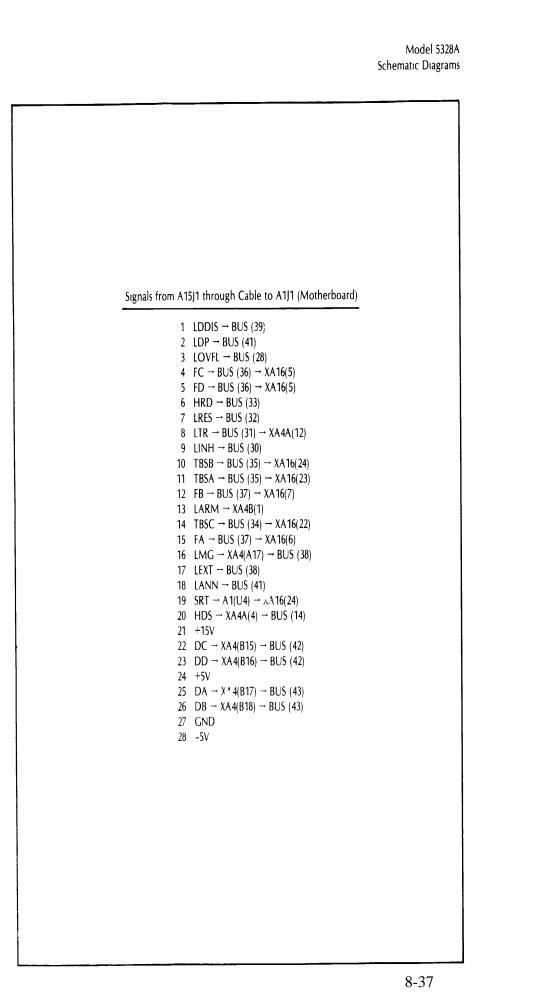


Figure 8-21. A15 HP-IB Interface Block Diagram

Model 5328A Schematic Diagrams





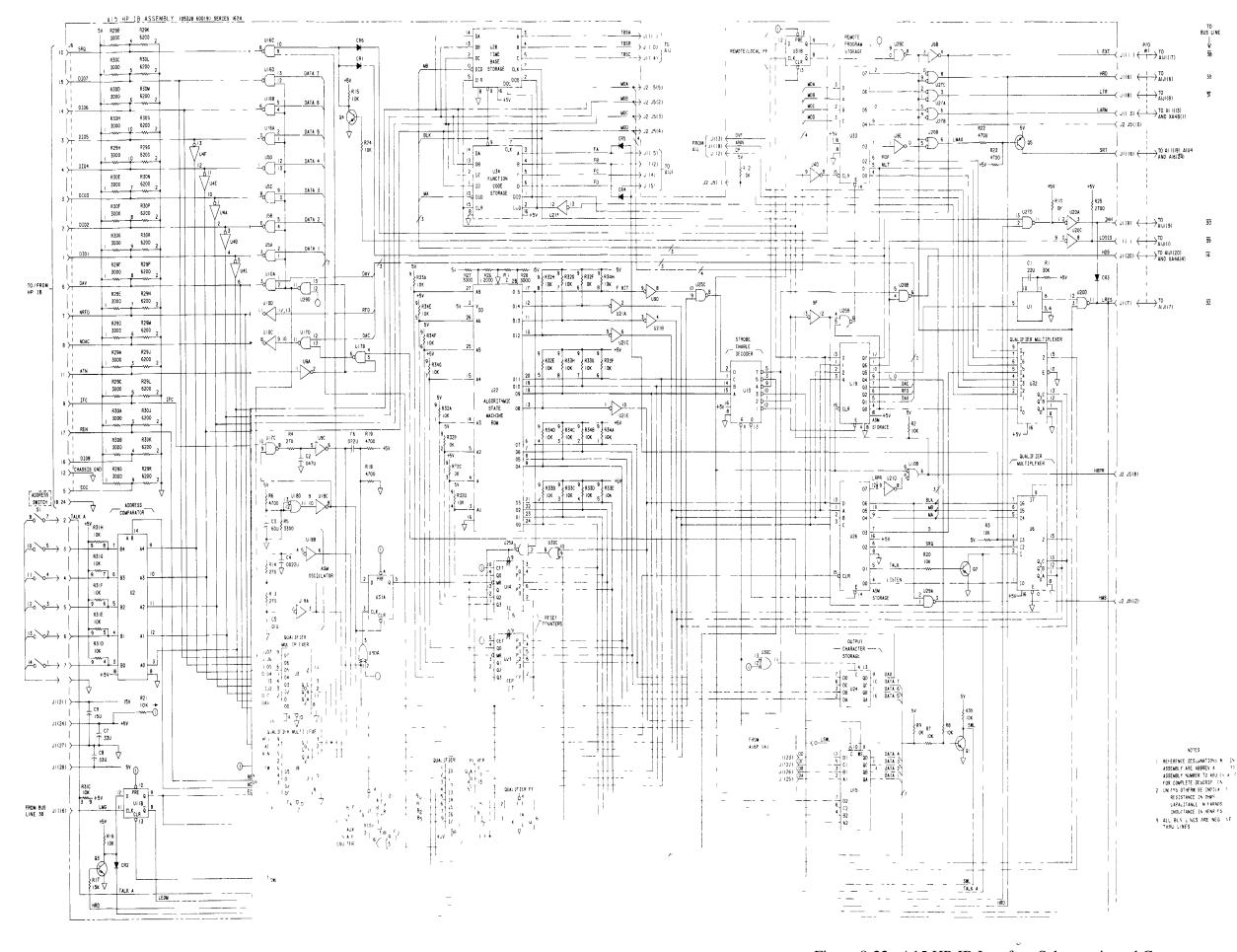
