# HP 8660D <br> SYNTHESIZED SIGNAL GENERATOR SERVICE MANUAL (Including Options 001, 002, 003, and 005) 

## SERIAL NUMBERS

This manual applies directly to instruments with serial numbers prefixed:

2718A to 2720A

For additional important information about serial numbers, refer to "INSTRUMENTS COVERED BY THIS MANUAL" in Section 1.

Other Documents Available:
Operation/Calibration Manual Part Number (Volume 1) 08660-90103 Microfiche Operation/Calibration Manual Part Number 08660-90105 Microfiche Service Manual Part No. 08660-90106

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Thanks


Dave \& Lynn Henderson
Artek Media

## SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

## GENERAL

This product and related documentation must be reviewed for familiarization with safety markings and instructions before operation.
This product is a Safety Class I instrument (provided with a protective earth terminal).

## BEFORE APPLYING POWER

Verify that the product is set to match the available line voltage and the correct fuse is installed.

## SAFETY EARTH GROUND

An uninterruptible safety earth ground must be provided from the main power source to the product input wiring terminals, power cord, or supplied power cord set.

## SAFETY SYMBOLS

$\triangle$Instruction manual symbol: the product will be marked with this symbol when it is necessary for the user to refer to the instruction manual (refer to Table of Contents).


Indicates hazardous voltages.
Indicates earth (ground) terminal.

WARNING
The WARNING sign denotes a hazard. It calls attention to a procedure, practice, or the like, which, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in personal injury. Do not proceed beyond a WARNING sign until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.

CAUTION The CAUTION sign denotes a hazard. It calls attention to an operating procedure, practice, or the like, which, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in damage to or destruction of part or all of the product. Do not proceed beyond a CAUTION sign until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.

## WARNING

Any interruption of the protective (grounding) conductor (inside or outside the instrument) or disconnecting the protective earth terminal will cause a potential shock hazard that could result in personal injury. (Grounding one conductor of a two conductor outlet is not sufficient protection).

Whenever it is likely that the protection has been impaired, the instrument must be made inoperative and be secured against any unintended operation.

If this instrument is to be energized via an autotransformer (for voltage reduction) make sure the common terminal is connected to the earth terminal of the power source.

Servicing instructions are for use by servicetrained personnel only. To avoid dangerous electric shock, do not perform any servicing unless qualified to do so.

Adjustments described in the manual are performed with power supplied to the instrument while protective covers are removed. Energy available at many points may, if contacted, result in personal injury.

Capacitors inside the instrument may still be charged even if the instrument has been disconnected from its source of supply.

For continued protection against fire hazard, replace the line fuse(s) only with 250 V fuse(s) of the same current rating and type (for example, normal blow, time delay, etc.). Do not use repaired fuses or short circuited fuseholders.


This instrument was constructed in an ESD (electro-static discharge) protected environment. This is because most of the semiconductor devices used in this instrument are susceptible to damage by static discharge.

Depending on the magnitude of the charge, device substrates can be punctured or destroyed by contact or mere proximity of a static charge. The results can cause degradation of device performance, early failure, or immediate destruction.
These charges are generated in numerous ways such as simple contact, separation of materials, and normal motions of persons working with static sensitive devices.

When handling or servicing equipment containing static sensitive devices, adequate precautions must be taken to prevent device damage or destruction.

Only those who are thoroughly familiar with industry accepted techniques for handling static sensitive devices should attempt to service circuitry with these devices.
In all instances, measures must be taken to prevent static charge build-up on work surfaces and persons handling the devices.
For further information on ESD precautions, refer to "SPECIAL HANDLING CONSIDERATIONS FOR STATIC SENSITIVE DEVICES" in Section VIII Service Section.

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| Schematic <br> Service <br> Sheet <br> Number | Block Diagram |  | Assembly or Section | Theory/TroubleShooting Page Number | Parts <br> List Page Number |
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## Section 6 <br> REPLACEABLE PARTS

## 6-1. INTRODUCTION TO THIS SECTION

This section contains information for ordering parts. Table 6-1 lists reference designations, and Table 6-2 lists abbreviations that are used in the Replaceable Parts List. Table 6-3 lists all replaceable parts in the instrument. Table 6-4 contains the names and addresses that correspond to the manufacturer's code numbers listed in Table 6-3. Also included in this section are photographs and drawings to aid in identifying and ordering chassis mounted parts and mechanical parts.

## 6-2. REFERENCE DESIGNATIONS AND ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THIS MANUAL

Table 6-1 lists the reference designation letters for electrical parts in the instrument. The letter designations found in Table 6-1 are coupled with numeric designations to provide a unique reference designation for each part in the instrument. For example A20R1 is the reference designation of a particular resistor R1 on assembly A20.
Table 6-2 lists abbreviations used in the parts list and on schematics.

## 6-3. REPLACEABLE PARTS LIST

Table 6-3 is a list of replaceable parts and is organized as follows:
a. Electrical assemblies and their components with reference designations in alphanumeric order. Mechanical parts such as heatsinks, insulators, screws and other hardware are listed at the end of each assembly under MISCELLANEOUS PARTS.
b. Chassis-Mounted electrical parts with reference designations in alphanumeric order.
c. Mechanical parts with reference designations in alphanumeric order.

## Ordering Parts.

## Instrument Serial Numbers.

Attached to the rear of the instrument is a serial-number plate. The first four digits and the letter are the instrument serial-number prefix. The last five digits (serial-number suffix) are unique to each instrument. When parts in the instrument are changed, the serial-number prefix of the instrument may also change. This means that sometimes a part will be listed more than once in the the replaceable parts list along with a serial-number prefix or range of serial-number prefixes. Find the serial-number prefix on the serial plate of your instrument and order the part listed under the corresponding prefix in the table. If no serial prefix information is listed, the part is compatible in instruments of all serial numbers.

## NOTE

It is possible that some assemblies in your instrument have been updated (through service or retrofitting) to reflect changes made to instruments with serial-number prefixes later than that shown on your instrument serialnumber tag. Be sure to note the board number of the assembly being repaired or replaced when ordering parts for your instrument.

## How to Order

To order a part in the Replaceable Parts List, call or write the nearest Hewlett-Packard Sales Office. Have the following information ready to speed the ordering process:

1. The Hewlett-Packard part number with the check digit (CD). (The check digit will ensure accurate and timely processing of your order.)
2. The quantity required.
3. An approved purchase order number. (Sometimes required.)

NOTE
Within the USA, it is better to order directly from the HP Parts Center in Mountain View California. Ask your nearest HP office for information and forms for the "Direct Order System".

## Replaceable Parts List Updating (Manual Updates)

A "MANUAL UPDATES" packet is shipped with the manual, when necessary, to provide the most current information available at the time of shipment. These packets consist of replacement and addition pages which should be incorporated into the manual to bring it up to date.

Hewlett-Packard offers a Documentation Update Service that will provide you with further updates as they become available. If you operate or service instruments of different serial prefixes, we strongly recommend that you join this service immediately to ensure that your manual is kept current. For more information, refer to the Documentation Update Service reply card included in this manal, or call: Technical Writing Department (509) 922-4001,
or write:
Hewlett-Packard Company
Technical Writing Department
24001 E. Mission - TAF C-34
Spokane, WA 99220

## 6-4. CHASSIS PART LOCATIONS AND REFERENCE DESIGNATIONS

Front and rear panel chassis parts are identified in Figures 6-1 and 6-2. These figures are located at the end of this section. Mechanical parts have reference designations that begin with the letters MP and they are listed at the end of Table 6-3.

## 6-5. RECOMMENDED SPARES LIST

Stocking spare parts for an instrument is often done to ensure quick return to service after a malfunction occurs. Hewlett-Packard has prepared a "Recommended Spares" list for this instrument. The contents of the list are based on failure reports and repair data. Quantities given are for one year of parts support. You can request a complimentary copy of the "Recommended Spares" list from your nearest Hewlett-Packard office.

When stocking parts to support more than one instrument or to support a variety of Hewlett-Packard instruments, it may be more economical to work from one consolidated list rather than simply adding together stocking quantities from the individual instrument lists. Hewlett-Packard will prepare consolidated "Recommended Spares" lists for any number or combination of instruments. Contact your nearest Hewlett-Packard office for details.

Table 6-1. Reference Designations

## REFERENCE DESIGNATIONS



Table 6-2. Abbreviations (1 of 2)


Table 6-2. Abbreviations (2 of 2)


Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference <br> Designation | HP Part | Number | D | Cty. | Description | Mfr. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## A1

| A1 | 08660-60412 | 4 | 1 | digital Control unit (DCU) ASSEMbly | 28480 | 08660-60412 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1J1 | 08660-60415 | 7 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY (0/9) A1A2J3 TO A1S1 | 28480 | 08660-60415 |
| A1MP1 | 08660-00011 | 3 | 1 | DCU TOP COVER | 28480 | 08660-00011 |
| A1MP2 | 08860-80012 | 0 | 1 | DCU BOTTOM COVER | 28480 | 08660-60012 |
| A1MP3 | 08660-20391 | 4 | 1 | dCu casting | 28480 | 08660-20391 |
| A1MP4 | 08660-00121 | 8 | 1 | FRONT PANEL | 28480 | 08660-00121 |
| A1MP5 | 08860-00122 | 7 | 1 | FRONT SUB-PANEL | 28480 | 08660-00122 |
| A1MP8 | 08860-00123 | 8 | 1 | RFI GASKET | 28480 | 08660-00123 |
| A1MP7 | 08860-40109 | 4 | 1 | KEY PAD, FLUBBEA | 28480 | 08880-40109 |
| A1MP8 | 08660-20392 | 5 | 1 | WINDOW | 28480 | 08860-20392 |
| A1MP9 | 0370-1303 | 3 | 1 | KNOB, RPG (ROUND) | 28480 | 08680-00121 |
| A1MP10 | 2200-0101 | 0 | 7 | SCREW-MACH 4-40 .188-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI | 00000 | ORDEA BY DESCAIPTION |
| A1MP11 | 2200-0107 | 6 | 2 | SCREW-MACH 4-40.375-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| A1MP12 | 5041-0944 | 4 | 1 | KEYCAP, POWER | 28480 | 5041-0944 |
| A1MP13 | 1252-1982 | 5 | 1 | INTERCONNECT, ELASTOMERIC | 28480 | 1252-1982 |
| A1MP14 | 0590-1251 | 6 | 1 | NUT-SPCLY 15/32-32-THD .1-IN-THK .582-WD | 00000 | 0590-1251 |
| A1MP15 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A1MP18 | 08880-00039 | 5 | 1 | INSULATOR | 28480 | 08660-00039 |
| A1MP17 | 1258-0218 | 0 | 1 | MULTI-B-JUMP | 28480 | 1258-0218 |
| A1MP18 | 2190-0022 | 1 | 1 | WASHER-LK INTL T $3 / 8$ IN 3884 IN-ID | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| A1MP19 | 2200-0103 | 2 | 4 | SCREW-MACH 4-40 .25-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI | 00000 | 2200-0103 |
| A1MP20 | 2380-0122 | 3 | 2 | SCREW-MACH 6-32 .5-IN-LG 82-DEG | 00000 | ORDEA BY DESCRIPTION |
| A1MP21 | 2380-0190 | 5 | 4 | SCREW-MACH 8-32 .188-IN-LG 100-DEG | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| A1MP22 | 2950-0043 | 8 | 1 | NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 3/8-32-THD .094-IN-THK | 00000 | ORDEA BY DESCAIPTION |
| A1S1 | 3101-2720 | 4 | 1 | SWITCH-PB SPST-NO ALTNG . 125 A 115 VAC (ON/STBY SWITCH) | 28480 | 3101-2720 |
| A1W1 | 08880-60411 | 3 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY (0) | 28480 | 08680-60411 |
| W2 | 08680-80413 | 5 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY) | 28480 | 08680-80413 |
|  |  |  |  | A1A6.9 TO A3A1J4 |  |  |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference | HP Part | C | Qty. | Description | Mir. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Designation | Number | $\mathbf{D}$ |  |  | Mfr. Part Number |

A1A1

| Alal | 08660-60398 | 5 | 1 | DISPLAY ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 08660-60398 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1A1C1 | 0180-0491 | 5 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD 10UF +-20\% 25VDC TA | 28480 | 0180-0491 |
| A1A1C2 | 0180-0491 | 5 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD 10UF +-20\% 25VDC TA | 28480 | 0180-0491 |
| A1A1DS 1 | 1990-0759 | 6 | 1 | LED-LIGHT BAR MODULE LUM-INT-3MCD | 28480 | HLMP-2629 |
| A1A1DS2 | 1990-0700 | 7 | 5 | LED-LIGHT BAR MODULE LUM-INT=11MCD | 28480 | HLMP-2490 |
| A1A1DS3 | 1990-0700 | 7 |  | LED-LIGHT BAR MODULE LUM-INT=11MCD | 28480 | HLMP-2490 |
| A1A10S 4 | 1990-0700 | 7 |  | LED-LIGHT BAR MODULE LUM-INT=11MCD | 28480 | HLMP-2490 |
| A1A1DS5 | 1990-0700 | 7 |  | LED-LIGHT BAR MODULE LUM-INT=11MCD | 28480 | HLMP-2490 |
| A1A1DS6 | 1990-0700 | 7 |  | LED-LIGHT BAR MODULE LUM-INT=11MCD | 28480 | HLMP-2490 |
| A1A1J1 | 1251-8667 | 5 | 1 | CONN-POST TYPE .100-PIN-SPCG 20 CONT | 28480 | 1251-8667 |
| A1A1J2 | 1251-8494 | 8 | 1 | CONN-POST TYPE .100-PIN-SPCG 24-CONT | 28480 | 1251-8494 |
| AlAlR1 | 1810-0557 | 2 | 1 | NETWORK-RES 16 -DIP 22.0 OHM $\times 8$ | 01121 | 3168220 |
| A1A1R2 | 0698-7248 | 1 | 3 | RESISTOR 3.16K 1\% .05W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | СТ3-1/8-TO-3181-F |
| A1A1R3 | 0698-7248 | 1 | 3 | RESISTOR 3.16K 1\% .05W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT3-1/6-TO-3161-F |
| A1A1R4 | 0698-7248 | 1 | 3 | RESISTOR 3.16K 1\% . D5W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT3-1/6-TO-3161-F |
| A1A1R5 | 0698-7213 | 0 | 3 | RESISTOR $1101 \%$.OSW FTC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT3-1/8-TO-111-F |
| A1A1R6 | 0698-7213 | 0 | 3 | RESISTOR $1101 \%$.05W FTC= $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT3-1/8-TO-111-F |
| A1A1R7 | 0898-7213 | 0 | 3 | RESISTOR $1101 \%$.05W FTC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT3-1/8-TO-111-F |
| A1A1U1 | 1990-1116 | 1 | 5 | DISPLAY-NUM-SEG .015-CHAR .3-H RED | 28480 | HDSP-7513 |
| Alaluz | 1990-1116 | 1 | 5 | DISPLAY-NUM-SEG .015-CHAR .3-H RED | 28480 | HDSP-7513 |
| A1A1U3 | 1990-1116 | 1 | 5 | DISPLAY-NUM-SEG .015-CHAR .3-H RED | 28480 | HDSP-7513 |
| A1A1U4 | 1990-1116 | 1 | 5 | DISPLAY-NUM-SEG .015-CHAR .3-H RED | 28480 | HDSP-7513 |
| A1A1u5 | 1990-1116 | 1 | 5 | DISPLAY-NUM-SEG .015-CHAR .3-H RED | 28480 | HDSP-7513 |
| A1A1ug | 1990-1118 | 1 | 5 | DISPLAY-NUM-SEG .015-CHAR .3-H RED | 28480 | HDSP-7513 |
| A1A1U7 | 1990-1116 | 1 | 5 | DISPLAY-NUM-SEG .015-CHAR .3-H RED | 28480 | HDSP-7513 |
| A1A1U8 | 1990-1116 | 1 | 5 | DISPLAY-NUM-SEG .015-CHAR .3-H RED | 28480 | HDSP-7513 |
| Alatug | 1990-1116 | 1 | 5 | DISPLAY-NUM-SEG .015-CHAR .3-H RED | 28480 | HDSP-7513 |
| A1A1U10 | 1990-1116 | 1 | 5 | DISPLAY-NUM-SEG .015-CHAR .3-H RED | 28480 | HDSP-7513 |
| A1A1U11 | 1858-0010 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR ARRAY 14-PIN PLSTC DIP | 04713 | MPQ2906 |
| A1A1U12 | 1858-0010 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR ARRAY 14-PIN PLSTC DIP | 04713 | MPQ2906 |
| A1A1U13 | 1858-0010 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR ARRAY 14-PIN PLSTC DIP | 04713 | MPQ2906 |
| A1A1U14 | 1856-0010 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR ARRAY 14-PIN PLSTC DIP | 04713 | MPQ2906 |
| A1A1U15 | 1858-0010 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR ARRAY 14-PIN PLSTC DIP | 04713 | MPQ2900 |
| A1A1U16 | 1658-0010 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR ARRAY 14-PIN PLSTC DIP | 04713 | MPQ2906 |

## A1A1 MISCELLANEOUS

| A1A1MP1 | $1200-1350$ | 2 | 20 | SOCKET-STRIP 5-CONT DIP-SLDR <br> (FOR U1-10) | 28480 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |

[^0]Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference <br> Designation | HP Part <br> Number | $\mathbf{C}$ | D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

A1A2

| A1A2 | 08660-60399 | 6 | 1 | KEYBOARD ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 08660-60399 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AtARDS1 | 1990-1184 | 3 | 11 | LED-YELLOW | 28480 | 1990-1184 |
| A1A2DS2 | 1990-1184 | 3 |  | LED-YELLOW | 28480 | 1990-1184 |
| A1A2DS3 | 1990-1184 | 3 |  | LED-YELLOW | 28460 | 1990-1184 |
| A1A2DS4 | 1990-1184 | 3 |  | LED-YELLOW | 28480 | 1990-1184 |
| A1A2.DS5 | 1990-1184 | 3 |  | LED-YELLOW | 28480 | 1990-1184 |
| A1A2DS6 | 1990-1184 | 3 |  | LED-YELLOW | 28480 | 1990-1184 |
| A1A20S7 | 1990-1184 | 3 |  | LED-YELLOW | 28480 | 1990-1184 |
| A1A20S8 | 1990-1184 | 3 |  | LED-YELLOW | 28480 | 1990-1184 |
| A1A2dss | 1990-1184 | 3 |  | LED-YELLOW | 28480 | 1990-1184 |
| A1A2dS 10 | 1990-1184 | 3 |  | LED-YELLOW | 28480 | 1990-1184 |
| A1A2dS11 | 1990-1184 | 3 |  | LED-YELLOW | 28480 | 1990-1184 |
| A1A2J1 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A1A2.J2 | 1251-8821 | 3 | 1 | CONN-POST TYPE .100-PIN-SPCG 5-CONT | 28480 | 1251-8821 |
| A1A2J3 | 1251-8948 | 5 | 1 | CONN-POST TYPE 2.50-PIN-SPCG 2-CONT | 28480 | 1251-8948 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference | HP Part | C | Qty. | Description | Mitr. <br> Designation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number | D |  | Mfr. Part Number |  |  |

A1A3

| A1A3 | 08660-60400 | 0 | 1 | MICROPROCESSOR ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 08660-60400 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1A3C1 | 0160-4791 | 4 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 10PF $+-5 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER $0+\mathbf{3 0}$ | 28480 | 0160-4791 |
| A1A3C2 | 0160-4832 | 4 | 18 | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A1A3C3 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A1A3C4 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A1A3C5 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+\mathbf{- 1 0 \% ~ 1 0 0 V D C ~ C E R ~}$ | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A1A3C6 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+\mathbf{- 1 0 \%} 100 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A1A3C7 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+-10 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A1A3C8 | 0180-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A1A3C9 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+-10 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28460 | 0160-4832 |
| A1A3C10 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A1A3C11 | 0180-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A1A3C12 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A1A3C13 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A1A3C14 | 0180-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF $+-10 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A1A3C15 | 0180-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF $+-10 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A1A3C18 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF $+-10 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A1A3C17 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF $+-10 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A1A3C18 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A1A3C19 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF $+-10 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A1A3C20 | 0180-0491 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 10UF +-20\% 25VDC TA | 28480 | 0160-0491 |
| A1A3C21 | 0180-0376 | 5 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD .47UF $+-10 \%$ 35VDC TA | 58289 | 150D474×9035 A2 |
| A1A3C22 | 0180-0378 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .47UF +-10\% 35VDC TA | 58289 | 150D474×9035 A2 |
| A1A3C23 | 0180-2618 | 2 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 33UF $+-10 \%$ 10VDC TA | 25088 | D33GS1810K |
| A1A3C24 | 0180-0491 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 10UF +-20\% 25VDC TA | 28480 | 0180-0491 |
| A1A3C25 | 0180-4801 | 7 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 100PF $+-5 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{CER}$ | 28480 | 0180-4801 |
| A1A3.1 | 1251-7307 | 8 | 2 | CONN-POST TYPE .100-PIN-SPCG 50-CONT | 28480 | 1251-7307 |
| A1 A3, 2 | 1251-7307 | 8 |  | CONN-POST TYPE . $100-\mathrm{PIN}$-SPCG 50-CONT | 28480 | 1251-7307 |
| A1A3J3 | 1251-4927 | 2 | 2 | CONNECTOR 18-PIN M POST TYPE | 28480 | 1251-4927 |
| A1A3J4 | 1251-4927 | 2 |  | CONNECTOR 16-PIN M POST TYPE | 28480 | 1251-4927 |
|  | 1251-5595 | 2 |  | POLARIZING KEY-POST CONN | 28480 | 1251-5595 |
| A1A3J5 | 1251-5380 | 3 | 2 | CONNECTOR 2-PIN M POST TYPE | 28480 | 1251-5380 |
| A1A3Q1 | 1854-0210 | 8 | 1 | TRANSISTOR NPN 2N2222 SI TO-18 PD=500MW | 04713 | 2N2222 |
| A1A3R1 | 1810-0275 | 1 | 1 | NETWORK-RES 10-SIP 1.0K OHM $\times 9$ | 28480 | 1810-0275 |
| A1A3R2 | 1810-0503 | 8 | 1 | NETWORK-RES 18 DIP 3.3K OHM $\times 8$ | 28480 | 1810-0503 |
| A1A3R3 | 1810-0283 | 1 | 2 | NETWORK-RES 16-DIP 270.0 OHM $\times 8$ | 28480 | 1810-0283 |
| A1A3R4 | 1810-0283 | 1 |  | NETWORK-RES 16-DIP 270.0 OHM $\times 8$ | 28480 | 1810-0283 |
| A1A3R5 | 0698-7244 | 7 | 2 | RESISTOR 2.15K 1\% .O5W F TC=0 0 - 100 | 24548 | CT3-1/8-TO-2151-F |
| A1A3R8 | 0698-7260 | 7 | 5 | RESISTOR 10K 1\% . O5W F TC= $0+100$ | 24546 | CT3-1/8-TO-1002-F |
| A1A3R7 | 0698-7280 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\% .05W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT3-1/8-TO-1002-F |
| A1A3R8 | 0698-7260 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\% . O5W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT3-1/8-TO-1002-F |
| A1A3R9 | 0698-7260 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\% .05W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT3-1/8-TO-1002-F |
| A1A3R10 | 0698-7280 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\% .O5W F TC=0 + -100 | 24548 | CT3-1/8-TO-1002-F |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Qty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1A3R11 | 0698-7247 | 0 | 1 | RESISTOR 2.87K $1 \%$. 05 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT3-1/8-TO-2871-F |
| A1A3R12 | 0698-7227 | 6 | 1 | RESISTOR 422 1\% .05W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | СТ3-1/8-TO-422A-F |
| A1A3R13 | 0698-7248 | 1 | 1 | RESISTOR 3.18K $1 \%$. O5W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT3-1/8-TO-3161-F |
| A1A3R14 | 0698-7244 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 2.15K 1\% .O5W F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT3-1/8-TO-2151-F |
| A1A3TP1 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ | 28460 | 1251-0600 |
| A1A3TP2 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ | 28480 | 1251-0800 |
| A1A3TP3 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ | 28460 | 1251-0600 |
| A1A3TP4 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ | 28480 | 1251-0600 |
| A1A3U1 | 1820-2369 | 9 | 1 | IC OSC TTL LS DUAL | 01295 | SN74LS629N |
| A1A3U2 | 1820-3929 | 9 | 1 | IC-8BIT MPU WITH CLOCK AND OPTIONAL RAM | 04713 | MC68B02P |
| A1A3U3 | 1820-3239 | 4 | 1 | IC DRVR TTL ALS BUS OCTL | 01295 | SN71491N |
| A1A3U4 | 06660-80043 | 9 | 1 | EPROM \#1 | 28480 | 08660-80043 |
| A1A3U5 | 1818-3814 | 6 | 1 | IC CMOS 16384 (16K) STAT RAM 150-NS 3-S | S4013 | HM6116ALP-15 |
| A1a3u6 | 1820-3100 | 8 | 1 | IC DCDR TTL ALS BIN 3-TO-8-LINE 3 INP | 01295 | SN74ALS138N |
| A1A3U7 | 1820-3934 | 8 | 1 | IC XLTR CMOS TTL-TO-MOS QUAD | 3L585 | CD40109BH CHIP |
| A1A3U8 | 1820-2983 | 3 | 1 | IC PERIPHERAL INTERFACE ADAPTER; CLK=2MHZ | 04713 | MC88B21P |
| A1A3U9 | 1820-3376 | 0 | 1 | IC INV TTL ALS HEX | 01295 | SN71741N |
| A1A3U10 | 1820-2856 | 7 | 1 | IC GATE TTL ALS NAND QUAD 2-INP | 01295 | SN71338N |
| A1A3U11 | 1820-2635 | 2 | 1 | IC GATE TTL ALS AND QUAD 2-INP | 01295 | SN74ALSO8N |
| A1A3U12 | 1820-2488 | 3 | 2 | IC FF ALS D-TYPE POS-EDGE-TRIG | 01295 | SN74ALS74N |
| A1A3U13 | 1820-1423 | 4 | 2 | IC MV TTL LS MONOSTBL RETRIG DUAL | 01295 | SN74LS123N |
| A1A3U14 | 1820-1423 | 4 |  | IC MV TTL LS MONOSTBL RETRIG dUAL | 01295 | SN74LS123N |
| A1A3U15 | 1820-2488 | 3 |  | IC FF ALS D-TYPE POS-EDGE-TRIG | 01295 | SN74ALS74N |
| A1A3U18 | 1820-2150 | 8 | 1 | IC MICPROC-ACCESS NMOS | 34649 | D8279-5 |
| A1A3U17 | 1820-2053 | 8 | 1 | IC DCDR TTL LS BCD 4-TO-16-LINE | 18324 | 74LS154N |
| A1A3U18 | 1820-1427 | 8 | 1 | IC DCDR TTL LS 2-TO-4-LINE DUAL 2 INP | 01295 | SN74LS156N |
| A1A3VR1 | 1902-0947 | 9 | 1 | DIODE-ZNR 3.8V 5\% DO-35 PD=.4W TC=-.036\% | 28480 | 1902-0947 |
| A1A3W1 | 1258-0209 | 9 | 1 | JUMPER-REMOVABLE 2 POSITION; . 200 IN | 28480 | 1258-0209 |
| A1A3Y1 | 0410-0779 | 1 | 1 | CRYSTAL-QUARTZ 8 MHZ HC-18/U HLDR | 28480 | 0410-0779 |
| A1A3 MISCELLANEOUS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A1A3MP1 | 1400-0973 | 7 | 1 | CLIP CMPNT . 139-. 145 -DIA STL (FOR Y1) | 91508 | 6180-1A |
| A1A3MP2 | 1200-0553 | 5 | 1 | SOCKET-IC 28-CONT DIP-SLDR (FOR U4) | 28480 | 1200-0553 |
| A1A3MP1 | 1200-0654 | 7 | 1 | SOCKET-IC 40-CONT DIP DIP-SLDR (FOR U2) | 28480 | 1200-0854 |

## Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference | HP Part | $\mathbf{C}$ | Cty. | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Deaignation | Number | $\mathbf{D}$ |  | Mfr. |

A1A4

| A1A4 | 08680-60402 | 2 | 1 | SWEEP COUNT ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 08660-60402 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1A4C1 | 0180-0197 | 8 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD 2.2UF + -10\% 20VDC TO | 56289 | 150D225X9020A2 |
| A1A4C2 | 0180-0197 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 2.2UF $+-10 \%$ 20VDC TO | 56289 | 150D225×9020A2 |
| A1A4C3 | 0180-0218 | 4 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD . $15 \mathrm{UF}+\mathrm{-10} \mathrm{\%} 35 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{TA}$ | 56289 | 150D154X9035A2 |
| A1A4J1 | 1251-7307 | 8 | 1 | CONN-POST TYPE . $100-\mathrm{PIN}$-SPCG 50-CONT | 28480 | 1251-7307 |
| A1A4Q1 | 1854-0071 | 7 | 1 | TRANSISTOR NPN 2N3054 SI TO-66 PD=25W | 04173 | 2N3054 |
| A1A4R1 | 0898-3154 | 0 | 6 | RESISTOR 4.22K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-4221-F |
| A1A4R2 | 0698-3154 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 4.22K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-4221-F |
| A1A4R3 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A1A4R4 | 0698-3154 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 4.22K 1\%.125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-4221-F |
| A1A4R5 | 0757-0485 | 6 | 1 | RESISTOR 100K 1\% .125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1003-F |
| A1A4R6 | 0757-0472 | 5 | 1 | RESISTOR 200K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC=0 + - 100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-TO-2003-F |
| A1A4R7 | 0698-6248 | 9 | 3 | RESISTOR 400K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-4003-F |
| A1A4R8 | 0898-6248 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 400K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-4003-F |
| A1A4R9 | 0698-3152 | 8 | 1 | RESISTOR 3.48K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-3481-F |
| A1A4R10 | 0698-0084 | 9 | 1 | RESISTOR 2.15K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-2151-F |
| A1A4R11 | 2100-3123 | 0 | 1 | RESISTOR-TRMR $50010 \%$ C SIDE ADJ 17-TRN | 32997 | 3008P-1-501 |
| A1A4R12 | 0698-6248 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 400K 1\% .125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-4003-F |
| A1A4R13 | 0757-0420 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $7501 \% .125 W$ F TC=0 +100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-TO-751-F |
| A1A4R14 | 0757-0274 | 5 | 1 | RESISTOR 1.21K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1211-F |
| A1A4R15 | 0757-0442 | 9 | 1 | RESISTOR 10K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1002-F |
| A1A4R16 | 0757-0449 | 6 | 1 | RESISTOR 20K 1\%.125W F TC=0 0 - 100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-2002-F |
| A1A4R17 | 0698-4008 | 5 | 1 | RESISTOR 40K 1\% .125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-4002-F |
| A1A4R18 | 0698-3201 | 8 | 1 | RESISTOR $80 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-8002-F |
| A1A4R19 | 0757-0280 | 3 | 3 | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1001-F |
| A1A4R20 | 0698-3154 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 4.22K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-4221-F |
| A1A4R21 | 0757-0422 | 5 | 1 | RESISTOR 909 1\%.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-909R-F |
| A1A4R22 | 0757-0283 | 6 | 1 | RESISTOR 2K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-2001-F |
| A1A4R23 | 0696-5808 | 5 | 1 | RESISTOR 4K 1\% .125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-4001-F |
| A1A4R24 | 0698-3200 | 7 | 1 | RESISTOR 8K 1\% .125W F TC=0 +100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-8001-F |
| A1A4R25 | 0757-0420 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 750 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-751-F |
| A1A4R28 | 0698-3154 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 4.22K $1 \% .125$ W F TC= $=0+100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-TO-4221-F |
| A1A4R27 | 0698-3154 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 4.22K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-4221-F |
| A1A4R28 | 2100-3122 | 9 | 3 | RESISTOR-TRMR $10010 \%$ C SIDE-ADJ 17-TRN | 32997 | 3006-P-1-101 |
| A1A4R29 | 2100-3122 | 9 |  | AESISTOR-TRMR $10010 \%$ C SIDE-ADJ 17-TRN | 32997 | 3006-P-1-101 |
| A1A4R30 | 2100-3122 | 9 |  | RESISTOR-TRMR $10010 \%$ C SIDE-ADJ 17-TRN | 32997 | 3006-P-1-101 |
| A1A4R31 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\%, 125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1001-F |
| A1A4R32 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TC= $0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1001-F |

$\dagger$ Refer to Section 7 for update information.
*Factory Selected Component (Refer to Section 5).

## Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Qty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1A4U1 | 1828-0271 | 0 | 1 | IC OP AMP GP 8-DIP-P PKG | 01295 | SN72741P |
| A1A4U2 | 1820-1438 | 1 | 1 | IC MUXR/DATA-SEL TTL LS 2-TO-1-LINE QUAD | 01295 | SN74LS257AN |
| A1A4U3 | 1820-1197 | 9 | 1 | IC GATE TTL LS NAND QUAD 2-INP | 01295 | SN74LS00N |
| A1A4U4 | 1820-1207 | 2 | 1 | IC GATE TTL LS NAND 8-INP | 01295 | SN74LS30N |
| A1A4U5 | 1820-1277 | B | 3 | IC COUNTER TTL LS DECD UP/DOWN SYNCHRO | 01295 | SN74LS192N |
| Ala4ue | 1820-1202 | 7 | 1 | IC GATE TTL LS NAND TPL 3-INP | 01295 | SN74LS10N |
| A1A4U7 | 1820-0577 | 7 | 3 | IC INV TTL HEX 1-INP | 01295 | SN7416N |
| A1A4U6 | 1820-1277 | 6 |  | IC COUNTER TTL LS DECD UP/DOWN SYNCHRO | 01295 | SN74LS192N |
| A1A4U9 | 1820-1144 | 6 | 2 | IC GATE TTL LS NOR QUAD 2-INP | 01295 | SN74LS02N |
| A1A4U10 | 1820-1277 | 6 |  | IC COUNTER TTL LS DECD UP/DOWN SYNCHRO | 01295 | SN74LS192N |
| A1A4U11 | 1620-0577 | 7 |  | IC INV TTL HEX ${ }^{\text {-INP }}$ | 01295 | SN7416N |
| A1A4U12 | 1820-1144 | 8 |  | IC GATE TTL LS NOR QUAD 2-INP | 01295 | SN74LS02N |
| A1A4U13 | 1820-0577 | 7 |  | IC INV TTL HEX 1-INP | 01295 | SN7416N |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference | HP Part | C | Dty. | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Designation | Number | D |  | Mr. |

A1A5

| A1A5 | 08680-60401 | 1 | 1 | Interface Assembly | 28480 | 08880-60401 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1A5C1 | 0160-4832 | 4 | 19 | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A1A5C2 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A1A5C3 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A1A5C4 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+$ - $10 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A1A5C5 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-10\% 100VDC CER | 28460 | 0160-4832 |
| A1A5C6 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-4832 |
| A1A5C7 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A1A5C8 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A1A5C9 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A1A5C10 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A1A5C11 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+\mathrm{t}$-10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-4832 |
| A1A5C12 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A1A5C13 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-4832 |
| A1A5C14 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-4832 |
| A1A5C15 | 0180-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-4832 |
| A1A5C18 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A1A5C17 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A1A5C18 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF $+-10 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A1A5C19 | 0180-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A1A5C20 | 0180-0491 | 5 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD 10UF +-20\% 25VDC TA | 28480 | 0180-0491 |
| A1A5C21 | 0180-0491 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 10UF +-20\% 25VDC TA | 28480 | 0180-0491 |
| A1A5C22 | 0160-2818 | 2 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 33UF +-10\% 10VDC TA | 25088 | DG33GS1B10K |
| A1A5J1 | 1251-7307 | 6 | 1 | CONN-POST TYPE .100-PIN-SPCG 50-CONT | 28480 | 1251-7307 |
| A1A5J2 | 1251-7307 | 8 | 1 | CONN-POST TYPE , 100-PIN-SPCG $50-\mathrm{CONT}$ | 28480 | 1251-7307 |
| A1A5J3 | 1251-4927 | 2 | 1 | CONNECTOR 16-PIN M POST TYPE | 28480 | 1251-4927 |
| A1A5J4 | 1251-4927 | 2 | 1 | CONNECTOR 16-PIN M POST TYPE | 28480 | 1251-4927 |
| A1A5R1 | 1810-0275 | 1 | 1 | NETWORK-RES 10-SIP 1.0K OHM $\times 9$ | 28480 | 1810-0275 |
| A1A5R2 | 0698-7253 | 8 | 1 | RESISTOR $5.11 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .05 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | СТ3-1/8-TO-5111.F |
| A1A5R3 | 0898-7272 | 1 | 1 | RESISTOR 31.6K $1 \%$. 05 W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT3-1/8-TO-3162-F |
| A1A5S 1 | 3101-2128 | 4 | 1 | SWITCH-SL 5SPDT DIP-SLIDE-ASSY .1A | 28480 | 3101-2126 |
| A1A5TP1 | 1251-0600 | 0 | 3 | CONNECTOR-SGL CONAT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SO | 28480 | 1251-0600 |
| A1A5TP2 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONAT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SO | 28480 | 1251-0800 |
| A1A5TP3 | 1251-0800 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONAT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SO | 28480 | 1251-0600 |
| A1A5U1 | 1820-3513 | 7 | 1 | IC TRANSCEIVER TTL S InSTR-bus IEEE-488 | 27014 | DS75161AN |
| A1A5U2 | 1820-3431 | 8 | 1 | IC TRANSCEIVER TTL S INSTR-BUS IEEE-488 | 27014 | DS75160AN |
| A1A5U3 | 1820-2657 | 8 | 1 | IC GATE TTL ALS OR OUAD 2-INP | 01295 | SN74ALS32N |
| A1A5U4 | 1820-2551 | 1 | 1 | IC-GENERAL PURPOSE INTERFACE BUS ADAPTER | 01295 | TMS9914ANDL |
| A1A5U5 | 1820-3239 | 4 | 1 | IC DRVR TTL ALS BUS OCTL | 01295 | SN71491N |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Qty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1A5UB | 1820-2757 | 9 | 8 | IC FF TTL ALS D-TYPE POS-EDGE-TRIG OCtL | 01295 | SN74ALS57AN |
| A1A5U7 | 1820-2983 | 3 | 1 | IC PERIPHERAL INTERFACE ADAPTER; CLK=2MHZ | 04713 | MC881321P |
| A1A5U8 | 1820-2488 | 3 | 1 | IC FF ALS D-TYPE POS-EDGE-TRIG | 01295 | SN74ALS74N |
| A1A5U9 | 1820-3239 | 4 | 1 | IC DRVR TTL ALS bus Octl | 01295 | SN71491N |
| A1A5U10 | 1820-2757 | 9 |  | IC FF TTL ALS D-TYPE POS-EDGE-TRIG OCTL | 01295 | SN74ALS57AN |
| A1A5U11 | 1820-2757 | 9 |  | IC FF TTL ALS D-TYPE POS-EDGE-TRIG OCTL | 01295 | SN74ALS57AN |
| A1A5U12 | 1820-2757 | 9 |  | IC FF TTL ALS D-TYPE POS-EDGE-TRIG OCTL | 01295 | SN74ALS57AN |
| A1A5U13 | 1820-2757 | 9 |  | IC FF TTL ALS D-TYPE POS-EDGE-TRIG OCTL | 01295 | SN74ALS57AN |
| A1A5U14 | 1820-2757 | 9 |  | IC FF TTL ALS D-TYPE POS-EDGE-TRIG OCTL | 01295 | SN74ALS57AN |
| A1A5U15 | 1820-2757 | 9 |  | IC FF TTL ALS D-TYPE POS-EDGE-TRIG OCTL | 01295 | SN74ALS57AN |
| A1A5U18 | 1820-2757 | 9 |  | IC FF TTL ALS D-TYPE POS-EDGE-TRIG OCTL | 01295 | SN74ALS57AN |
| A1A5U17 | 1820-1423 | 4 | 1 | IC MV TTL LS MONOSTBL RETRIG dUAL | 01295 | SN74LS123N |
| A1A5U18 | 1820-1891 | 1 | 3 | IC CNTR TTL LS DECD DUAL 4-BIT | 01295 | SN74LS390N |
| A1A5U19 | 1820-1991 | 1 |  | IC CNTR TTL LS DECD DUAL 4-8it | 01295 | SN74LS390N |
| A1A5U20 | 1820-1991 | 1 |  | IC CNTR TTL LS DECD DUAL 4-BIT | 01295 | SN74LS390N |
| A1A5U21 | 1820-3764 | 0 | 1 | IC MUXR/DATA-SEL TTL AS 8-TO-1-LINE | 01295 | SN74ALS251N |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference | HP Part | C | Oty. | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Designation | Number | D |  | Mfr. |

## A1A6

| A1A6 | 08860-60405 | 5 | 1 | DCU MOTHERBOARD ASSEMBLY (DOES NOT INCLUDE A1A6W1) | 28480 | 08660-60405 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1A6.11 | 1251-8686 | 4 | 1 | CONN-POST TYPE . 100 -PIN-SPCG 20-CONT | 28480 | 1251-8666 |
| A1A6J2 | 1251-8603 | 9 | 1 | CONN-POST TYPE .100-PIN-SPCG 24-CONT | 28480 | 1251-6603 |
| A1A6J3 | 1251-7300 | 1 | 5 | CONN-POST TYPE .100-PIN-SPCG 50-CONT | 28480 | 1251-7300 |
| A1A6J4 | 1251-7300 | 1 |  | CONN-POST TYPE .100-PIN-SPCG 50-CONT | 28480 | 1251-7300 |
| A1A6.5 | 1251-7300 | 1 |  | CONN-POST TYPE . 100 -PIN-SPCG $50-C O N T$ | 28480 | 1251-7300 |
| A1A6.j6 | 1251-7300 | 1 |  | CONN-POST TYPE . 100 -PIN-SPCG 50-CONT | 28480 | 1251-7300 |
| A1A6.7 | 1251-7300 | 1 |  | CONN-POST TYPE .100-PIN-SPCG 50-CONT | 28480 | 1251-7300 |
| A1A6J8 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A1A6.9 | 1251-8929 | 2 | 1 | CONN-POST TYPE .100-PIN-SPCG 50-CONT | 28460 | 1251-8929 |
| A1A6J10 | 1250-1255 | 1 | 1 | CONNECTOR RF SMB MPC 5-OHM | 28480 | 1250-1255 |
| A1A6J11-J80 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A1ABJ81 | 1251-4549 | 4 |  | CONNECTOR 7-PIN M POST TYPE | 28480 | 1251-4549 |
| A1A8182 | 1251-4549 | 4 | 1 | CONNECTOR 7-PIN M POST TYPE | 28480 | 1251-4549 |
| A1A6J83 | 1251-4549 | 4 | 1 | CONNECTOR 7-PIN M POST TYPE | 28480 | 1251-4549 |
| A1A6J84 | 1251-4549 | 4 | 1 | CONNECTOR 7-PIN M POST TYPE | 28480 | 1251-4549 |
| A1A6P1 | 1251-0600 | 0 | 1 | CONNECTOR-SGL CONAT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ | 28480 | 1251-0600 |
| A1A6P2 | 1251-0600 | 0 | 1 | CONNECTOR-SGL CONAT PIN 1.14-MM-ESC-SZ SO | 28480 | 1251-0600 |
| A1A6P3 | 1251-0600 | 0 | 1 | CONNECTOR-SGL CONAT PIN 1.14-MM-ESC-SZ SQ | 28480 | 1251-0600 |
| A1A6W1 | 08660-60416 | 8 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY (0/9/92) | 28480 | 08660-80416 |
|  |  |  |  | A1A6P1-P3 TO A23 3 |  |  |

# Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts 

| Reference | HP Part | C |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Designation | Number | D | Description | Mfr. <br> Code |

A2

| A2 | 08660-60020 | 0 | 1 | BOARD ASSEMBLY, INTERCONNECTION | 28480 | 08660-60020 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A2C1 | 0160-4822 | 2 | 28 | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-5\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4822 |
| A2C2 | 0160-4622 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-10\% 1 KVDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4822 |
| A2C3 | 0150-4822 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-10\% 1KVDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4822 |
| A2C4 | 0160-4622 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF $+-10 \% 1$ KVDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4822 |
| A2C5 | 0160-4822 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-5\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4822 |
| A2C6 | 0160-4822 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-10\% 1KVDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4822 |
| A2C7 | 0160-4822 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-10\% 1KVDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4822 |
| A2C8 | 0160-4822 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-5\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-4822 |
| A2C9 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A2C10 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+-10 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A2C11 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| $\mathrm{A}^{2} \mathrm{C} 12$ | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+-10 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A2C13 | 0160-4822 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-10\% 1KVDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4822 |
| A2C14 | 0160-4822 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-5\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4822 |
| ${ }^{\text {A2C15 }}$ | 0160-4822 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-10\% 1KVDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4822 |
| A2C16 | 0160-4822 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-10\% 1KVDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4822 |
| $\mathrm{A}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{17}$ | 0160-4822 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-10\% 1KVDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4622 |
| A2C18 | 0180-4822 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-10\% 1KVDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4822 |
| A2C19 | 0160-4822 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-5\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4822 |
| A2C20 | 0160-4822 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF $+-10 \% 1 \mathrm{KVDC}$ CER | 28480 | 0160-4822 |
| A2C21 | 0160-4832 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF 10\% 100VDC CER | 28460 | 0160-4832 |
| A2C22 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-10\% 100VDC CER | 28460 | 0180-4832 |
| A2C23 | 0160-4832 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF 10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-4832 |
| A2C24 | 0180-4832 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF 10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A2C25 | 0160-4822 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-5\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4622 |
| A2C26 | 0160-4822 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-5\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4822 |
| A2C27 | 0160-4822 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-10\% 1KVDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4622 |
| A2C28 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +60-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A2C29 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF + -10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A2C30 | 0180-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A2C31 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A2C32 | 0160-4822 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-10\% 1KVDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4822 |
| A2C33 | 0160-4822 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-5\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4822 |
| A2C34 | 0180-4822 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-10\% 1KVDC CER | 28460 | 0160-4822 |
| A2C35 | 0160-4822 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-5\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4822 |
| A2C38 | 0160-4822 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-10\% 1KVDC CER | 28460 | 0160-4822 |
| A2C37 | 0180-4822 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-10\% 1KVDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4822 |
| A2C38 | 0160-4822 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-10\% 1KVDC CER | 28460 | 0180-4822 |
| A2C39 | 0160-4622 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-10\% 1KVDC CER | 28480 | 0180-4822 |
| A2C40 | 0160-4622 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-5\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4822 |
| A2C41 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A2C42 | 0160-4832 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF 10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A2C43 | 0180-4832 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF 10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-4832 |
| A2C44 | 0180-4832 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF 10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-4832 |

[^1]Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Oty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A2J1 | 1250-1255 | 1 |  | CONNECTOR-RF SME M PC 50-OHM | 28480 | 1250-1255 |
| A2.J2 | 1250-1255 | 1 |  | CONNECTOR-RF SME M PC 50-0HM | 28480 | 1250-1255 |
| A2J3 | 1250-1255 | 1 |  | CONNECTOR-RF SME M PC 50-OHM | 28480 | 1250-1255 |
| A2J4 | 1250-1255 | 1 |  | CONNECTOR-RF SMB M PC 50-OHM | 28480 | 1250-1255 |
| A2W2 | 08660-60080 | 2 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY, GRAY | 28480 | 08660-60080 |
| A2XA8-1 | 1251-2035 | 9 |  | CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 15-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-2035 |
| A2XA8-2 | 1251-2035 | 9 |  | CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 15-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-2035 |
| A2XA9-1 | 1251-2035 | 9 |  | CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 15-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-2035 |
| A2XA10-1 | 1251-2035 | 9 |  | CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 15-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-2035 |
| A2XA10-2 | 1251-2035 | 9 |  | CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 15-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-2035 |
| A2XA11-1 | 1251-2035 | 9 |  | CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 15-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-2035 |
| A2XA11-2 | 1251-2035 | 9 |  | CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 15-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-2035 |
| A2XA12-1 | 1251-2035 | 9 |  | CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 15-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-2035 |
| A2XA12-2 | 1251-2035 | 9 |  | CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 15-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-2035 |
| A2XA13-1 | 1251-2036 | 9 |  | CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 15-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-2035 |
| A2XA13-2 | 1251-2035 | 9 |  | CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 15-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-2035 |
| A2XA14-1 | 1251-2035 | 9 |  | CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 15-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-2035 |
| A2XA14-2 | 1251-2035 | 9 |  | CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 15-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-2035 |
| A2XA15-1 | 1251-2035 | 9 |  | CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 15-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-2035 |
| A2XA15-2 | 1251-2035 | 9 |  | CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 15-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-2035 |
| A2XA18-1 | 1251-2035 | 9 |  | CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 15-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-2035 |
| A2XA16-2 | 1251-2035 | 9 |  | CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 15-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-2035 |
| A2XA17-1 | 1251-2035 | 9 |  | CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 15-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-2035 |
| A2XA17-2 | 1251-2035 | 9 |  | CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 15-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-2035 |
| A2XA18-1 | 1251-2035 | 9 |  | CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 15-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-2035 |
| A2XA18-2 | 1251-2035 | 9 |  | CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 15-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-2035 |
| A2XA19-1 | 1251-2035 | 9 |  | CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 15-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-2035 |
| A2XA19-2 | 1251-2035 | 9 |  | CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 15-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-2035 |

$\dagger$ Refer to Section 7 for update information. *Factory Selected Component (Refer to Section 5).

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference <br> Designation | HP Part <br> Number | $\mathbf{C}$ | C |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## A3A1

| A3A1 | 08660-60403 | 3 | 1 | FRONT INTERFACE ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 08660-60403 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A3A1J1 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A3A1J2 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A3A1J3 | 0360-1638 | 4 | 1 | CABLE TRANSITION 34-TERM INSUL DSPL TYPE | 28480 | 0360-1638 |
| A3A1J4 | 1251-8929 | 2 | 1 | CONN-POST TYPE .100-PIN-SPCG 50-CONT | 28480 | 1251-8929 |
| A3A1R1 | 0698-7210 | 7 | 9 | RESISTOR $82.51 \%$.05W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT3-1/8-T0-82R5-F |
| A3A1R2 | 0698-7210 | 7 | 9 | RESISTOR $82.51 \%$.05W F TC=0 + -100 | 24548 | CT3-1/8-T0-82R5-F |
| A3A1R3 | 0698-7210 | 7 | 9 | RESISTOR $62.51 \%$.05W F TC=0 0 - 100 | 24546 | CT3-1/8-T0-82R5-F |
| A3A1R4 | 0698-7210 | 7 | 9 | RESISTOR 82.5 1\% .05W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT3-1/8-T0-82R5-F |
| A3A1R5 | 0698-7210 | 7 | 9 | RESISTOR $82.51 \%$.05W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT3-1/8-T0-82R5-F |
| A3A1R8 | 0698-7210 | 7 | 9 | RESISTOR $82.51 \%$.05W F TC=0 + -100 | 24548 | CT3-1/8-T0-82R5-F |
| A3A1R7 | 0698-7210 | 7 | 9 | RESISTOR $82.51 \%$.05W F TC $=0+$ + 100 | 24546 | CT3-1/8-T0-82R5-F |
| A3A1R8 | 0698-7210 | 7 | 9 | RESISTOR 82.5 1\% .05W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT3-1/8-T0-82R5-F |
| A3A1R9 | 0898-7210 | 7 | 9 | RESISTOR $82.51 \% .05 W$ F TC $=0+100$ | 24548 | CT3-1/8-T0-82R5-F |

A3A2

| A3A2 | 08660-80404 | 4 | 1 | REAR INTERFACE ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 08860-60404 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A3A2W1 | 08680-60410 | 2 |  | RIBBON CABLE ASSEMBLY (FROM A3A1J3 TO A3A2J3) | 28480 | 08660-60410 |

## A3A3

| A3A3 | 08660-60025 | 5 | 1 | BOARD ASSEMBLY, DIGITAL INTERCONNECT | 28460 | 06860-60025 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| АЗАЗ,1 | 1250-1255 | 1 |  | CONNECTOR-RF SMB M PC 50-OHM | 28480 | 1250-1255 |
| A3A3J2 | 1250-1255 | 1 |  | CONNECTOR-RF SMB M PC 50-OHM | 28480 | 1250-1255 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts


A4

| A4 | 08660-60042 | 6 | 1 | LOOP ASSEMBLY, H.F. | 28480 | 08660-60042 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A4C1 | 0160-2437 | 1 | 17 | CAPACITOR-FDTHRU $5000 \mathrm{PF}+80-20 \% 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 28480 | 0160-2437 |
| A4C2 | 0160-2437 | 1 |  | CAPACITOR-FDTHRU 5000PF $+80-20 \% 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 28480 | 0160-2437 |
| A4C3 | 0180-2437 | 1 |  | CAPACITOR-FDTHRU $5000 \mathrm{PF}+80-20 \% 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 28480 | 0160-2437 |
| A4C4 | 0160-2437 | 1 |  | CAPACITOR-FDTHRU 5000PF $+80-20 \% 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 28480 | 0160-2437 |
| A4C5 | 0160-2437 | 1 |  | CAPACITOR-FDTHRU 5000PF $+80-20 \% 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 28480 | 0160-2437 |
| A4C6 | 0160-2437 | 1 |  | CAPACITOA-FDTHRU 5000PF +80-20\% 200 V | 28480 | 0160-2437 |
| A4C7 | 0180-2437 | 1 |  | CAPACITOR-FDTHRU 5000PF $+80-20 \% 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 28480 | 0160-2437 |
| A4C8 | 0160-2437 | 1 |  | CAPACITOR-FDTHRU 5000PF $+80-20 \% 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 28480 | 0160-2437 |
| A4C9 | 0160-3744 | 5 | 6 | CAPACITOR-FDTHRU 1000PF $+80-20 \% 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 28480 | 0160-3744 |
| A4C10 | 0160-2437 | 1 |  | CAPACITOR-FDTHRU 5000PF $+80-20 \% 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 28480 | 0160-2437 |
| A4C11 | 0160-3744 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FDTHRU 1000PF +80-20\% 200 V | 28480 | 0160-3744 |
| A4C12 | 0160-2437 | 1 |  | CAPACITOR-FDTHRU 5000PF $+80-20 \% 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 28480 | 0160-2437 |
| A4C13 | 0160-3744 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FDTHRU 1000PF $+60-20 \% 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 28480 | 0160-3744 |
| A4C14 | 0160-2437 | 1 |  | CAPACITOR-FDTHRU 5000PF $+60-20 \% 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 28480 | 0160-2437 |
| A4C15 | 0160-3744 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FDTHRU 1000PF $+60-20 \% 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 28480 | 0160-3744 |
| A4C16 | 0160-2437 | 1 |  | CAPACITOR-FDTHRU 5000PF $+80-20 \% 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 28480 | 0160-2437 |
| A4C17 | 0160-3744 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FDTHRU $1000 \mathrm{PF}+80-20 \% 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 28480 | 0160-3744 |
| A4C18 | 0160-2437 | 1 |  | CAPACITOR-FDTHAU 5000PF $+80-20 \% 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 28480 | 0160-2437 |
| A4C19 | 0160-3744 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FDTHRU 1000PF $+80-20 \% 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 28480 | 0160-3744 |
| A4C20 | 0160-2437 | 1 |  | CAPACITOR-FDTHRU 5000PF $+80-20 \% 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 28480 | 0160-2437 |
| A4C21 | 0160-2437 | 1 |  | CAPACITOR-FDTHRU 5000PF $+80-20 \% 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 28480 | 0160-2437 |
| A4C22 | 0160-2437 | 1 |  | CAPACITOR-FDTHRU 5000PF $+80-20 \% 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 28480 | 0160-2437 |
| A4C23 | 0160-2437 | 1 |  | CAPACITOR-FDTHRU 5000PF +80-20\% 200 V | 28480 | 0160-2437 |
| A4J1 | 1250-0901 | 2 | 13 | CONNECTOR-RF SMB M SGL-HOLE-FR 50-OHM | 28480 | 1250-0901 |
| A4J2 | 1250-0901 | 2 |  | CONNECTOR-RF SMB M SGL-HOLE-FR 50-OHM | 28480 | 1250-0901 |
| A4J3 | 1250-0901 | 2 |  | CONNECTOR-RF SMB M SGL-HOLE-FR 50-OHM | 28480 | 1250-0901 |
| A4.J4 | 1250-0901 | 2 |  | CONNECTOR-RF SMB M SGL-HOLE-FR 50-OHM | 28480 | 1250-0901 |
| A4, 5 | 1250-0901 | 2 |  | CONNECTOR-RF SMB M SGL-HOLE-FR 50-OHM | 28480 | 1250-0901 |
| A4J6 | 1250-0901 | 2 |  | CONNECTOR-RF SMB M SGL-HOLE-FR 50-OHM | 28480 | 1250-0901 |
| A4J7 | 1250-0901 | 2 |  | CONNECTOR-RF SMB M SGL-HOLE-FR 50-OHM | 28480 | 1250-0901 |
| A4J8 | 1250-0901 | 2 |  | CONNECTOR-RF SMB M SGL-HOLE-FR 50-OHM | 28480 | 1250-0901 |
| A4J9 | 1250-0901 | 2 |  | CONNECTOR-RF SMB M SGL-HOLE-FR 50-OHM | 28480 | 1250-0901 |
| A4, 10 | 1250-0901 | 2 |  | CONNECTOR-RF SMB M SGL-HOLE-FR 50-OHM | 28480 | 1250-0901 |
| A4J11 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A4. 12 | 1250-0901 | 2 |  | CONNECTOR-RF SMB M SGL-HOLE-FR 50-OHM | 28480 | 1250-0901 |
| A4. 13 | 1250-0901 | 2 |  | CONNECTOR-RF SMB M SGL-HOLE-FR 50-OHM | 28480 | 1250-0901 |
| A4L1 | 9140-0144 | 0 | 3 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 4.7UH 10\% .105DX.26LG | 28480 | 9140-0144 |
| A4W1 | 06660-60080 | 2 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY, GRAY (A4J6 TO A4A3C6) | 28480 | 08660-60080 |
| A4W2 | 08660-60050 | 6 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY, GRAY (A4J6 TO A4J13) | 28480 | 08660-60050 |
| A4W3 | 08660-60063 | 1 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY, GRAY (A4.J11 TO A4A7J1) | 26480 | 08660-60063 |
| A4W4 | 08660-60055 | 1 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY, GRAY A4J11 TO A4J10) | 28480 | 08660-60055 |

$\dagger$ Refer to Section 7 for update information.
*Factory Selected Component (Refer to Section 5).

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Qty. | Description | Mir. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A4 MISCELLANEOUS |  |  |  |  |  |
| A4MP1 | 08660-00014 | 6 | 1 | COVER, REF. OSC. | 28480 | 08660-00014 |
| A4MP2 | 08660-00015 | 7 | 1 | COVER, REF. DIVIDER | 28480 | 08660-00015 |
| A4MP3 | 06660-00016 | 8 | 1 | COVER, REF. PHASE DETECTOR | 28480 | 08660-00016 |
| A4MP4 | 06860-00017 | 9 | 1 | COVER, DIVIDE BY TWO | 28460 | 08660-00017 |
| A4MP5 | 06860-00016 | 0 | 1 | COVER, PRETUNE | 28480 | 06680-00018 |
| A4MP8 | 08660-00019 | 1 | 1 | COVER, VCO | 28460 | 08660-00019 |
| A4MP7 | 08660-00020 | 4 | 1 | COVER, PHASE DETECTOR | 28480 | 08680-00020 |
| A4MPB | 08860-20063 | 7 | 1 | HOUSING, H.F. LP | 28480 | 06660-20063 |
| A4MP9 | 08660-20371 | 0 | 1 | POLYIRON SHIELD | 28480 | 06680-20371 |
| A4MP10 | 0624-0077 | 5 | 44 | SCREW-TPG 4-40 .312-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI (ATTACH COVERS TO HOUSING) | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| A4MP11 | 0624-0099 | 2 | 2 | SCREW-TPG 4-40. 375 -IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI (ATTACH A4AB TO HOUSING) | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| A4MP12 | 3030-0020 | 2 | 3 | SCREW-SET 10-32 .25-IN-LG SMALL CUP-PT (ATTACHES TO HOUSING NEAR C16) | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| A4MP 13 | 3050-0176 | 3 | 1 | SCREW-TPG 4-40 .375-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI (ATTACHES HOUSING INTO FRAME) | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |

[^2]Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference <br> Designation | HP Part <br> Number | $\mathbf{C}$ | D |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | Cty. $\quad$ Description $\quad$| Mfr. |
| :---: |$\quad$ Mfr. Part Number

## A4A1

| A4A1 | 08680-80003 | 9 | 1 | BOARD ASSEMBLY, REF. DIVIDER | 28480 | 08660-80003 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A4A1C1 | 0160-2201 | 7 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 51PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-2201 |
| A4A1C2 | 0180-0118 | 1 | 7 | CAPACITOR-FXD 8.8UF+-10\% 35VDC TA | 56289 | 1500685×9035B2 |
| A4A1c3 | 0180-0229 | 7 | 5 | CAPACITOR-FXD 33UF+-10\% 10VDC TA | 56289 | 150D336x9010B2 |
| A4A1C4 | 0160-2199 | 2 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 30PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-2189 |
| A4A1C5 | 0160-0154 | 5 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD 2200PF +-10\% 200VDC POLYE | 28480 | 0160-0154 |
| A4A1C6 | 0160-0154 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 2200PF +-10\% 200VDC POLYE | 28480 | 0160-0154 |
| A4A1C7 | 0160-0297 | 7 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 1200PF +-10\% 200VDC POLYE | 28480 | 0180-0297 |
| A4A1CR1 | 1902-0048 | 1 | 1 | DIODE-ZNR 6.81V 5\% DO-35 PD=.4W | 28460 | 1902-0048 |
| A4A1L1 | 9100-1842 | 1 | 2 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 270UH 5\% .2DX.45LG | 28480 | 9100-1842 |
| A4A1L2 | 9100-1842 | 1 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 270UH 5\% .2DX.45LG | 28480 | 9100-1842 |
| A4A1L3 | 9140-0144 | 0 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 4.7UH 10\% .105DX.26LG | 28480 | 9140-0144 |
| A4A1Q1 | 1854-0019 | 3 | 15 | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 28480 | 1854-0019 |
| A4A1Q2 | 1854-0019 | 3 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 28480 | 1854-0019 |
| A4A103 | 1854-0045 | 5 | 3 | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-18 PD=500MW | 28480 | 1854-0045 |
| A4A1R1 | 0757-0444 | 1 | 11 | RESISTOR 12.1K $1 \%$.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1212-F. |
| A4A1R2 | 0698-3622 | 7 | 1 | RESISTOR $1205 \%$ W MO TC=0+-200 | 28460 | 0698-3622 |
| A4A1R3 | 0698-0083 | 8 | 23 | RESISTOR 1.96K $1 \%$.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1961-F |
| A4A1R4 | 0757-0280 | 3 | 28 | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A4A1R5 | 0757-0394 | 0 | 22 | RESISTOR 51.1 1\% .125W F TC= $0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-51R1-F |
| A4A1R6 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A4A1R7 | 0698-0083 | 8 |  | RESISTOR $1.96 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1961-F |
| A4A1R8 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A4A1R9 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 51.1 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-51R1-F |
| A4A1R10 | 0757-0260 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A4A1R11 | 0696-3441 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 215 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-215R-F |
| A4A1R12 | 0698-3441 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 215 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-215R-F |
| A4A1R13 | 0698-3441 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 215 1\%.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-215R-F |
| A4A1R14 | 0757-0401 | 0 | 21 | RESISTOR $1001 \% .125 W$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-101-F |
| A4A1U1 | 1820-0054 | 5 | 18 | IC GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP | 01295 | SN7400N |
| A4A1U2 | 1820-0055 | 6 | 2 | IC CNTR TTL DECD SYNCHRO POS-EDGE-TRIG | 01295 | SN7490AN |
| A4A1U3 | 1820-0055 | 6 |  | IC CNTR TTL DECD SYNCHRO POS-EDGE-TRIG | 01295 | SN7490AN |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference | HP Part | C | Oty. | Description | Mfr. |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Designation | Number | D |  |  | Code |

A4A2

| A4A2 | 06860-60002 | 8 | 1 | BOARD ASSEMBLY, REF. PHASE DETECTOR | 28480 | 08660-60002 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A4A2C1 | 0180-0100 | 3 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 4.7UF+-10\% 35VDC TA | 56289 | 150D475×9035B2 |
| A4A2C2 | 0160-0118 | 1 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 8.8UF+-10\% 35VDC TA | 58269 | 150D685X9035B2 |
| A4A2C3 | 0160-0226 | 6 | 10 | CAPACITOR-FXD 22UF+-10\% 15VDC TA | 56269 | 150D226X9015B2 |
| A4A2C4 | 0160-2055 | 9 | 79 | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+60-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A4A2C5 | 0160-1746 | 5 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 15UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 58289 | 1500156X9020B2 |
| A4A2C6 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-2055 |
| A4A2C7 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+60-20 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC}$ C CER | 28480 | 0180-2055 |
| A4A2C8 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF $+60-20 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 28480 | 0180-2055 |
| A4A2C9 | 0160-0229 | 7 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 33UF+-10\% 10VDC TA | 58289 | 150D336x9010B2 |
| A4ARC10 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+\mathbf{8 0}-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A4A2C11* | 0160-2201 | 7 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 51PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0180-2201 |
| A4A2C12 | 0160-2306 | 5 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 36PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-2308 |
| A4A2C13 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A4A2C14 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-2055 |
| A4A2C15 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF $+\mathbf{6 0 - 2 0 \%} 100 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 28480 | 0180-2055 |
| A4A2C18 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A4A2C17 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF $+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-2055 |
| A4A2C18 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A4A2C19 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-2055 |
| A4A2C20 | 0180-2204 | 0 | 8 | CAPACITOR-FXD 100PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-2204 |
| A4A2C21 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A4A2C22 | 0180-1743 | 2 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF+-10\% 35VDC TA | 56289 | 150D104×9035A2 |
| A4A2C23 | 0160-3537 | 4 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD 880PF +-5\% 100VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-3537 |
| A4A2C24 | 0180-2205 | 1 | 3 | CAPACITOR-FXD 120PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-2205 |
| A4A2C25 | 0180-3064 | 2 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF + $\mathbf{5 \%}$ 300VDC MICA | 28460 | 0180-3064 |
| A4A2C26 | 0180-2205 | 3 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD . $33 \mathrm{UF}+-10 \%$ 35VDC TA | 58289 | 150D334X9035A2 |
| A4A2C27 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +60-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-2055 |
| A4A2CF1 | . 1902-0041 | 4 | 7 | DIODE-ZNR 5.11V 5\% DO-35 PD=.4W | 28480 | 1902-0041 |
| A4A2CR2 | 1901-0040 | 1 | 33 | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A4A2CR3 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A4A2CR4 | 1901-0179 | 7 | 4 | DIODE-SWITCHING 15V 50MA 750PS DO-7 | 28480 | 1901-0179 |
| A4A2CR5 | 1901-0179 | 7 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 15V 50MA 750PS DO-7 | 28480 | 1901-0179 |
| A4A2L1 | 9100-1629 | 4 | 19 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 47UH 5\% .166DX.385LG | 28480 | 9100-1829 |
| A4A2L2 | 9100-1829 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 47UH 5\% .166DX.385LG | 28480 | 9100-1829 |
| A4A2L3 | 9100-2260 | 1 | 2 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 1.8UH 10\% .105DX.26LG | 28480 | 9100-2280 |
| A4A2L4 | 9140-0129 | 1 | 2 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 220UH 5\% .168DX.385LG | 28480 | 9140-0129 |
| A4A2L5 | 9140-0237 | 2 | 1 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 200UH 5\% .166DX.385LG | 28460 | 9140-0237 |
| A4A2Q1 | 1854-0019 | 3 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-18 PD=380MW | 28480 | 1854-0019 |
| A4A2Q2 | 1854-0019 | 3 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 28480 | 1854-0019 |
| A4A2Q3 | 1854-0019 | 3 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-18 PD=380MW | 28480 | 1854-0019 |
| A4A2Q4 | 1854-0019 | 3 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 28480 | 1854-0019 |
| A4A2Q5 | 1853-0015 | 7 | 4 | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD $=200 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=500 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0015 |
| A4A206 | 1854-0019 | 3 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-18 PD=380MW | 28480 | 1854-0019 |
| A4A2Q7 | 1853-0020 | 4 | 1 | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=300MW FT $=150 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0020 |
| A4A2Q8 | 1854-0071 | 7 | 5 | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=300MW FT $=200 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A4A209 | 1854-0071 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD $=300 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=200 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A4A2Q10 | 1854-0071 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD $=300 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=200 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0071 |

$\dagger$ Refer to Section 7 for update information. *Factory Selected Component (Refer to Section 5).

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C } \\ & \text { D } \end{aligned}$ | Qty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A4A2Q11 | 1854-0019 | 3 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 28480 | 1854-0019 |
| A4A2R1 | 0698-3440 | 7 | 15 | RESISTOR $1961 \% .125 W$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-198R-F |
| A4A2R2 | 0898-3441 | 8 |  | RESISTOR $2151 \% .125 W$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-215R-F |
| A4A2R3 | 0757-0442 | 9 | 59 | RESISTOR 10K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A4A2R4 | 0757-0441 | 8 | 13 | RESISTOR $8.25 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-8251-F |
| A4A2R5 | 0757-0418 | 7 | 19 | RESISTOR 511 1\% .125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A4A2R6 | 0757-0280 | 3 | 28 | RESISTOR $1 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$, 125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A4A2R7 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $1001 \% .125 W$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-101-F |
| A4A2R8 | 0698-0083 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1.96K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1961-F |
| A4A2R9 | 0757-0438 | 3 | 5 | RESISTOR $5.11 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-5111-F |
| A4A2R10 | 0898-3156 | 2 | 4 | RESISTOR 14.7K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1472-F |
| A4A2R11 | 0698-3628 | 3 | 1 | RESISTOR $2205 \%$ 2W MO TC=0+-200 | 28480 | 0698-3628 |
| A4A2R12 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $1001 \% .125 W$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-101-F |
| A4A2R13 | 0698-0083 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1.96K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-TO-1981-F |
| A4A2R14 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC= $=+$ - 100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A4A2R15 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $1001 \% .125 W$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-101-F |
| A4A2R16 | 0698-0082 | 7 | 15 | RESISTOR $4641 \% .125 W$ F TC=0 $0+100$ | 24546 | СT4-1/8-T0-4640-F |
| A4A2R17 | 0898-3441 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 215 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-215R-F |
| A4A2R18 | 0698-0084 | 9 | 9 | RESISTOR $2.15 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2151-F |
| A4A2R19 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A4A2R20 | 0698-3132 | 4 | 9 | RESISTOR $2611 \% .125 W$ F TC= $0+-100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-2610-F |
| A4A2R21 | 0757-0441 | 8 |  | RESISTOR $8.25 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-8251-F |
| A4A2R22 | 0757-0441 | 8 |  | RESISTOR $8.25 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-8251-F |
| A4A2R23 | 0898-3438 | 3 | 9 | RESISTOR $1471 \%$. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-147R-F |
| A4A2R24 | 0757-0346 | 2 | 12 | RESISTOR $101 \% .125 W ~ F ~ T C=0+-100 ~$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-10RO-F |
| A4A2R25 | 0757-0346 | 2 |  | .RESISTOR $101 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-10RO-F |
| A4A2R26 | 0898-3438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 147 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-147R-F |
| A4A2R27 | 0757-0418 | 9 | 6 | RESISTOR 619 1\% .125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-619R-F |
| A4A2R28 | 0698-3158 | 4 | 2 | RESISTOR $23.7 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$.125W F TC= $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2372-F |
| A4A2R29 | 0698-3154 | 0 | 6 | RESISTOR 4.22K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-4221-F |
| A4A2R30 | 0698-3154 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 4.22K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4221-F |
| A4A2R31 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A4A2R32 | 0757-0346 | 2 |  | RESISTOR $101 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-10RO-F |
| A4A2R33 | 0757-0346 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 10 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-TO-10RO-F |
| A4A2R34 | 0698-3453 | 2 | 1 | RESISTOR 196K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1963-F |
| A4A2R35 | 0698-3260 | 9 | 1 | RESISTOR 464K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 28480 | 0698-3260 |
| A4A2R36 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $5.11 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$. 225 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-5111-F |
| A4A2R37 | 0757-0290 | 5 | 3 | RESISTOR $6.19 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+100$ | 19701 | MF4C1/8-T0-6191-F |
| A4A2R38 | 0698-3444 | 1 | 10 | RESISTOR $3161 \% .125 W$ F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-316R-F |
| A4A2R39 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $5.11 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$.125W F TC= $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-5111-F |
| A4A2R40 | 0698-3444 | 1 |  | RESISTOR $3161 \% .125 W$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-316R-F |
| A4A2F41 | 0757-0288 | 1 | 3 | RESISTOR 9.09K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 19701 | MF4C1/8-T0-9091-F |
| A4A2R42* | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $1001 \% .125 W$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-101-F |
| A4A2R43 | 0757-0420 | 3 | 3 | RESISTOR $7501 \% .125 W$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-751-F |
| A4A2R44 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $1001 \% .125 W$ F TC= $0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-101-F |
| A4A2R45 | 0757-0419 | 0 | 1 | RESISTOR 681 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-681R-F |
| A4A2R46 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A4A2R47 | 0698-3446 | 3 | 5 | RESISTOR $3831 \% .125 W$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-363R-F |
| A4A1R48 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A4A2T1 | 06660-60369 | 0 | 1 | TRANSFORMER, RF, GREEN | 28480 | 06660-60369 |
| A4A2U1 | 1820-1197 | 9 | 1 | IC GATE TTL LS NAND QUAD 2-INP | 01295 | SN74LSOON |
| A4A2Z1 | 9170-0029 | 3 | 1 | CORE-SHIELDING BEAD | 28480 | 9170-0029 |

[^3]Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference <br> Designation | HP Part <br> Number | $\mathbf{C}$ | Dity | Description | Mfr. <br> Code | Mir. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

A4A3

| A4A3 | 08660-60004 | 0 | 1 | BOARD ASSEMBLY, REF. DIVIDE BY TWO | 28480 | 08660-60004 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A4A3C1 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A4A3C2 | 0160-2204 | 0 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 100PF + - $5 \% 300 \mathrm{VDC}$ MICA | 28480 | 0160-2204 |
| A4A3C3 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF $+80-20 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A4A3C4 | 0160-2204 | 0 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 100PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-2204 |
| A4A3C5 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A4A3C6 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28460 | 0160-2055 |
| A4A3C7 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF $+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A4A3C8 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A4A3C9 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A4A3C10 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A4A3C11 | 0160-0978 | 1 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 1500PF +-1\% 500VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-0978 |
| A4A3C12 | 0160-2534 | 9 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 300PF +-1\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-2534 |
| A4A3C13 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A4A3C14 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A4A3C15 | 0160-2204 | 0 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 100PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-2204 |
| A4A3C16 | 0140-0197 | 4 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 180PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 72136 | DM15F181.J0300WV1CR |
| A4A3C17 | 0160-2204 | 0 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 100PF + -5\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0180-2204 |
| A4A3C18 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+\mathbf{8 0 - 2 0 \% ~ 1 0 0 V D C ~ C E R ~}$ | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A4A3C19 | 0140-0197 | 4 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 180PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 72136 | DM15F181J0300WV1CR |
| A4A3CR1 | 1902-0041 | 4 |  | DIODE-ZNR 5.11V 5\% DO-35 PD=.4W | 28480 | 1902-0041 |
| A4A3L1 | 9100-0346 | 2 | 2 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 1UH 1\% .166DX.365LG | 28480 | 9100-0348 |
| A4A3L2 | 9100-0348 | 2 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 1UH 1\% .186DX.385LG | 28480 | 9100-0348 |
| A4A3Q1 | 1854-0019 | 3 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 28480 | 1854-0019 |
| A4A3Q2 | 1854-0019 | 3 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 28480 | 1854-0019 |
| A4A3Q3 | 1854-0019 | 3 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-18 PD=380MW | 28480 | 1854-0019 |
| A4A3Q4 | 1854-0019 | 3 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-18 PD=380MW | 28480 | 1854-0019 |
| A4A3Q5 | 1854-0345 | 8 | 6 | TRANSISTOR NPN 2 N5179 SI TO-72 PD=200MW | 04713 | 2N5179 |
| A4A3R1 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 100 1\% . 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-101-F |
| A4A3R2 | 0757-0444 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 12.1K $1 \%$.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1212-F |
| A4A3R3 | 0757-0441 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 8.25K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-8251-F |
| A4A3R4 | 0757-0614 | 9 | 1 | RESISTOR 511 1\% .5W F TC=0+-100 | 28460 | 0757-0814 |
| A4A3R5 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 511 1\%.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A4A3R6 | 0757-0420 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 750 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-751-F |
| A4A3R7 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A4A3R8 | 0698-0084 | 9 |  | RESISTOR $2.15 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0+$ - 100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2151-F |
| A4A3R9 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $5111 \%$. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A4A3R10 | 0696-3434 | 9 | 2 | RESISTOR 34.8 1\% .125W F TC= $0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-34R8-F |
| A4A3R11 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 100 1\% , 125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-101-F |
| A4A3R12 | 0757-0444 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 12.1K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1212-F |
| A4A3R13 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A4A3R14 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESISTOA $51.11 \%$, 125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-51R1-F |
| A4A3R15 | 0757-0421 | 4 | 10 | RESISTOR 825 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-825R-F |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reterence Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C } \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Oty. | Description | Mir. Code | Mir. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A4A3R16 | 0698-3429 | 2 | 1 | RESISTOR 19.6 1\% .125W F TC= $0+-100$ | 03888 | PME55-1/8-T0-19R8-F |
| A4A3R17 | 0757.0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $1001 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-101-F |
| A4A3R18 | 0757-0444 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 12.1K $1 \%$.125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1212-F |
| A4A3R19 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+$-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A4A3R20 | 0698-3440 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $1961 \%$. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-198R-F |
| A4A3R21 | 0757-0418 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 619 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-619R-F |
| A4A3R22 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 100 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-101-F |
| A4A3R23 | 0757-0444 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 12.1K 1\% .125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1212-F |
| A4A3R24 | 0757-0441 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 8.25K 1\% .125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-8251-F |
| A4A3R25 | 0757-0397 | 3 | 5 | RESISTOR 68.1 1\% .125W F TC= $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-68R1-F |
| A4A3R2B | 0757-0418 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 619 1\% .125W F TC= $0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-619R-F |
| A4A3U1 | 1820-0469 | 6 | 2 | IC FF TTL H J-K NEG-EDGE-TRIG | 01295 | SN74H102N |

$\dagger$ Refer to Section 7 for update information.
*Factory Selected Component (Refer to Section 5).

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference | HP Part | C | Qty. | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Designation | Number | D |  | Mir. |

A4A4

| A4A4 | 08860-60375 | 8 | 1 | BOARD ASSEMBLY, REF. VCO | 28480 | 08660-60375 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A4A4C1 | 0160-3456 | 6 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-10\% 1 KVDC CER | 28460 | 0160-3456 |
| A4A4C2 | 0121-0451 | 3 | 3 | CAPACITOR-V TRMR-AIR 1.7-11PF 175V | 74970 | 187-0106-028 |
| A4A4C3 | 0180-0116 | 1 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 6.8UF+-10\% 35VDC TA | 56289 | 1500685×903582 |
| A4A4C4 | 0180-0228 | 6 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 22UF + -10\% 15VDC TA | 56289 | 150D226X9015B2 |
| A4A4C5 | 0180-0214 | 8 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 10PF +-5\% 500VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-0214 |
| A4A4C8 | 0160-2263 | 1 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 18PF +-5\% 500VDC CER 0+30 | 28480 | 0160-2263 |
| A4A4C7 | 0180-0116 | 1 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD $6.8 \mathrm{UF}+-10 \%$ 35VDC TA | 56289 | 150D685×9035B2 |
| A4A4C8 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF $+60-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-2055 |
| A4A4C9 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF + $60-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-2055 |
| A4A4C10* | 0180-2306 | 3 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 27PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0180-2306 |
| A4A4C11 | 0140-0190 | 7 | 4 | CAPACITOR-FXD 39PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 72138 | DM15E390.0300WV1CR |
| A4A4C12 | 0180-0228 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 22UF+-10\% 15VDC TA | 56289 | 150D226×9015B2 |
| A4A4C13 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF + $60-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A4A4C14 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A4A4C15 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . 01 UF $+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-2055 |
| A4A4C16 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF $+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A4A4C17 | 0121-0048 | 2 | 1 | CAPACITOR-V TRMR-CER 9-35PF 200V PC-MTG | 52763 | 304322 9/35PF N850 |
| A4A4C16 | 0160-3879 | 7 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 28460 | 0160-3879 |
| A4A4C19 | 0180-2327 | 8 | 3 | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 51642 | 150-110-X5R-102M |
| A4A4C20 | 0140-0190 | 7 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 39PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 72136 | DM15E390,0300WV1CR |
| A4A4C21 | 0140-0190 | 7 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 39PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 72136 | DM15E390,0300WV1CR |
| A4A4C22 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF + $60-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A4A4C23 | 0121-0451 | 3 |  | CAPACITOR-V TRMR-AIR 1.7-11PF 175V | 74970 | 187-0106-028 |
| A4A4C24 | 0160-2327 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 51842 | 150-110-X5R-102M |
| A4A4C25 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +60-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A4A4C28 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF $+60-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A4A4C27 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+60-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A4A4C28 | 0180-0576 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+$ - $20 \%$ 50VDC CER | 28460 | 0160-0578 |
| A4A4C29 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+60-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-2055 |
| A4A4C30 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF $+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28460 | 0160-2055 |
| A4A4C31 | 0121-0451 | 3 |  | CAPACITOR-V TRMR-AIR 1.7-11PF 175V | 74870 | 187-0106-028 |
| A4A4C32 | 0180-2327 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 51642 | 150-110-X5R-102M |
| A4A4C33 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF $+60-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 26460 | 0160-2055 |
| A4A4C34 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28460 | 0160-2055 |
| A4A4C35 | 0160-2284 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 20PF +-5\% 500VDC CER | 72136 | DM15E39030300WV1CR |
| A4A4C38 | 0160-2306 | 3 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 27PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 28460 | 0160-2306 |
| A4A4C37 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF $+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A4A4C38 | 0160-2205 | 1 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 120PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0180-2205 |
| A4A4C39 | 0160-2205 | 1 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 120PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-2205 |
| A4A4C40 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . 01 UF $+\mathbf{8 0 - 2 0 \%} 100 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A4A4C41 | 0121-0446 | 8 | 1 | CAPACITOR-V TRMR-CER 2.5-5PF 63V PC-MTG | 28480 | 0121-0448 |
| A4A4CR1 | 0122-0267 | 5 | 1 | DIODE-WC 10PF 5\% C2/C20-MIN=2 BVR=20V | 28460 | 0122-0267 |
| A4A4CR2 | 1902-0041 | 4 |  | DIODE-ZNR 5.11V 5\% DO-35 PD=.4W | 28480 | 1902-0041 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C } \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Oty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A4A4E1 | 9170-0029 | 3 | 1 | CORE-SHIELDING BEAD | 28480 | 9170-0029 |
| A4A4L1 | 9100-1623 | 8 | 1 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 27UH 5\% . 166DX.385LG | 28480 | 9100-1623 |
| A4A4L2 | 9100-1629 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 47UH 5\% .166DX.385LG | 28480 | 9100-1629 |
| A4A4L3 | 9100-1629 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 47UH 5\% .166DX.385LG | 28480 | 9100-1629 |
| A4A4L4 | 08660-80002 | 0 | 1 | INDUCTOR | 28480 | 08660-80002 |
| A4A4L5 | 08660-80009 | 7 | 3 | INDUCTOA | 28480 | 08880-80009 |
| A4A4L6 | 9100-2247 | 4 | 3 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 100NH 10\% .105DX.26LG | 28480 | 9100-2247 |
| A4A4L7 | 9100-2247 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 100NH 10\% .105DX.26LG | 28480 | 9100-2247 |
| A4A4L8 |  |  |  | PART OF PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD |  |  |
| A4A4L9 |  |  |  | PART OF PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD |  |  |
| A4A4L10 | 9140-0519 | 3 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 220NH 5\% | 28480 | 9140-0519 |
| A4A4LI 11 | 9140-0158 | 6 | 1 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 1UH 10\% . 105DX.26LG | 28480 | 9140-0158 |
| A4A4L12* | 9140-0524 | 3 | 2 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 560NH 5\% | 28480 | 9140-0524 |
| A4A401 | 1854-0019 | 3 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 28480 | 1854-0019 |
| A4A402 | 1854-0345 | 8 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2N5179 51 TO-72 PD=200MW | 04713 | 2N5179 |
| A4A403 | 1854-0345 | 8 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2 N5179 SI TO-72 PD=200MW | 04713 | 2N5179 |
| A4A4Q4 | 1854-0345 | 8 | 4 | TRANSISTOR NPN 2 N5179 SI TO-72 PD $=200 \mathrm{MW}$ | 04713 | 2N5179 |
| A4A405 | 1854-0540 | 5 | 8 | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-72 PD=200MW FT=1GHZ | 04713 | MM8006 |
| A4A4Q6 | 1854-0540 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-72 PD=200MW FT=1GHZ | 04713 | MM8006 |
| A4A407* | 1854-0540 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-72 PD=200MW FT=1GHZ | 04713 | MM6006 |
| A4A408* | 1854-0345 | 8 | 4 | TRANSISTOR NPN 2 N5179 SI TO-72 PD=200MW | 04713 | 2N5179 |
| A4A4Q9 | 1854-0404 | 0 | 1 | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-18 PD $=360 \mathrm{MW}$ | 28480 | 1854-0404 |
| A4A4R1 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A4A4R2 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $1001 \%$. 125 W F TC=0 +100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-101-F |
| A4A4R3 | 0757-0418 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 619 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-619R-F |
| A4A4R4 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $51.11 \%$. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-51R1-F |
| A4A4R5 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 511 1\%.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A4A4R6 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 51.1 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-51R1-F |
| A4A4R7 | 0698-0082 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 464 1\% .125W F TC=0 +100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4640-F |
| A4A4R8 | 0757-0278 | 9 | 3 | RESISTOR 1.78K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC=0 $0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1781-F |
| A4A4R9 | 0757-0441 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 8.25K 1\% .125W F TC=0 $0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-8251-F |
| A4A4R10 | 0698-3153 | 9 | 4 | RESISTOR $3.83 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-3831-F |
| A4A4R11 | 0757.0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\% . 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A4A4R12 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A4A4R13 | 0698-3440 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $1961 \%$. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-196R-F |
| A4A4R14 | 0698-0083 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1.96K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+$-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1961-F |
| A4A4R15 | 0757-0422 | 5 | 2 | RESISTOR $9091 \% .125 W$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-909R-F |
| A4A4R16 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A4A4R17 | 0757-1094 | 9 | 8 | RESISTOR 1.47K $1 \%$.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1471-F |
| A4A4R18 | 0698-3434 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 34.8 $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-34R8-F |
| A4A4R19 | 0757-0396 | 4 | 3 | RESISTOR $751 \%$.125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-75R0-F |
| A4A4R20 | 0757-1000 | 7 | 1 | RESISTOR $51.11 \% .5 W$ F TC=0+-100 | 28480 | 0757-1000 |
| A4A4R21 | 0757-0441 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 8.25K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/B-T0-8251-F |
| A4A4R22 | 0698-3153 | 9 |  | RESISTOR $3.83 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-3831-F |
| A4A4R23 | 0698-3440 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $1981 \% .125 W$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-196R-F |
| A4A4R24 | 0757-0441 | 8 |  | RESISTOR $8.25 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-8251-F |
| A4A4R25 | 0698-3153 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 3.83K $1 \% .125 W$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-3831-F |
| A4A4R26 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $51.11 \% .125 W$ F TC= $0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-51R1-F |
| A4A4R27 | 0698-3155 | 1 | 10 | RESISTOR 4.64K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $=+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4841-F |
| A4A4R28 | 0698-3155 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 4.64K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4641-F |

$\dagger$ Refer to Section 7 for update information.
*Factory Selected Component (Refer to Section 5).

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cty. | Description | Mir. Code | Mir. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A4A4R29* | 0698-7222 | 1 | 1 | RESISTOR 261 1\% .05W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT3-1/8-TO-26R-F |
| A4A4R30 | 0698-3448 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $3831 \%$. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-383R-F |
| A4A4R31 | 0757-0422 | 5 |  | RESISTOR $9091 \%$. 125 W F TC= $0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-909R-F |
| A4A4R32 | 0698-7195 | 7 | 1 | RESISTOR $19.61 \%$.05W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT3-1/8-TO-19R6-F |
| A4A4R33 | 0757-1094 | 9 | 1 | RESISTOR 1.47K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-TO-1471-F |
| A4A4R34 | 0757-0416 | 7 | 1 | RESISTOR 511 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-511R-F |
| A4A4U1 | 1820-2934 | 4 | 1 | IC PRESCR ECL | 04713 | MC12009P |

## A4A4 MISCELLANEOUS

A4A4MP1 1205-0037 0

| HEAT SINK TO-18-CS | 28480 | 1205-0037 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (FOR Q7) |  |  |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference | HP Part | $\mathbf{C}$ | Oty | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Designation | Number | $\mathbf{D}$ |  | Mfr. |

A4A5

| A4A5 | 08860-60005 | 1 | 1 | BOARD ASSEMBLY, VCO \& AMPLIFIERS | 28480 | 08660-60005 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A4A5C1 | 0180-0585 | 2 | 19 | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-0565 |
| A4A5C2 | 0180-3876 | 6 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-3878 |
| A4A5C3 | 0121-0452 | 4 | 2 | CAPACITOR-V TRMR-AIR 1.3-5.4PF 175V | 74970 | 187-0103-028 |
| A4A5CA | 0180-3878 | 6 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-3876 |
| A4A5C5 | 0180-3876 | 6 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-3878 |
| A4A5C8 | 0180-2250 | 6 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD 5.1PF +-.25PF 500VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-2250 |
| A4A5C7* | 0180-2266 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 24PF +-5\% 500VDC CER $0+-30$ | 28480 | 0160-2286 |
| A4A5C8* | 0160-2286 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 24PF +-5\% 500VDC CER $0+-30$ | 28480 | 0160-2286 |
| A4A5C9 | 0180-3878 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-3878 |
| A4A5C10 | 0180-3878 | 6 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF $+-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-3878 |
| A4A5C11 | 0160-3878 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-3878 |
| A4A5C12 | 0160-3676 | 6 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-3878 |
| A4A5C13* | 0160-2268 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 24PF +-5\% 500VDC CER 0+-30 | 28480 | 0160-2266 |
| A4A5C14* | 0180-2286 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 24PF +-5\% 500VDC CER 0+-30 | 28480 | 0160-2266 |
| A4A5C15 | 0160-3876 | 6 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-3676 |
| A4A5C16 | 0180-0576 | 5 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+\mathbf{- 2 0 \%} 50 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 28480 | 0160-0576 |
| A4A5C17 | 0160-3878 | 6 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-3676 |
| A4A5C18 | 0160-3878 | 6 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-3676 |
| A4A5C19* | 0160-2255 | 1 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 8.2PF +-.25PF 500VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2255 |
| A4A5C20* | 0160-2255 | 1 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 8.2PF +-.25PF 500VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2255 |
| A4A5C21 | 0160-3878 | 6 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-3878 |
| A4A5C22 | 0160-0576 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+\mathrm{-} 20 \%$ 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-0576 |
| A4A5C23 | 0160-3878 | 6 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-3878 |
| A4A5C24 | 0180-3878 | 6 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF $+-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-3878 |
| A4A5CR1 | 0122-0248 | 8 | 1 | DIODE-WVC 1N5140A 10PF 5\% C4/C80-MIN=2.6 | 01281 | 1N5140A |
| A4A5CR2 | 1901-1034 | 5 | 1 | DIODE-STABISTOR 90V DO-34 | 03508 | MPD400 |
| A4A5FL1 | 08660-20038 | 6 | 1 | FILTER, L.P. 600 MHZ | 28480 | 08860-20038 |
| A4A5FL2 | 08680-20370 | 9 | 1 | FILTER, HP 300MHZ | 28480 | 08860-20370 |
| A4A5L1 |  |  |  | PART OF PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD |  |  |
| A4A5L2 | 9100-2250 | 9 | 6 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 180NH 10\% .105DX.28LG | 28480 | 9100-2250 |
| A4A5L3 | 08660-80006 | 4 | 4 | INDUCTOR | 28480 | 08680-80006 |
| A4A5L4 | 08680-80006 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR | 28480 | 06860-80006 |
| A4A5L5 | 9100-2250 | 9 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 180NH 10\% .105DX.26LG | 28460 | 9100-2250 |
| A4A5L6 | 9100-2250 | 9 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 180NH 10\% .105DX. 26 LG | 28480 | 9100-2250 |
| A4A5L7 | 06680-80006 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR | 28480 | 06680-80006 |
| A4A5L8 | 06680-80006 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR | 28480 | 06860-80006 |
| A4A5L9 | 9100-2250 | 9 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 180NH 10\% .105DX.26LG | 28480 | 9100-2250 |
| A4A5L10 | 9140-0143 | 9 | 1 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 3.3UH 10\% .105DX.26LG | 28460 | 9140-0143 |
| A4A5L11 | 08660-60009 | 7 |  | INDUCTOR | 28480 | 08680-80009 |
| A4A5L12 | 08680-60009 | 7 |  | INDUCTOR | 28480 | 08680-80009 |
| A4A5L13 | 9100-2250 | 9 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 180NH 10\% .105DX.26LG | 28480 | 9100-2250 |
| A4A5L14 | 9100-2250 | 9 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 180NH 10\% .105DX.26LG | 28480 | 9100-2250 |

$\dagger$ Refer to Section 7 for update information. *Factory Selected Component (Refer to Section 5).

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Oty. | Description | Mir. Code | Mir. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A4A5Q1 | 1854-0345 | 8 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2N5179 SI TO-72 PD=200MW | 04713 | 2N5179 |
| A4A502 | 1854-0540 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-72 PD=200MW FT=1GHZ | 04713 | MM8006 |
| A4A503 | 1854-0540 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-72 PD=200MW FT=1GHZ | 04713 | MM8006 |
| A4A504 | 1854-0540 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-72 PD=200MW FT $=1 \mathrm{GHZ}$ | 04713 | MM8006 |
| A4A5Q5 | 1854-0540 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-72 PD=200MW FT=1GHZ | 04713 | MM8006 |
| A4A506 | 1854-0540 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-72 PD=200MW FT=1GHZ | 04713 | MM8006 |
| A4A507 | 1854-0345 | 8 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2 N5179 SI TO-72 PD=200MW | 04713 | 2N5179 |
| A4A5R1 | 0696-7244 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 2.15K $1 \%$. 05 W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | СТ3-1/8-T0-2151-F |
| A4A5R2 | 0698-7244 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 2.15K 1\% .05W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | СТ3-1/8-T0-2151-F |
| A4A5R3 | 0698-7238 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $1 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .05 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT3-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A4A5R4 | 0898-7240 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1.47K $1 \%$. 05 W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | СТ3-1/8-T0-1471-F |
| A4A5R5 | 0698-7205 | 0 | 2 | RESISTOR 51.1 1\% .O5W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT3-1/8-TO-51R1-F |
| A4A5R8 | 0698-7188 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 10 1\% . 05 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT3-1/8-TO-10RO-F |
| A4A5R7 | 0698-7205 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 51.1 1\% . 5 W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT3-1/8-TO-51R1-F |
| A4A5R8 | 0698-7188 | 8 |  | RESISTOR $101 \% .05 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $0+-100$ | 24546 | CT3-1/8-T0-10RO-F |
| A4A5R9 | 0698-7229 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 511 1\% . 05 W F TC= $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT3-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A4A5R10 | 0698-7229 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 511 1\% . 05 W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT3-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A4A5R11 | 0698-7256 | 1 | 10 | RESISTOR 6.81K 1\% .O5W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT3-1/8-T0-8811-F |
| A4A5R12 | 0698-7248 | 1 | 17 | RESISTOR 3.18K $1 \%$. O5W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | СТ3-1/8-T0-3161-F |
| A4A5R13 | 0698-7256 | 1 | 10 | RESISTOR 6.81K $1 \% .05 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT3-1/8-T0-8811-F |
| A4A5R14 | 0696-7248 | 1 | 17 | RESISTOR 3.18K $1 \% .05 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | СТ3-1/6-T0-3181-F |
| A4A5R15 | 0696-7221 | 0 | 8 | RESISTOR $2371 \%$. 05 W F TC=0 +100 | 24546 | CT3-1/8-T0-237R-F |
| A4A5R16 | 0698-7221 | 0 | 8 | RESISTOR 237 1\% . 05 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | СТ3-1/8-T0-237R-F |
| A4A5R17 | 0696-7264 | 1 | 4 | RESISTOR 14.7 1\% . O5W F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT3-1/8-T0-14R7-F |
| A4A5R18 | 0698-7225 | 4 | 11 | RESISTOR $3481 \% .05 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | СТ3-1/8-T0-348R-F |
| A4A5R19 | 0698-7264 | 1 | 4 | RESISTOR 14.7 1\% .O5W F TC $=0+$-100 | 24546 | CT3-1/6-T0-14R7-F |
| A4A5R20 | 0696-7225 | 4 | 11 | RESISTOR $3481 \% .05 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT3-1/8-TO-348R-F |
| A4A5R21 | 0698-7256 | 1 | 10 | RESISTOR 6.81K 1\% .O5W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT3-1/8-T0-6811-F |
| A4A5R22 | 0696-7248 | 1 | 17 | RESISTOR 3.16K 1\% .O5W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | СТЗ-1/8-T0-3161-F |
| A4A5R23 | 0698-7256 | 1 | 10 | RESISTOR $8.81 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .05 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $0+-100$ | 24546 | СТ3-1/8-T0-6811-F |
| A4A5R24 | 0698-7248 | 1 | 17 | RESISTOR 3.16K $1 \%$. 05 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | СТ3-1/8-T0-3161-F |
| A4A5R25 | 0698-7219 | 6 |  | RESISTOR $1961 \%$. 05 W F TC $=0+$-100 | 24546 | CT3-1/8-T0-196R-F |
| A4A5R26 | 0696-7219 | 6 |  | RESISTOR $1961 \%$. 05 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT3-1/8-TO-198R-F |
| A4A5R27 | 0698-7264 | 1 | 4 | RESISTOR 14.7 1\% .O5W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | СТЗ-1/8-T0-14R7-F |
| A4A5R2B | 0698-7224 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $3161 \% .05 W$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT3-1/8-T0-316R-F |
| A4A5R29 | 0698-7264 | 1 | 4 | RESISTOR 14.7 1\% .05W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | СТ3-1/8-T0-14R7-F |
| A4A5R30 | 0698-7224 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $3161 \% .05 W$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT3-1/8-T0-316R-F |
| A4A5R31 | 0698-7258 | 1 | 10 | RESISTOR 6.81K $1 \%$. O5W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | Ст3-1/8-T0-6611-F |
| A4A5R32 | 0698-7248 | 1 | 17 | RESISTOR 3.16K 1\% .O5W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT3-1/8-T0-3161-F |
| A4A5R33 | 0698-7256 | 1 | 10 | RESISTOR $6.81 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$. 05 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | СТЗ-1/8-T0-6811-F |
| A4A5R34 | 0698-7248 | 1 | 17 | RESISTOR 3.16K $1 \%$. 5 WW F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | СТ3-1/8-T0-3161-F |
| A4A5R35 | 0698-7216 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $1471 \% .05 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT3-1/8-T0-147R-F |
| A4A5R36 | 0698-7216 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 147 1\% . 05 W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT3-1/8-T0-147R-F |
| A4A5R37* | 0698-7218 | 5 | 6 | RESISTOR $1781 \%$. 05 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT3-1/6-T0-178R-F |
| A4A5R38* | 0898-7227 | 8 | 1 | RESISTOR 422 1\% . O5W F TC=0 +-100 | 24546 | СТ3-1/8-TO-422-F |
| A4A5R39* | 0898-7199 | 1 | 1 | RESISTOR 28.7 1\% .05W F TC=0+-100 | 03888 | СТ3-1/8-T0-28R7-F |
| A4A5R40* | 0898-7190 | 2 | 1 | RESISTOR $12.11 \%$. 05 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT3-1/8-TO-12R1-F |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Oty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A4A5R41* | 0696-7218 | 5 | 6 | RESISTOR $1781 \%$. 05 W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT3-1/8-T0-178R-F |
| A4A5R42* | 0898-7227 | 6 | 1 | RESISTOR 422 1\% . 05 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT3-1/8-TO-422-F |
| A4A5T1 | 08660-80003 | 1 | 1 | TRANSFORMER, ISOLATOR | 28480 | 08660-60003 |
| A4A5 MISCELLANEOUS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A4A5MP1 | 0340-0447 | 1 |  | INSULATOR-XSTR DAP-GL (FOR Q1-7) | 28480 | 0340-0447 |
| A4A5MP2 | 0360-0042 | 4 | 5 | TERMINAL SOLDER LUG PL-MTG FOR \#6 SCR (FOR FL1, FL2) | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference | HP Part | $\mathbf{C}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Designation | Number | $\mathbf{D}$ | Qty. | Description | Mir. |

A4A6

| A4A6 | 08660-60381 | 6 | 1 | BOARD ASSEMBLY, PRETUNE | 28480 | 08880-60381 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A4A6C1 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF $+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28460 | 0180-2055 |
| A4A6C2 | 0180-0183 | 2 | 5 | CAPACITOR-FXD 10UF+75-10\% 50VDC AL | 56289 | 30D108G050CB2 |
| A4A6C3 | 0180-0183 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 10UF+75-10\% 50VDC AL | 56289 | 30D106G050CB2 |
| A4A6C4 | 0180-0141 | 2 | 4 | CAPACITOR-FXD 50UF+75-10\% 50VDC AL | 58289 | 30D506G050DD2 |
| A4A6C5 | 0121-0452 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-V TRMR-AIR 1.3-5.4PF 175V | 74970 | 167-0103-028 |
| A4A6C6* | 0160-2263 | 1 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 18PF +-5\% 500VDC CER 0+-30 | 28480 | 0160-2263 |
| A4ABC7 | 0180-0174 | 9 | 10 | CAPACITOR-FXD .47UF + $80-20 \% 25 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 28460 | 0180-0174 |
| A4A6C8 | 0160-0197 | 8 | 3 | CAPACITOR-FXD 2.2UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 58289 | 150D225X9020A2 |
| A4A6C9 | 0160-3878 | 6 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 28460 | 0160-3878 |
| A4A6C10 | 0180-0183 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 10UF+75-10\% 50VDC AL | 58269 | 30D106G050CB2 |
| A4A8C11 | 0180-3537 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 680PF +-5\% 100VDC MICA | 28480 | 0180-3537 |
| A4A6CR1 | 1901-0033 | 2 | 2 | DIODE-GEN PRP 180V 200MA DO-7 | 28480 | 1901-0033 |
| A4A6CR2 | 1902-0943 | 5 | 2 | DIODE-ZNR 2.4V 5\% DO-35 PD=.4W TC=-,037\% | 28480 | 1902-0943 |
| A4A6CR3 | 1902-0943 | 5 | 2 | DIODE-ZNR 2.4V 5\% DO-35 PD=.4W TC=-,037\% | 28460 | 1902-0943 |
| A4A6CR4 | 1902-0943 | 5 | 2 | DIODE-ZNR 2.4V 5\% DO-35 PD=.4W TC=-,037\% | 28460 | 1902-0943 |
| A4ABCR5 | 1902-0943 | 5 | 2 | DIODE-ZNR 2.4V 5\% DO-35 PD=.4W TC=-,037\% | 28460 | 1902-0943 |
| A4ABCR6 | 1982-0943 | 5 | 2 | DIODE-ZNR 2.4V 5\% DO-35 PD=.4W TC=-,037\% | 28480 | 1902-0943 |
| A4A6CR7 | 1902-0943 | 5 | 2 | DIODE-ZNR 2.4V 5\% DO-35 PD=.4W TC=-,037\% | 28460 | 1902-0943 |
| A4A8CR8 | 1902-0943 | 5 | 2 | DIODE-ZNR 2.4V 5\% DO-35 PD=.4W TC=-,037\% | 28460 | 1902-0943 |
| A4A6CR9 | 1902-0943 | 5 | 2 | DIODE-ZNR 2.4V 5\% DO-35 PD=.4W TC=-,037\% | 28480 | 1902-0943 |
| A4A6CR10 | 1902-0943 | 5 | 2 | DIODE-ZNR 2.4V 5\% DO-35 PD=.4W TC=-,037\% | 28480 | 1902-0943 |
| A4A6CR11 | 1902-0943 | 5 | 2 | DIODE-ZNR 2.4V 5\% DO-35 PD=.4W TC=-,037\% | 28480 | 1902-0943 |
| A4A6L1 | 9140-0178 | 0 | 1 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 12UH 10\% .166DX.385LG | 28460 | 9140-0178 |
| A4A6L2 | 9100-1643 | 2 | 1 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 300UH 5\% .2DX.45LG | 28480 | 9100-1643 |
| A4A6Q1 | 1854-0071 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN S 1 PD $=300 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=200 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28460 | 1854-0071 |
| A4A6Q2 | 1853-0360 | 5 | 13 | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N3799A SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 04713 | 2N3799A |
| A4A803 | 1853-0360 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N3799A SI TO-16 PD $=360 \mathrm{MW}$ | 04713 | 2N3799A |
| A4A604 | 1853-0360 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N3799A SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 04713 | 2N3799A |
| A4A605 | 1853-0360 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N3799A SI TO-16 PD=360MW | 04713 | 2N3799A |
| A4A8Q6 | 1653-0360 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N3799A SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 04713 | 2N3799A |
| A4A6Q7 | 1853-0360 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N3799A SI TO-16 PD=360MW | 04713 | 2N3799A |
| A4A606 | 1653-0360 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N3799A SI TO-16 PD=360MW | 04713 | 2N3799A |
| A4A609 | 1853-0360 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N3799A SI TO-16 PD=360MW | 04713 | 2N3799A |
| A4A8010 | 1853-0360 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N3799A SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 04713 | 2N3799A |
| A4A6011 | 1853-0360 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N3799A SI TO-18 PD=380MW | 04713 | 2N3799A |
| A4A6012 | 1853-0360 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N3799A SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 04713 | 2N3799A |
| A4A6013 | 1853-0360 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N3799A SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 04713 | 2N3799A |
| A4A8014 | 1854-0071 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD $=300 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=200 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28460 | 1654-0071 |
| A4A6R1 | 0757-0348 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 10 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-10RO-F |
| A4A6R2 | 2100-3818 | 0 | 2 | RESISTOR-TRMR 5K 10\% C TOP-ADJ 10-TRN | 32997 | 3262W-1-502 |
| A4A6R3 | 0757-0418 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 619 1\%.125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24548 | CT4-1/6-T0-619R-F |
| A4ABR4 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A4A8R5 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \% .125 W$ F TC= $=+$-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A4ABR8 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 511 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A4A6R7 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/日-T0-1001-F |
| A4A6R6 | 0757-1094 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 1.47K 1\% .125W F TC=0 + - 100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1471-F |
| A4A6R9 | 0757-0441 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 8.25K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-6251-F |
| A4A6R10 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A4A6R11 | 0698-0084 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 2.15K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2151-F |
| A4A6R12 | 0698-3156 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 14.7K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1472-F |
| A4A6R13 | 2100-3817 |  | 2 | RESISTOR-TRMR $2 \mathrm{~K} 10 \%$ C TOP-ADJ 10-TRN | 32997 | 3262W-1-202 |
| A4A6R14 | 0757-0200 | 7 | 11 | RESISTOR 5.62K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-5621-F |
| A4A6R15 | 2100-3822 | 6 | 3 | RESISTOR-TRMR $10010 \%$ C TOP-ADJ 10-TRN | 32997 | 3262W-1-101 |
| A4A6R16 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A4A6R17 | 0696-3156 | 2 | 14 | RESISTOR 14.7K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1472-F |
| A4A6R18 | 0757-0405 | 4 | 4 | RESISTOR 162 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-162A-F |
| A4A6R19* | 0696-3441 | 8 | 8 | RESISTOR 215 1\% , 125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-215R-F |
| A4A8R20 | 2100-3822 | 6 |  | RESISTOR-TRMR $10010 \%$ C TOP-ADJ 10-TRN | 32997 | 3262W-1-101 |
| A4A6R21 | 0698-3409 | 8 | 1 | RESISTOR 2.37K 1\% .5W F TC=0+-100 | 28480 | 0698-3409 |
| A4A6R22 | 2100-3822 | 6 |  | RESISTOR-TRMR $10010 \%$ C TOP-ADJ 10-TRN | 32997 | 3262W-1-101 |
| A4A6R23 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $1001 \% .125 W$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-101-F |
| A4A6R24 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A4A6R25 | 0898-3156 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 14.7K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+$ - 100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1472-F |
| A4A6R26 | 0698-3438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $1471 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-147R-F |
| A4A6R27 | 0757-0346 | 2 |  | RESISTOR $101 \%$. 125 W F TC= $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/6-TO-10RO-F |
| A4A6R28 | 2100-3821 | 5 | 1 | RESISTOR-TRMR 200 10\% C TOP-ADJ 10-TRN | 32997 | 3262W-1-201 |
| A4A6R29 | 0757-0836 | 5 | 1 | RESISTOR 7.5K 1\% .5W F TC=0+-100 | 28480 | 0757-0836 |
| A4A6R30 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 51.1 1\% . 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-51R1-F |
| A4A6R31 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A4A6R32 | 0696-3156 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 14.7K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-TO-1472-F |
| A4A6R33 | 0696-3440 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $1961 \%$.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-196R-F |
| A4A6R34 | 0757-0346 | 2 |  | RESISTOR $101 \% .125 W$ F TC= $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-10RO-F |
| A4ABR35 | 2100-3820 | 4 | 3 | RESISTOR-TRMR $50010 \%$ C TOP-ADJ 10-TRN | 32997 | 3262W-1-501 |
| A4A6R36 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A4A6R37 | 0698-3158 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 14.7K 1\% .125W F TC=0 0 - 100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1472-F |
| A4A8R36 | 0698-3441 | 6 |  | RESISTOR $2151 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-215R-F |
| A4A6R39 | 0757-0440 | 7 | 3 | RESISTOR 7.5K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-7501-F |
| A4A6R40 | 2100-3820 | 4 |  | RESISTOR-TRMR 500 10\% C TOP-ADJ 10-TRN | 32997 | 3262W-1-501 |
| A4A6R41 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A4A6R42 | 0696-3156 | 2 | 5 | RESISTOR 14.7K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1472-F |
| A4A6R43 | 0896-0062 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 484 1\%.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4640-F |
| A4A8R44 | 2100-3620 | 4 |  | RESISTOR-TRMR 500 10\% C TOP-ADJ 10-TRN | 32997 | $3262 \mathrm{~W}-1$-501 |
| A4A6R45 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A4A6R46 | 0698-3158 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 14.7K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1472-F |
| A4A6R47 | 0757-0417 | 6 | 1 | RESISTOR 562 1\% .125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24548 | CT4-1/6-T0-562R-F |
| A4A6R46 | 2100-3819 | 1 | 1 | RESISTOR-TRMR 1K 10\% C TOP-ADJ 10-TRN | 32997 | $3262 \mathrm{~W}-1-102$ |
| A4A6R49 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A4A6R50 | 0696-3158 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 14.7K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1472-F |
| A4A8R51 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A4A8R52 | 2100-3817 | 9 |  | RESISTOR-TRMR 2K 10\% C TOP-ADJ 10-TRN | 32997 | 3262W-1-202 |
| A4ABR53 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A4A6R54 | 0698-3158 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 14.7K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1472-F |

$\dagger$ Refer to Section 7 for update information.
*Factory Selected Component (Refer to Section 5).