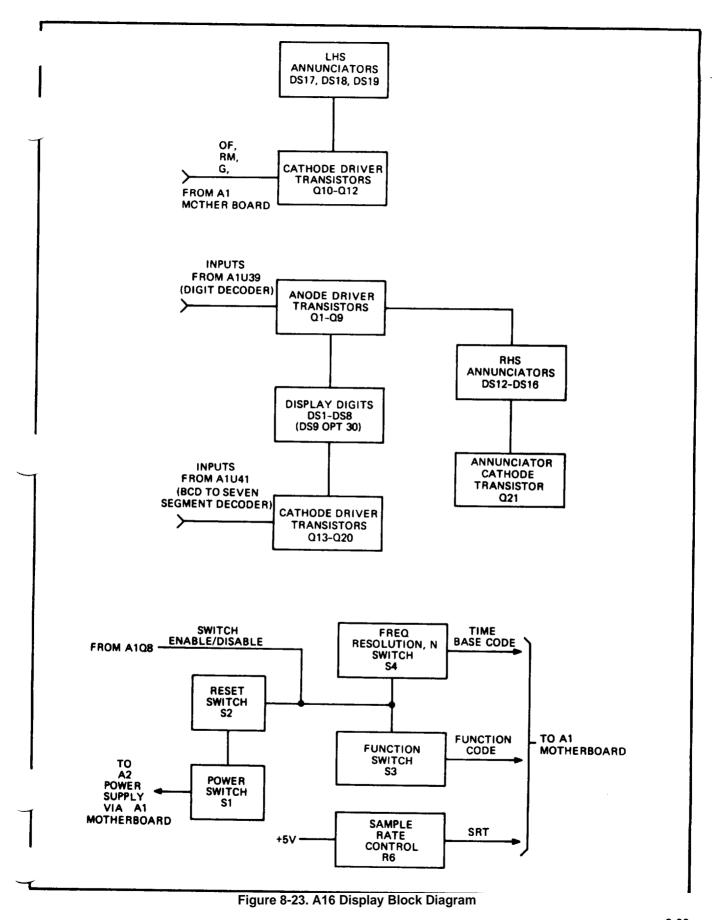


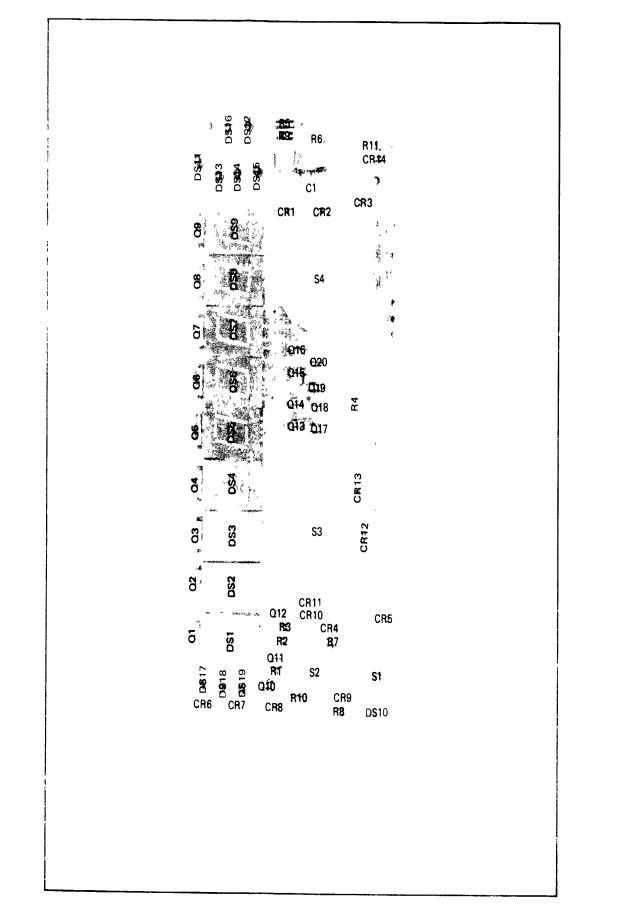
Figure 8-22. A15 HP-IB Interface Schemaatic and Components