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Dasignation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Oty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A4A6R55 | 0757-0426 | 1 |  | RESISTOR $1.62 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-1621-F |
| A4ABr5b | 2100-3816 | 0 |  | RESISTOR-TRMR 5K 10\% C TOP-ADJ 10-TRN | 32997 | 3262W-1-502 |
| A4A6R57 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A4A6R58 | 0698-3156 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 14.7K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1472-F |
| A4A6R59 | 0698-3155 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 4.64K $1 \% .125 W$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4641-F |
| A4A6R60 | 2100-3616 | 6 | 1 | RESISTOR-TRMR 10K $10 \%$ C TOP-ADJ 10-TRN | 32997 | 3262W-1-103 |
| A4A8R61 | 0757-0447 | 4 | 3 | RESISTOR 18.2K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1622-F |
| A4A8R62 | 0698-3442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR $2371 \%$. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-237R-F |
| A4A6R63 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \%$, 125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A4A6R64 | 0696-0064 | 9 |  | RESISTOR $2.15 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2151-F |
| A4A8R65 | 0696-7264 | 5 | 1 | RESISTOR 100K 1\% . 05 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT3-1/8-T0-1003-F |
| A4ABU1 | 1620-0214 | 9 | 1 | IC OCDR TTL BCD-T-DEC 4-TO-10-LINE | 01295 | SN7442AN |

## A4A6 MISCELLANEOUS

| A4A6MP1 | $1200-0767$ | 3 | 1 | SOCKET-IC 16-CONT DIP-SLDR <br> (FOR U1) <br> HEAT SINK TO-16-CS <br> (FOR Q12, Q13) | 26460 | $1200-0767$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A4ABMP2 | $1205-0037$ | 0 |  | 26460 | $1205-0037$ |  |
| A4A8MP3 | $1251-0600$ | 0 | 1 | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ | 28480 | $1251-0600$ |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference | HP Part | C | Qty. | Description | Mfr. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Designation | Number | D |  | Code |  |

A4A7

| A4A7 | 08860-60006 | 2 | 1 | BOARD ASSEMBLY,PHASE DETECTOR | 28480 | 08660-60006 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A4A7C1 | 0160-3878 | 6 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-3878 |
| A4A7C2 | 0160-3878 | 6 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-3878 |
| A4A7C3 | 0180-2214 | 4 | 3 | CAPACITOR-FXD 90UF+75-10\% 16VDC AL | 56289 | 30D906G016CC2 |
| A4A7C4 | 0160-3879 | 7 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-3879 |
| A4A7C5 | 0160-3878 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-3878 |
| A4A7C6 | 0180-2214 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 90UF+75-10\% 16VDC AL | 56289 | 30D906G016CC2 |
| A4A7C7 | 0180-0049 | 9 | 4 | CAPACITOR-FXD 20UF+75-10\% 50VDC AL | 56289 | 30D206G050CC2 |
| A4A7CB | 0160-3878 | 6 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-3878 |
| A4A7C9 | 0160-0839 | 3 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 110PF + -1\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-0839 |
| A4A7C10 | 0160-3064 | 2 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-3064 |
| A4A7C11 | 0160-0182 | 9 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD 47PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-0182 |
| A4A7C12 | 0160-0182 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 47PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-0182 |
| A4A7C13 | 0160-2250 | 6 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 5.1PF +-.25PF 500VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2250 |
| A4A7C14 | 0160-2266 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 24PF +-5\% 500VDC CER 0+-30 | 28480 | 0160-2266 |
| A4A7C15 | 0180-1745 | 4 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 1.5UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | 150D155X9020A2 |
| A4A7C16 | 0160-2266 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 24PF +-5\% 500VDC CER $0+-30$ | 28480 | 0160-2266 |
| A4A7C17 | 0160-2264 | 2 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 20PF +-5\% 500VDC CER 0+-30 | 28480 | 0160-2264 |
| A4A7C18 | 0180-0291 | 3 | 13 | CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF+-10\% 35VDC TA | 56289 | 1500105×9035A2 |
| A4A7C19 | 0180-0291 | 3 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF+-10\% 35VDC TA | 56289 | $1500105 \times 9035 A 2$ |
| A4A7C20 | 0180-0291 | 3 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF+-10\% 35VDC TA | 56289 | 150D105×9035A2 |
| A4A7C21 | 0180-0197 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 2.2UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | 150D225X9020A2 |
| A4A7C22 | 0180-0291 | 3 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF+-10\% 35VDC TA | 56289 | 150D105 $\times 9035 \mathrm{~A} 2$ |
| A4A7C23 | 0180-0197 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 2.2UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | 150D225X9020A2 |
| A4A7C24 | 0180-0291 | 3 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF+-10\% 35VDC TA | 56289 | 150D105X9035A2 |
| A4A7C25 | 0180-0183 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 10UF+75-10\% 50VDC AL | 56289 | 30D106G050CB2 |
| A4A7C26 | 0160-2266 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 24PF + -5\% 500VDC CER $0+-30$ | 28480 | 0160-2266 |
| A4A7CR1 | 1901-0189 | 9 | 1 | DIODE-STEP RECOVERY | 28480 | 1901-0189 |
| A4A7CR2 | 1906-0098 | 9 | 4 | DIODE-MATCHED IV | 28480 | 1906-0098 |
| A4A7CR3 | 1906-0098 | 9 |  | DIODE-MATCHED 1V | 28480 | 1906-0098 |
| A4A7CR4 | 1906-0098 | 9 |  | DIODE-MATCHED IV | 28480 | 1906-0098 |
| A4A7CR5 | 1906-0098 | 9 |  | DIODE-MATCHED 1V | 28480 | 1906-0098 |
| A4A7CR6 | 1902-0041 | 4 |  | DIODE-ZNR 5.11V 5\% DO-35 PD=.4W | 28480 | 1902-0041 |
| A4A7CR7 | 1902-0041 | 4 |  | DIODE-ZNR 5.11V 5\% DO-35 PD=.4W | 28480 | 1902-0041 |
| A4A7CR8 | 1902-0041 | 4 |  | DIODE-ZNR 5.11V 5\% DO-35 PD=.4W | 28480 | 1902-0041 |
| A4A7CR9 | 1902-0041 | 4 |  | DIODE-ZNR 5.11V 5\% OO-35 PD=.4W | 28480 | 1902-0041 |
| A4A7CR10 | 1901-0033 | 2 |  | DIODE-GEN PRP 180V 200MA DO-7 | 28480 | 1901-0033 |
| A4A7J1 | 1250-0836 | 2 | 1 | CONNECTOR-RF SMC M PC 50-OHM | 28480 | 1250-0836 |
| A4A7L1 | 9140-0144 | 0 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 4.7UH 10\% .105DX.26LG | 28480 | 9140-0144 |
| A4A7L2 | 9140-0210 | 1 | 2 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 100UH 5\% .166DX.385LG | 28480 | 9140-0210 |
| A4A7L3 | 9140-0210 | 1 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 100UH 5\% .186DX.385LG | 28480 | 9140-0210 |
| A4A7L4 | 9100-2260 | 1 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 1.8UH 10\% .105DX.26LG | 28480 | 9100-2260 |
| A4A7L5 | 9100-2254 | 3 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 390NH 10\% .105DX.26LG | 28480 | 9100-2254 |
| A4A7L6 | 08660-80005 | 3 | 2 | Inductor | 28480 | 08660-80005 |
| A4A7L7 | 08660-80005 | 3 |  | inductor | 28460 | 08660-80005 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Qty. | Description | Mir. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A4A791 | 1854-0019 | 3 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 28480 | 1854-0019 |
| A4A7Q2 | 1654-0019 | 3 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 28480 | 1854-0019 |
| A4A703 | 1853-0034 | 0 | 7 | TRANSISTOR PNP SI TO-18 PO $=380 \mathrm{MW}$ | 28480 | 1853-0034 |
| A4A704 | 1855-0049 | 1 | 3 | TRANSISTOR-JFET DUAL N-CHAN D-MODE SI | 28480 | 1855-0049 |
| A4A7Q5 | 1853-0007 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2 N3251 SI TO-18 PD $=380 \mathrm{MW}$ | 04713 | 2N3251 |
| A4A706 | 1854-0023 | 9 | 1 | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 28480 | 1854-0023 |
| A4A7R1 | 0757-0398 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 75 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-75R0-F |
| A4A7R2 | 0698-0084 | 9 |  | RESISTOR $2.15 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2151-F |
| A4A7R3 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% . 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A4A7R4 | 0698-3440 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 196 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-198R-F |
| A4A7R5 | 0757-0346 | 2 |  | RESISTOR $101 \%$.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-10R0-F |
| A4A7R6 | 0698-3437 | 2 | 3 | RESISTOR $1331 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-133R-F |
| A4A7R7 | 0698-3443 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $2871 \%$. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-287R-F |
| A4A7R8 | 0757-0346 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 10 1\% .125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-10RO-F |
| A4A7R9 | 0698-0084 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 2.15K 1\% .125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2151-F |
| A4A7R10 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $1 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 W$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A4A7R11 | 0757-0278 | 7 | 1 | RESISTOR 81.9 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-6192-F |
| A4A7R12 | 0898-3438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $1471 \%$. 125 W F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-147R-F |
| A4A7R13 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $51.11 \% .125 W$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-51R1-F |
| A4A7R14 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $51.11 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-51R1-F |
| A4A7R15 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $51.11 \% .125 W$ F TC= $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-51R1-F |
| A4A7R16 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A4A7R17 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A4A7R18 | 2100-1986 | 9 | 2 | RESISTOR-TRMR 1K 10\% C TOP-ADJ 1-TRN | 73138 | 82PR1K |
| A4A7R19 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $51.11 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-51R1-F |
| A4A7R20 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 51.1 1\% .125W F TC=0 + - 100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-51R1-F |
| A4A7R21 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC=0 +100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A4A7R22 | 2100-1988 | 9 |  | RESISTOR-TRMR 1K 10\% C TOP-ADJ 1-TRN | 73138 | 82PR1K |
| A4A7R23* | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A4A7R24 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 100 1\% .125W F TC=0 +100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-101-F |
| A4A7R25 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR $10 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A4A7R26 | 0757-1094 | 9 |  | RESISTOR $1.47 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 W$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1471-F |
| A4A7R27 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 51.1 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-51R1-F |
| A4A7R2B | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $1001 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-101-F |
| A4A7R29 | 0898-3445 | 2 |  | RESISTOR $3481 \%$. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-348R-F |
| A4A7R30 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $51.11 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-51R1-F |
| A4A7R31 | 0698-3445 | 2 |  | RESISTOR $3481 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $0+-100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-348R-F |
| A4A7R32 | 0698-3101 | 7 | 1 | RESISTOR $2.87 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .5 W$ F TC $=0+$-100 | 28480 | 0698-3101 |
| A4A7R33 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $5111 \%$.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A4A7R34 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $51.11 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-51R1-F |
| A4A7t1 | 08660-80011 | 1 | 1 | TRANSFORMER, TRIFILAR | 28480 | 08680-80011 |
| A4A7T2 | 08660-80010 | 0 | 1 | TRANSFORMER, BIFILAR | 28480 | 08680-80010 |

## A4A7 MISCELLANEOUS

| A4A7MP1 | $1205-0031$ | 4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A4A7MP2 | $1205-0037$ | 0 |


| THERMAL LINK TO-18-CS | 28480 |
| :--- | :---: |
| (FOR Q1, Q2) |  |
| HEAT SINK TO-16-CS | 28480 |
| (FOR Q3, Q6) |  |

1205-0037
HEAT SINK TO-18-CS $28480 \quad$ 1205-0037

## Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference <br> Designation | HP Part <br> Number | $\mathbf{C}$ | Cty. | Description |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A4A8 |  |  |  | Mfr. <br> Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| A4A8 | $08680-60409$ | 9 | 1 | 100 MHZ BAND PASS FILTER |  |

[^4]Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference <br> Designation | HP Part <br> Number | $\mathbf{C}$ | Dity | Description | Mfr. <br> Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

A5

| A5 | 08660-60327 | 0 | 1 | BOARD ASSEMBLY, REGULATOR | 28480 | 08660-60327 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A5C1 | 0180-0291 | 3 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF $+-10 \%$ 35VDC TA | 56289 | 1500105×9035A2 |
| A5C2 | 0180-0291 | 3 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF+-10\% 35VDC TA | 56289 | 150D105×9035A2 |
| A5C3 | 0180-0291 | 3 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF $+-10 \%$ 35VDC TA | 56289 | 150D105X9035A2 |
| A5C4 | 0180-0291 | 3 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF+-10\% 35VDC TA | 56289 | 150D105×9035A2 |
| A5C5 | 0160-2207 | 3 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 300PF $+-5 \% 300 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{MICA}$ | 28480 | 0160-2207 |
| A5C6 | 0180-1704 | 5 | 4 | CAPACITOR-FXD 47UF+-10\% 6VDC TA | 56289 | 150D476×9006B2 |
| A5C7 | 0180-0183 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 10UF+75-10\% 50VDC AL | 56289 | 30D106G050CB2 |
| A5C8 | 0180-0291 | 3 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF+-10\% 35VDC TA | 56289 | 150D105×9035A2 |
| A5C9 | 0160-2208 | 4 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 330PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-2208 |
| A5C10 | 0180-1704 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 47UF+-10\% 6VDC TA | 56289 | 150D478×9006B2 |
| A5C12 | 0180-2226 | 6 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 2200PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-2226 |
| A5C13 | 0180-0291 | 3 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF $+-10 \%$ 35VDC TA | 56289 | 1500105×9035A2 |
| A5C14 | 0180-2207 | 5 | 4 | CAPACITOR-FXD 100UF+-10\% 10VDC TA | 56289 | 150D107X9010R2 |
| A5C15 | 0180-0269 | 5 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF+50-10\% 150VDC AL | 56289 | 30D105G150BA2 |
| A5C17 | 0180-2218 | 6 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0180-2218 |
| A5C18 | 0180-0269 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF+50-10\% 150VDC AL | 56289 | 30D105G150BA2 |
| A5C19 | 0160-0141 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 50UF+75-10\% 50VDC AL | 58289 | 30D506G050DD2 |
| A5CR1 | 1902-3104 | 8 | 1 | DIODE-ZNR 5.62V 5\% DO-35 PD=.4W | 28480 | 1902-3104 |
| A5Q1 | 1853-0213 | 7 | 5 | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N4236 SI TO-5 PD=1W | 04713 | 2N4236 |
| A5Q2 | 1853-0451 | 5 | 11 | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N3799 SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 01295 | 2N3799 |
| A503 | 1853-0213 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N4236 SI TO-5 PD=1W | 04713 | 2N4236 |
|  | 1205-0011 | 0 | 2 | HEAT SINK TO-5/TO-39-CS | 28480 | 1205-0011 |
| A504 | 1853-0451 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2 N 3799 SI TO-18 PD=380NW | 01295 | 2N3799 |
| A5Q5 | 1853-0213 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N4236 SI TO-5 PD=1W | 04713 | 2N4236 |
|  | 1205-0011 | 0 |  | HEAT SINK TO-5/TO-39-CS | 28480 | 1205-0011 |
| A506 | 1853-0326 | 3 | 1 | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=1W FT $=50 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 04713 | MPS-U51 |
| A5R1 | 0757-0397 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 68.1 1\% .125W F TC= $0+-100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-88R1-F |
| A5R2 | 0757-0346 | 2 |  | RESISTOR $101 \%$.125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-10R0-F |
| A5R3 | 0698-3132 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 281 1\%.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2610-F |
| A5R4 | 0757-0397 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $88.11 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-68R1-F |
| A5R5 | 0757-0397 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $68.11 \%$.125W F TC=0 +100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-68R1-F |
| A5R6 | 0757-0398 | 4 |  | RESISTOR $751 \% .125 W$ F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-75R0-F |
| A5R7 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TC=0 + - 100 | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-1001-F |
| A5RB | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $1001 \%$.125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-101-F |
| A5R9 | 0757-0397 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 88.1 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-68R1-F |
| A5R10 | 0698-3446 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $3831 \%$.125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-383R-F |
| A5R11 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\% .125W F TC=0 +-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A5R12 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A5R13 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 51.1 $1 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-51R1-F |
| A5R14 | 0698-3161 | 9 | 1 | RESISTOR 38.3K $1 \%$. 125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-3832-F |
| A5R15 | 0757-0424 | 7 | 11 | RESISTOR 1.1K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1101-F |
| A5R16 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 51.1 $1 \% .125$ W F TC=0 +100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-51R1-F |
| A5R17 | 0698-3150 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 2.37K 1\%.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-70-2371-F |
| A5R18 | 0698-3150 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 2.37K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-2371-F |
| A5R19 | 0698-3136 | 8 | 3 | RESISTOR 17.6K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1782-F |
| A5R20 | 0757-1094 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 1.47K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1471-F |
| A5R21 | 2100-1973 | 4 | 1 | RESISTOR-TRMR 200 10\% WW TOP-ADJ 20-TRN | 02860 | 3810P-201 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C } \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Oty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A5R22 | 0757-0278 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 1.78K 1\%.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1781-F |
| A5R23 | 0698-3152 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 3.48K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/B-T0-3481-F |
| A5R24 | 2100-1799 | 2 | 1 | RESISTOR-TRMR 500 10\% WW SIDE-ADJ 20-TRN | 02660 | 3810P-501 |
| A5R25 | 0757-0428 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 1.62K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1621-F |
| A5R26 | 2100-2852 | 0 | 1 | RESISTOR-TRMR 1K 10\% WW SIDE-ADJ 20-TRN | 02660 | 3810P-102 |
| A5R27 | 0698-3155 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 4.84K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4641-F |
| A5R28 | 2100-1739 | 0 | 1 | RESISTOR-TRMR 5K 10\% WW SIDE-ADJ 20-TRN | 02660 | 3810P-502 |
| A5R29 | 0698-3136 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 17.8K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1782-F |
| A5U1 | 1826-0016 | 1 | 1 | IC 204 V RGLTR TO-100 | 04713 | MLM204G |
| A5U2 | 1826-0004 | 7 | 1 | IC 304 V RGLTR TO-100 | 07263 | UA304HC |
| A5U3 | 1826-0017 | 2 | 1 | IC V RGLTR TO-99 | 27014 | LM205H |
| A5U4 | 1820-0247 | 8 | 1 | IC V RGLTR TO-99 | 27014 | LM305H |

## A5 MISCELLANEOUS

| A5MP1 | 1205-0011 | 0 |  | HEAT SINK TO-5/TO-39-CS (FOR O3, Q5) | 28460 | 1205-0011 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A5MP2 | 1251-0600 | 0 | 1 | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-8SC-SZ SQ | 28480 | 1251-0600 |

BRACKET-RETANG .438-LG X.781-LG .375-WD
2840
1400-0263

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mir. Part Nu |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A8 | 08680-60276 | 8 | 1 | FAN ASSEMBLY, 400 HZ | 28480 | 08860-80265 |
| A601 | 1854-0072 | 8 | 1 | TRANSISTOR NPN 2 N3054 SI TO-66 PD=25W | 3 L 585 | 2N3054 |
| A8Q2 | 1853-0052 | 2 | 1 | TRANSISTOR PNP 2 N3740 SI TO-66 PD=25W | 04713 | 2N3740 |
| A803 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A6Q4 | 1854-0083 | 7 | 3 | TRANSISTOR NPN 2 N3055 SI TO-3 PD $=115 \mathrm{~W}$ | 3L585 | 2N3055 |
| A605 | 1853-0059 | 9 | 1 | TRANSISTOR PNP 2 N3791 SI TO-3 PD=150W | 04713 | 2N3791 |
| A606 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A607 | 1854-0063 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2 N3055 SI TO-3 PD=115W | 3L565 | 2N3055 |
| A808 | 1854-0083 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2 N3055 SI TO-3 PD=115W | 3L565 | 2N3055 |
| A609 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A8Q10 | 1854-0313 | 0 | 1 | TRANSISTOR NPN 2 N 3771 SI TO-3 PD=150W | 3 L585 | 2N3771 |
| A6R1 | 0811-3410 | 3 | 1 | RESISTOR . 165 1\% 25W PW TC=0+-90 | 28460 | 0811-3410 |
| ABW1 | 08660-60379 | 2 | 1 | GROUND CABLE \#18 AWG (WHT/GRN/YEL) | 28480 | 08660-60379 |

A6 MISCELLANEOUS

| A8MP1 | 08680-00063 | 5 | 1 | FAN SHIELD | 28480 | 08660-00063 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A6MP2 | 2510-0109 | 5 | 4 | SCREW-MACH 8-32 ,625-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI (ATTACH FAN SHIELD TO HEATSINK COVER) | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| MP3 | 2190-0017 | 4 | 4 | WASHER-LK HLCL NO.8 . 168 -IN-ID (FOR MP2) | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| MP4 | 3050-0066 | 8 | 4 | WASHER-FL MTLC NO.6.147-IN-ID (FOR MP2) | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| A6MP5 | 08660-00064 | 6 | 1 | HEAT SINK COVER | 28480 | 08660-00064 |
| A6MP6 | 08680-20173 | 0 | 1 | heat sink | 28460 | 06660-20173 |
| A8MP7 | 06660-40001 | 5 | 2 | insulaton (FOR Q1, Q2) | 28480 |  |
| A6MP8 | 08660-40002 | 6 | 5 | insulator <br> (FOR Q4, Q5, Q7, Q8, Q10) | 28480 |  |
| A6MP9 | 0340-0182 | 7 | 1 | INSULATOR-XSTR ALUMINUM (FOR Q1, Q2) | 28480 | 0340-0162 |
| A6MP10 | 1200-0043 | 8 | 1 | INSULATOR-XSTR ALUMINUM (FOR Q4, Q5, Q7, Q8, O10) | 28480 | 1200-0043 |
| A6MP11 | 0403-0026 | 6 | 1 | PLUG-HOLE BDR-HD FOR .187-D-HOLE NYL | 02786 | 207-120241-03-0101 |
| A8MP12 | 2200-0113 | 4 | 14 | SCREW-MACH 4-40-.625-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI (FOR Q1, Q2, Q4, Q5, Q7, Q8, Q10) | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |

[^5]Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

Reference
Designation
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { HP Part } & \text { C } \\ \text { Number } & \text { Oty. } \\ \text { D } & \end{array}$

Description
Mir.
Code

Mir. Part Number

## A6A1

| A8A1 | 08660-60333 | 8 | 1 | BOARD ASSEMBLY, PRE-REGULATOR | 28480 | 08660-60333 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A6A1C1 | 0180-0141 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 50UF+75-10\% 50VDC AL | 56289 | 30D506G050DD2 |
| A6A1C2 | 0180-0141 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 50UF+75-10\% 50VDC AL | 56289 | 30D506G050DD2 |
| A6A1C3 | 0180-0089 | 7 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 10UF+50-10\% 150VDC AL | 56289 | 30D106F150002 |
| A6A1C4 | 0150-0121 | 5 | 28 | CAPACITOR-FXD . 1 UF $+80-20 \% 50 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{CER}$ | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A6A1C5 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . 1 UF +80-20\% 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A8A1C6 | 0180-3094 | 8 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+\mathbf{- 1 0 \%} 100 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{CER}$ | 28480 | 0160-3094 |
| ABA1C7 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \% 50 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{CER}$ | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A6A1C8 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| AbA1C9 | 0160-3094 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+-10 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-3094 |
| A6A1CR1 | 1902-3263 | 8 | 1 | DIODE-ZNR 24.9V $2 \%$ DO-35 PD=.4W | 28460 | 1902-3263 |
| A6A1CR2 | 1902-3203 | 6 | 1 | DIODE-ZNR 14.7V 5\% DO-35 PD=.4W | 28480 | 1902-3203 |
| A6A1CR3 | 1902-3333 | 3 | 1 | DIODE-ZNR 46.4V 5\% DO-35 PD=.4W | 28480 | 1902-3333 |
| A6A103 | 1853-0213 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N4236 Sl TO-5 PD=1W | 04713 | 2N4236 |
| A8A106 | 1853-0213 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N4236 SI TO-5 PD=1W | 04713 | 2N4236 |
| A6A109 | 1854-0361 | 8 | 1 | TRANSISTOR NPN 2 N 4239 SI TO-5 PD=6W | 04713 | 2N4239 |
| A6A1R1 | 0698-3447 | 4 | 6 | RESISTOR 422 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-422R-F |
| A6A1R2 | 0698-3132 | 4 |  | RESISTOR $2611 \% .125 W$ F TC= $0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2810-F |
| A6A1R3 | 0757-0274 | 5 | 4 | RESISTOR 1.21K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC=0 + - 100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1211-F |
| A6A1R4 | 0698-3447 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 422 1\% . 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-422R-F |
| ABA1R5 | 0698-3132 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 281 1\% . 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2610-F |
| A6A1R6 | 0757-0274 | 5 |  | RESISTOR 1.21K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1211-F |
| A8A1R7 | 0612-0014 | 9 | 1 | RESISTOR . $53 \% .5 \mathrm{~W}$ PW TC= $=0+-90$ | 28480 | 0812-0014 |
| A6A1R10 | 0612-0020 | 7 | 1 | RESISTOR . 39 5\% 3W PW TC=0+-90 | 91637 | CW2B1-3-T2-39/100-J |
| A6A1R11 | 0611-1670 | 3 | 1 | RESISTOR 2.2 5\% 2W PW TC= $0+-400$ | 75042 | BWH2-2R2-J |
| A6A1XA20-1 | 1251-2035 | 9 | 1 | CONNECTOA-PC EDGE 15-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28460 | 1251-2035 |

## A6A2

| $08680-60386$ | 3 |
| :--- | :--- |
| $0698-3813$ | 6 |

FAN DRIVER ASSEMBLY
RESISTOR $395 \% 2 W$ MO TC= $=0+-200$

| 28480 | $08660-60388$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 27167 | FP42-2-T00-39RO-J |

## Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Qty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Par |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{A} 7$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A7 | 0980-0443 | 1 | 1 | POWER LINE MODULE/FILTER | 28480 | 0960-0443 |
| A7C1 | 0160-4065 | 5 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20\% 250VAC(RMS) | 28480 | 0160-4065 |
| A7F1 | 2110-0365 | 7 | 1 | FUSE 4A 250V TD 1.25X. 25 (FOR 110/120V OPERATION) | 28480 | 2110-0365 |
| A7F1 | 2110-0303 | 3 | 1 | FUSE 2A 250V TD 1.25X. 25 UL (FOR 220/24OV OPERATION) | 28480 | 2110-0303 |
| A7R1 | 0857-0306 | 4 | 1 | THERMISTOR DISC 10-OHM TC=-3.8\%/C-DEG | 28480 | 0857-0306 |
| A7TB1 | 0960-0736 | 5 | 1 | LINE Voltage selection card | 28480 | 0960-0736 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Qty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part Numb |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A8 | 08860-60014 | 2 | 1 | BOARD ASSEMBLY, N3 OSCILLATOR | 28480 | 08660-60014 |
| A8C1 | 0180-0058 | 0 | 7 | CAPACITOR-FXD 50UF+75-10\% 25VDC AL | 56289 | 30D506G025CC2 |
| A8C2 | 0180-1704 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 47UF+-10\% 6VDC TA | 56289 | 150D476X9006B2 |
| A8C3 | 0180-0228 | 6 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 22UF+-10\% 15VOC TA | 56289 | 150D226X9015B2 |
| ABC4 | 0180-0049 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 20UF+75-10\% 50VDC AL | 56289 | 30D206G050CC2 |
| A8C5 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| ABC6 | 0160-3459 | 9 | 4 | CAPACITOR-FXO . $02 \mathrm{UF}+\mathrm{+} 20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-3459 |
| A8C7 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+\mathbf{8 0 - 2 0 \%} \mathbf{5 0 V D C}$ CER | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A8CB | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \% 50 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A8C9 | 0160-3459 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $02 \mathrm{UF}+$-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-3459 |
| A8C10 | 0160-0174 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $47 \mathrm{UF}+\mathbf{8 0 - 2 0 \%} 25 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 28480 | 0160-0174 |
| A8C11 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A CB 12 | 0160-0386 | 5 | 9 | CAPACITOR-FXD 3.3PF +-.25PF 500VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-0386 |
| A8C13 | 0160-2204 | 0 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 100PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-2204 |
| A8C14 | 0160-4084 | 8 | 4 | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+$ +-20\% 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4084 |
| A8C16 | 0160-0386 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 3.3PF +-.25PF 500VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-0386 |
| A8C17 | 0160-0386 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 3.3PF +-.25PF 500VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-0386 |
| A8C18 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF $+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A8C19 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| ABC20 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A8C21 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A8C22 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A8CR1 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A8CR2 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| ABCR3 | 0122-0299 | 9 | 1 | DIODE-WVC 82PF 5\% C2/C20-MIN=2 BVR=20V | 28480 | 0122-0299 |
| ABL1 | 9100-1829 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 47UH 5\% .166DX.385LG | 28480 | 9100-1629 |
| A8L2 | 9140-0114 | 4 | 7 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 10UH 10\% .188DX.385LG | 28480 | 9140-0114 |
| ABL3 | 9100-1829 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 47UH 5\% .168DX.385LG | 28480 | 9100-1629 |
| A8L4 | 9100-1629 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 47UH 5\% .166DX.385LG | 28480 | 9100-1629 |
| ABL5 | 9100-2815 | 2 | 3 | INDUCTOR 700NH $10 \% .342 \mathrm{~W} \times 1.328 \mathrm{LG}$ Q $=150$ | 28480 | 9100-2815 |
| ABL6 | 9140-0179 | 1 | 14 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 22UH 10\% .166DX.385LG | 28480 | 9140-0179 |
| A8L7 | 9140-0179 | 1 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 22UH 10\% .166DX.385LG | 28480 | 9140-0179 |
| A801 | 1854-0092 | 2 | 12 | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD $=200 \mathrm{MW} \mathrm{FT}=600 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0092 |
| A8Q2 | 1854-0345 | 8 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2N5179 SI TO-72 PD=200MW | 04713 | 2N5179 |
| A8Q3 | 1853-0451 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N3799 SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 01295 | 2N3799 |
| A8Q4 | 1853-0451 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N3799 SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 01295 | 2N3799 |
| A8Q5 | 1853-0451 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N3799 SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 01295 | 2N3799 |
| A896 | 1854-0087 | 5 | 5 | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD $=360 \mathrm{MW}$ FT=75MHZ | 28480 | 1854-0087 |
| ABQ7 | 1855-0081 | 1 | 3 | TRANSISTOR J-FET N-CHAN D-MODE SI | 28480 | 1855-0081 |
| A808 | 1853-0036 | 2 | 29 | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=310MW FT=250MHZ | 28480 | 1853-0038 |
| A809 | 1853-0038 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=310MW FT= 250 MHZ | 28480 | 1853-0036 |
| A8Q10 | 1853-0038 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=310MW FT $=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0036 |

$\dagger$ Refer to Section 7 for update information.
*Factory Selected Component (Refer to Section 5).

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cty. | Description | Mir. Code | Mir. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A8Q11 | 1853-0038 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=310MW FTT $=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0036 |
| A8Q12 | 1854-0087 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=380MW FT $=75 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0087 |
| A8R2 | 0757-0428 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 1.62K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+$ - 100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1821-F |
| A8R3 | 0757-0428 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 1.82K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1821-F |
| A8R4 | 0757-0428 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 1.62K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1621-F |
| A8R5 | 0757-0428 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 1.62K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+$-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1621-F |
| A8R8 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A8R7 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC= $0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A8R8 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\%.125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A8R9 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\%.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A8R10 | 0757-0479 | 2 | 3 | RESISTOR 392K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 19701 | MF4C1/8-T0-3923-F |
| A8R11 | 0757-0472 | 5 | 3 | RESISTOR 200K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-2003-F |
| A8R12 | 0757-0465 | 8 | 3 | RESISTOR 100K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1003-F |
| A8R13 | 0698-3228 | 9 | 3 | RESISTOR 49.9K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+$-100 | 28480 | 0698-3228 |
| A8R15 | 0698-3155 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 4.64K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-4641-F |
| A8R18 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\% .125W F TC=0 +100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A8R17 | 0698-3151 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 2.87K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-2871-F |
| A6R18* | 0757-0199 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 21.5K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-2152-F |
| A8P19 | 0757-0200 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 5.62K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-5821-F |
| A8R20 | 0757-0199 | 3 | 4 | RESISTOR 21.5K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+$-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-2152-F |
| A8R21 | 0698-0085 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 2.81K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-2811-F |
| A8R22 | 0757-0421 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 825 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-825R-F |
| ABRz3 | 0698-4037 | 0 | 2 | RESISTOR 48.4 1\% .125W F TC= $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-48R4-F |
| A8R24 | 2100-1780 | 7 | 3 | RESISTOR-TRMA 5K 5\% WW SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN | 28480 | 2100-1760 |
| A8R25 | 0698-4002 | 9 | 2 | RESISTOR 5K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-5001-F |
| A8R28 | 2100-1759 | 4 | 3 | RESISTOR-TRMR $2 \mathrm{~K} 5 \%$ WW SIDE-ADJ 1 -TRN | 28480 | 2100-1759 |
| A8R27 | 0698-3157 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 19.6K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1962-F |
| A8R28 | 0898-3158 | 4 |  | RESISTOR $23.7 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$.125W F TC $=0+$ - 100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2372-F |
| A8R30 | 0698-3158 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 14.7K 1\% .125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1472-F |
| A8R31 | 0757-0441 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 8.25K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+$-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-6251-F |
| A8R32 | 0757-0279 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 3.18K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-3181-F |
| A8R33 | 0698-0082 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 484 1\% .125W F TC= $=0+100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/6-T0-4640-F |
| A8R34 | 0757-0443 | 0 | 2 | RESISTOR 11K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $=0+100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1102-F |
| A8R35 | 0757-0199 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 21.5K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-2152-F |
| A8R36 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0+100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A8R36 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $1001 \% .125 W$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-101-F |
| A8R39 | 0683-6245 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 820K $5 \% .25 \mathrm{~W}$ FC TC= $=800 /+900$ | 01121 | CB6245 |
| A8R40 | 0698-3243 | 8 | 7 | RESISTOR 178K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1783-F |
| A8R41 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\% . 125 W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1002-F |
| A8R42 | 0698-3440 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $1981 \%$.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-196R-F |
| A8R43 | 0698-0082 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 464 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-4640-F |
| A8R44 | 0757-0200 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 5.62K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-5821-F |
| A8R45 | 0698-3154 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 4.22K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4221-F |
| A8R48 | 0698-3445 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 348 1\% . 125 W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-348R-F |
| A8R47 | 0757-0403 | 2 | 3 | RESISTOR 121 1\%.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-121R-F |
| A8R48 | 0698-3444 | 1 |  | RESISTOR $3161 \% .125 W$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-318R-F |
| A8R49 | 0898-3445 | 2 |  | RESISTOR $3481 \%$. 125 W F TC= $0+$-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-348R-F |
| A8R50 | 0698-3436 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 147 1\% . 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-147R-F |
| ABU1 | 1820-0054 | 5 |  | IC GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP | 01295 | SN7400N |
| A8U2 | 1820-0054 | 5 |  | IC GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP | 01295 | SN7400N |
| ABU3 | 1820-0751 | 9 | 1 | IC CNTR TTL DECD NEG-EDGE-TRIG PRESET | 01295 | SN74196N |

$\dagger$ Refer to Section 7 for update information.
*Factory Selected Component (Refer to Section 5).