P1 PINS

```
T 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 12 12 23 24
                                          GND
           RM LIGHT
                                          LAMP TEST
 2
          B1
 3
          B2
                                          G LIGHT
           LSWL
                                          OF LIGHT
 5
          FC
                                          FD
 6
          FA
                                          NC
 7
          NC
                                          FB
 8
          GND
                                          NC
                                          B4
 9
          B3
                                          NC
10
           85
                                          NC
11
12
                                          NC
13
14
15
                                          NC
           B6
16
          DP
17
           B7
                                          B8
18
           LMRES
                                          NC
                                          +5V = DISABLE, -0.7V = ENABLE
19
           ANN
20
                                          +3.5V
           89
                                         - POWER SWITCH
21
           LSLO NC
22
           TBS C
                                          +5٧
23
           TBS A
24
          TBS C
                                          SRT
```

Model 5328A Schematic Diagrams



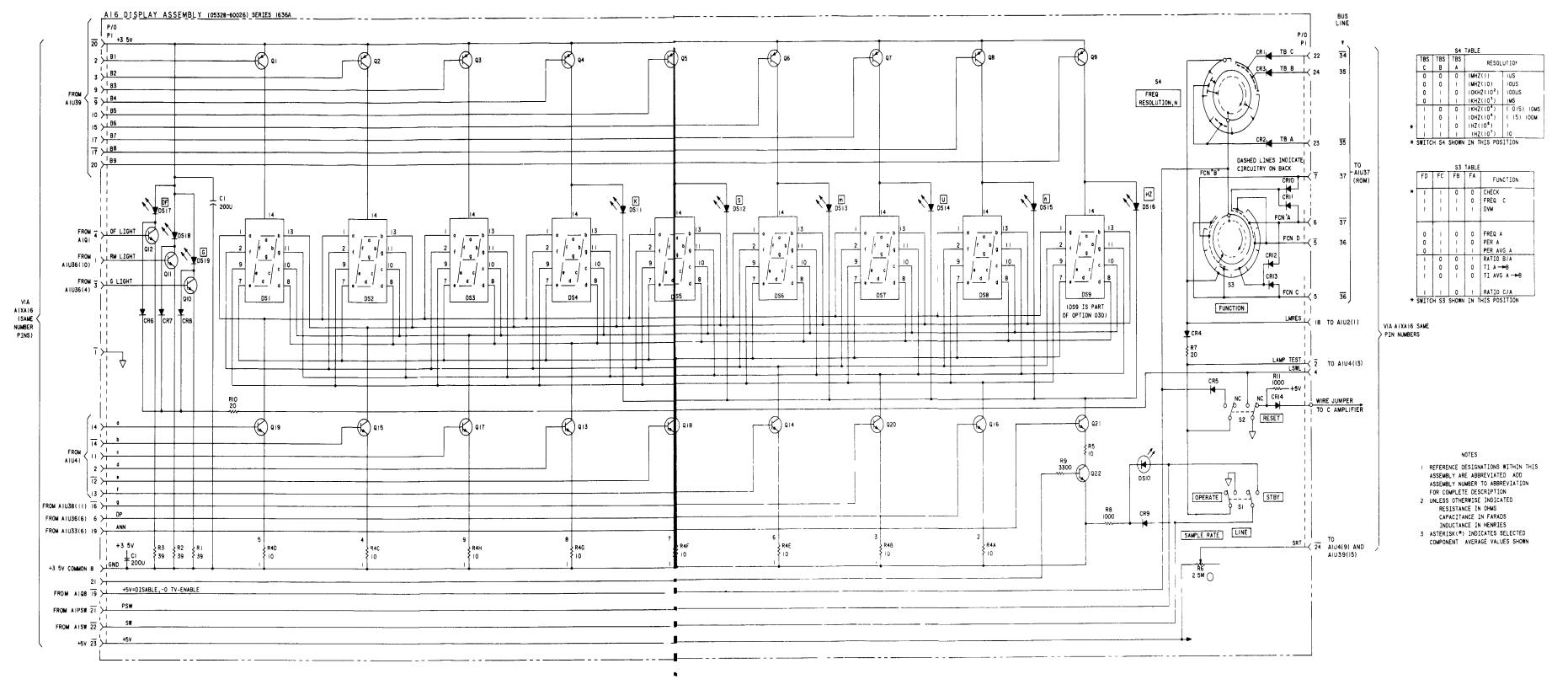
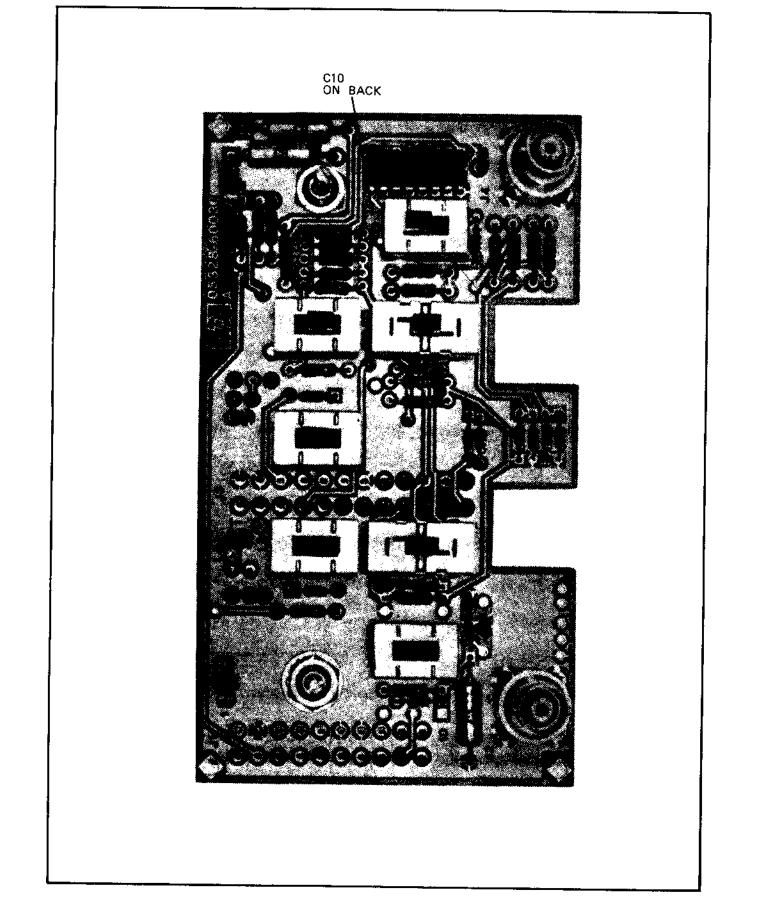
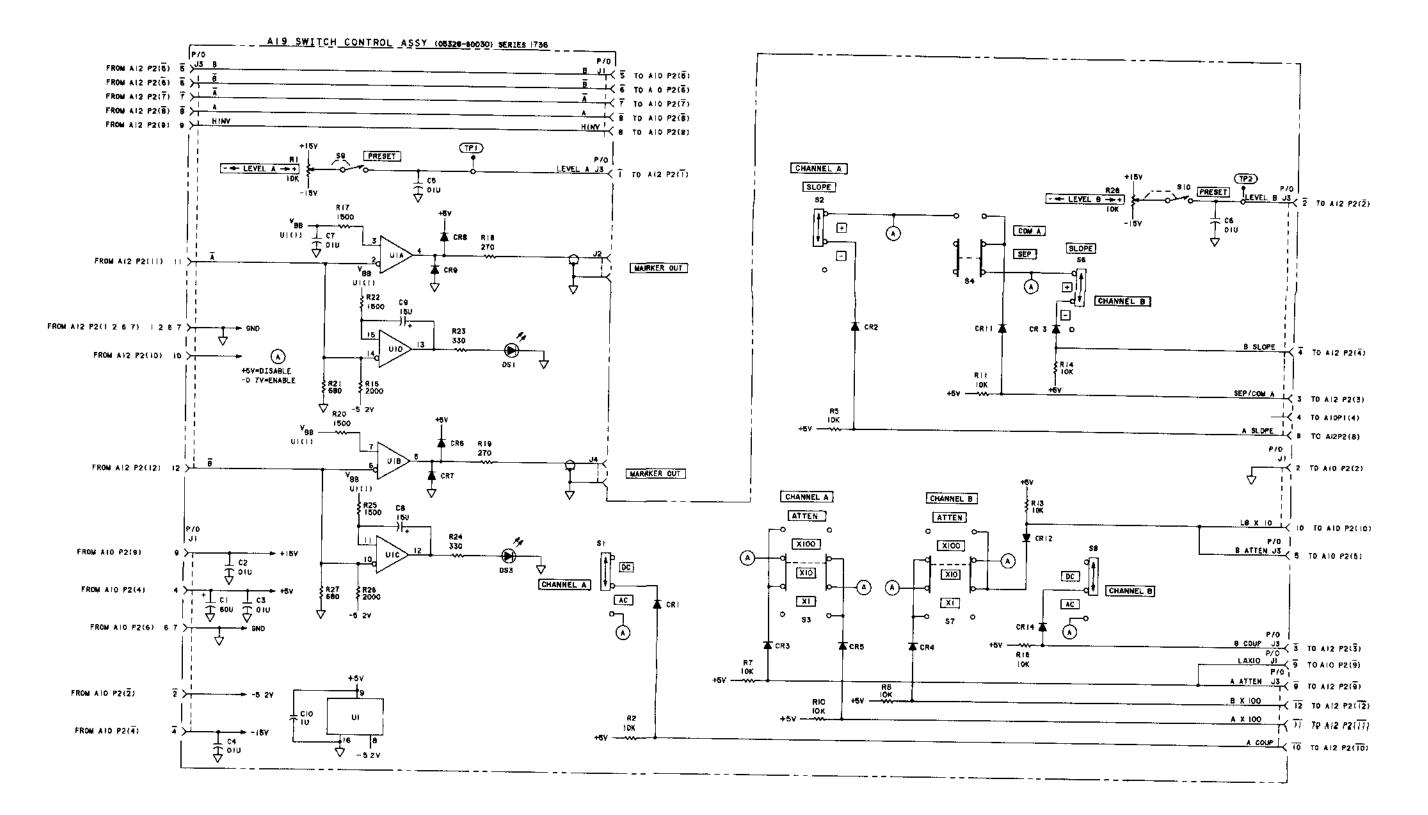