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference | HP Part | C Cty. | Description | Mfr. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Designation | Number | D |  | Code |

## A9

| A9 | $08880-60045$ | 9 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY, LOOP BOX | 28480 | $08660-60045$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A9W1 | $8120-1727$ | 4 | 1 | CABLE-FL-RBN 28AWG 28-CNOCT GRA-JKT | 28480 | $8120-1727$ |

A9A1

| A9A1 | 08660-80037 | 9 | 1 | BOARD ASSEMBLY, DIGITAL PROGRAM | 28480 | 08660-60037 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A9A1E1 | 0360-1636 | 4 | 1 | CABLE TRANSITION 34-TERM INSUL DSPL TYPE | 28480 | 0380-1636 |
| A9A1R1 | 0698-7210 | 7 | 28 | RESISTOR $82.51 \%$. 05 W F TC $=0+$ - 100 | 24546 | CT3-1/8-TO-82R5-F |
| A9A1R2 | 0698-7210 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $82.51 \%$.05W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT3-1/8-TO-82R5-F |
| A9A1R3 | 0698-7210 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 82.5 1\% .05W F TC $=0+$-100 | 24546 | CT3-1/8-TO-82R5-F |
| A9A1R4 | 0698-7210 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $82.51 \%$.05W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT3-1/8-TO-82R5-F |
| A9A1R5 | 0698-7210 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $82.51 \%$.05W F TC $=0+$ - 100 | 24546 | CT3-1/8-TO-82R5-F |
| A9A1R8 | 0698-7210 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $82.51 \% .05 W$ F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT3-1/8-TO-82R5-F |
| AgA1R7 | 0698-7210 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $62.51 \%$. 05 W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT3-1/8-TO-82R5-F |
| A9A1R8 | 0698-7210 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 62.5 1\% .05W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT3-1/6-TO-82R5-F |
| A9A1R9 | 0698-7210 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $62.51 \%$.05W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT3-1/8-TO-82R5-F |
| A9A1R10 | 0698-7210 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 82.5 1\% .05W F TC $=0+$ - 100 | 24546 | CT3-1/8-TO-82R5-F |
| A9A1R11 | 0698-7210 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 82.5 1\% .05W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT3-1/8-TO-82R5-F |
| A9A1R12 | 0698-7210 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $82.51 \%$.05W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT3-1/8-TO-82R5-F |
| A9A1R13 | 0698-7210 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 82.5 1\% .05W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT3-1/8-TO-82R5-F |
| A9A1R14 | 0698-7210 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $82.51 \% .05 W$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT3-1/8-TO-82R5-F |
| A9A1R15 | 0698-7210 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $82.51 \%$. $05 W$ F TC= $=+$ - 100 | 24548 | CT3-1/8-TO-82R5-F |
| A9A1R18 | 0698-7210 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $82.51 \% .05 W$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT3-1/8-TO-82R5-F |
| A9A1R17 | 0898-7210 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $82.51 \% .05 W$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT3-1/8-TO-82R5-F |
| A9A1R18 | 0698-7210 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 82.5 1\% .O5W F TC=0 + - 100 | 24548 | CT3-1/8-TO-82R5-F |
| A9A1R19 | 0698-7210 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $82.51 \%$.05W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT3-1/8-TO-82R5-F |
| A9A1R20 | 0698-7210 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 82.5 1\% .05W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT3-1/8-TO-82R5-F |
| A9A1R21 | 0698-7210 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $82.51 \%$. 05 W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT3-1/8-TO-82R5-F |
| A9A1R22 | 0698-7210 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $82.51 \%$. 05 W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT3-1/8-TO-82R5-F |
| A9A1R23 | 0698-7210 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $82.51 \%$.05W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT3-1/8-TO-82R5-F |
| A9A1R24 | 0698-7210 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $82.51 \% .05 W$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT3-1/8-TO-82R5-F |
| A9A1R25 | 0698-7210 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $82.51 \%$.05W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT3-1/8-TO-82R5-F |
| A9A1R26 | 0698-7210 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $82.51 \%$.05W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT3-1/8-TO-82R5-F |
| A9A1R27 | 0698-7210 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $82.51 \%$. O5W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT3-1/8-TO-82R5-F |
| A9A1R28 | 0696-7210 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 62.5 1\% .05W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT3-1/8-TO-82R5-F |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts


A10

| A10 | 06660-60013 | 1 | 1 | BOARD ASSEMBLY, N3 PHASE DETECTOR | 28480 | 08660-60013 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A10C1 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+\mathbf{6 0 - 2 0 \%} 100 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{CER}$ | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A10C2 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF $+80-20 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 28460 | 0160-2055 |
| A10C3 | 0180-0058 | 0 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 50UF+75-10\% 25VDC AL | 56289 | 30D506G025CC2 |
| A10C4 | 0180-2206 | 4 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD 60UF+-10\% 6VDC TA | 56289 | 1500606×9008B2 |
| A10C5 | 0180-0228 | 6 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 22UF+-10\% 15VDC TA | 58289 | 1500226×901582 |
| A10C6 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \% 50 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{CER}$ | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A10C7 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \% 50 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A10C8 | 0160-0157 | 8 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD 4700PF +-10\% 200VDC POLYE | 28480 | 0160-0157 |
| A10C9 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A10C10 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+\mathbf{6 0 - 2 0 \% ~ 5 0 V D C ~ C E R ~}$ | 28460 | 0150-0121 |
| A10C11 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \% 50 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{CER}$ | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A10C12 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A10C13 | 0140-0172 | 5 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD 3000PF $+-1 \%$ 100VDC MICA | 72136 | DM19F302F0100WV1CR |
| A10C14 | 0180-0229 | 7 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 33UF+-10\% 10VDC TA | 56289 | 15003389901082 |
| A10C15 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A10C16 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A10C17 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A10C18 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD , 1UF $+60-20 \% 50 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A10C19 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF $+80-20 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A10C20 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF $+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A10C21 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A10C22 | 0160-3539 | 6 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD 820PF +-5\% 100VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-3539 |
| A10C23 | 0160-2453 | 1 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD .22UF +-10\% 80VDC POLYE | 28480 | 0160-2453 |
| A10C24 | 0170-0040 | 9 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD .047UF +-10\% 200VDC POLYE | 56289 | 292P47392 |
| A10CR1 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A10CR2 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A10CR3 | 1901-0179 | 7 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 15V 50MA 750PS DO-7 | 28460 | 1901-0179 |
| A10CR4 | 1901-0179 | 7 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 15V 50MA 750PS DO-7 | 28480 | 1901-0179 |
| A10L1 | 9100-1829 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 47UH 5\% .166DX.385LG | 28480 | 9100-1829 |
| A10L2 | 9140-0114 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 10UH 10\% .166DX.385LG | 28480 | 9140-0114 |
| A10L3 | 9100-1629 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 47UH 5\% .166DX.385LG | 28480 | 9100-1629 |
| A10L4 | 9140-0179 | 1 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 22UH 10\% .186DX.385LG | 28480 | 9140-0179 |
| A10L5 | 9100-1650 | 1 | 2 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 660UH 5\% .2DX.45LG | 28480 | 9100-1650 |
| A10L6 | 9140-0114 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 10UH 10\% .168DX.385LG | 28480 | 9140-0114 |
| A10L7 | 9100-1652 | 3 | 2 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 820UH 5\% .2DX.45LG | 28480 | 9100-1652 |
| A1001 | 1853-0034 | 0 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 28480 | 1853-0034 |
| A1002 | 1653-0034 | 0 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 28480 | 1853-0034 |
| A1003 | 1853-0034 | 0 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI TO-18 PD=380MW | 28480 | 1853-0034 |
| A1004 | 1655-0049 | 1 |  | TRANSISTOR-JFET DUAL N-CHAN D-MODE SI | 28480 | 1855-0049 |
| A1005 | 1854-0045 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-18 PD=500MW | 28480 | 1854-0045 |
| A1008 | 1853-0459 | 3 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=625MW FT $=200 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0459 |
| A1007 | 1654-0092 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD $=200 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=600 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28460 | 1854-0092 |
| A10R1 | 0698-0082 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 484 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4840-F |
| A10R2 | 0757-0289 | 2 | 2 | RESISTOR 13.3K 1\% .125W F TC=0 + -100 | 19701 | MF4C1/8-T0-1332-F |
| A10R3 | 0757-0439 | 4 |  | RESISTOR $6.81 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-6811-F |
| A10R4 | 0696-0085 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 2.61K 1\% .125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2611-F |
| A10R5 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 511 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-511R-F |

$\dagger$ Refer to Section 7 for update information. *Factory Selected Component (Refer to Section 5).

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C } \\ & \text { D } \end{aligned}$ | Oty. | Description | Mir. Code | Mir. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A10R6 | 0698-3446 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $3831 \% .125 W$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-383R-F |
| A10R7 | 0757-0424 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $1.1 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1101-F |
| A10R8 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $5111 \% .125 W$ F TC= $0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A10R9 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A10R10 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A10R11 | 0698-3450 | 9 | 2 | RESISTOR 42.2K 1\% .125W F TC=0 + - 100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-4222-F |
| A10R12 | 0757-0447 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 16.2K 1\% .125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1822-F |
| A10R13 | 0757-0424 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 1.1K 1\% , 125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1101-F |
| A10R14 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $5111 \% .125 W$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A10R15 | 0757-0421 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 825 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-625R-F |
| A10R16 | 0757-0424 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $1.1 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$, 125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1101-F |
| A10R17 | 0698-3430 | 5 | 2 | RESISTOR $21.51 \%$.125W F TC=0 + -100 | 03888 | PME55-1/8-T0-21R5-F |
| A10R18 | 0698-3447 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 422 1\% . 125 W F TC=0 $=-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-422R-F |
| A10R19 | 0757-0279 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 3.16K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-3161-F |
| A10R20 | 0757-0421 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 625 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/6-TO-825R-F |
| A10R21 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-1002-F |
| A10R22 | 0757-0279 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 3.16K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-3161-F |
| A10R23 | 0757-0279 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 3.18K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-70-3161-F |
| A10R24 | 0898-3153 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 3.83K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+$-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-3831-F |
| A10R25 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 51.1 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-51R1-F |
| A10R26 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 51.1 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-51R1-F |
| A10R27 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $5111 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A10R28 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $5111 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A10R29 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A10R30 | 0757-0200 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 5.62K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+$ - 100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-5621-F |
| A10R31 | 0757-0424 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 1.1K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1101-F |
| A10R32 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $5.11 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 W$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-5111-F |
| A10R33 | 0757-0444 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 12.1K $1 \%$.125W F TC $=0+$ - 100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1212-F |
| A10R34 | 0757-0424 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 1.1K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1101-F |
| A10R35 | 0757-0444 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 12.1K 1\% .125W F TC=0 + - 100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1212-F |
| A10R36 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A1071 | 08660-80001 | 9 | 2 | TRANSFORMER, SAMPLER | 28480 | 08660-80001 |
| A10U1 | 1820-1213 | 0 | 4 | IC FF TTL LS J-K NEG-EDGE-TRIG PRESET | 01295 | SN74LS113AN |
| A10U2 | 1820-1213 | 0 | 4 | IC FF TTL LS J-k NEG-EDGE-TRIG PRESET | 01295 | SN74LS113AN |
| A10U3 | 1820-1203 | 8 | 2 | IC GATE TTL LS AND TPL 3-INP | 01295 | SN74LS11N |
| A10U4 | 1620-0751 | 9 | 7 | IC CNTR TTL DECD NEG-EDGE-TRIG PRESET | 01295 | SN74196N |
| A10U5 | 1820-0751 | 9 |  | IC CNTR TTL DECD NEG-EDGE-TRIG PRESET | 01295 | SN74196N |
| A10U6 | 1820-0751 | 9 |  | IC CNTR TTL DECD NEG-EDGE-TRIG PRESET | 01295 | SN74196N |
| A10U7 | 1820-0054 | 5 |  | IC GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP | 01295 | SN7400N |

$\dagger$ Refer to Section 7 for update information.

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference | HP Part | C | Oty. | Description | Mfr. | Mfr. Part Number |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Designation | Number | D |  | Code |  |  |

## A11

| A11 | 08860-60019 | 7 | 1 | BOARD ASSEMBLY, SL2 OSCILLATOR | 28480 | 08660-60019 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A11C1 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $14 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \% 50 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{CER}$ | 28460 | 0150-0121 |
| A11C2 | 0180-0058 | 0 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 50UF+75-10\% 25VDC AL | 56289 | 30D506G025CC2 |
| A11c3 | 0180-1704 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 47UF+-10\% 6VDC TA | 56269 | 150D478X9006B2 |
| A11C4 | 0180-2214 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 90UF+75-10\% 18VDC AL | 58269 | 30D906G016CC2 |
| Al1cs | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $14 \mathrm{UF}+\mathbf{6 0 - 2 0 \%} 50 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{CER}$ | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A11C8 | 0180-0174 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .47UF +80-20\% 25VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-0174 |
| A11C7 | 0180-0049 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 20UF+75-10\% 50VDC AL | 58289 | 300206G050CC2 |
| A11C6 | 0180-0174 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .47UF + 80-20\% 25VDC CER | 28460 | 0160-0174 |
| A11C9 | 0180-0118 | 1 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 6.6UF+-10\% 35VDC TA | 58289 | 150D685X9035B2 |
| A11C10 | 0180-2210 | 0 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD 2UF+50-10\% 150VDC AL | 58289 | 300205F1508B2 |
| A11C11 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+\mathbf{6 0 - 2 0 \% ~ 5 0 V D C ~ C E R ~}$ | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A11C12 | 0180-0374 | 3 | 3 | CAPACITOR-FXD 10UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 58289 | 150D106X9020B2 |
| A11C13 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A11C14 | 0180-0388 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 3.3PF +-.25PF 500VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-0386 |
| A11C15 | 0180-4084 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20\% 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4084 |
| A11C18 | 0180-4084 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+\mathrm{-} 20 \%$ 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-4084 |
| A11C17 | 0121-0059 | 7 | 2 | CAPACITOR-V TRMR-CER 2-8PF 350V PC-MTG | 52763 | 304324 2/8PF NPO |
| A11C18 | 0180-2204 | 0 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 100PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-2204 |
| A11C19 | 0160-0386 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 3.3PF +-.25PF 500VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-0386 |
| A11C20 | 0180-0386 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 3.3PF +-.25PF 500VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-0386 |
| A11-21 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A11C22 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A11C23 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A11C24 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A11C25 | 0180-0228 | 6 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 22UF+-10\% 15VDC TA | 56289 | 150D228×9015B2 |
| A11C28 | 0180-2207 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 100UF+-10\% 10VDC TA | 56289 | 1500107X9010R2 |
| A11C27 | 0180-0116 | 1 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 6.8UF+-10\% 35VDC TA | 58289 | 1500685×9035B2 |
| A11C28 | 0180-2028 | 6 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 2700PF +-5\% 500VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-2028 |
| A11CR1 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A11CR2 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A11CR3 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 3OV 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A11CR4 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V SOMA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A11CR5 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A11CR8 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A11CR7 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A11CR8 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A11CR9 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A11CR10 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A11CR11 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A11CR12 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A11CR13 | 0122-0284 | 8 | 2 | DIODE-WV 1N5148A 47PF 5\% C4/C60-MIN=3.2 | 04713 | 1N5148A |
| A11CR14 | 0122-0282 | 6 | 2 | DIODE-VVC 1 N5147A 39PF 5\% C4/C60-MIN=3.2 | 04713 | 1N5147A |
| A11CR15 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A11CR16 | 1901-0518 | 8 | 1 | DIODE-SM SIG SCHOTTKY | 28480 | 1901-0518 |

$\dagger$ Refer to Section 7 for update information. *Factory Selected Component (Refer to Section 5).

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Oty. | Description | Mir. Code | Mir. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A11L1 | 9100-1629 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 47UH 5\% .168DX.385LG | 28480 | 9100-1629 |
| A11L2 | 9140-0114 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 10UH 10\% .166DX.385LG | 28480 | 9140-0114 |
| A11L3 | 9100-1629 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 47UH 5\% .168DX.365LG | 28480 | 9100-1629 |
| A11L4 | 9100-1629 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 47UH 5\% .166DX.385LG | 28480 | 9100-1629 |
| A11L5 | 9140-0179 | 1 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 22UH 10\% .168DX.385LG | 28480 | 9140-0179 |
| A11L8 | 9140-0179 | 1 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 22UH 10\% .166DX.385LG | 28480 | 9140-0179 |
| A11L7 | 9100-1829 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 47UH 5\% .166DX.385LG | 28480 | 9100-1629 |
| A11L8 | 9100-2815 | 2 |  | INDUCTOR 700NH 10\% .342W ${ }^{\text {P1.328LG } \mathrm{Q}=150}$ | 28480 | 9100-2815 |
| A11L9 | 9140-0179 | 1 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 22UH 10\% .188DX.385LG | 28480 | 9140-0179 |
| A11L10 | 9140-0179 | 1 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 22UH 10\% .166DX.385LG | 28460 | 9140-0179 |
| A11L11 | 9140-0129 | 1 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 220UH 5\% .166DX.385LG | 28480 | 9140-0129 |
| A11L12 | 9100-0388 | 8 | 1 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 330NH 10\% .105DX.28LG | 28480 | 9100-0368 |
| A1101 | 1654-0092 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=200MW FT=600MHZ | 28480 | 1854-0092 |
| A1102 | 1855-0081 | 1 |  | TRANSISTOR J-FET N-CHAN D-MODE SI | 28480 | 1855-0081 |
| A1103 | 1854-0345 | 8 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2 N5179 SI TO-72 PD=200MW | 04713 | 2N5179 |
| Al104 | 1853-0451 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2 N3799 Si TO-18 PD=380MW | 01295 | 2N3799 |
| A1105 | 1853-0451 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2 N3799 SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 01295 | 2N3799 |
| A1106 | 1854-0087 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=360MW FT=75MHZ | 28480 | 1854-0087 |
| A1107 | 1853-0036 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=310MW FT $=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0036 |
| A1108 | 1853-0036 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD $=310 \mathrm{MW} \mathrm{FT}=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0038 |
| A1109 | 1853-0036 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SIPD $=310 \mathrm{MW} \mathrm{FT}=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0038 |
| A11Q10 | 1853-0036 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=310 MW FT $=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0036 |
| A11Q11 | 1853-0038 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=310MW FT= 250 MHZ | 28480 | 1853-0036 |
| A11Q12 | 1853-0036 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD $=310 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0036 |
| Al1Q13 | 1853-0036 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD $=310 \mathrm{MW} \mathrm{FT}=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0036 |
| A11Q14 | 1853-0036 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD $=310 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0036 |
| A11Q15 | 1853-0451 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N3799 SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 01295 | 2N3799 |
| A11Q16 | 1853-0036 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=310MW $\mathrm{FT}=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0038 |
| A11Q17 | 1853-0036 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD $=310 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0038 |
| A11Q18 | 1853-0036 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD $=310 \mathrm{MW} \mathrm{FT}=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0036 |
| A11Q19 | 1853-0036 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD $=310 \mathrm{MW} \mathrm{FT}=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0036 |
| A11@20 | 1853-0038 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD $=310 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28460 | 1853-0038 |
| A11R1 | 0696-0083 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 1.96K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-TO-1961-F |
| A11R2 | 0698-0083 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 1.98K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC= $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1961-F |
| A11R3 | 0698-0083 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 1.98K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1961-F |
| Al1R4 | 0698-0083 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1.98K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1961-F |
| A11R5 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\%.125W F TC $=0+$-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A11R6 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\%.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A11R7 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\%.125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A11R6 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0+$-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A11R9 | 0757-0479 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 392K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 19701 | MF4C1/8-T0-3923-F |
| Al1R10 | 0757-0472 | 5 |  | RESISTOR 200K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-2003-F |
| Al1R11 | 0757-0485 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 100K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-1003-F |
| A11R12 | 0698-3228 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 49.9K 1\% .125W F TC=0 + - 100 | 28480 | 0698-3228 |
| Al1R13 | 0757-0274 | 5 |  | RESISTOR 1.21K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1211-F |
| A11R14 | 0757-0460 | 1 | 1 | RESISTOR 61.9K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-6192-F |
| A11R15 | 2100-1760 | 7 |  | RESISTOR-TRMR 5K 5\% WW SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN | 28480 | 2100-1780 |

$\dagger$ Refer to Section 7 for update information. *Factory Selected Component (Refer to Section 5).

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Qty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A11R16 | 0898-3158 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 14.7K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1472-F |
| A11R17 | 0898-0083 | 8 |  | RESISTOR $1.96 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$. 125 W F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1961-F |
| A11R18 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A11R19 | 2100-1759 | 4 |  | RESISTOR-TRMR $2 \mathrm{~K} 5 \%$ WW SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN | 28480 | 2100-1759 |
| A11R20 | 0757-0439 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 6.81K 1\% .125W F TC=0 + - 100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-6811-F |
| A11R21 | 0757-0200 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 5.62K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-5821-F |
| A11R22 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| AliR23 | 0898-3440 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $1981 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-196R-F |
| A11R24 | 0698-3154 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 4.22K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-4221-F |
| A11R25 | 0698-0083 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 1.98K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1961-F |
| A11R26 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A11R27 | 0757-0458 | 7 | 2 | RESISTOR 51.1K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-5112-F |
| A11R26 | 0757-0461 | 2 | 2 | RESISTOR 68.1K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0 $0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-6612-F |
| A11R29 | 0757-0464 | 5 | 2 | RESISTOR $90.9 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 W$ F TC= $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-9092-F |
| A11R30 | 0757-0487 | 6 | 2 | RESISTOR 121K 1\% .125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-1213-F |
| A11R31 | 0757-0468 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 110K 1\% .125W F TC=0 0 - 100 | 24546 | CT4-1/6-TO-1103-F |
| A11R32 | 0698-3243 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 178K 1\% .125W F TC=0 $0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-1783-F |
| A11R33 | 0696-3243 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 178K 1\% .125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-1783-F |
| A11R34 | 0698-3266 | 5 | 4 | RESISTOR $237 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$.125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-2373-F |
| A11R35 | 0698-3266 | 5 |  | RESISTOR 237K 1\% .125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-2373-F |
| A11R36 | 0696-3459 | 6 | 2 | RESISTOR 383K 1\% .125W F TC=0 + -100 | 28480 | 0698-3459 |
| A11R37 | 0698-3162 | 0 | 2 | RESISTOR 46.4K $1 \% .125$ W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4842-F |
| A11R38 | 0698-3155 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 4.84K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4841-F |
| A11R39 | 2100-2574 | 3 | 2 | RESISTOR-TRMR $50010 \%$ C SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN | 30983 | ET50×501 |
| A11R40 | 0698-3155 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 4.84K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4641-F |
| A11R41 | 0698-0083 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 1.96K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1961-F |
| A11R42 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A11R43 | 0698-3442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR $2371 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-237R-F |
| A11R44 | 0698-3437 | 2 |  | RESISTOR $1331 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-133R-F |
| A11R45 | 0757-0405 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 162 1\%.125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-182R-F |
| A11R46 | 0698-3439 | 4 |  | RESISTOR $1781 \%$. 125 W F TC= $0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-178R-F |
| A11R47 | 0698-3440 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $1981 \%$. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-198R-F |
| A11R48 | 0698-3132 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 261 1\% . 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-2610-F |
| A11R49 | 0898-3443 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 287 1\% .125W F TC= $0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-267R-F |
| A11R50 | 0698-3445 | 2 |  | RESISTOR $3481 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-348R-F |
| A11R51 | 0698-3447 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 422 1\%, 125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-422R-F |
| A11R52 | 0699-0295 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 464 1\% .125W F TC= $=0+100$ | 28460 | 0699-0295 |
| A11R53 | 0757-0317 | 7 | 2 | RESISTOR 1.33K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-1331-F |
| Al1R54 | 2100-2574 | 3 |  | RESISTOR-TRMR $50010 \%$ C SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN | 30983 | ET50×501 |
| A11R55 | 0696-3256 | 5 | 1 | RESISTOR 5.38K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-5361-F |
| A11R56 | 0696-3132 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 261 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-2610-F |
| A11R57 | 0757-0834 | 3 | 2 | RESISTOR 5.62K 1\% .5W F TC=0+-100 | 28480 | 0757-0834 |
| A11R56 | 0696-0083 | 8 |  | RESISTOR $1.96 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-TO-1961-F |
| A11R59 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A11R60 | 2100-2633 | 5 | 3 | RESISTOR-TRMR $1 \mathrm{~K} 10 \%$ C SIDE-ADJ 1 -TRN | 30983 | ET50×102 |
| A11R61 | 0757-0290 | 5 |  | RESISTOR 6.19K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 19701 | MF4C1/6-T0-6191-F |
| A11R62 | 0757-0441 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 6.25K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-6251-F |
| A11R63 | 0698-0083 | 8 |  | RESISTOR $1.98 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$.125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/6-TO-1961-F |
| A11R64 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A11R65 | 0757-0279 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 3.16K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-3161-F |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Qty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mir. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A11R86 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\%.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/6-T0-1002-F |
| A11R67 | 2100-2633 | 5 |  | RESISTOR-TRMR $1 \mathrm{~K} 10 \% \mathrm{C}$ SIDE-ADJ 1 -TRN | 30983 | ET50X102 |
| A11R68 | 0757-0440 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 7.5K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-7501-F |
| A11R89 | 0757-0444 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 12.1K $1 \%$.125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1212-F |
| A11R70 | 0698-0083 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1.96K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~F} \mathrm{TC}=0+100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-TO-1961-F |
| A11R71 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\%.125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A11R72 | 0698-3157 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 19.6K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC=0 + - 100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1962-F |
| A11R73 | 2100-2521 | 0 | 2 | RESISTOR-TRMR 2K 10\% C SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN | 30983 | ET50×202 |
| A11R74 | 0699-0294 | 5 |  | RESISTOR 9.09K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 28480 | 0699-0294 |
| A11R75 | 0698-0083 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 1.96K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1961-F |
| A11R78 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A11R77 | 2100-2521 | 0 |  | RESISTOR-TRMR $2 \mathrm{~K} 10 \%$ C SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN | 30983 | ET50x202 |
| A11R78 | 0757-0444 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 12.1K 1\% .125W F TC=0 + - 100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1212-F |
| A11R79 | 0898-0083 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1.96K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1961-F |
| A11R80 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A11R81 | 0683-8245 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 820K $5 \% .25 \mathrm{~W}$ FC TC=-800/+900 | 01121 | C88245 |
| A11R82 | 0698-3243 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 178K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1783-F |
| A11R83 | 2100-2489 | 9 | 1 | RESISTOR-TRMR 5K 10\% C SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN | 30983 | ET50X502 |
| A11R84 | 0696-3136 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 17.8K $1 \%$.125W F TC=0 + - 100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1782-F |
| A11R85 | 0898-3440 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 196 1\%.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-196R-F |
| A11R66 | 0899-0295 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 464 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 28480 | 0699-0295 |
| A11R87 | 0698-0083 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1.96K $1 \%$.125W F TC=0 + - 100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1961-F |
| A11R88 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A11R89 | 0757-0200 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $5.62 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$.125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-5621-F |
| Al1R90 | 2100-2522 | 1 | 1 | RESISTOR-TRMA 10K 10\% C SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN | 30983 | ET50X103 |
| A11R91 | 0757-0123 | 3 | 1 | RESISTOR 34.8K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 26480 | 0757-0123 |
| A11R92 | 0757-0403 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 121 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-121R-F |
| A11R93 | 0698-3154 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 4.22K 1\% .125W F TC= $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4221-F |
| A11R94 | 0698-3444 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 316 1\% .125W F TC=0 +100 | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-316R-F |
| A11R95 | 0699-0282 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 2.61K 1\% .125W F TC=0 + - 100 | 28460 | 0699-0282 |
| A11R96 | 0757-0402 | 1 | 1 | RESISTOR 110 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-111-F |
| A11R97 | 0699-0294 | 5 |  | RESISTOR 9.09K $1 \%$, 125W F TC=0+-100 | 28480 | 0699-0294 |
| A11R98 | 0699-0282 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 2.61K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 26480 | 0699-0282 |
| A11R99 | 0757-0421 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 825 1\%.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-825R-F |
| A11R100 | 0757-0395 | 1 | 1 | RESISTOR 56.2 1\% .125W F TC= $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-56R2-F |
| A11R101 | 0696-3439 | 4 |  | RESISTOR $1781 \%$, 125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-178R-F |
| A11R102 | 0698-3444 | 1 |  | RESISTOR $3161 \%$. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-316R-F |
| A11R103 | 0698-3438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 147 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-147R-F |
| A11R104 | 0699-0295 | 6 |  | RESISTOR $4641 \%$, 125W F TC=0+-100 | 28480 | 0699-0295 |
| A11R105 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A11R106 | 0698-3441 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 215 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-215R-F |
| A11R107 | 0757-0260 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A11U1 | 1820-0054 | 5 |  | IC GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP | 01295 | SN7400N |
| A11U2 | 1620-0214 | 9 | 1 | IC DCDR TTL BCD-TO-DEC 4-TO-10-LINE | 01295 | SN7442AN |
| A11U3 | 1820-0054 | 5 |  | IC GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP | 01295 | SN7400N |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference | HP Part | $\mathbf{C}$ | Oty. | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Designation | Number | $\mathbf{D}$ |  | Mir. |

A12

| A12 | 08660-60018 | 8 | 1 | BOARD ASSEMBLY, SL2 DETECTOR | 28480 | 08660-60018 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A12C1 | 0160-0174 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . 47 U F + $80-20 \%$ 25VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-0174 |
| A12C2 | 0180-2207 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 100UF+-10\% 10VDC TA | 56289 | 150D107×9010R2 |
| A12C3 | 0180-0174 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .47UF + $60-20 \% 25 V D C$ CER | 28480 | 0180-0174 |
| A12C4 | 0160-0174 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $47 \mathrm{UF}+60-20 \%$ 25VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-0174 |
| A12C5 | 0160-0174 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $47 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 25VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-0174 |
| A12C6 | 0180-0058 | 0 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 50UF+75-10\% 25VDC AL | 56289 | 30D506G025CC2 |
| A12C7 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A12C8 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \% 50 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A12C9 | 0160-0301 | 4 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD .012UF +-10\% 200VDC POLYE | 28480 | 0160-0301 |
| A12C10 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF + $60-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A12C11 | 0180-0301 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .012UF +-10\% 200VDC POLYE | 28480 | 0160-0301 |
| A12C12 | 0160-2281 | 9 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD 15PF +-5\% 500VDC CER 0+-30 | 28480 | 0160-2261 |
| A12C13 | 0160-2281 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 15PF +-5\% 500VDC CER $0+-30$ | 28480 | 0160-2261 |
| A12C14 | 0180-0174 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .47UF + $80-20 \%$ 25VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-0174 |
| A12C15 | 0180-2141 | 6 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 3.3UF+-10\% 50VDC TA | 56289 | 150D335X9050B2 |
| A12C18 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A12C17 | 0180-0058 | 0 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 50UF+75-10\% 25VDC AL | 56289 | 30D506G025CC2 |
| A12C18 | 0180-0299 | 9 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD 1800PF +-10\% 200VDC POLYE | 28480 | 0160-0299 |
| A12C19 | 0180-0939 | 4 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 430PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-0939 |
| A12C20 | 0180-0174 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .47UF + $80-20 \%$ 25VDC CER | 28460 | 0180-0174 |
| A12C21 | 0180-0299 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1800PF +-10\% 200VDC POLYE | 28480 | 0160-0299 |
| A12C22 | 0180-0291 | 3 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF+-10\% 35VDC TA | 58289 | 150D105×9035A2 |
| A12C23 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+60-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A12C24 | 0160-3534 | 1 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 510PF +-5\% 100VDC MICA | 28480 | 0180-3534 |
| A12C25 | 0160-0291 | 3 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF+-10\% 35VDC TA | 58289 | 1500105 ${ }^{\text {P035A2 }}$ |
| A12E1 | 0955-0292 | 7 | 1 | MIXER, DC-600MHZ | 28480 | 0955-0292 |
| A12L1 | 9140-0179 | 1 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 22UH 10\% .166DX.385LG | 28480 | 9140-0179 |
| A12L2 | 9140-0114 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 10UH 10\% .166DX.385LG | 28480 | 9140-0114 |
| A12L3 | 9140-0179 | 1 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 22UH 10\% .166DX.385LG | 28480 | 9140-0179 |
| A12L4 | 9100-1821 | 8 | 1 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 18UH 10\% .166DX.385LG | 28480 | 9100-1821 |
| A12L5 | 9140-0179 | 1 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 22UH 10\% .166DX.365LG | 28460 | 9140-0179 |
| A12L8 | 9140-0179 | 1 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 22UH 10\% .188DX.385LG | 28480 | 9140-0179 |
| A12L7 | 9100-1658 | 9 | 1 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 1.8MH 5\% .23DX.57LG | 28480 | 9100-1658 |
| A1201 | 1853-0015 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=200MW FT $=500 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0015 |
| A1202 | 1854-0092 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD $=200 \mathrm{MW} \mathrm{FT}=600 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0092 |
| A1203 | 1854-0092 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD $=200 \mathrm{MW} \mathrm{FT}=800 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0092 |
| A1204 | 1854-0092 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD $=200 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=800 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0092 |
| A1205 | 1854-0092 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD $=200 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=600 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0092 |
| A1208 | 1854-0092 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=200MW FTT $=800 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0092 |
| A1207 | 1854-0092 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD $=200 \mathrm{MW} \mathrm{FT}=600 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1654-0092 |
| A1208 | 1853-0038 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=310MW FT $=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28460 | 1653-0038 |
| A1209 | 1853-0036 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=310MW FT=250MHZ | 28480 | 1853-0036 |
| A12Q10 | 1853-0038 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SIPD=310MW FT=250MHZ | 28480 | 1853-0036 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Oty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A12011 | 1853-0038 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=310MW FT= 250 MHZ | 28480 | 1853-0036 |
| A12Q12 | 1854-0092 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD $=200 \mathrm{MW} \mathrm{FT}=800 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0092 |
| A12R1 | 0757-0399 | 5 | 2 | RESISTOR 82.5 1\% .125W F TC= $0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-82R5-F |
| A12R2 | 0757-0400 | 9 | 2 | RESISTOR 90.9 1\% .125W F TC=0 +-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-90R9-F |
| A12R3 | 0757-0399 | 5 |  | RESISTOR $82.51 \% .125 W$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-82R5-F |
| A12R4 | 0698-3151 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $2.87 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2871-F |
| A12R5 | 0898-3151 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $2.87 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2871-F |
| A12R6 | 0698-3445 | 2 |  | RESISTOR $3481 \% .125 W$ F TC $=0+$-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-348R-F |
| A12R7 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $5111 \%$. 125 W F TC= $0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A12R8 | 0757-0441 | 8 |  | RESISTOR $8.25 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-8251-F |
| A12R9 | 0757-0279 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 3.16K $1 \%$.125W F TC= $=0+100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-3161-F |
| A12R10 | 0757-0420 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $7501 \% .125 W$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-751-F |
| A12R11 | 0690-3442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 237 1\% .125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-237R-F |
| A12R12 | 0757-0440 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 7.5K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-7501-F |
| A12R13 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 51.1 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-51R1-F |
| A12R15 | 0757-0294 | 9 | 1 | RESISTOR 17.8 1\% .125W F TC=0 + -100 | 19701 | MF4C1/8-T0-17R8-F |
| A12R16 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A12R17 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TC=0 + - 100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A12R18 | 0757-0421 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 825 1\%.125W F TC= $0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-825R-F |
| A12R19 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A12R20 | 0757-0421 | 4 |  | RESISTOR $8251 \% .125 W$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-825R-F |
| A12R21 | 0698-0082 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $4641 \%$.125W F TC $=0+$-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4640-F |
| A12R22 | 0690-0083 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1.96K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1961-F |
| A12R23 | 0698-0083 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1.96K 1\% .125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1961-F |
| A12R24 | 0698-0083 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1.98K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+$-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/6-TO-1961-F |
| A12R25 | 0698-0083 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1.98K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-TO-1961-F |
| A12R26 | 0698-0082 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 464 1\% .125W F TC= $0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4640-F |
| A12R27 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\%.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A12R28 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC= $0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1002-F |
| A12R29 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A12R30 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A12R31 | 0683-3955 | 8 | 1 | RESISTOR 3.9M 5\% .25W FC TC= $-900 /+1100$ | 01121 | - CB3955 |
| A12R32 | 0683-2055 | 7 | 1 | RESISTOR 2M 5\% . 25 W FC TC= $=900 /+1100$ | 01121 | CB2055 |
| A12R33 | 0683-1055 | 5 | 1 | RESISTOR 1M 5\% .25W FC TC=-800/+900 | 01121 | CB1055 |
| A12R34 | 0698-3263 | 2 | 1 | RESISTOR 500K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 26460 | 0698-3263 |
| A12R35 | 0757-0200 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 5.62K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-5621-F |
| A12R36 | 0696-3441 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 215 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-215R-F |
| A12R37 | 2100-2833 | 5 |  | RESISTOR-TRMR $1 \mathrm{~K} 10 \%$ C SIDE-ADJ 1 -TRN | 30983 | ET50x102 |
| A12R38 | 0757-0200 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 5.82K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-5621-F |
| A12R39 | 0696-3150 | 6 |  | RESISTOR $2.37 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-2371-F |
| A12R40 | 0757-0418 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 619 1\% .125W F TC= $0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-619R-F |
| A12R41 | 0698-3155 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 4.84K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-4841-F |
| A12R42 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-1001-F |
| A12R43 | 0757-0421 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 625 1\%.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/B-TO-825R-F |
| A12R44 | 0696-3443 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 267 1\%.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-287R-F |
| A12R45 | 0698-3151 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 2.87K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+$ - 100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2871-F |
| A12R46 | 0698-0064 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 2.15K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2151-F |

$\dagger$ Refer to Section 7 for update information.
*Factory Selected Component (Refer to Section 5).

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Oty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A12R47 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $1 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 W$ F TC= $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A12R48 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A12R.49 | 0698-0082 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $4641 \%$. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4640-F |
| A12R50 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $1001 \% .125 W$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-101-F |
| A12R51 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A12U1 | 1820-0054 | 5 |  | IC GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP | 01295 | SN7400N |
| A12U2 | 1820-0077 | 2 | 1 | IC FF TTL D-TYPE POS-EDGE-TRIG CLEAR | 01295 | SN7474N |
| A12U3 | 1820-0054 | 5 |  | IC GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP | 01295 | SN7400N |
| A12U4 | 1820-0054 | 5 |  | IC GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP | 01295 | SN7400N |
| A12U5 | 1820-0068 | 1 | 1 | IC GATE TTL NAND TPL 3-INP | 01295 | SN7410N |
| A12U6 | 1820-0054 | 5 |  | IC GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP | 01295 | SN7400N |
| A12U7 | 1820-0054 | 5 |  | IC GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP | 01295 | SN7400N |
| A12U8 | 1820-0054 | 5 |  | IC GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP | 01295 | SN7400N |
| A12U9 | 1820-0751 | 9 |  | IC CNTR TTL DECD NEG-EDGE-TRIG PRESET | 01295 | SN74196N |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference | HP Part | $\mathbf{C}$ | Oty. | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Designation | Number | $\mathbf{D}$ |  | Mfr. |

A13

| A13 | 08880-60012 | 0 | 1 | BOARD ASSEMBLY, N2 OSCILLATOR | 28480 | 08880-60012 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A13C1 | 0180-0058 | 0 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 50UF+75-10\% 25VDC AL | 56289 | 300506G025CC2 |
| A13C2 | 0180-0228 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 22UF+-10\% 15VDC TA | 56289 | 150D226x9015B2 |
| A13C3 | 0180-0049 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 20UF+75-10\% 50VDC AL | 56289 | 30D206G050CC2 |
| A13C4 | 0180-2207 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 100UF $+-10 \% 10 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{TA}$ | 56289 | 150D107X9010R2 |
| A13C5 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \% 50 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A13C6 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \% 50 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A13C7 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \% 50 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A13C8 | 0160-3459 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $02 \mathrm{UF}+-20 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 28480 | 0180-3459 |
| A13C10 | 0180-0228 | 6 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 22UF+-10\% 15VDC TA | 56289 | 150D226x9015B2 |
| A13C11 | 0180-0116 | 1 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 6.8UF+-10\% 35VDC TA | 56289 | 150D685×9035B2 |
| A13C12 | 0180-0228 | 6 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 22UF+-10\% 15VDC TA | 56289 | 150D226x9015B2 |
| A13C13 | 0180-2210 | 0 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 2UF+50-10\% 150VDC AL | 56289 | 30D205F150BB2 |
| A13C14 | 0180-0374 | 3 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 10UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | 150D106×9020B2 |
| A13C15 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF $+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A13C18 | 0180-0388 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 3.3PF +-.25PF 500VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-0388 |
| A13C17 | 0160-2204 | 0 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 100PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-2204 |
| A13C18 | 0160-4084 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+-20 \%$ 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4084 |
| A13C19 | 0121-0059 | 7 |  | CAPACITOR-V TRMR-CER 2-BPF 350V PC-MTG | 52763 | 304324 2/8PF NPO |
| A13C21 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF $+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-2055 |
| A13C22 | 0160-0386 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 3.3PF +-.25PF 500VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-0386 |
| A13C23 | 0160-0388 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 3.3PF +-.25PF 500VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-0386 |
| A13C24 | 0180-2055 |  |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A13C25 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF $+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A13C28 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A13C27 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A13C28 | 0180-3459 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .02UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-3459 |
| A13C29 | 0160-0183 | 6 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD .033UF + -10\% 200VDC POLYE | 28480 | 0160-0163 |
| A13CR1 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A13CR3 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A13CR4 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A13CR5 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A13CR6 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A13CR7 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A13CR8 | 0122-0284 | 8 |  | DIODE-VVC 1N5148A 47PF 5\% C4/C60-MIN=3.2 | 04713 | 1N5148A |
| A13CR9 | 0122-0282 | 6 |  | DIODE-VVC 1N5147A 39PF 5\% C4/C60-MIN=3.2 | 04713 | 1N5147A |
| A13CR11 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A13CR12 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A13CR13 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A13CR14 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A13CR15 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A13CR16 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A13L1 | 9100-1829 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 47UH 5\% .166DX.385LG | 28480 | 9100-1629 |
| A13L2 | 9100-1629 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 47UH 5\% .168DX.385LG | 28480 | 9100-1629 |
| A13L3 | 9100-1629 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 47UH 5\% .166DX.385LG | 28480 | 9100-1629 |
| A13L4 | 9100-1629 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 47UH 5\% .168DX.385LG | 28480 | 9100-1629 |
| A13L5 | 9100-2815 | 2 |  | INDUCTOR $700 \mathrm{NH} 10 \% .342 \mathrm{~W} \times 1.328 \mathrm{LG} \mathrm{Q}=150$ | 28480 | 9100-2815 |

$\dagger$ Refer to Section 7 for update information. *Factory Selected Component (Refer to Section 5).