Figure 8-24. A16 Display Schematic and Components

Model 5328A Schematic Diagrams





NOTI

- REFERENCE DESIGNATIONS WITHIN THIS ASSEMBLY ARE ABBREVIATED ADD ASSEMBLY NUMBER TO ABBREVIATION FOR COMPLETE DESCRIPTION
- 2 UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED RESISTANCE IN OHMS CAPACITANCE IN FARADS
- 3 RI AND SO ARE PART OF THE
- 4 R28 AND SID ARE PART OF THE

APPENDIX A

REFERENCES

DA Pam 310-4	Index of Technical Manuals, Technical Bulletins, Supply Manuals (Types 7, 8, and 9), Supply Bulletins, and Lubrication Orders.
DA Pam 310-7	US Army Equipment Index of Modification Work Orders.
TB 43-0118	Field Instructions for Painting and Preserving Electronics Command Equipment Including Camoflauge Pattern Painting of Electrical. Equipment Shelters.
TM 38-750	The Army Maintenance Management System (TAMMS).
TM 750-244-2	Procedures for Destruction of electronics Materiel to Prevent Enemy Use (Electronics Command).

APPENDIX B

COMPONENTS OF END ITEM LIST

Section I. INTRODUCTION

B-1. Scope

This appendix lists integral components of and basic issue items for the AN/USM-459 to help you inventory items required for safe and efficient operation.

B-2. General

This Components of End Item List is divided into the following sections:

- a. Section II. Integral Components of the End Item. These items, when assembled, comprise the and must accompany it whenever it is transferred or turned in. The illustrations will help you identify these items.
- b. Section III. Basic Issue Items. These are the minimum essential items required to place the in operation, to operate it, and to perform emergency repairs. Although shipped separately packed they must accompany the during operation and whenever it is transferred between accountable officers. The illustrations will assist you with hard-to-identify items. This manual is your authority to requisition replacement BII, based on TOE/MTOE authorization of the end item.

B-3. Explanation of Columns

- a. Illustration. This column is divided as follows:
 - (1) Figure number. Indicates the figure number

of the illustration on which the item is shown.

- (2) Item number. The number used to identify item called out in the illustration.
- b. National Stock Number. Indicates the National stock number assigned to the item and which will be used for requisitioning.
- c. Description. Indicates the Federal item name and, if required, a minimum description to identify the item. The part number indicates the primary number used by the manufacturer, which controls the design and characteristics of the item by means of its engineering drawings, specifications, standards, and inspection requirements to identify an item or range of items. Following the part number, the Federal Supply Code for Manufacturers (FSCM) is shown in parentheses.
- d. Location. The physical location of each item listed-is given in this column. The lists are designed to inventory all items in one area of the major item before moving onto an adjacent area.
 - e. Usable on Code. Not applicable.
- f. Quantity Required (Qty Reqd). This column lists the quantity of each item required for a complete major item.
- g. Quantity. This column is left blank for use during an inventory. Under the Rcvd column, list the quantity you actually receive on your major item. The Date columns are for your use when you inventory the major item.

SECTION (1) ILLUSTF (A) FIG		INTEGRAL COMPONENTS ((2) NATIONAL STOCK NUMBER	OF END ITEM (3) DESCRIPTION		(4) LOCATION	(5) USABLE ON CODE	(6) QTY REQD	(7) QUANTITY RCVD
	NO.		PART NUMBER	(FSCM)				
1-1	1	6625-01-061-8929	COUNTER ELECTRONIC DIGITAL READOUT, TS-3662/U 5328A/E42 (28480)				1	
1-1	2	6625-01-061-8905	EXTENDER BOARD 05328-62016 (28480)	INSIDE	COVER		1	
1-1	3		POWER CORD 8120-1348 (28480)	INSIDE	COVER		1	
1-1	4	6625-01-061-8904	COVER ASSEMBLY 7101-0470 (28480)	INSIDE	COVER		1	

SECTIO (1) ILLUST (A) FIG NO.		ASIC ISSUE ITEMS (2) NATIONAL STOCK NUMBER	(3) DESCRIPTION PART NUMBER	(FSCM)	(4) LOCATION	(5) USABLE ON CODE	(6) QTY REQD	(7) QUANTITY RCVD
	1	5920-00-280-8342	FUSE, 1 AMP F. BLO 2110-0001 (28480)				1	
	2	5920-00-793-4592	FUSE, 2 AMP F.BLO 2110-0002 (28480)				1	
	3		MANUAL TM 11-6625-2941-14&P				1	
	4	5920-00-010-5920	FUSE 3 AMP				1	
	5		FUSE 125 AMP 2110-0311 (28480)				1	

APPENDIX D

MAINTENANCE ALLOCATION

Section I. INTRODUCTION

D-1. General

This appendix provides a summary of the maintenance operations for AN/USM-459. It authorizes categories of maintenance for specific maintenance functions on repairable items and components and the tools and equipment required to perform each function. This appendix may be used as an aid in planning maintenance operations.

D-2. Maintenance Function

Maintenance functions will be limited to and defined as follows:

- a. Inspect. To determine the serviceability of an item by comparing its physical, mechanical, and/or electrical characteristics with established standards through examination.
- b. Test. To verify serviceability and to detect incipient failure by measuring the mechanical or electrical characteristics of an item and comparing those characteristics with prescribed standards.
- c. Service. Operations required periodically to keep an item in proper operating condition; i.e., to clean (decontaminate), to preseve, to drain, to paint, or to replenish fuel, lubricants, hydraulic fluids, or compressed air supplies.
- d. Adjust. To maintain, within prescribed limits, by bringing into proper or exact position, or by setting the operating characteristics to the specified parameters.
- e. Align. To adjust specified variable elements of an item to bring about optimum or desired performance.
- f. Calibrate. To determine and cause corrections to be made or to be adjusted on instruments or test measuring and diagnostic equipments used in precision measurement. Consists of comparisons of two instruments, one of which is a certified standard of known accuracy, to detect and adjust any discrepancy in the accuracy of the instrument being compared.
- g. Install. The act of emplacing, seating, or fixing into position an item, part, module (component or assembly) in a manner to allow the proper functioning of the equipment or system.
- h. Replace. The act of substituting a serviceable like type part, subassembly, or module (component or assembly) for an unserviceable counterpart.
- i. Repair. The application of maintenance services (inspect, test, service, adjust, align, calibrate, replace) or other maintenance actions (welding, grinding, riveting, straightening, facing, remachining, or resurfacing) to restore serviceability to an item by correcting specific damage,

fault, malfunction, or failure in a part, subassembly, module (component or assembly), end item, or system.

- j. Overhaul. That maintenance effort (service/action) necessary to restore an item to a completely serviceable/operational condition as prescribed by maintenance standards (i.e., DMWR) in appropriate technical publications. Overhaul is normally the highest degree of maintenance performed by the Army. Overhaul does not normally return an item to like new condition.
- k. Rebuild. Consists of those services/actions necessary for the restoration of unserviceable equipment to a like new condition in accordance with original manufacturing standards. Rebuild is the highest degree of materiel maintenance applied to Army equipment. The rebuild operation includes the act of returning to zero those age measurements (hours, miles, etc.) considered in classifying Army equipment/components.

D-3. Column Entries

- a. Column 1, Group Number. Column 1 lists group numbers, the purpose of which is to identify components, assemblies, subassemblies, and modules with the next higher assembly.
- b. Column 2, Component/Assembly. Column 2 contains the noun names of components, assemblies, subassemblies, and modules for which maintenance is authorized.
- c. Column 3, Maintenance Functions. Column 3 lists the functions to be performed on the item listed in column 2. When items are listed without maintenance functions, it is solely for purpose of having the group numbers in the MAC and RPSTL coincide.
- d. Column 4, Maintenance Category. Column 4 specifies, by the listing of a "work time" figure in the appropriate subcolumn(s), the lowest level of maintenance authorized to perform the function listed in column 3. This figure represents the active time required to perform that maintenance function at the indicated category of maintenance. If the number or complexity of the tasks within the listed maintenance function vary at different maintenance categories, appropriate "work time" figures will be shown for each category. The number of task-hours specified by the "work time" figure represents the average time required to restore an item (assembly, subassembly, component, module, end item or system) to a serviceable condition under typical field operating conditions. This time includes preparation time, troubleshooting time, and quality assurance/quality control time in addition to the

time required to perform the specific tasks identified for the maintenance functions authorized in the maintenance allocation chart. Subcolumns of column 4 are as follows:

- C Operator/Crew
- O Organizational
- F Direct Support
- H General Support
- D Depot
- e. Column 5, Tools and Equipment. Column 5 specifies by code, those common tool sets (not individual tools) and special tools, test and support equipment required to perform the designated function.
- f. Column 6, Remarks. Column 6 contains an alphabetic code which leads to the remark in Section IV, Remarks, which is pertinent to the item oposite the particular code.