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Qty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A13L6 | 9140-0179 | 1 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 22UH 10\% .188DX.385LG | 28480 | 9140-0179 |
| A13L7 | 9140-0179 | 1 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 22UH 10\% .168DX.385LG | 28480 | 9140-0179 |
| A13L8 | 9100-1674 | 9 | 1 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 7.5MH 5\% .25DX.75LG | 28480 | 9100-1874 |
| A13Q1 | 1854-0092 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=200MW FT $=800 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0092 |
| A13Q2 | 1854-0345 | 8 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2 N5179 SI TO-72 PD=200MW | 04713 | 2N5179 |
| A13Q3 | 1853-0451 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N3799 SI TO-18 PD $=360 \mathrm{MW}$ | 01295 | 2N3799 |
| A1304 | 1854-0087 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD $=360 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=75 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0087 |
| A1305 | 1853-0036 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD $=310 \mathrm{MW} \mathrm{FT}=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0036 |
| A1308 | 1853-0036 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=310MW FT $=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28460 | 1853-0036 |
| A13Q7 | 1853-0036 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD $=310 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28460 | 1853-0038 |
| A1308 | 1853-0036 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=310MW FT $=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0036 |
| A1309 | 1855-0081 | 1 |  | TRANSISTOR J-FET N-CHAN D-MODE SI | 28480 | 1855-0081 |
| A13Q10 | 1854-0087 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD $=360 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=75 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0087 |
| A13Q11 | 1853-0451 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N3799 SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 01295 | 2N3799 |
| A13012 | 1853-0451 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2 N3799 SITO-18 PD=360MW | 01295 | 2N3799 |
| A13Q13 | 1853-0036 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD $=310 \mathrm{MW} \mathrm{FT}=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1653-0036 |
| A13Q14 | 1853-0036 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD $=310 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0036 |
| A13015 | 1853-0038 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD $=310 \mathrm{MW} \mathrm{FT}=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0036 |
| A13Q16 | 1853-0036 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=310MW FT $=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 24480 | 1853-0036 |
| A13R1 | 0757-0428 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 1.62K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1621-F |
| A13R2 | 0757-0428 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 1.62K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/Q-T0-1621-F |
| A13R3 | 0757-0428 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 1.62K 1\%.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1821-F |
| A13R4 | 0757-0426 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 1.62K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+$-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1621-F |
| A13R5 | 0757-0428 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 1.62K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1621-F |
| A13R6 | 0757-0428 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 1.62K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1621-F |
| A13R7 | 0757-0426 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 1.62K 1\%.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1621-F |
| A13R8 | 0757-0426 | 1 |  | RESISTOR $1.82 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1821-F |
| A13R9 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A13R10 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR $10 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A13R11 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\% .125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A13R12 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A13R13 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\% , 125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A13R14 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR $10 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0+$-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A13R15 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\%.125W F TC= $=+$ - 100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A13R16 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC= $0+$ - 100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A13R17 | 0757-0479 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 392K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $=0+-100$ | 19701 | MF4C1/8-T0-3923-F |
| A13R18 | 0757-0472 | 5 |  | RESISTOR 200K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2003-F |
| A13R19 | 0757-0485 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 100K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1003-F |
| A13R20 | 0698-3228 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 49.9K $1 \%$.125W F TC= $=0+-100$ | 28480 | 0698-3228 |
| A13R21 | 0757-0124 | 4 | 1 | RESISTOR 39.2K $1 \% .125 W$ F TC $=0+$ - 100 | 28460 | 0757-0124 |
| A13R22 | 0757-0449 | 6 | 1 | RESISTOR 2OK 1\%.125W F TC= $0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2002-F |
| A13R23 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0+$-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A13R24 | 0698-4002 | 9 |  | RESISTOR $5 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-5001-F |
| A13R25 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR $10 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+$ - 100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A13R26 | 0698-0085 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 2.61K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2811-F |
| A13R27 | 0757-0274 | 5 |  | RESISTOR $1.21 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1211-F |
| A13R26 | 0757-0200 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $5.62 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-5621-F |
| A13R29 | 0757-0199 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $21.5 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2152-F |
| A13R30* | 0757-0439 | 4 |  | RESISTOR $6.81 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-8811-F |
| A13R31 | 0698-3162 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 46.4K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-4842-F |
| A13R32 | 0896-3155 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 4.64K $1 \%$.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4841-F |
| A13R33 | 0898-0085 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 2.61K 1\% .125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-2811-F |
| A13R34 | 0757-0421 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 825 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-825R-F |
| A13R35 | 0698-4037 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $46.41 \%$.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-46R4-F |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Oty. | Description | Mir. Code | Mir. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A13R38* | 0698-3158 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 14.7K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1472-F |
| A13R37 | 2100-1759 | 4 |  | RESISTOR-TRMR $2 \mathrm{~K} 5 \%$ WW SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN | 28480 | 2100-1759 |
| A13R39 | 2100-1780 | 7 |  | RESISTOR-TRMR 5K 5\% WW SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN | 28480 | 2100-1780 |
| A13R40 | 0757-0441 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 8.25K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0+$ - 100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-8251-F |
| A13R41 | 0757-0279 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 3.18K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+$-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-3181-F |
| A13R42 | 0757-0317 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 1.33K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1331-F |
| A13R43 | 0757-0199 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 21.5K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2152-F |
| A13R44 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC= $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A13R45 | 0757-0834 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 5.62K 1\% .5W F TC=0+-100 | 28480 | 0757-0834 |
| A13R46 | 0698-3459 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 383K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+$-100 | 28480 | 0698-3459 |
| A13R47 | 0699-0062 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 484 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CTA-1/8-T0-4640-F |
| A13R48 | 0698-3441 | 8 |  | RESISTOR $2151 \%$. 125 W F TC= $=0+100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-215R-F |
| A13R49 | 0696-3288 | 5 |  | RESISTOR $237 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2373-F |
| A13R50 | 0696-3447 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 422 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-422R-F |
| A13R52 | 0757-0443 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 11K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1102-F |
| A13R53 | 0898-3266 | 5 |  | RESISTOR 237K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-2373-F |
| A13R54 | 0898-3445 | 2 |  | RESISTOR $3481 \%$.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-348R-F |
| A13R55 | 0698-3243 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 178K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1783-F |
| A13R56 | 0690-3443 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 287 1\% . 125 W F TC= $=+$-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-267R-F |
| A13R57 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $1001 \% .125 W$ F TC= $=+100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-101-F |
| A13R58 | 0698-3243 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 178K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+$-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1783-F |
| A13R59 | 0698-3132 | 4 |  | RESISTOR $2611 \% .125 W$ F TC= $=+$-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2610-F |
| A13R80* | 0757-0463 | 4 | 2 | RESISTOR 82.5K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+$-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-8252-F |
| A13R81 | 0698-3440 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $1981 \%$.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-196R-F |
| A13R82 | 0883-8245 | 9 |  | RESISTOR $820 \mathrm{~K} 5 \% .25 \mathrm{~W}$ FC TC $=-800 /+900$ | 01121 | C88245 |
| A13R63 | 0698-3243 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 178K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC= $=0+100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1783-F |
| A13R64 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1002-F |
| A13R65 | 0757-0487 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 121K $1 \%$.125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1213-F |
| A13R66 | 0898-3439 | 4 |  | RESISTOR $1781 \%$. 125 W F TC= $=0+100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-TO-176R-F |
| A13R87 | 0698-3440 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $1981 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-198R-F |
| A13R88 | 0698-0082 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 484 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4640-F |
| A13R89 | 0757-0464 | 5 |  | RESISTOR $90.9 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 W$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-9092-F |
| A13R70 | 0757-0405 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 162 1\% .125W F TC= $=+$-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-162R-F |
| A13R71 | 0757-0481 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 68.1K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-6812-F |
| A13R72 | 0698-3437 | 2 |  | RESISTOR $1331 \% .125 W$ F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-133R-F |
| A13R73 | 0757-0200 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 5.62K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+$ - 100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-5621-F |
| A13R74 | 0898-3154 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 4.22K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4221-F |
| A13R75 | 0698-3445 | 2 |  | RESISTOR $3481 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-346R-F |
| A13R78 | 0757-0403 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 121 1\% . 125 W F TC= $0+$ - 100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-121R-F |
| A13R77 | 0698-3444 | 1 |  | RESISTOR $3161 \%$. 125 W F TC=0 + -100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-318R-F |
| A13R78 | 0757-0458 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 51.1K $1 \%$.125W F TC= $0+-100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-5112-F |
| A13R79 | 0698-3442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR $2371 \% .125 W$ F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-237R-F |
| A13R80 | 0898-3132 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 281 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-2810-F |
| A13R61* | 0898-3442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR $2371 \% .125 W$ F TC=0+100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-237R-F |
| A13R82 | 0757-0400 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 90.9 1\% . 125 W F TC= $0+100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-90R9-F |
| A13R63 | 0696-3438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 147 1\% . 125 W F TC= $0+100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-147R-F |
| A13R84 | 0898-3441 | 8 |  | RESISTOR $2151 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-215R-F |
| A13R85 | 0698-3441 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 215 1\%.125W F TC= $0+-100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-215R-F |
| A13U1 | 1820-0054 | 5 |  | IC GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP | 01295 | SN7400N |
| A13U2 | 1820-0054 | 5 |  | IC GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP | 01295 | SN7400N |
| A13U3 | 1820-0054 | 5 |  | IC GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP | 01295 | SN7400N |

$\dagger$ Refer to Section 7 for update information.
*Factory Selected Component (Refer to Section 5).

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference | HP Part | C |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Designation | Number | D | Description | Mfr. <br> Code |


| A14 | 08880-80011 | 9 | 1 | BOARD ASSEMBLY, N2 PHASE DETECTOR | 28480 | 08880-60011 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A14C1 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+\mathbf{8 0 - 2 0 \%}$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A14C2 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A14C3 | 0180-0058 | 0 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 50UF+75-10\% 25VDC AL | 56289 | 30D506G025CC2 |
| A14C4 | 0180-2206 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 80UF+-10\% 8VDC TA | 58289 | 150D606X9006B2 |
| A14C5 | 0180-0228 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 22UF+-10\% 15VDC TA | 58289 | 150D228×9015B2 |
| A14C6 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A14C7 | 0180-0229 | 7 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 33UF+-10\% 10VDC TA | 58289 | 150D336X9010B2 |
| A14C8 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+\mathbf{8 0 - 2 0 \% ~ 5 0 V D C ~ C E R ~}$ | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A14C9 | 0180-0157 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 4700PF + -10\% 200VDC POLYE | 28480 | 0180-0157 |
| A14C10 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-2055 |
| A14C11 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +80-20\% 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A14C12 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +80-20\% 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A14C13 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A14C14 | 0140-0172 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 3000PF $+-1 \%$ 100VDC MICA | 72138 | DM19F302F0100WV1CR |
| A14C15 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A14C16 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A14C17 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \% 50 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A14C18 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \% 50 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A14C19 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28460 | 0180-2055 |
| A14C20 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{CER}$ | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A14C21 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-2055 |
| A14C22 | 0160-3539 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 820PF +-5\% 100VDC MICA | 28480 | 0180-3539 |
| A14C23 | 0180-2453 | 1 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $22 \mathrm{UF}+\mathbf{1 0 \%} 80 \mathrm{VOC}$ POLYE | 28480 | 0180-2453 |
| A14C24 | 0170-0040 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $047 \mathrm{UF}+\mathrm{t} \mathbf{1 0 \%}$ 200VDC POLYE | 58289 | $292 P 47392$ |
| A14C25 | 0180-0229 | 7 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD $33 \mathrm{UF}+-10 \%$ 10VDC TA | 58289 | 1500338×901082 |
| A14C26 | 0180-0374 | 3 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 10UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 58289 | 1500106×9020B2 |
| A14CR1 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A14CR2 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A14CR3 | 1901-0179 | 7 | 2 | DIODE-SCHOTTKY 12V 100PS | 28480 | 1901-0179 |
| A14CR4 | 1901-0179 | 7 | 2 | DIODE-SCHOTTKY 12V 100PS | 28480 | 1901-0179 |
| A14L1 | 9100-1829 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 47UH 5\% .186DX.385LG | 28480 | 9100-1829 |
| A14L2 | 9140-0114 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 10UH 10\% .166DX.385LG | 28480 | 9140-0114 |
| A14L3 | 9100-1829 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 47UH 5\% ,168DX.385LG | 28480 | 9100-1829 |
| A14L4 | 9140-0179 | 1 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 22UH 10\% .166DX.385LG | 28480 | 9140-0179 |
| A14L5 | 9140-0114 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 10UH 10\% .166DX.385LG | 28480 | 9140-0114 |
| A14L6 | 9100-1814 | 7 | 1 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 820NH 10\% | 28480 | 9100-1614 |
| A14L7 | 9100-1650 | 1 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 680UH 5\% .2DX.45LG | 28480 | 9100-1650 |
| A14L8 | 9100-1852 | 3 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 820UH 5\% .2DX.45LG | 28480 | 9100-1852 |
| A14Q1 | 1853-0034 | 0 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 28480 | 1853-0034 |
| A1402 | 1853-0034 | 0 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 28480 | 1853-0034 |
| A1403 | 1853-0034 | 0 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 28480 | 1853-0034 |
| A1404 | 1855-0049 | 1 |  | TRANSISTOR-JFET DUAL N-CHAN D-MODE SI | 28480 | 1855-0049 |
| A1405 | 1854-0045 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-18 PD=500MW | 28480 | 1854-0045 |
| A1406 | 1853-0459 | 3 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=625MW FT=200MHZ | 28480 | 1853-0459 |
| A1407 | 1854-0092 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD $=200 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=800 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0092 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Qty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A14R1 | 0757-0289 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 13.3K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 19701 | MF4C-1/8-T0-1332-F |
| A14R2 | 0698-0082 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $4641 \%$.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4640-F |
| A14R3 | 0757-0439 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 6.61K 1\%.125W F TC $=0+$-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-6811-F |
| A14R4 | 0698-0085 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 2.61K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+$-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2611-F |
| A14R5 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 511 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A14R6 | 0757-0418 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 511 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A14R7 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A14R8 | 0698-3446 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $3831 \% .125 W$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-383R-F |
| A14R9 | 0757-0424 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 1.1K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1101-F |
| A14R10 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A14R11 | 0757-0424 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 1.1K 1\% .125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1101-F |
| A14R12 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 511 1\% .125W F TC= $0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A14R13 | 0698-3450 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 42.2K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+$-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4222-F |
| A14R14 | 0757-0447 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 16.2K 1\% . 125 W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1622-F |
| A14R15 | 0698-3430 | 5 |  | RESISTOR $21.51 \% .125 W$ F TC= $0+-100$ | 03888 | PME55-1/8-T0-21R5-F |
| A14R16 | 0757-0424 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 1.1K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1101-F |
| A14R17 | 0757-0421 | 4 |  | RESISTOR $8251 \%$. 125 W F TC= $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-825R-F |
| A14R16 | 0698-3447 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 422 1\% .125W F TC=0 +100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-422R-F |
| A14R19 | 0757-0279 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 3.16K 1\% .125W F TC=0 + - 100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-3161-F |
| A14R20 | 0757-0279 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 3.16K 1\% , 125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-3161-F |
| A14R21 | 0757-0279 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 3.16K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-3161-F |
| A14R22 | 0698-3155 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 4.64K 1\%.125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4641-F |
| A14R23 | 0757-0290 | 5 |  | RESISTOR 6.19K 1\% .125W F TC=0 + -100 | 19701 | MF4C1/8-T0-6191-F |
| A14R24 | 0698-3150 | 6 |  | RESISTOR $2.37 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$. 125 W F TC=0 + - 100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2371-F |
| A14R25 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $51.11 \% .125 W$ F TC= $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-51R1-F |
| A14R26 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $51.11 \% .125 W$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-51R1-F |
| A14R27 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 511 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A14R28 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A14R29 | 0757-0200 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 5.62K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-5621-F |
| A14R30 | 0757-0424 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 1.1K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1101-F |
| A14R31 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 5.11K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-5111-F |
| A14R32 | 0757-0444 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 12.1K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1212-F |
| A14R33 | 0757-0444 | 1 |  | RESISTOR $12.1 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$, 125W F TC=0 + - 100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1212-F |
| A14R34 | 0757-0424 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 1.1K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1101-F |
| A14R35 | 0757-1094 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 1.47K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1471-F |
| A14R36 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 511 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-511R-F |
| A14T1 | 08860-80001 | 9 |  | TRANSFORMER, SAMPLER | 26480 | 08660-80001 |
| A14U1 | 1620-1213 | 0 |  | IC FF TTL LS J-K NEG-EDGE-TRIG PRESET | 01295 | SN74LSIT3AN |
| A14U2 | 1620-1203 | 8 |  | IC GATE TTL LS AND TPL 3-INP | 01295 | SN74LS11N |
| A14U3 | 1820-0469 | 6 |  | IC FF TTL H J-K NEG-EDGE-TRIG | 01295 | SN74H102N |
| A14U4 | 1820-1213 | 0 |  | IC FF TTL LS J-K NEG-EDGE-TRIG PRESET | 01295 | SN74LS113AN |
| A14U5 | 1620-0751 | 9 |  | IC CNTR TTL DECD NEG-EDGE-TRIG PRESET | 01295 | SN74196N |
| A14U6 | 1620-0751 | 9 |  | IC CNTR TTL DECD NEG-EDGE-TRIG PRESET | 01295 | SN74196N |
| A14U7 | 1620-0751 | 9 |  | IC CNTR TTL DECD NEG-EDGE-TRIG PRESET | 01295 | SN74196N |
| A14U8 | 1620-0054 | 5 |  | IC GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP | 01295 | SN7400N |

$\dagger$ Refer to Section 7 for update information.
*Factory Selected Component (Refer to Section 5).

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference | HP Part | $\mathbf{C}$ | Oty. | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Designation | Number | D |  | Mfr. |

A15

| A15 | 08660-60018 | 4 | 1 | BOARD ASSEMBLY, SLI DETECTOR | 28480 | 08660-60016 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A15C1 | 0160-2055 | 9 | 51 | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A15C2 | 0150-0121 | 5 | 18 | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \% 50 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A15C3 | 0160-0174 | 9 | 5 | CAPACITOR-FXD . $47 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 25VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-0174 |
| A15C4 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A15C5 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+\mathbf{8 0 - 2 0 \%} \mathbf{1 0 0 V D C ~ C E R ~}$ | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A15C8 | 0180-3456 | 6 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-10\% 1 KVDC CER | 28480 | 0160-3458 |
| A15C7 | 0180-0058 | 0 | 5 | CAPACITOR-FXD 50UF+75-10\% 25VDC AL | 56289 | 30D508G025CC2 |
| A15C8 | 0180-2207 | 5 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD 100UF+-10\% 10VDC TA | 56289 | 150D107X9010R2 |
| A15C9 | 0180-0058 | 0 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 50UF+75-10\% 25VDC AL | 56269 | 30D506G025CC2 |
| A15C10 | 0160-2281 | 9 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD 15PF +-5\% 500VDC CER $0+$ +30 | 28480 | 0160-2281 |
| A15C11 | 0160-2261 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 15PF +-5\% 500VDC CER 0+30 | 28480 | 0160-2261 |
| A15C12 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+\mathbf{8 0 - 2 0 \%} \mathbf{1 0 0 V D C ~ C E R ~}$ | 28460 | 0160-2055 |
| A15C13 | 0160-2204 | 0 | 4 | CAPACITOR-FXD 100PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-2204 |
| A15C14 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A15C15 | 0160-0298 | 6 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD 1500PF $+\mathbf{- 1 0 \%}$ 200VDC POLYE | 28480 | 0160-0298 |
| A15C16 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A15C17 | 0160-0298 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1500PF +-10\% 200VDC POLYE | 28480 | 0160-0298 |
| A15C18 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \% 50 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A15C19 | 0180-0291 | 3 | 3 | CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF+-10\% 35VDC TA | 56289 | 1500105×9035A2 |
| A15C20 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-2055 |
| A15C21 | 0160-2206 | 4 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 330PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-2208 |
| A15C22 | 0160-0174 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .47UF +80-20\% 25VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-0174 |
| A15L1 | 9140-0179 | 1 | 11 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 22UH 10\% .166DX.385LG | 28460 | 9140-0179 |
| A15L2 | 9140-0179 | 1 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 22UH 10\% .188DX. 385 LG | 28460 | 9140-0179 |
| A15L3 | 9140-0114 | 4 | 3 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 10UH 10\% .166DX.385LG | 28480 | 9140-0114 |
| A15L4 | 9140-0179 | 1 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 22UH 10\% .168DX.385LG | 28460 | 9140-0179 |
| A15L6 | 9140-0179 | 1 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 22 UH 10\% .168DX.385LG | 28480 | 9140-0179 |
| A15L7 | 9100-1659 | 0 | 1 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 1.8MH 5\% .23DX.57LG | 28480 | 9100-1659 |
| A15-8 | 9140-0179 | 1 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 22UH 10\% .188DX.385LG | 28480 | 9140-0179 |
| A1501 | 1854-0092 | 2 | 20 | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=200MW FT $=600 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0092 |
| A1502 | 1853-0015 | 7 | 2 | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD $=200 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=500 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28460 | 1853-0015 |
| A1503 | 1854-0092 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=200MW FT $=600 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28460 | 1854-0092 |
| A1504 | 1854-0092 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD $=200 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=600 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28460 | 1854-0092 |
| A1505 | 1854-0092 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD $=200 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=600 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0092 |
| A1506 | 1854-0092 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD $=200 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=600 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0092 |
| A15R1 | 0698-3156 | 2 | 4 | RESISTOR 14.7K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1472-F |
| A15R2 | 0898-0082 | 7 | 15 | RESISTOR 464 1\% .125W F TC $=0+$-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-4840-F |
| A15R3 | 0757-0379 | 1 | 1 | RESISTOR 12.1 1\% .125W F TC=0 + -100 | 19701 | MF4C1/8-T0-12R1-F |
| A15R5 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A15R6 | 0757-0260 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A15R7 | 0757-0421 | 4 | 5 | RESISTOR 825 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-825R-F |
| A15R8 | 0757-0421 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 825 1\% . 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-625R-F |
| A15R9 | 0698-0082 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 484 1\%.125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4840-F |
| A15R10 | 0698-0082 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 484 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4840-F |
| A15R11 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |

$\dagger$ Refer to Section 7 for update information.
*Factory Selected Component (Refer to Section 5).

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Oty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A15R12 | 0757-0200 | 7 | 12 | RESISTOR 5.62K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-5621-F |
| A15R13 | 0898-3441 | 8 | 6 | RESISTOR 215 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-215R-F |
| A15R14 | 2100-2633 | 5 | 3 | RESISTOR-TRMR 1K 10\% C SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN | 30983 | ET50×102 |
| A15R15 | 0757-0200 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 5.62K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-5821-F |
| A15R16 | 0696-3150 | 8 | 1 | RESISTOR $2.37 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-2371-F |
| A15R17 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A15R16 | 0898-3155 | 1 | 6 | RESISTOR 4.64K 1\% .125W F TC=0 +100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4641-F |
| A15R19 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $1 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A15R20 | 0757-0424 | 7 | 4 | RESISTOR 1.1K 1\% .125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1101-F |
| A15R21 | 0757-0417 | 6 | 1 | RESISTOR 562 1\% . 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-582R-F |
| A15R22 | 0698-3151 | 7 | 3 | RESISTOR 2.87K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-2871-F |
| A15R23 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A15R24 | 0698-0064 | 9 | 3 | RESISTOR 2.15K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+$-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-2151-F |
| A15R25 | 0757-0401 | 0 | 10 | RESISTOR $1001 \% .125 W$ F TC= $0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-101-F |
| A15R26 | 0698-7236 | 7 | 1 | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .05W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | СТ3-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A15R27 | 0757-0416 | 7 | 5 | RESISTOR 511 1\%.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A15U1 | 1820-0054 | 5 | 10 | IC GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP | 01295 | SN7400N |
| A15U2 | 1820-0077 | 2 | 1 | IC FF TTL D-TYPE POS-EDGE-TRIG CLEAR | 01295 | SN7474N |
| A15U3 | 1820-0054 | 5 |  | IC GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP | 01295 | SN7400N |
| A15U4 | 1820-0054 | 5 |  | IC GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP | 01295 | SN7400N |
| A15U5 | 1820-0751 | 9 | 4 | IC CNTR TTL DECD NEG-EDGE-TRIG PRESET | 01295 | SN74196N |
| A15U6 | 1820-0751 | 9 |  | IC CNTR TTL DECD NEG-EDGE-TRIG PRESET | 01295 | SN74196N |
| A15U7 | 1820-0068 | 1 | 1 | IC GATE TTL NAND TPL 3-INP | 01295 | SN7410N |
| A15U8 | 1820-0054 | 5 |  | IC GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP | 01295 | SN7400N |
| A15U9 | 1820-0054 | 5 |  | IC GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP | 01295 | SN7400N |
| A15U10 | 1820-0054 | 5 |  | IC Gate Ttl nand quad 2-INP | 01295 | SN7400N |

$\dagger$ Refer to Section 7 for update information.

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Oty. | Description | Mif. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A16 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A16 | 08660-60009 | 5 | 1 | BOARD ASSEMBLY, N1 PHASE DETECTOR | 28480 | 08860-80009 |
| A16C1 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+60-20 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A16C2 | 0180-0058 | 0 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 50UF+75-10\% 25VDC AL | 56289 | 300506G025CC2 |
| A16C3 | 0180-2206 | 4 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 80UF+-10\% 6VDC TA | 56269 | 150D606X9006B2 |
| A16C4 | 0180-0228 | 6 | 5 | CAPACITOR-FXD 22UF+-10\% 15VDC TA | 56269 | 1500226X9015B2 |
| A16C5 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+\mathbf{6 0 - 2 0 \% ~ 5 0 V D C ~ C E R ~}$ | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A16C6 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A16C7 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \% 50 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A16C8 | 0160-0297 | 7 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 1200PF +-10\% 200VDC POLYE | 28480 | 0160-0297 |
| A16C9 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{CER}$ | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A16C10 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+60-20 \% 50 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{CER}$ | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A16C11 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+\mathbf{8 0 - 2 0 \% ~ 5 0 V D C ~ C E R ~}$ | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A16C12 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 100VOC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A16C13 | 0160-0937 | 2 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-2\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-0937 |
| A16C14 | 0160-3459 | 9 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD .02UF + -20\% 100VDC CER | 28460 | 0160-3459 |
| A16C15 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+60-20 \% 50 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A16C16 | 0160-0197 | 6 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 2.2UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | 150D225X9020A2 |
| A16C17 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A16C16 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+60-20 \% 50 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A16C19 | 0180-0226 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 22UF+-10\% 15VDC TA | 56269 | 1500226×901582 |
| A16C20 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+\mathbf{6 0 - 2 0 \%} 100 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A16C21 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A16C22 | 0160-3539 | 6 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 620PF $+-5 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{MICA}$ | 28480 | 0160-3539 |
| A16C23 | 0160-1746 | 5 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 15UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | 150D156X9020B2 |
| A16C24 | 0180-0229 | 7 | 6 | CAPACITOR-FXD 33UF+-10\% 10VDC TA | 56289 | 1500336×901082 |
| A16C25 | 0160-3459 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .02UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-3459 |
| A16C28 | 0160-0229 | 7 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 33UF+-10\% 10VDC TA | 56289 | 150D336x901082 |
| A16C27 | 0160-0134 | 1 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD 220PF $+-5 \% 300 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{MICA}$ | 28460 | 0160-0134 |
| A16C28 | 0160-2307 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 47PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-2307 |
| A16C29 | 0160-0302 | 5 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD .018UF +-10\% 200VDC POLYE | 28480 | 0160-0302 |
| A16C30 | 0160-0945 | 2 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD 910PF +-5\% 100VDC MICA | 28480 | 0180-0945 |
| A16C31 | 0140-0200 | 0 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 390PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 72138 | DM15F391J0300WV1CR |
| A16CR1 | 1902-3104 | 6 | 1 | DIODE-ZNR 5.62V 5\% DO-35 PD=.4W | 28460 | 1902-3104 |
| A16CR2 | 1901-0040 | 1 | 34 | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A16CR3 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A16CR4 | 1901-0179 | 7 | 2 | DIODE-SWITCHING 15V 50MA 750PS DO-7 | 28480 | 1901-0179 |
| A16CR5 | 1901-0179 | 7 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 15V 50MA 750PS DO-7 | 28480 | 1901-0179 |
| A16CR6 | 1902-0025 | 4 | 1 | DIODE-ZNR 10V 5\% DO-35 PD=.4W TC=+.06\% | 28460 | 1902-0025 |
| A16L1 | 9100-1829 | 4 | 10 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 47UH 5\% .166DX.385LG | 28480 | 9100-1629 |
| A16L2 | 9140-0114 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 10UH 10\% .188DX.385LG | 28480 | 9140-0114 |
| A16L3 | 9100-1829 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 47UH 5\% .168DX.385LG | 28480 | 9100-1629 |
| A16L4 | 9100-1614 | 7 | 1 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 620NH 10\% | 28480 | 9100-1614 |
| A16L5 | 08660-80017 | 7 | 2 | INDUCTOR ASSEMBLY | 28460 | 08660-80017 |
| A16LB | 06660-80018 | 8 |  | INDUCTOR ASSEMBLY | 28460 | 08660-80017 |

$\dagger$ Refer to Section 7 for update information.
${ }^{*}$ Factory Selected Component (Refer to Section 5).

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Qty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mifr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1601 | 1853-0034 | 0 | 2 | TRANSISTOR PNP SI TO-18 PD=380MW | 28480 | 1853-0034 |
| A1602 | 1853-0034 | 0 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 28480 | 1853-0034 |
| A1603 | 1855-0597 | 4 | 1 | TRANSISTOR J-FET P-CHAN D-MODE TO-92 SI | 28480 | 1855-0597 |
| A1804 | 1854-0092 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD $=200 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=600 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0092 |
| A1605 | 1853-0459 | 3 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=625MW FT=200MHZ | 28480 | 1853-0459 |
| A1606 | 1854-0045 | 5 | 1 | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-18 PD=500MW | 28480 | 1854-0045 |
| A16R1 | 0698-3155 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 4.64K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4641-F |
| A16R2* | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A18R3 | 0698-3155 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 4.64K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0+$ - 100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-4641-F |
| A16R4 | 0696-0062 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 464 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/6-T0-4640-F |
| A16R5 | 0757-1092 | 7 | 1 | RESISTOR $2671 \% .5 W$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 28480 | 0757-1092 |
| A16R6 | 0757-0289 | 2 | 3 | RESISTOR 13.3K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 19701 | MF4C1/6-T0-1332-F |
| A16R7 | 0757-0439 | 4 | 2 | RESISTOR $6.81 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$, 125W F TC $=0+$ +100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-6811-F |
| Al6R8 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 511 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A18R9 | 0757-0420 | 3 | 4 | RESISTOR 750 1\% .125W F TC= $=+$-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-751-F |
| A16R10 | 0698-0085 | 0 | 5 | RESISTOR $2.81 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+\mathbf{1 0 0}$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2611-F |
| A16R11 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $5111 \%$.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-511R-F |
| A16R 12 | 0757-0442 | 9 | 41 | RESISTOR 10K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A16R13 | 0698-3446 | 3 | 2 | RESISTOR $3831 \%$. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-383R-F |
| A16R14 | 0757-0424 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 1.1K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1 101-F |
| A16R15 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A16R16 | 0757-0424 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 1.1K 1\%.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1101-F |
| A18R17 | 0757-0418 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $5111 \%$. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A16R18 | 0698-3450 | 9 | 2 | RESISTOR 42.2K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4222-F |
| A16R19 | 0757-0447 | 4 | 1 | RESISTOR $16.2 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1822-F |
| A18R20 | 0698-3430 | 5 | 1 | RESISTOR $21.51 \% .125 W$ F TC= $=0+-100$ | 03888 | PME55-1/8-T0-21R5-F |
| A16R21 | 0757-0424 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 1.1K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1101-F |
| A18R22 | 0757-0421 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 825 1\% .125W F TC= $0+-100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-825R-F |
| A16R23 | 0698-3447 | 4 | 5 | RESISTOR 422 1\% .125W F TC=0 +100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-422R-F |
| A16R24 | 0757-0279 | 0 | 8 | RESISTOR 3.16K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-3161-F |
| A16R25 | 0696-3153 | 9 | 3 | RESISTOR 3.83K $1 \% .125 W$ F TC $=0+$ - 100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-3831-F |
| A16R26 | 0757-0279 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 3.16K $1 \% .125 W$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-3161-F |
| A16R27 | 0757-0279 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 3.16K 1\% .125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-3161-F |
| A16R28 | 0698-0084 | 9 |  | RESISTOR $2.15 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$.125W F TC=0 +-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2151-F |
| A16R29 | 0757-0200 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 5.62K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-5621-F |
| A16R30 | 0757-0394 | 0 | 4 | RESISTOR 51.1 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-51R1-F |
| A16R31 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 51.1 1\% . 125 W F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-51R1-F |
| A16R32 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $1 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A16R33 | 0698-3162 | 0 | 3 | RESISTOR 46.4K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-4642-F |
| A16R34 | 0698-3450 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 42.2K 1\% .125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-4222-F |
| A16R35 | 0757-0420 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $7501 \% .125 W$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-751-F |
| A16R36 | 0698-3156 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 14.7K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1472-F |
| A16R37 | 0757-0289 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 13.3K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 19701 | MF4C1/8-T0-1332-F |
| A16R38 | 2100-1760 | 7 | 3 | RESISTOR-TRMR 5K 5\% WW SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN | 28480 | 2100-1760 |
| A16R39 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\%.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A16R40 | 0757-0274 | 5 | 3 | RESISTOR 1.21K $1 \%$.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1211-F |
| A16R41 | 0898-3156 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 14.7K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1472-F |
| A16R42 | 0757-1094 | 9 | 1 | RESISTOR 1.47K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-1471-F |
| A16R43 | 0698-3158 | 4 | 1 | RESISTOR $23.7 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$, 125W F TC= $=0+$ - 100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2372-F |
| A16R44 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 51.1 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-51R1-F |
| A16R45 | 0757-0420 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 750 1\%.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-751-F |

$\dagger$ Refer to Section 7 for update information.
*Factory Selected Component (Refer to Section 5).