D-4. Tool and Test Equipment Requirements (Sec III)

a. Tool or Test Equipment Reference Code. The numbers in this column coincide with the numbers

used in the tools and equipment column of the MAC. The numbers indicate the applicable tool or test equipment for the maintenance functions.

- b. Maintenance Category. The codes in this column indicate the maintenance category allocated the tool or test equipment.
- c. Nomenclature. This column lists the noun name and nomenclature of the tools and test equipment required to perform the maintenance functions.
- d. National/NATO Stock Number. This column lists the National/NATO stock number of the specific tool or test equipment.
- e. Tool Number. This column lists the manufacturer's part number of the tool followed by the Federal Supply Code for manufacturers (5-digit) in parentheses.

D-5. Remarks (Sec IV)

- a. Reference Code. This code refers to the appropriate item in section II, column 6.
- b. Remarks. This column provides the required explanatory information necessary to clarify items appearing in section II.

SECTION II MAINTENANCE ALLOCATION CHART FOR

ELECTRONIC COUNTER AN/USM-459

(I) GROUP	(2) (3) COMPONENT/ASSEMBLY MAINTENANCE			(4) MAINTENANCE CATEGORY					(6) REMARKS
NUMBER	CONT. STREET, AND STREET	FUNCTION	С	•	F	н	D	TOOLS AND EQPT.	
00	ELECTRONIC COUNTER AN/USM-459	Inspect Test Adjust Repair Overhaul	0.1			1.0 1.5 2.0	10.0	1 2 thru 9 2 thru 11 2 2 thru 12	A
01	ELECTRONIC COUNTER TS-3662/U	Repair Overhaul				2.0	10.0	2 2 thru 12	
0101	CIRCUIT CARD ASSEMBLY A1 (MOTHERBOARD)	Inspect Repair				0.1	1.0	2,11	В
0102	CIRCUIT CARD ASSEMBLY A2 (POWER SUPPLY)	Inspect Repair				0.1	1.0	1 2,11	В
0103	CIRCUIT CARD ASSEMBLY A3 (OSCILLATOR)	Inspect Repair				0.1	1.0	1 2,11	В
010301	OSCILLATOR A3A1	Inspect				0.1		1	
0104	CIRCUIT CARD ASSEMBLY A4 (FUNCTION SELECTOR)	Inspect Repair				0.1	1.0	1,2,11	В
0105	CIRCUIT CARD ASSEMBLY A8 ("C" CHANNEL INPUT)	Inspect Repair	İ			0.1	1.0	1 2,11	В
0106	CIRCUIT CARD ASSEMBLY Alo (SYNCHRONIZER)	Inspect Repair				0.1	1.0	1 2,11	В
0107	CIRCUIT CARD ASSEMBLY All (DIGITAL-TO-ANOLOG CONVERTER)	Inspect Repair				0.1	1.0	1 2,11	В
0108	CIRCUIT CARD ASSEMBLY A12 ("A-B" CHANNEL INPUT)	Inspect Repair	:			0.1	1.0	1 2,11	В
0109	CIRCUIT CARD ASSEMBLY A15 (HP-1B INTERFACE)	Inspect Repair				0.1	1.0	2,11	В
0110	CIRCUIT CARD ASSEMBLY A16 (DISPLAY)	Inspect Repair				0.1	1.0	1 2,11	В
0111	CIRCUIT CARD ASSEMBLY A19 (ATTENUATOR)	Inspect Repair				0.1	1.0	1 2,11	В
02	COVER, P/N 7101-0470	Inspect Repair	0.1				1.0	1 2	
03	EXTENDER BOARD, P/N 05328-62016	Inspect Repair	0.1				1.0	1 2 thru 11	В
04	POWER CORD, P/N 8120-1348	Inspect Repair	0.1				1.0	1 2	В
		}J							