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Qty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A16R46 | 0757-0440 | 7 | 2 | RESISTOR 7.5K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-7501-F |
| A16R47 | 0757-0441 | 6 | 4 | RESISTOR 8.25K $1 \%$.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-8251-F |
| A16T1 | 08860-80001 | 9 | 1 | TRANSFORMER. SAMPLER | 28480 | 08660-80001 |
| A18TP1 | 1251-0800 | 0 | 6 | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-IN-BSC-SZ SO | 28480 | 1251-0600 |
| A16TP2 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-1N-BSC-S2 SQ | 28480 | 1251-0600 |
| A16TP3 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-IN-BSC-SZ SO | 28480 | 1251-0600 |
| A16TP4 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-1N-BSC-SZ SQ | 28480 | 1251-0800 |
| A16TP5 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-IN-BSC-SZ SQ | 28480 | 1251-0600 |
| A18TP6 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-IN-BSC-SZ SQ | 28480 | 1251-0800 |
| A18TP7 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-IN-BSC-SZ SQ | 28480 | 1251-0800 |
| A18TP8 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-IN-BSC-SZ SQ | 28480 | 1251-0600 |
| A16U1 | 1820-0056 | 9 | 1 | IC OP AMP GP TO-99 PKG | 24046 | TOA 2709V |
| A16U2 | 1820-1213 | 0 |  | IC FF TTL LS J-K NEG-EDGE-TRIG PRESET | 01295 | SN74LS113AN |
| A16U3 | 1620-1213 | 0 |  | IC FF TTL LS J-K NEG-EDGE-TRIG PRESET | 01295 | SN74LS113AN |
| A16U4 | 1620-0469 | 8 | 1 | IC FF TTL H J-K NEG-EDGE-TRIG | 01295 | SN74H102N |
| A16U5 | 1820-0751 | 9 |  | IC CNTR TTL DECD NEG-EDGE-TRIG PRESET | 01295 | SN74196N |
| A16U6 | 1820-0751 | 9 |  | IC CNTR TTL DECD NEG-EDGE-TRIG PRESET | 01295 | SN74196N |
| A16U7 | 1820-1203 | 8 | 2 | IC GATE TTL LS AND TPL 3-INP | 01295 | SN74LS11N |

## A16 MISCELLANEOUS

A18MP1
08880-20155 8
INDUCTOR SHIELD
28480
08660-20155

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference | HP Part | C | Qty. | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Designation | Number | D |  | Mfr. |

A17

| A17 | 08660-80010 | 8 | 1 | BOARD ASSY, N1 OSCILLATOR | 28480 | 08660-60010 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A17C1 | 40180-0058 | 2 | 1 |  | 28480 | 40180-0058 |
| A17C2 | 0180-2215 | 5 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 170UF+75-10\% 15VDC AL | 56289 | 30D177G015DD2 |
| A17C3 | 0180-0049 | 9 | 4 | CAPACITOR-FXD 20UF+75-10\% 50VDC AL | 58289 | 30D206G050CC2 |
| A17C4 | 0180-1704 | 5 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD 47UF+-10\% BVDC TA | 58289 | 150D478x9006B2 |
| A17C5 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \% 50 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A17C8 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+\mathbf{8 0 - 2 0 \%} 50 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A17C7 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A17C8 | 0180-0229 | 7 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 33UF+-10\% 10VDC TA | 58289 | 1500338x9010B2 |
| A17C9 | 0180-0228 | 6 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 22UF+-10\% 15VDC TA | 56289 | 150D228×9015B2 |
| A17C10 | 0180-0229 | 7 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 33UF+-10\% 10VDC TA | 56289 | 150D336x9010B2 |
| A17C11 | 0180-0183 | 2 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD 10UF+75-10\% 50VDC AL | 58289 | 30D108G050CB2 |
| A17C12 | 0180-0374 | 3 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 10UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 56269 | 150D106×9020B2 |
| A17C13 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+60-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A17C14 | 0180-3047 | 1 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 3280PF +-1\% 100VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-3047 |
| A17C15 | 0160-0368 | 5 | 6 | CAPACITOR-FXD 3.3PF +-.25PF 500VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-0386 |
| A17C16 | 0180-3879 | 7 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-3879 |
| A17C17 | 0121-0059 | 7 | 2 | CAPACITOR-V TRMR-CER 2-8PF 350V PC-MTG | 52763 | 304324 2/8PF NPO |
| A17C18 | 0160-2204 | 0 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 100PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-2204 |
| A17C19 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A17C20 | 0180-0301 | 4 | 3 | CAPACITOR-FXD .012UF +-10\% 200VDC POLYE | 28480 | 0180-0301 |
| A17C21 | 0160-3092 | 6 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 1600PF +-1\% 100VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-3092 |
| A17C23 | 0160-0388 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 3.3PF +-.25PF 500VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-0388 |
| A17C24 | 0160-0388 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 3.3PF +-.25PF 500VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-0388 |
| A17C25 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A17C26 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +60-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A17C27 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A17C26 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A17C29 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+\mathbf{6 0 - 2 0 \%}$ 100VDC CER | 28460 | 0160-2055 |
| A17C30 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF + $60-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A17C31 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A17C32 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A17C33 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \% 50 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A17C34 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF $+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A17C35 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A17C36 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +60-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A17C37 | 0180-0162 | 5 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD .022UF +-10\% 200VDC POLYE | 28480 | 0160-0162 |
| A17C38 | 0140-0210 | 2 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 270PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 72138 | DM15F271J0300WV1CR |
| A17C39 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A17CR1 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A17CR2 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A17CR3 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A17CR4 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A17CR5 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |

$\dagger$ Refer to Section 7 for update information.
*Factory Selected Component (Refer to Section 5).

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Qty. | Description | M1r. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A17CR8 | 0122-0264 | 8 | 2 | DIODE-VVC 1N5148A 47PF 5\% C4/C60-MIN=3.2 | 04713 | 1N5148A |
| A17CR7 | 0122-0282 | 6 | 2 | DIODE-WC 1N5147A 39PF 5\% C4/C60-MIN=3.2 | 04713 | 1N5147A |
| A17CR8 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 3OV 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A17CR9 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 3OV 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A17CR10 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 3OV 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A17CR11 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 3OV 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A17CR12 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 3OV 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A17CR13 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 3OV 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A17CR14 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 3OV 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A17CR15 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A17CR18 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 3OV 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A17CR17 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 3OV 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A17L1 | 9100-1829 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 47UH 5\% .188DX.385LG | 28480 | 9100-1829 |
| A17L2 | 9100-2582 | 8 | 2 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 100UH 10\% | 28480 | 9100-2582 |
| A17L3 | 9100-1829 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 47UH 5\% ,166Dx.385LG | 28480 | 9100-1829 |
| A17L4 | 9100-1829 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 47UH 5\% .188DX.385LG | 28480 | 9100-1829 |
| A17L5 | 9140-0179 | 1 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 22UH 10\% .168DX 3885 | 28480 | 9140-0179 |
| A17L8 | 9100-2815 | 2 | 2 | INDUCTOR 700NH 10\% .342W×1.328LG $\mathrm{O}=150$ | 28480 | 9100-2815 |
| A17L7 | 9100-1852 | 3 | 1 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 820UH 5\% .2DX.45LG | 28480 | 9100-1852 |
| A17L8 | 9100-2588 | 0 | 1 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 270UH 10\% | 26480 | 9100-2566 |
| A17L9 | 9100-2588 | 2 | 1 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 390UH 10\% | 26480 | 9100-2568 |
| A1701 | 1854-0092 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=200MW FT $=600 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0092 |
| A1702 | 1853-0451 | 5 | 8 | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N3799 SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 01295 | 2N3799 |
| A1703 | 1854-0345 | 8 | 2 | TRANSISTOR NPN 2N5179 SI TO-72 PD=200MW | 04713 | 2N5179 |
| A1704 | 1853-0451 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N3799 SI TO-18 PD=380MW | 01295 | 2N3799 |
| A1705 | 1855-0081 | 1 | 2 | TRANSISTOR J-FET N-CHAN D-MODE SI | 28480 | 1855-0081 |
| A1708 | 1854-0087 | 5 | 3 | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD $=360 \mathrm{MW}$ FT=75MHZ | 28480 | 1854-0087 |
| A1707 | 1853-0451 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N3799 SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 01295 | 2N3799 |
| A1708 | 1854-0092 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=200MW FT $=600 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0092 |
| A1709 | 1854-0087 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD $=380 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=75 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0087 |
| A17010 | 1854-0092 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=200MW FT $=600 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0092 |
| A17011 | 1853-0036 | 2 | 25 | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=310MW FT $=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0038 |
| A17012 | 1853-0038 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=310MW FT $=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28460 | 1853-0038 |
| A17Q13 | 1853-0036 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=310MW FT $=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0036 |
| A17Q14 | 1853-0036 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD $=310 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0036 |
| A17Q15 | 1854-0092 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD $=200 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=600 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0092 |
| A17018 | 1853-0038 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD $=310 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0036 |
| A17a17 | 1853-0036 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD $=310 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28460 | 1853-0036 |
| A17Q18 | 1853-0038 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD $=310 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0036 |
| A17Q19 | 1853-0036 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD $=310 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0036 |
| A17R1 | 0757-0428 | 1 | 8 | RESISTOR 1.62K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1621-F |
| A17R2 | 0757-0428 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 1.62K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1621-F |
| A17R3 | 0757-0428 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 1.82K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1621-F |
| A17R4 | 0757-0426 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 1.82K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1821-F |
| A17R5 | 0757-0426 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 1.62K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-1821-F |
| A17R8 | 0757-0428 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 1.82K 1\%.125W F TC=0 + - 100 | 24548 | CT4-1/6-TO-1821-F |
| A17R7 | 0757-0426 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 1.62K 1\%.125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-1821-F |
| A17R8 | 0757-0428 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 1.62K 1\% .125W F TC=0 + - 100 | 24548 | CT4-1/6-T0-1621-F |
| A17R9 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $=+$ +100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A17R10 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/6-T0-1002-F |

$\dagger$ Refer to Section 7 for update information.
${ }^{*}$ Factory Selected Component (Refer to Section 5).

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Oty. | Description | Mir. Code | Mir. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A17R11 | 0757-0442 |  |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A17R12 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR $10 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A17R13 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR $10 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A17R14 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\% . 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A17R15 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR $10 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0+\mathbf{1 0 0}$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A17R16 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | СT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A17R17 | 0757-0479 | 2 | 2 | RESISTOR 392K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 19701 | MF4C1/8-T0-3923-F |
| A17R18 | 0757-0472 | 5 | 2 | RESISTOR 200K $1 \%$.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2003-F |
| A17R19 | 0757-0485 | 6 | 2 | RESISTOR 100K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1003-F |
| A17R20 | 0698-3228 | 9 | 2 | RESISTOR 49.9K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 28480 | 0698-3228 |
| A17R21 | 0757-0124 | 4 | 1 | RESISTOR 39.2k $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~F} \mathrm{TC=0+-100}$ | 28480 | 0757-0124 |
| A17R22 | 0757-0449 | 8 | 1 | RESISTOR 20K 1\%.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | СТ4-1/8-T0-2002-F |
| A17R23 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A17R24 | 0898-4002 | 9 | 1 | RESISTOR 5K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-5001-F |
| A17R25 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR $10 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A17R26 | 0698-3441 | 8 |  | RESISTOR $2151 \% .125 W ~ F ~ T C=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-215R-F |
| A17R27 | 0898-0085 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $2.61 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2811-F |
| A17R28 | 2100-1760 | 7 |  | RESISTOR-TRMR 5K 5\% Ww SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN | 28480 | 2100-1760 |
| A17R29* | 0698-3158 | 2 |  | RESISTOR $14.7 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1472-F |
| A17R30 | 0757-0274 | 5 |  | RESISTOR 1.21K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1211-F |
| A17R31 | 2100-1759 | 4 | 2 | RESISTOR-TRMR $2 \mathrm{~K} 5 \% \mathrm{WW}$ SIIEE-ADJ 1 -TRN | 28480 | 2100-1759 |
| A17R32* | 0757-0290 | 5 | 2 | RESISTOR $8.19 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 19701 | MF4C1/8-T0-6191-F |
| A17R33 | 0757-0200 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 5.62K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-5621-F |
| A17R34 | 0757-0199 | 3 | 2 | RESISTOR 21.5K 1\% .125W F TC=0 + - 100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2152-F |
| A17R35 | 0898-0085 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 2.61K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2811-F |
| A17R36 | 0757-0421 | 4 |  | RESISTOR $8251 \%$. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-825R-F |
| A17R37 | 0898-4037 | 0 | 1 | RESISTOR $46.41 \%$. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-4884-F |
| A17R38 | 0698-3162 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 46.4K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4842-F |
| A17R39 | 0698-3155 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 4.64K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4641-F |
| A17R40 | 0757-0441 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 8.25K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-8251-F |
| A17R41 | 0757-0279 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 3.16K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-3161-F |
| A17R42 | 0757-0834 | 3 | 2 | RESISTOR $5.62 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .5 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 28480 | 0757-0834 |
| A17R43 | 0757-0317 | 7 | 4 | RESISTOR $1.33 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1331-F |
| A17R44 | 0757-0199 |  |  | RESISTOR 21.5K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2152-F |
| A17R45 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A17R46 | 0698-3441 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 215 1\% . 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-215R-F |
| A17R47 | 0698-3459 | 8 | 2 | RESISTOR 383K 1\%.125W F TC=0+-100 | 28480 | 0698-3459 |
| A17R48 | 0698-0082 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $4641 \%$. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4640-F |
| A17R49 | 0757-0835 | 4 | 1 | RESISTOR 8.81K 1\%. 5 W F TC=0+-100 | 28480 | 0757-0835 |
| A17R50 | 0698-3288 | 5 | 4 | RESISTOR 237K 1\% . 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2373-F |
| A17R51 | 0698-3440 | 7 | 8 | RESISTOR 196 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-196R-F |
| A17R52 | 0698-3447 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 422 1\%.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-422R-F |
| A17R53 | 0698-3266 | 5 |  | RESISTOR 237K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2373-F |
| A17R54 | 0696-3445 | 2 | 4 | RESISTOR $3481 \% .125 W ~ F ~ T C=0+-100 ~$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-348R-F |
| A17R55 | 0698-3243 | 8 | $\bigcirc$ | RESISTOR $178 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1783-F |
| A17R56 | 0698-3443 | 0 | 4 | RESISTOR $2871 \%$. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-287R-F |
| A17R57 | 0698-3243 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 178K $1 \% .125 W$ F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1783-F |
| A17R58 | 0698-3132 | 4 | 4 | RESISTOR $2611 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2610-F |
| A17R59 | 0757-0466 | 7 | 2 | RESISTOR $110 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0 + -100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1 103-F |
| A17R80 | 0883-8245 | 9 | 2 | RESISTOR 820K $5 \%$. 25 W FC TC=-800/+900 | 01121 | C88245 |

$\dagger$ Refer to Section 7 for update information. *Factory Selected Component (Refer to Section 5).

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A17R61 | 0698-3243 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 178K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1783-F |
| A17R62 | 0698-3440 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $1961 \%$.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-196R-F |
| A17R63 | 0698-3440 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $1961 \% .125 W$ F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-196R-F |
| A17R64 | 0698-0082 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 464 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4640-F |
| A17R65 | 0757-0467 | 8 | 2 | RESISTOR 121K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1213-F |
| A17R66 | 0698-3439 | 4 | 2 | RESISTOR 178 1\% .125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-TO-176R-F |
| A17R67 | 0757-0200 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $5.62 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$.125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-5621-F |
| A17R68 | 0698-3154 | 0 | 9 | RESISTOR 4.22K 1\% .125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4221-F |
| A17R69 | 0757-0464 | 5 | 2 | RESISTOR $90.9 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$. 125 W F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-9092-F |
| A17R70 | 0698-3445 | 2 |  | RESISTOR $3481 \%$. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-348R-F |
| A17R71 | 0757-0405 | 4 | 2 | RESISTOR 162 1\%, 125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/6-TO-162R-F |
| A17R72 | 0757-0481 | 2 | 2 | RESISTOR 66.1K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-6812-F |
| A17R73 | 0757-0403 | 2 | 1 | RESISTOR 121 1\% .125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-121R-F |
| A17R74 | 0698-3444 | 1 | 10 | RESISTOR $3161 \%$. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/6-T0-316R-F |
| A17R75 | 0698-3437 | 2 | 2 | RESISTOR $1331 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-133R-F |
| A17R76 | 0757-0458 | 7 | 2 | RESISTOR 51.1K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-5112-F |
| A17R77 | 0698-3442 | 9 | 4 | RESISTOR 237 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-237R-F |
| A17R78 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $1001 \%$. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/B-T0-101-F |
| A17R79 | 0757-0200 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $5.82 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-5621-F |
| A17R80 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $1 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$, 125W F TC= $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A17R81 | 0698-3154 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 4.22K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4221-F |
| A17R82 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $1001 \%$. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-101-F |
| A17R63 | 0698-3132 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 261 1\% , 125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2610-F |
| A17R64 | 0698-3444 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 316 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-318R-F |
| A17R65 | 0698-3444 | 1 |  | RESISTOR $3161 \%$. $125 W$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-316R-F |
| A17R88 | 0757-0200 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 5.62K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-5621-F |
| A17R87 | 0698-3154 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 4.22K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-4221-F |
| A17R88 | 0698-3444 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 316 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/6-T0-316R-F |
| A17R89 | 0698-3444 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 316 1\% . 125 W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-316R-F |
| A17R90 | 0698-3444 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 318 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-316R-F |
| A17R91 | 0898-3433 | 8 | 2 | RESISTOR 26.7 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 03888 | PME55-1/8-T0-28R7-F |
| A17R92 | 0698-3432 | 7 | 1 | RESISTOR 26.1 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 03888 | PME55-1/8-T0-26R1-F |
| A17R93 | 0698-3433 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 28.7 1\% .125W F TC=0 +100 | 03888 | PME55-1/6-T0-2BR7-F |
| A17R94 | 0696-3154 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 4.22K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-4221-F |
| A17R95 | 0698-0064 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 2.15K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2151-F |
| A17R96 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $1 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$.125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A17R97 | 0698-3153 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 3.83K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC= $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-3631-F |
| A17R96 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+$-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A17R99 | 0698-3441 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 215 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-215R-F |
| A17U1 | 1820-0054 | 5 |  | 1 C GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP | 01295 | SN7400N |
| A17U2 | 1820-0054 | 5 |  | IC GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP | 01295 | SN7400N |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts
Reference
Designation

| HP Part | C |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Number | $\mathbf{D}$ |  |
| D |  |  |

Description
Mfr.
Code
Mfr. Part Number

A18

| A18 | 08660-60015 | 3 | 1 | BOARD ASSY, SL1 MIXER | 28480 | 08680-80015 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A18C1 | 0180-1704 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 47UF+-10\% 8VDC TA | 58289 | 1500476x9006B2 |
| A18C3 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+\mathbf{8 0 - 2 0 \% ~ 5 0 V D C ~ C E R ~}$ | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A18C5 | 0160-0174 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $47 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 25VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-0174 |
| A18C7 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF $+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A18C8 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \% 50 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A18C9 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A18C10 | 0180-0301 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $012 \mathrm{UF}+\mathbf{- 1 0 \%}$ 200VDC POLYE | 28480 | 0180-0301 |
| A18C11 | 0160-0301 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $012 \mathrm{UF}+\mathrm{t}$-10\% 200VDC POLYE | 28480 | 0180-0301 |
| A18C12 | 0180-0174 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $47 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 25VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-0174 |
| A18C13 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A18C14 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-2055 |
| A18C15 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A18C18 | 0180-2214 | 4 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD 90UF+75-10\% 18VDC AL | 58289 | 300906G018CC2 |
| A18C17 | 0160-2327 | 8 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 51842 | 150-110-X5R-102M |
| A18C19 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-2055 |
| A18C20 | 0180-0141 | 2 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD 50UF+75-10\% 50VDC AL | 58289 | 30D506G050DD2 |
| A18C21 | 0180-1819 | 3 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 100UF+75-10\% 50VDC AL | 56289 | 30D107G0500H2 |
| A18C22 | 0180-0141 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 50UF+75-10\% 50VDC AL | 58289 | 300506G050DD2 |
| A18CR1 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 3OV 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A18CR2 | 1901-0518 | 8 | 1 | DIODE-SM SIG SCHOTTKY | 28480 | 1901-0518 |
| A18E1 | 0955-0292 | 7 | 1 | MIXER, DC-600MHZ | 28480 | 0955-0292 |
| A18L1 | 9100-1829 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 47UH 5\% .166DX.385LG | 28480 | 9100-1829 |
| A18L2 | 9140-0114 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 10UH 10\% .1660X.385LG | 28480 | 9140-0114 |
| A18L3 | 9140-0179 | 1 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 22UH 10\% .166DX.385LG | 28480 | 9140-0179 |
| A18L4 | 9140-0179 | 1 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 22UH 10\% .1680X.385LG | 28480 | 9140-0179 |
| A18L5 | 9100-1621 | 6 | 1 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 18UH 10\% .166DX.385LG | 28480 | 9100-1621 |
| A18L8 | 9140-0179 | 1 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 22UH 10\% .166DX.385LG | 28480 | 9140-0179 |
| A1801 | 1854-0092 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD $=200 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=600 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0092 |
| A1802 | 1854-0092 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD $=200 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=600 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0092 |
| A1803 | 1853-0451 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N3799 SI TO-18 PD $=360 \mathrm{MW}$ | 01295 | 2N3799 |
| A1804 | 1854-0087 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD $=380 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=75 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0087 |
| A1805 | 1853-0036 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD $=310 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0036 |
| A1808 | 1853-0038 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD $=310 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0036 |
| A1807 | 1853-0036 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SIPD $=310 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0036 |
| A1808 | 1853-0038 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD $=310 \mathrm{MW} \mathrm{FT}=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0036 |
| A1809 | 1853-0038 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD $=310 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0036 |
| A18Q10 | 1853-0038 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD $=310 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0036 |
| A18Q11 | 1853-0038 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=310MW FT $=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0038 |
| A18Q12 | 1853-0036 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=310MW FT $=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0036 |
| A18Q13 | 1853-0038 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=310MW FT $=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0036 |
| A18Q14 | 1854-0092 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD $=200 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=600 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0092 |
| A18Q15 | 1854-0092 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD $=200 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=600 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0092 |

$\dagger$ Refer to Section 7 for update information. *Factory Selected Component (Refer to Section 5).

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\mathbf{C}$ | Cty. | Description | Mir. Code | Mir. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A18Q16 | 1853-0036 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=310MW FT=250MHZ | 28480 | 1853-0036 |
| A18Q17 | 1853-0036 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=310MW FT= 250 MHZ | 28480 | 1853-0038 |
| A18Q18 | 1854-0092 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD $=200 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=600 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0092 |
| A18019 | 1853-0036 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD $=310 \mathrm{MW} \mathrm{FT}=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0038 |
| A18Q20 | 1853-0038 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=310MW FT=250MHZ | 28480 | 1853-0036 |
| A18Q21 | 1853-0036 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD $=310 \mathrm{MW} \mathrm{FT}=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0036 |
| A18022 | 1853-0038 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=310MW FT $=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0038 |
| A18023 | 1853-0036 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=310MW FT $=250 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0036 |
| A18Q24 | 1853-0036 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=310MW FT=250MHZ | 28480 | 1853-0036 |
| A18R1 | 0696-0083 | 8 | 17 | RESISTOR 1.96K 1\% .125W F TC=0 0 - 100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-TO-1981-F |
| A18R2 | 0898-0083 | 8 |  | RESISTOR $1.98 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1981-F |
| A16R3 | 0698-0083 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1.96K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0+$ - 100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1961-F |
| A16R4 | 0698-0083 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1.96K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-TO-1961-F |
| A18R5 | 0698-0083 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 1.98K $1 \%$.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-TO-1981-F |
| A18R8 | 0898-0083 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1.98K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1961-F |
| A18R7 | 0696-0083 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1.96K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-TO-1961-F |
| A18R8 | 0898-0083 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1.96K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1961-F |
| A16R9 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $=0+100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A16R10 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-1002-F |
| A16R11 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A18R12 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A16R13 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $=0+100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A18R14 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | AESISTOR 10K 1\%, 125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A18R15 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\%.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/6-T0-1002-F |
| A18R18 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $=0+100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A18R17 | 0757-0479 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 392K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $0+-100$ | 19701 | MF4C1/8-T0-3923-F |
| A18R18 | 0757-0472 | 5 |  | PESISTOR 200K 1\% .125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2003-F |
| A18R19 | 0757-0485 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 100K 1\% .125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1003-F |
| A16R20 | 0698-3226 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 49.9K 1\% .125W F TC=0 $=100$ | 28480 | 0698-3228 |
| A16R21 | 0683-3955 | 8 | 1 | RESISTOR 3.9M $5 \%$. 25 W FC TC $=-900 /+1100$ | 01121 | C83955 |
| A18R22 | 0683-2055 | 7 | 1 | RESISTOR 2M 5\% . 25 W FC TC= $=900 /+1100$ | 01121 | CB2055 |
| A16R23 | 0683-1055 | 5 | 1 | RESISTOR 1M 5\% .25W FC TC=-800/+900 | 01121 | CB1055 |
| A18R24 | 0896-3283 | 2 | 1 | RESISTOR 500K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0+-100$ | 28480 | 0898-3283 |
| A18R25 | 0896-0083 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1.96K $1 \%$.125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/6-TO-1981-F |
| A18R26 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\%. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A18R27 | 0757-0200 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 5.62K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-5821-F |
| A18R28 | 0898-3154 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 4.22K $1 \%$.125W F TC= $=0+100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-4221-F |
| A16R29 | 0898-3440 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $1981 \%$.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-198R-F |
| A18R30 | 0696-3154 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 4.22K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-4221-F |
| A18R31 | 0698-3444 | 1 |  | RESISTOR $3181 \%$. 125 W F TC=0 + -100 | 24548 | CT4-1/6-T0-316R-F |
| A18R32 | 0698-3444 | 1 |  | RESISTOR $3161 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-316R-F |
| A18R33 | 0698-0083 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1.98K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC= $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-TO-1961-F |
| A18R34 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+$-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A18R35 | 2100-2574 | 3 | 2 | RESISTOR-TRMR 500 10\% C SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN | 30983 | ET50×501 |
| A18R36 | 0698-3155 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 4.84K 1\% .125W F TC=0 0 - 100 | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-4841-F |
| A18R37 | 0699-0295 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 484 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 28480 | 0699-0295 |
| A18R38 | 0896-0083 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1.96K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC= $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1961-F |
| A18R39 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A18R40 | 2100-2574 | 3 |  | RESISTOR-TRMR 500 10\% C SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN | 30983 | ET50×501 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Oty. | Description | Mir. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A18R41 | 0698-3258 | 5 | 1 | RESISTOR 5.36K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-5361-F |
| A18R42 | 0698-0083 | 8 |  | RESISTOR $1.96 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1961-F |
| A18R43 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR $10 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A18R44 | 2100-2633 | 5 |  | RESISTOR-TRMR $1 \mathrm{~K} 10 \%$ C SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN | 30983 | ET50×102 |
| A18R45 | 0757-0290 | 5 |  | RESISTOR 6.19K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 19701 | MF4C1/8-T0-6191-F |
| A18R46 | 0757-0399 | 5 | 2 | RESISTOR $82.51 \% .125 W$ F TC= $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-82R5-F |
| A18R47 | 0757-0400 | 9 | 1 | RESISTOR $90.91 \% .125 W$ F TC= $0+$-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-90R9-F |
| A18R48 | 0757-0399 | 5 |  | RESISTOR $82.51 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-82R5-F |
| A18R49 | 0698-0083 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1.96K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1961-F |
| A16R50 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A18R51 | 2100-2633 | 5 |  | RESISTOR-TRMR 1K $10 \%$ C SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN | 30983 | ET50x102 |
| A18R52 | 0757-0440 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $7.5 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-7501-F |
| A18R53 | 0698-0083 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1.96K $1 \% .125$ W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1961-F |
| A18R54 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A18R55 | 2100-2521 | 0 | 2 | RESISTOR-TRMR $2 \mathrm{~K} 10 \%$ C SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN | 30983 | ET50x202 |
| A18R56 | 0699-0294 | 5 | 3 | RESISTOR 9.09K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 28480 | 0699-0294 |
| A18R57 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $51.11 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-51R1-F |
| A16R58 | 0698-3151 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $2.87 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2871-F |
| A18R59 | 0698-3151 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $2.87 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2871-F |
| A16R60 | 0898-0083 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1.96K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1961-F |
| A18R61 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\% .125W F TC= $0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A18R62 | 2100-2521 | 0 |  | RESISTOR-TRMR $2 \mathrm{~K} 10 \%$ C SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN | 30983 | ET50x202 |
| A18R63 | 0757-0444 | 1 | 2 | RESISTOR 12.1K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1212-F |
| A18R84 | 0698-3445 | 2 |  | RESISTOR $3481 \% .125 W$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-348R-F |
| A18R65 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 511 1\%.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A18R66 | 0698-0083 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1.98K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1961-F |
| A18R67 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0 + - 100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A18R68 | 2100-2489 | 9 | 1 | RESISTOR-TRMR 5K 10\% C SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN | 30983 | ET50x502 |
| A18R69 | 0698-3136 | 8 | 1 | RESISTOR 17.8K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1782-F |
| A18R70 | 0757-0441 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 8.25K 1\% .125W F TC=0 + - 100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-8251-F |
| A18R71 | 0757-0279 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 3.16K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-3161-F |
| A18R72 | 0698-0083 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1.96K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+$-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1961-F |
| A18R73 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A18R74 | 2100-2522 | 1 | 1 | RESISTOR-TRMR 10K 10\% C SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN | 30983 | ET50×103 |
| A18R75 | 0757-0123 | 3 | 1 | RESISTOR 34.8K $1 \%$.125W F TC=0+-100 | 28480 | 0757-0123 |
| A18R76 | 0757-0420 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 750 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-751-F |
| A18R77 | 0698-3442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR $2371 \% .125 W$ F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-237R-F |
| A18R78 | 0699-0282 | 1 |  | RESISTOR $2.61 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+$-100 | 28480 | 0699-0282 |
| A18R79 | 0698-3442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR $2371 \% .125 W$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-237R-F |
| A18R80 | 0699-0294 | 5 | 3 | RESISTOR 9.09K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 28480 | 0699-0294 |
| A18R81 | 0699-0295 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 464 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 28480 | 0699-0295 |
| A18R82 | 0899-0282 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 2.61K $1 \%$.125W F TC $=0+$-100 | 28460 | 0699-0282 |
| A18R83 | 0699-0295 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 464 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 28480 | 0699-0295 |
| A18R84 | 0898-3440 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $1961 \%$. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-196R-F |
| A18R85 | 0698-3441 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 215 1\% . 125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-215R-F |
| A18R86 | 0757-0260 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A18R87 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $1001 \% .125 W$ F TC $=0+$-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-101-F |
| A18U1 | 1820-0054 | 5 |  | IC GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP | 01295 | SN7400N |
| A18U2 | 1820-0054 | 5 |  | IC GATE TTL NAND QUAD 2-INP | 01295 | SN7400N |
| A18U3 | 1820-0214 | 9 | 1 | IC DCDR TTL BCD-TO-DEC 4-TO-10-LINE | 01295 | SN7442AN |

$\dagger$ Refer to Section 7 for update information.
*Factory Selected Component (Refer to Section 5).

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference HP Part C <br> Designation Number D | Description | Mir. | Mtr. Part Number |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

A19

| A19 | 08660-60017 | 5 | 1 | BOARD ASSY, SL1 OSCILLATOR | 28480 | 08660-60017 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A19C1 | 0180-0049 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 20UF+75-10\% 50VDC AL | 58289 | 30D206G050CC2 |
| A19C2 | 0180-0058 | 0 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 50UF+75-10\% 25VDC AL | 58289 | 30D506G025CC2 |
| A19C3 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A19C4 | 0180-0228 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 22UF $+-10 \%$ 15VDC TA | 58289 | 1500228×9015B2 |
| A19C5 | 0180-0945 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 910PF +-5\% 100VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-0945 |
| A19C6 | 0150-0121 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0150-0121 |
| A19C7 | 0180-2214 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 90UF+75-10\% 18VDC AL | 56289 | 30D906G016CC2 |
| A19C8 | 0180-0174 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .47UF + $80-20 \%$ 25VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-0174 |
| A19C9 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +60-20\% 100VDC CER | 28460 | 0180-2055 |
| A19C10 | 0180-0161 | 4 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD . 01 UF $+\mathbf{1 0 \%}$ 200VDC POLYE | 28460 | 0160-0161 |
| A19C11 | 0180-2030 | 0 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 1200PF +-5\% 500VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-2030 |
| A19C12 | 0160-0161 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-10\% 200VDC POLYE | 28460 | 0160-0161 |
| A19C13 | 0160-0386 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 3.3PF +-.25PF 500VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-0386 |
| A19C14 | 0170-0082 | 9 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20\% 50VDC POLYE | 84411 | 601PE1030R5W1 |
| A19C15 | 0180-0049 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 20UF+75-10\% 50VOC AL | 58289 | 30D206G050CC2 |
| A19C18 | 0180-0183 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 10UF $+\mathbf{7 5 - 1 0 \%} 50 \mathrm{VDC}$ AL | 58289 | 30D106G050CB2 |
| A19C17 | 0170-0082 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20\% 50VDC POLYE | 84411 | 601PE1030R5W1 |
| A19C16 | 0121-0059 | 7 |  | CAPACITOR-V TRMR-CER 2-8PF 350V PC-MTG | 52763 | 304324 2/BPF NPO |
| A19C19 | 0160-2204 | 0 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 100PF $+-5 \% 300 \mathrm{VDC}$ MICA | 28460 | 0180-2204 |
| A19C20 | 0180-0388 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 3.3PF +-.25PF 500VDC CER | 28460 | 0160-0368 |
| A19C21 | 0160-0368 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 3.3PF +-.25PF 500VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-0386 |
| A19C22 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF $+\mathbf{8 0 - 2 0 \%} 100 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{CER}$ | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A19C23 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28460 | 0180-2055 |
| A19C24 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28460 | 0180-2055 |
| A19C25 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A19C26 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A19C27 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A19C28 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF + $\mathbf{8 0} \mathbf{- 2 0 \%} \mathbf{1 0 0 V D C ~ C E R ~}$ | 28460 | 0180-2055 |
| A19C29 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28460 | 0160-2055 |
| A19C30 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28460 | 0160-2055 |
| A19C31 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-2055 |
| A19C32 | 0140-0195 | 2 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 130PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 72136 | DM15F131J0300WV1CR |
| A19C33 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A19C34 | 0180-2202 | 8 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 75PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 28460 | 0160-2202 |
| A19C35 | 0160-2200 | 6 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 43PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 28460 | 0180-2200 |
| A19C38 | 0180-0229 | 7 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 33UF+-10\% 10VDC TA | 56289 | 1500336×9010B2 |
| A19C37 | 0180-0157 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 4700PF +-10\% 200VDC POLYE | 28480 | 0160-0157 |
| A19C36 | 0160-0184 | 7 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD .039UF +-10\% 200VDC POLYE | 28460 | 0160-0184 |
| A19C39 | 0160-2204 | 0 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 100PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0180-2204 |
| A19CR1 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 3OV 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A19CR2 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A19CR3 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 3OV 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A19CR4 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A19CR5 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |

$\dagger$ Refer to Section 7 for update information.
*Factory Selected Component (Refer to Section 5).

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Oty. | Description | Mifr. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A19CR6 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A19CR7 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A19CR6 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A19CR9 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28460 | 1901-0040 |
| A19CR10 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 3OV 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A19CR11 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A19CR12 | 0122-0284 | 6 |  | DIODE-VVC 1N5146A 47PF 5\% C4/C80-MIN=3.2 | 04713 | 1N5148A |
| A19CR13 | 0122-0262 | 6 |  | DIODE-WVC 1N5147A 39PF 5\% C4/C80-MIN=3.2 | 04713 | 1N5147A |
| A19CR14 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28460 | 1901-0040 |
| A19CR15 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28460 | 1901-0040 |
| A19CR16 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A19L1 | 9100-1629 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 47UH 5\% .166DX.385LG | 28480 | 9100-1629 |
| A19L2 | 9100-2562 | 6 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 100UH 10\% | 28480 | 9100-2582 |
| A19L3 | 9100-1629 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 47UH 5\% .188DX.385LG | 28460 | 9100-1629 |
| A19L4 | 9100-1629 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 47UH 5\% .168DX.385LG | 28460 | 9100-1629 |
| A19L5 | 9100-2572 | 8 | 1 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 620UH 10\% | 28480 | 9100-2572 |
| A19L6 | 9100-2815 | 2 |  | INDUCTOR 700NH $10 \%$. $342 \mathrm{~W} \times 1.328 \mathrm{LG} \mathrm{Q}=150$ | 28480 | 9100-2815 |
| A19L7 | 9140-0179 | 1 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 22UH 10\% ,188DX.385LG | 28480 | 9140-0179 |
| A19L8 | 9140-0179 | 1 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 22UH 10\% .168DX.385LG | 28480 | 9140-0179 |
| A19L9 | 9100-1611 | 4 | 2 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 220NH $20 \%$ | 28480 | 9100-1611 |
| A19L10 | 9100-1811 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD $\mathbf{2 2 0 N H} \mathbf{2 0 \%}$ | 28480 | 9100-1811 |
| A1901 | 1854-0092 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD $=200 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=600 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0092 |
| A1902 | 1854-0092 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD $=200 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=600 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0092 |
| A1903 | 1854-0092 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD $=200 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=600 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0092 |
| A1904 | 1855-0081 | 1 |  | TRANSISTOR J-FET N-CHAN D-MODE SI | 28480 | 1855-0081 |
| A1905 | 1854-0345 | 8 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2 N5179 SI TO-72 PD=200MW | 04713 | 2N5179 |
| A1908 | 1853-0451 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N3799 SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 01295 | 2N3799 |
| A1907 | 1853-0451 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N3799 SI TO-18 PD=380MW | 01295 | 2N3799 |
| A1908 | 1854-0092 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD $=200 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=600 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0092 |
| A1909 | 1854-0092 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD $=200 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=800 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0092 |
| A19010 | 1854-0022 | 8 | 1 | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-39 PD=700MW | 07263 | S17843 |
| A19R1 | 0698-3132 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 261 1\% .125W F TC= $0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2810-F |
| A19R2 | 0698-3442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR $2371 \% .125 W$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-237R-F |
| A19R3 | 2100-1780 | 7 |  | RESISTOR-TRMR 5K 5\% WW SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN | 28480 | 2100-1780 |
| A19R4 | 0757-0458 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 51.1K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-5112-F |
| A19R5 | 0698-3437 | 2 |  | RESISTOR $1331 \% .125 W$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-133R-F |
| A19R6 | 0757-0480 | 1 | 1 | RESISTOR 81.9K $1 \%$, 125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-6192-F |
| A19R8 | 0757-0481 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 88.1K 1\% .125W F TC=0 0 - 100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-6812-F |
| A19R9 | 2100-1759 | 4 |  | RESISTOR-TRMR $2 \mathrm{~K} 5 \%$ WW SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN | 28480 | 2100-1759 |
| A19R10 | 0757-0439 | 4 |  | RESISTOR $8.81 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-8811-F |
| A19R11 | 0757-0200 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 5.62K $1 \%$.125W F TC=0 +-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-5621-F |
| A19R12 | 0757-0405 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 162 1\% . 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-TO-182R-F |
| A19R13 | 0757-0484 | 5 |  | RESISTOR 90.9K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0+$ +100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-9092-F |
| A19R14 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A19R15 | 0698-3439 | 4 |  | RESISTOR $1781 \%$.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-178R-F |
| A19R18 | 0757-0467 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 121K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1213-F |
| A19R17 | 0898-3440 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 196 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-196R-F |
| A19R18 | 0757-0488 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 110K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1103-F |
| A19R19 | 0757-0834 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 5.62K 1\% .5W F TC=0+-100 | 28480 | 0757-0834 |
| A19R20 | 0898-3132 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 281 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-TO-2810-F |
| A19R21 | 0898-3243 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 178K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC= $=0+100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1783-F |

$\dagger$ Refer to Section 7 for update information.
*Factory Selected Component (Refer to Section 5).