ELECTRONIC COUNTER UN/USM-459

TOOL OR TEST EQUIPMENT REF CODE	MAINTENANCE CATEGORY	NOMENCLATURE	NATIONAL/NATO STOCK NUMBER	TOOL NUMBER
1	0	TOOL KIT, ELECTRONIC COUNTER TK-101/G	5180-00-064-5178	
2	H,D	TOOL KIT, ELECTRONIC COUNTER TK-100/G	5180-00-605-0079	
3	H,D	OSCILLATOR, H.P. 652A	4931-00-113-2943	
4	H,D	VOLTMETER, SAMPLING ME-426/U	6625-00-113-3491	
5	H,D	SIGNAL GENERATOR SG-1112(V)1/U	6625-00-566-3067	
6	H,D	OSCILLOSCOPE SYSTEM (MAINFRAME) WITH AMPLIFIER PLUG-IN HP-1402 AND HP-1411	4931-00-491-0261 4931-00-491-0262 4931-00-491-0265	
7	H,D	PULSE GENERATOR SG-1105	6625-01-010-3524	
8	H,D	SIGNAL GENERATOR HP 608 CR	6625-00-487-2878	
9	H,D	POWER SUPPLY PP-7547/U (HP 6113A)		
10	H,D	VOLTMETER HP 3490	6625-01-010-9255	
11	H,D	REPAIR KIT PRINTED WIRING BOARD MK-772/U	5999-00-757-7042	
12	H,D	TRANSISTOR TEST SET TS-1836C/U	6625-00-159-2263	

THE FOLLOWING EQUIPMENTS WILL BE USED WHEN THE PROGRAMING FUNCTION OF THE AN/USM-459 REQUIRES CHECK FOR USE WITH ATE. THIS CHECK WILL BE PREFORMED AT THE CONTRACTORS FACILITY.

GENERATOR/SWEEPER HP-8601A CONTROLLER/COMPUTER HP-9825A FUNCTION GENERATOR HP-3312A

SECTION IV. REMARKS

REFERENCE CODE	REMARKS
A	BY REPLACEMENT OF CIRCUIT CARD ASSEMBLIES A2, A4, A8, A10, A11, A12, A15, A16, AND A19, OSCILLATOR A3, AND CHASSIS MOUNTED COMPONENTS.
В	BY REPLACEMENT OF INDIVIDUAL COMPONENTS.
]	

By Order of the Secretary of the Army:

BERNARD W. ROGERS General, United States Army Chief of Staff

Official:

J.C. PENNINGTON
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USASIGS (5)
USAADS (2)
USAFAS (2)
USAFAS (2)
USAIS (2)
USAES (2)

NG: None

USAR: None

For explanation of abbreviations used, see AR 310-50.

USAICS (3)
MAAG (1)
USARMIS (1)
USAERDAA (1)
USA ERDAW (1)
Ft Gordon (10)
Ft Hauchuca (10)
Ft Carson (5)
Army Dep (1) except:
LBAD (14)
SAAD (30)
TOAD (14)
SHAD (3)
Ft Gillem (10)
USA Dep (1)
Sig Sec USA Dep (1)
Ft Richardson (CERCOM Ofc) (2)
Units org under fol TOE:
29-207 (2)
29-610 (2)



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PUBLICATION NUMBER

DATE

4 April 1978

TM 11-5840-340-14&P

23 Jan 74

Radar Set/ "/PLC-76

1	BE EXACT PIN-POINT WHERE IT IS			REITIS	IN THIS SPACE TELL WHAT IS WRONG			
1:	PAGE NO.	PARA- GRAPH	FIGURE NO.	TABLE NO.	AND WHAT SHOULD BE DOME ABOUT IT:			
1	2-25	2-28			Recommend that the installation antenna alignment procedure be changed throughout specify a 2° IFF antenna lag rather than 1° .			
OTTED LINE					REASON: Experience has shown that with only a 1° lag, the antenna servo system is too sensitive to wind gusting in excess of 5 knots, and has a tendency to rapidly accelerate and celerate as it hunts, causing strain to the drive train. Hunting is minimized by adjusting the lag to 2° without degradation of operation.			
TEAR ALONG DOTTED	3–10	3-3		3–1	Item 5, Function column. Change "2 db" to "3db." REASON: Justment procedure for the TRANS POWER FAULT indicator calls for a 3 db (500 watts) adjustment to light the TRANS POWER FAULT indicator.			
1	5–6	5-8			Add new step f.1 to read, "Replace cover plate removed in ten e.1, above."			
ı					REASON: To replace the cover plate.			
1	E-5			3	For item 2, change the NSN to read: 5835-00-134-9186.			
i				9	REASON: Accuracy.			
1.	E-8		E-3		Identify the cover on the junction box (item no. 5).			
1					REASON: It is a separate item and is not called out on figure 19.			
; 1	E-9				Add the cover of the junction box as an item in the listing for figure 19.			
l I					REASON: Same as above.			
				i i				

TYPED NAME, GRADE OR TITLE, AND TELEPHONE NUMBER

SSG I. M. DeSpiritof

999-1776



DA . FORM 2028-2

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