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Qty. | Description | Mir. Code | Mir. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A19R22 | 0898-3443 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 287 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-287R-F |
| A19R23 | 0757-0441 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 8.25K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-8251-F |
| A19R24 | 0898-3440 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $1981 \% .125 W$ F TC=0 + -100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-198R-F |
| A19R25 | 0698-3243 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 178K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $0+-100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1783-F |
| A19R28 | 0898-3445 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 348 1\% .125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-348R-F |
| A19R27 | 0757-0279 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 3.18K 1\% , 125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-3181-F |
| A19R28 | 0698-3266 | 5 |  | RESISTOR 237K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2373-F |
| A19R29 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A19R30 | 0698-3447 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 422 1\% .125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-422R-F |
| A19R31 | 0698-3268 | 5 |  | RESISTOR $237 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2373-F |
| A19R32 | 0698-0082 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 464 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4640-F |
| A19R33 | 0757-0444 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 12.1K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1212-F |
| A19R34 | 0898-3459 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 383K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 28480 | 0698-3459 |
| A19R35 | 0698-3162 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 46.4K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4642-F |
| A19R36 | 0698-3157 | 3 | 1 | RESISTOR 19.6K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1982-F |
| A19R37 | 0757-0288 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 9.09K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 19701 | MF4C1/8-T0-9091-F |
| A19R38 | 0698-3155 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 4.84K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4641-F |
| A19R39 | 0757-0317 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 1.33K $1 \%$. 125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-1331-F |
| A19R40 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A19R41 | 0683-8245 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 620K $5 \% .25 \mathrm{~W}$ FC TC=-800/+900 | 01121 | CB8245 |
| A19R42 | 0690-3243 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 178K 1\%.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1783-F |
| A19R43 | 0698-3446 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 383 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-383R-F |
| A19R44 | 0698-0082 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $4641 \%$. 125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4640-F |
| A19R45 | 0757-0200 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 5.62K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-5621-F |
| A19R46 | 0698-3154 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 4.22K 1\% .125W F TC=0 + - 100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4221-F |
| A19R47 | 0698-3441 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 215 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-215R-F |
| A19R48 | 0696-3444 | 1 |  | RESISTOR $3161 \%$. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-316R-F |
| A19R49 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $1001 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-101-F |
| A19R50 | 0698-3440 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 198 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-196R-F |
| A19R51 | 0757-0200 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 5.62K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-5621-F |
| A19R52 | 0696-3154 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 4.22K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-4221-F |
| A19R53 | 0757-0200 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 5.62K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-5621-F |
| A19R54 | 0896-3154 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 4.22K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4221-F |
| A19R55* | 0757-0280 | 3 | 14 | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A19R56 | 0698-3447 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 422 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-422R-F |
| A19R57 | 0698-3447 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 422 1\%.125W F TC $=0+$-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-422R-F |
| A19R58 | 0698-0082 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 464 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4640-F |
| A19R59 | 0698-3444 | 1 |  | RESISTOR $3161 \%$.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-316R-F |
| A19R60 | 0698-0082 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 464 1\% .125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4640-F |
| A19R61 | 0696-0082 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 464 1\% .125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-4640-F |
| A19R62 | 0696-0082 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 464 1\% .125W F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-4640-F |
| A19R63 | 0757-0180 | 2 | 1 | RESISTOR 3 t .6 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 28480 | 0757-0160 |
| A19R64 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 100 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-101-F |
| A19R65 | 0698-3443 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 267 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-287R-F |
| A19R66 | 0757-0294 | 9 | 1 | RESISTOR $17.81 \% .125 W \mathrm{~F}$ TC=0+-100 | 19701 | MF4C1/8-T0-17R8-F |
| A19R67 | 0696-3443 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 287 1\%.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-287R-F |
| A19R66 | 0757-0289 | 2 |  | RESISTOR $13.3 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$.125W F TC=0+-100 | 19701 | MF4C1/8-T0-1332-F |
| A19R69 | 0757-0274 | 5 |  | RESISTOR 1.21K 1\% . 125 W F TC=0 + -100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1211-F |
| A19R70 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 100 1\%.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-107-F |
| A19R71 | 0698-3153 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 3.83K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-3631-F |
| A19R72 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 100 1\% . 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-101-F |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Oty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mir. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A20 | 08660-60390 | 7 | 1 | RECTIFIER ASSEMBLY (INCLUDES ALL A20 PARTS EXCEPT A20C1-3, A20C6; CHASSIS PARTS CR2, CR3. AND MISCELLANEOUS PARTS NOT PERMANENTLY ATTACHED TO THE CIRCUIT BOARD) | 28480 | 08660-60384 |
| A20 | 08660-80335 | 7 | 1 | RECTIFIER ASSEMBLY (INCLUDES ALL A20 PARTS INCLUDING A20C1-3, A20C6 AND CHASSIS PARTS CR2, CR3,) | 28480 | 08660-60384 |
| A20061 | 0180-2530 | 7 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 3900UF+75-10\% 50VDC AL | 28480 | 0180-2530 |
| A20C2 | 0180-2397 | 4 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD . $018 \mathrm{~F}+75-10 \% 25 \mathrm{VOC}$ AL | 56289 | 38D183G025BB2B |
| A20C3 | 0180-2389 | 0 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 3600UF+75-10\% 40VDC AL | 00853 | 500362 U040AB2B |
| A20064 | 0180-2844 | 4 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD 470UF +100-10\% 50VDC AL | 56289 | 500D477H050F17 |
| A20C5 | 0180-2844 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 470UF +100-10\% 50VDC AL | 56289 | 500D477H050F17 |
| A20C6 | 0180-2334 | 9 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 3900UF+75-10\% 75VDC AL | 56289 | 38D392F075BB2B |
| A2007 7 | 0180-2154 | 1 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 1900UF+75-10\% 15VDC AL | 28480 | 0180-2154 |
| A20C8 | 0180-0058 | 0 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 50UF+75-10\% 25VDC AL | 58289 | 30D506G025CC2 |
| A20C9 | 0180-0229 | 7 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 33UF+-10\% 10VDC TA | 58289 | 150D336x901082 |
| A20C10 | 0180-0228 | 6 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 22UF+-10\% 15VDC TA | 58289 | 150D228X9015B2 |
| A20C11 | 0180-0049 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 20UF+75-10\% 50VDC AL | 56289 | 30D206G050CC2 |
| A20C12 | 0180-2661 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF+10\% 50VDC TA | 25088 | dirogs 1 A50K |
| A20C13 | 0180-2661 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF+10\% 50VDC TA | 25088 | dirogs 1 A5OK |
| A20CR1-3 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A20CR4 | 1901-0638 | 3 | 3 | DIODE-FW BRDG 100 V 4 A | 04713 | MDA-970-2 |
| A20CR5 | 1901-0638 | 3 |  | DIODE-FW BRDG 100 V 4 A | 04713 | MDA-970-2 |
| A20CR6 | 1901-0638 | 3 |  | DIODE-FW BRDG 100 V 4 A | 04713 | MDA-970-2 |
|  | 1251-2772 | 1 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT SKT . $052-\mathrm{IN}$-BSC-SZ | 28480 | 1251-2772 |
| A20CR7 | 1884-0024 | 3 | 1 | THYRISTOR-SCR VRRM $=200$ | 28460 | 1884-0024 |
| A20CR8 | 1901-0050 | 3 | 1 | DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0050 |
| AROF1 | 2110-0523 | 9 |  | FUSE 10A 32V NTD 1.25x. 25 | 75915 | 311010 |
| A20F2 | 2110-0332 | 8 | 7 | FUSE 3A 125V . $25 \times .27$ | 28480 | 2110-0332 |
| A20F3 | 2110-0332 | 8 |  | FUSE 3A 125V . $25 \times .27$ | 28480 | 2110-0332 |
| A20F4 | 2110-0332 | 8 |  | FUSE 3A 125V . $25 \times .27$ | 28480 | 2110-0332 |
| A20F5 | 2110-0332 | 8 |  | FUSE 3A 125V . $25 \times \mathrm{x} .27$ | 28480 | 2110-0332 |
| A20F6 | 2110-0332 | 8 |  | FUSE 3A 125V $.25 \times .27$ | 28480 | 2110-0332 |
| A20F7 | 2110-0332 | 8 |  | FUSE 3A 125V . $25 \times .27$ | 28480 | 2110-0332 |
| A20F8 | 2110-0332 | 8 |  | FUSE 3A 125V . $25 \times .27$ | 28480 | 2110-0332 |
| A20Q1 | 1855-0517 | 8 |  | TRANSISTOR MOSFET P-CHAN E-MODE TO-220 | 28480 | 1855-1517 |
| A2002 | 1855-0645 | 3 |  | TRANSISTOR MOSFET N-CHAN E-MODE TO-220 | 28480 | 1855-0845 |
| A2003 | 1855-0492 | 8 |  | TRANSISTOR MOSFET N-CHAN E-MODE TO-220 | 28480 | 1855-0492 |
| A2004 | 1855-0492 | 8 |  | TRANSISTOR MOSFET N-CHAN E-MODE TO-220 | 28480 | 1855-0492 |
| A2005 | 1854-0813 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2N3501S SI TO-39 PD=1W | 02037 | 1854-0813 |
| A20R1 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A20R2 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR $10 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A20R3 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A20R4 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \%$, 125W F TC= $0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A20R5 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\% .125W F TC= $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |

$\dagger$ Refer to Section 7 for update information.
*Factory Selected Component (Refer to Section 5).

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Oty. | Description | Mir. Code | Mir. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A20R6 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC= $0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A20R7 | 0757-0442 | 9 | 1 | RESISTOR 10K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1002-F |
| A20R8 | 0698-3157 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 19.8K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1982-F |
| A20R9 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A20R10 | 0898-3157 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 19.6K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1962-F |
| A20R11 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A20R12 | 0757-0444 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 12.1K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC= $0+-100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-1212-F |
| A20R13 | 0757-0289 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 13.3K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 19701 | CT4-1/8-T0-1332-F |
| A20R14 | 0757-0458 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 51.1K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-5112-F |
| A20R15 | 0698-3442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 237 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-237R-F |
| A20R18 | 0757-0747 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 5.11K 1\% .25W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-5111-F |
| A20R17 | 0698-7287 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 19.8K 1\% .05W F TC=0 +100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1962-F |
| A20U1 | 1828-0423 | 4 |  | IC V RGLTR TO-3 | 27014 | 1628-0423 |
| A20XA5 | 1251-1626 | 2 | 1 | CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 12-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-1628 |


| A20MP1 | 0360-0009 | 3 | 3 | TERMINAL-SLDR LUG PL-MTG FOR-\#6-SCR (A23 TO A20, AND A20 TO FRAME) | 28480 | 0360-0009 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A20MP2 | 2880-0099 | 1 | 8 | SCREW-MACH 10-32 ,375-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI (ATTACH A20C1, C2, C3, C8 TO A20) | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| A20MP3 | 4040-0554 | 9 | 1 | CAPACITOR COVER (FOR A20C1, C2, C3, C6) | 28480 | 4040-0554 |
| A20MP4 | 0360-0053 | 7 | 5 | TERMINAL-SLDR LUG LK-MTG FOR-*10-SCR (FOR A20C1, C2, C3) | 28480 | 0380-0053 |
| A20MP5 | 0360-0001 | 5 | 1 | TERMINAL-SLDR LUG LK-MTG FOR-\#8-SCR (FOR A20C2) | 28480 | 0360-0053 |
| A20MP8 | 2190-0007 | 2 | 1 | WASHER-LK INTL-T NO. 8 .141-IN-ID (FOR A20C2) | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| A20MP7 | 2190-0011 | 8 | 5 | WASHER-LK INTL-T NO. 10 .195-IN-ID (FOR A20C1, C3, C8, CR7) | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| A20MP6 | 2190-0011 | 8 | 5 | WASHER-LK INTL-T NO. 10 .195-IN-ID (FOR A20C1, C3, C6. CR7) | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| A20MP9 | 2740-0001 | 3 | 1 | NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 10-32-THD .109-IN-THK (FOR CR7) | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| A20MP10 | 2110-0288 | 0 | 2 | FUSEHOLDER-CLIP TYPE.25D-FUSE (FOR A20F1) | 28480 | 2110-0289 |
| A20MP11 | 1251-2313 | 8 | 14 | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT SKT . $04-$ IN-BSC-SZ RND (FOR A2OF2 THRU F8: 2 EACH) | 28480 | 1251-2313 |
| A20MP12 | 1205-0886 | 7 | 2 | heat sink to-r20-CASE (UNDER A2001, Q2) | 28480 | 1205-0888 |
| A20MP13 | 2260-0001 | 5 | 2 | NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 4-40-THD .094-IN-THK (ATTACH A20Q1, Q2 TO HEATSINK) | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| A20MP14 | 2190-0584 | 0 | 2 | WASHER-LK HLCL 2.5 MM 2.6-MM-ID (FOR A20Q1, Q2) | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| A20MP15 | 3050-0105 | 6 | 8 | WASHER-FL MTLC NO. 4 .125-IN ID (FOR A20Q1, Q2) | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Qty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mir. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A20MP16 | 2200-0143 | 0 | 2 | SCEW-MACH 4-40. 375-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI (ATTACH A2003, $\mathbf{C 4}$ TO A20) | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| A20MP17 | 2260-0009 | 3 | 2 | NUT-HEX-W/LKWSHR 4-40-THD .094-IN-THK (ATTACH A2003, 04 TO A20) | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| A20MP18 | 2200-0107 | 8 | 2 | SCREW-MACH 4-40 .375-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZ: (ATTACH A2OU1 TO A20) | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| A20MP19 | 0340-0875 | 9 | 4 | INSULATOR-XSTER THERM-CNDCT (UNDER A2OU1) | 28480 | 0348-0875 |
| A20MP20 | 1205-0312 | 4 | 1 | HEAT SINK SGL TO-3-CASE (UNDER A2OU1) | 28480 | 1205-0312 |
| A20MP21 | 2420-0001 | 5 | 4 | NUT-HEX-W/LKWSHR 6-32 .109-IN-THK (FOR A7 GROUND LUG) | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| A20MP22 | 2360-0210 | 0 | 2 | SCREW-MACH 6-32 .625PIN LG 82 DEG (ATTACHES CR1, CR2 TO FRAME) | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| A20MP23 | 2420-0003 | 7 | 2 | NUT-HEX-DBL CHAM 6-32-THD .094-IN-THK (ATTACHES CR1, CR2 TO FRAME) | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| A20MP24 | 3050-0010 | 1 | 2 | WASHER-FL MTLC NO. 6 .147-IN-ID (FOR CR1, CR2) | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| A20MP25 | 2190-0018 | 5 | 2 | WASHER-LK HLCL NO. 6 . 141-IN-ID (FOR CR1, CR2) | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |

## Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Qty. | Description | Mir. Code | Mir. Par |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A21 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A21 | 0960-0151 | 8 | 1 | OSCILLATOR-CRYSTAL 10 MHZ : STABILITY (EXCEPT OPT'S 001 AND 002) | 28480 | 0960-0151 |
| A21 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A21 | 0960-0150 | 7 | 1 | OSCILLATOR-CRYSTAL 10 MHZ : STABILITY (OMIT A21 ASSY FOR OPT 002) | 28480 | 0960-0150 |

[^6]
## Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference <br> Designation | HP Part <br> Number | C <br> D | Cty. | Description | Mfr. <br> Code |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A22 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mfr. Part N |  |  |  |  |  |

## A22 MISCELLANEOUS

| $08880-20051$ | 3 | 1 | HOUSING, REFERENCE SWITCH | 28480 | $08660-20051$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $08880-00009$ | 9 |  | COVER, SWITCH HOUSING | 28480 | $08880-00009$ |
| $08660-00113$ | 1 |  | DAMPING PAD (FOAM) | 28480 | $08660-00113$ |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference | HP Part | $\mathbf{C}$ | Oty. | Description | Mir. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Designation | Number | D |  | Mfr. Part Number |  |

A22A1

| A22A1 | 08660-60323 | 6 | 1 | 10 MHZ FILTER ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 08660-60323 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 06660-60319 | 0 | 1 | 10 MHZ FILTER BOARD ASSEMBLY (INCLUDES | 28460 | 08660-60319 |
|  | ALL A22A1 PARTS EXCEPT W1, Y1, AND |  |  |  |  |  |
| A22A1C1 | 0180-0575 | 4 | 6 | CAPACITOR-FXD .047UF +-20\% 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-0575 |
| A22A1C2 | 0160-2264 | 2 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 20PF $+-5 \% 500 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER $0+30$ | 28480 | 0160-2264 |
| A22A1C3 | 0121-0446 | 6 | 1 | CAPACITOR-V TRMR-CER 4.5-20PF 160 V | 28480 | 0121-0446 |
| A22A1C4 | 0180-0575 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .047UF $+-20 \%$ 50VDC CER | 28460 | 0160-0575 |
| A22A1C5 | 0160-0575 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .047UF +-20\% 50VDC CER | 28460 | 0160-0575 |
| A22A1C8 | 0180-2207 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 100UF+-10\% 10VDC TA | 58289 | 150D107×9010R2 |
| A22A1C7 | 0160-0575 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .047UF +-20\% 50VDC CER | 28460 | 0160-0575 |
| A22A1C6 | 0180-0575 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .047UF +-20\% 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-0575 |
| A22A1C9 | 0160-0575 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .047UF +-20\% 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-0575 |
| A22A1K1 | 0490-0916 | 6 | $\theta$ | RELAY-REED 1A 500MA 100VDC 5VDC-COIL | 28480 | 0490-0916 |
| A22A1L1 | 9100-1629 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 47UH 5\% ,168DX.385LG | 28480 | 9100-1629 |
| A22A1L2 | 9140-0237 | 2 | 1 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 200UH 5\% .186DX.385LG | 28480 | 9140-0237 |
| A22A1Q1 | 1854-0019 | 3 | 2 | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 28480 | 1854-0019 |
| A22A1@2 | 1854-0019 | 3 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 28480 | 1654-0019 |
| A22A1R1 | 0696-3438 | 3 | 1 | RESISTOR 147 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-147R-F |
| A22A1R2 | 2100-3053 | 5 | 1 | RESISTOR-TRMR 20 20\% C SIDE-ADJ 17-TRN | 02111 | 43P200 |
| A22A1R3 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A22A1R4 | 0757-0317 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $1.33 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/6-T0-1331-F |
| A22A1R5 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $1001 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $0+-100$ | 24548 | CT4-1/8-T0-101-F |
| A22A1R6 | 2100-2010 | 2 | 1 | RESISTOR-TRMR 10 20\% C TOP-ADJ 1-TRN | 73138 | $62 P R 10$ |
| A22A1R7 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $1001 \%$.125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-101-F |
| A22A1R8 | 0757-0317 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 1.33K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1331-F |
| A22A1R9 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A22A1W1 | 06860-60083 | 5 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY, COAX, GRAY | 26480 | 08660-80083 |
| A22A1Y1 | 0410-0649 | 4 | 1 | CRYSTAL-QUARTZ 10.0000 MHZ | 28480 | 0410-0649 |
| A22A1Z1 | 9170-0029 | 3 | 2 | CORE-SHIELDING BEAD | 28480 | 9170-0029 |
| A22A1Z2 | 9170-0029 | 3 |  | CORE-SHIELDING BEAD | 28480 | 9170-0029 |

## A22A1 MISCELLANEOUS

| $1200-0173$ | 5 | 1 | INSULATOR-XSTR DAP-GL <br> (FOR A22A1Y1) | 28460 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $1251-2194$ | 1 | 3 | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT SKT .021-IN-BSC-SZ <br> (FOR A22A1Y1) | 26480 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference <br> Designation | HP Part <br> Number | $\mathbf{C}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{D}$ |  |  |$\quad$ Oty. $\quad$ Description $\quad$| Mfr. |
| :---: |$\quad$ Mfr. Part Number

A22A2

| A22A2 | 08860-60026 | 6 | 1 | BOARD ASSY, REFERENCE AMPLIFIER SWITCH | 28480 | 08680-60026 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A22A2C1 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF + $60-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-2055 |
| A22A2C2 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . 01 UF + $80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-2055 |
| A22A2C3 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF + $60-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A22A2C4 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF $+60-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A22A2C5 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+60-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-2055 |
| A22A2C6 | 0160-0291 | 3 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF+-10\% 35VDC TA | 56289 | 150D105×9035A2 |
| A22A2C7 | 0160-0291 | 3 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF+-10\% 35VDC TA | 56289 | 150D105×9035A2 |
| A22A2C8 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF $+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-2055 |
| A22A2C9 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +60-20\% 100VDC CER | 28460 | 0160-2055 |
| A22A2CR1 | 1801-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A22A2CR2 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| A22A2K1 | 0490-0916 | 6 |  | RELAY-REED 1A 500MA 100VDC 5VDC-COIL | 28480 | 0490-0916 |
| A22A2K2 | 0490-0916 | 6 |  | RELAY-REED 1A 500MA 100VDC 5VDC-COIL | 28480 | 0490-0916 |
| A22A2K3 | 0490-0916 | 6 |  | RELAY-REED 1A 500MA 100VDC 5VDC-COIL | 28480 | 0490-0916 |
| A22A2L1 | 9140-0118 | 8 | 1 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 500UH 5\% ,2DX.45LG | 28480 | 9140-0118 |
| A22ARL2 | 9140-0144 | 0 | 1 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 4.7UH 10\% .105DX.28LG | 28480 | 9140-0144 |
| A22A2Q1 | 1854-0071 | 7 | 2 | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=300MW FT $=200 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A22A2Q2 | 1854-0071 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD $=300 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=200 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0071 |
| A22A2Q3 | 1853-0020 | 4 | 1 | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=300MW FT $=150 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0020 |
| A22A2R1 | 0698-7227 | 8 | 1 | RESISTOR 422 1\% .O5W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT3-1/8-TO-422A-F |
| A22A2R2 | 0698-7222 | 1 | 2 | RESISTOR 261 1\% . O5W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT3-1/8-TO-261R-F |
| A22A2R3 | 0698-7240 | 3 | 1 | AESISTOR 1.47K $1 \%$.05W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24548 | CT3-1/8-T0-1471-F |
| A22A2R4 | 0898-7248 | 1 | 1 | RESISTOR 3.16K 1\% .05W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT3-1/8-T0-3181-F |
| AR2ARR5 | 0698-7222 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 281 1\% .05W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT3-1/8-TO-281R-F |
| A22A2R8 | 0898-7212 | 9 | 1 | RESISTOR 100 1\% .05W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT3-1/8-TO-100R-F |
| A22A2R7 | 0680-7229 | 8 | 1 | PESISTOR 511 1\%. O5W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT3-1/8-TO-511R-F |
| A22A2R8 | 0698-7188 | 8 | 2 | RESISTOR $101 \%$. O5W F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT3-1/8-TO-10R-F |
| A22A2R9 | 0688-7188 | 8 |  | RESISTOR $101 \% .05 W$ F TC=0+-100 | 24548 | CT3-1/8-TO-10R-F |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference | HP Part | C | Oty. | Description | Mfr. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Designation | Number | D |  | Code |  |

A23

| A23 | 08680-60044 | 8 | 1 | WIRING HARNESS, MAIN | 28480 | 08880-80044 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A2313 | 1251-0085 | 5 | 1 | CONNECTOR 38-PIN F MICRO RIBBON | 28480 | 1251-0085 |
|  | 1251-3088 | 4 |  | CONTACT-CONN UN-RECT MALE CRP | 28480 | 1251-3088 |
|  | 1251-0545 | 2 |  | COAX ASSEMBLY MALE FOR RECT SERIES; USED | 28480 | 1251-0545 |
| A2314 | 1251-2863 | 9 | 1 | CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 18-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-2863 |
| A23/4 | 1251-0544 | 1 | 2 | CONNECTOR 42-PIN M RECTANGULAR | 28480 | 1251-0544 |
| A2315 | 1251-0544 | 1 |  | CONNECTOR 42-PIN M RECTANGULAR | 28480 | 1251-0544 |
| A23, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1251-0547 | 4 | 1 | CONNECTOR 86 -PIN M RECTANGULAR | 28480 | 1251-0547 |
| A23.7 | 1251-1017 | 5 | 1 | CONNECTOR 4-PIN WINCH JF | 28480 | 1251-1017 |

## A23 MISCELLANEOUS

A23MP1
08860-20052 $4 \quad 1$
guide pin
28480
08860-20052

A24

| $0370-1303$ | 3 |
| :--- | :--- |
| $2190-0022$ | 1 |
| $2950-0043$ | 8 |

## RPG KNOB

WASHER-LK INTERNAL TOOTH 3/8 IN .384-IN-ID NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 3/6-32-THD .094-IN-THK

28480 0370-1303
00000 ORDER BY DESCAIPTION

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part <br> Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Oty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CR1 | 1901-1001 | 6 | 1 | DIODE-CT-RECT 50V 10A | 28480 | 1901-1001 |
| CR2 | 1900-0065 | 0 | 2 | DIODE-FW BRDG 100V 10A | 28480 | 1906-0065 |
| CR3 | 1906-0085 | 0 |  | DIODE-FW BRDG 100V 10A | 28480 | 1906-0065 |
| L1 | 9170-0499 | 1 | 1 | CORE-TOROID AL=2135-NH/T | 28480 | 9170-0499 |
| S1 | 3101-1235 | 4 | 1 | SWITCH-SL DPDT STD 1.5A 125VAC SLDR-LUG (INT/EXT REFERENCE SWITCH) | 28480 | 3101-1235 |
| T1 | 9100-3543 | 5 | 1 | TRANSFORMER-POWER 100/120/220/240V | 28480 | 9100-3543 |
| W1 | 08660-60061 | 9 |  | CABLE ASSEMBLY (9) (A22.J1 TO W1J1, REF INPUT) | 28480 | 08660-60061 |
| W2 | 08860-60062 | 0 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY (9) (A22J2 TO A21J1) | 28480 | 08880-80062 |
| W3 | 08660-60054 | 0 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY (9) (A22.J4 TO A4J5) | 28480 | 08860-60048 |
| W4 | 08860-60048 | 0 | 1 | INTERFACE CABLE ASSEMBLY (RIBBON) A1A11XA11-1 TO A3XA2 | 28480 | 08660-60046 |
| W5 | 08660-60056 | 2 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY ( 3 ) (A4J1 TO A3A3J1) | 28480 | 08660-60065 |
| WB | 08680-80326 | 9 | 1 | CABLE ASSY 100 MHZ BAND PASS FILTER INPUT (A4J8 TO A4AB, INPUT) | 28480 | 08660-60326 |
| W7 | 08880-80058 | 4 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY (92) (A4.J7 TO A23.J5) | 28480 | 08860-60058 |
| W8 | 08680-80057 | 3 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY (95) (A4J9 TO A23.J6) | 28480 | 08660-60057 |
| W9 | 08860-80071 | 1 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY (91) (A4A8, OUTPUT TO A23J8) | 28480 | 08860-60326 |
| W10 | 08660-60052 | 8 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY (2) (A4J3 TO A2J3) | 28480 | 08860-60052 |
| W11 | 08660-80053 | 9 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY (1) (A4J2 TO A2J1) | 28480 | 08660-60053 |
| W12 | 08860-60075 | 5 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY (5) (A4JJ TO A2J2) | 28480 | 08660-60075 |
| W13 | 08660-60087 | 5 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY (92) (A2316 TO A23J5) | 28460 | 08660-60067 |
| W14 | 08660-60086 | 4 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY (96) (A23J6 TO A23J5) | 28480 | 08660-60086 |
| W15 | 08860-60059 | 5 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY (94) (A4J12 TO A23J6) | 28480 | 08660-60059 |
| W16 | 08660-60081 | 3 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY (92) (A23JB TO A23J4) | 28480 | 08860-80081 |
| W17 | 08660-60074 | 4 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY (91) (A23.J6 TO A23.J4) | 28480 | 08660-60074 |
| W18 | 08660-80072 | 2 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY (93) (A23.18 TO A23J4) | 28460 | 08660-60072 |

$\dagger$ Refer to Section 7 for update information.
*Factory Selected Component (Refer to Section 5).

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Qty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| W19 | 06860-60073 | 3 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY (94) (A23J6 TO A23J4) | 28480 | 08660-60073 |
| W20 | 11661-60026 | 4 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY (66) (W13.J1 TO HP 11661 J2) | 28480 | 11661-60026 |
| W21 | 11861-60026 | 6 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY (B) (W12J1 TO HP 11661 J1) | 28460 | 11661-60028 |
| W22 | 06660-60061 | 9 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY ( 9 ) (A22J3 TO W22J2, REF OUTPUT) | 28480 | 08660-60061 |
| W23 | 08860-60060 | 8 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY (93) (A2J4 TO A23J8) | 28480 | 08660-60060 |
| W24 | 08680-60093 | 7 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY (95) (A23J5 TO A23J6) | 28480 | 08660-60093 |
| W25 | 08660-80094 | 8 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY (97) (A23J5 TO A23J8) | 28480 | 08660-60094 |

[^7]Table 6-4. Code List of Manufacturers

| Mfr. | Manufacturer Name |  | Zip Code |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Code | Address |  |  |
| 00000 | ANY SATISFACTORY SUPPLIER |  |  |
| 00115 | ACE GLASS INC | VINELAND, NJ | 08360 |
| 00853 | SANGAMO ELEC CO S CAROLINA DIV | PICKENS, SC | 29671 |
| 01121 | ALLEN-BRADLEY CO | MILWAUKEE, WI | 53204 |
| 01281 | TRW INC SEMICONDUCTOR DIV | LAWNDALE, CA | 90260 |
| 01295 | TEXAS INSTR INC SEMICOND CMPNT DIV | DALLAS, TX | 75222 |
| 01538 | SMALL PARTS INC | COSTA MESA, CA | 92626 |
| 02111 | SPECTROL ELECTRONICS CORP | CITY OF IND, CA | 91745 |
| 02660 | BUNKER RAMO CORP AMPHENOL CONN DIV | BROADVILLE, IL | 60153 |
| 02768 | ILLINOIS TOOL WORKS INC FASTEX DIV | DES PLAINES, IL | 60016 |
| 03508 | GE CO SEMICONDUCTOR PROD DEPT | AUBURN, NY | 13201 |
| 03888 | KD I PYROFILM CORP | WHIPPANY, NJ | 07981 |
| 04713 | MOTOROLA SEMICONDUCTOR PRODUCTS | PHOENIX, AZ | 85008 |
| 06001 | MEPCO ELECTRA CORP | COLUMBIA, SC | 29063 |
| 06665 | PRECISION MONOLITHICS INC | SANTA CLARA, CA | 95050 |
| 07263 | FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR DIV | MOUNTAIN VIEW, CA | 94042 |
| 07322 | MINNESOTA RUBBER CO | MINNEAPOLIS, MN | 55416 |
| $1 F 556$ | PRECISION LAMP INC | COTATI, CA | 94040 |
| 18324 | SIGNETICS CORP | SUNNYVALE, CA | 94086 |
| 24046 | TRANSITRON ELECTRONIC CORP | WAKEFIELD, MA | 01880 |
| 24546 | CORNING GLASS WORKS (BRADFORD) | BRADFORD, PA | 16701 |
| 27014 | NATIONAL SEMICONDUCTOR CORP | SANTA CLARA, CA | 95051 |
| 28480 | HEWLETT-PACKARD CO CORPORATE HQ | PALO ALTO, CA | 94304 |
| $3 L 585$ | RCA CORP SOLID STATE DIV | SOMERVILLE, NJ |  |
| 30983 | MEPCO/ELECTRA CORP | SAN DIEGO, CA | 92121 |
| 32997 | BOURNS INC TRIMPOT PROD DIV | RIVERSIDE, CA | 92507 |
| 51642 | CENTRE ENGINEERING INC | STATE COLLEGE, PA | 16801 |
| 52763 | STETTNER ELECTRONICS INC | CHATTANOOGA, TN | 13035 |
| 56289 | SPRAGUE ELECTRIC CO | NORTH ADAMS, MA | 01247 |
| 72136 | ELECTRO MOTIVE CORP | FLORENCE, SC | 06226 |
| 73138 | BECKMAN INSTRUMENTS INC HELIPOT DIV | FULLERTON, CA | 92634 |
| 74970 | JOHNSON E F CO | WASECA, MN | 56093 |
| 75042 | TRW INC PHILADELPHIA DIV | PHILADELPHIA, PA | 19108 |
| 75915 | LITTELFUSE INC | DES PLAINES, IL | 60016 |
| 84411 | TRW CAPACITOR DIV | OGALLALA,NE | 69153 |
| 91637 | DALE ELECTRONICS INC | COLUMBUS, NE | 68601 |
|  |  |  |  |



Figure 6-1. Parts Identification (Front View)


Figure 6-2. Parts Identification (Rear View)

## Section 7 INSTRUMENT CHANGES

## 7-1. INTRODUCTION TO THIS SECTION

This section is intended to contain instrument modification recommendations and procedures that could improve the performance and reliability of your instrument. Refer to Instruments Covered by This Manual, paragraph 1-5 in Section 1 of the HP 8660D Operation and Calibration Manual for important information about serial number coverage.

There are no instrument modification recommendations or procedures at this time.

## Section 8 SERVICE

## INTRODUCTION

This section of the manual is designed to aid the technician in returning the instrument to proper operating condition in the shortest time possible should a malfunction occur in any of the operating circuits.

## PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

Each of the phase locked loops, the interface circuits and the Digital Control Unit are briefly explained and are graphically shown on Service Sheet 1.

## TROUBLESHOOTING

In general, this section is designed to aid in isolating the assembly, circuit, or Plug-in Section which is causing faulty operation. Service Sheets provide a schematic, and a component locations diagram.

## RECOMMENDED TEST EQUIPMENT

Test equipment and accessories required to service the Model 8660D are listed preceding each troubleshooting procedure. A comprehensive list can be found in Table 1-2. If the equipment listed is not available, equipment that meets the minimum specifications shown may be substituted.
Also listed in Table 1-2 is Service Kit HP Model 11672A. This kit consists of extension cables, cable adapters and an alignment tool. The items within the kit are listed individually in Table 1-2. The entire kit, or any part within the kit may be ordered separately.

## REPAIR

## Factory Selected Components

Some component values are selected at the time of final checkout at the factory. Usually these values are not extremely critical; they are selected to provide optimum compatibility with associated components. These components are identified on individual schematics by an asterisk (*).

Factory selected components and suggested range of values are listed in Table 8-1 and 8-2.
The recommended procedure for replacing a factory selected component is as follows:
a. Try the original value, then perform the test specified in Section 5 of the HP 8660D Operation and Calibration Manual for the circuit being repaired.
b. If the specified test cannot be satisfactorily performed, try the typical value shown in the parts list and repeat the test.
c. If the test results are still not satisfactory, substitute various values within the tolerances specified in Table 8-1 until the desired result is achieved.

Table 8-1. Factory Selected Components (1 of 2)

| Designation | Location | Purpose | Range of Values |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A4A2C11 | Reference Loop | A variable 10 MHz signal (at -45 dB ) is connected in parallel with the 10 MHz reference signal to A4J5. The frequency is varied to show the 3 dB points. The capacitor is selected for the reference loop 3 dB bandwidth of 60 to $160 \mathrm{kHz}( \pm 30$ to $\pm 80 \mathrm{kHz}$ ) measured at the 100 MHz output. | 38 to 72 pF |
| A4A2R42 | Phase Detector | To achieve correct phase error signal level. | 100 to 422 ohms |
| A4A4C10 | Reference VCO | To set reference loop bandwidth and capture range. Interacts with A4A2C11. | 10 to 56 pF |
| A4A4L12 | Reference Loop | To control output level of 100 MHz | 0.34 to $1.0 \mu \mathrm{H}$ |
| A4A4Q7 | Reference Loop | To optimize performance of 500 MHz tuned amplifier |  |
| A4A4Q8 | Reference Loop | To optimize performance of 100 MHz tuned amplifier |  |
| A4A4R29 | Reference VCO and Divider | To compensate for variations in the 100 MHz reference output level. Selected for an output level of +11 to +13 dBm into a 50 ohm load at the output of A4A8. | 42.2 to 196 ohms |
| A4A5C7,C8, C13, C14, C19, C20 | HF Loop VCO | If one or more of the amplifiers in the 340 to 450 MHz tuned amplifier stages are overdriven, a one half frequency harmonic spur will track the output signal. Reduce the drive to the overdriven stage by decreasing the value of the appropriate capacitor. After selecting a capacitor, be sure there is sufficient output to drive the amplifier. | 7.5 to 24 pF |
| A4A5R38, 40, and 42 (50 ohm pad) | HF VCO | To compensate for variations in the $350 / 450 \mathrm{MHz}$ output level. Selected for a level of +10 to +13 dBm . | See Table 8-2. |
| A4A5R37, 39, and 41 (50 ohm pad) | HF Loop | To compensate for variations in the $350 / 450 \mathrm{MHz}$ output level to the phase detector. Selected for a level of +10 to +12 dBm . | See Table 8-2. |
| A4A6C6 | HF Loop | To ensure tuning range sufficient to trap the 10 MHz signal. | 16 to 24 pF |
| A4A6R19 | HF Loop | To center the travel of A4A6R20 Profile Adjust | 287 to 422 ohms |
| A4A7R23 | Sampling Phase Detector | To permit adjustment of A4A7R22. See paragraph 5-30 step 2b. | 7.5k to 11k |

Table 8-1. Factory Selected Components (2 of 2)

| Designation | Location | Purpose | Range of Values |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A8R18 | N3 Oscillator | To aid in balancing Summing loop for Varactor tuning | 19.6k to 25k |
| A8R25 | N3 Oscillator |  | 4k to 6k |
| A13R30 | N2 VCO | To center range of associated potentiometer. | 5.62k to 8.25k |
| A13R36 | N2 VCO | To center range of associated potentiometer. | 12.1k to 17.4k |
| A13R60 | N2 VCO | To compensate for variations in the Varactor diode by reducing phase error output of the N2 assembly. Selected for an output at A2TP10 phase monitor of $0.00 \pm 0.35 \mathrm{Vdc}$ | 68k to 120k |
| A13R81 | N2 VCO | To produce the most symmetrical square wave at A14aTP1. See Service Sheet 9A and 10. | 23.7 to 237 ohms |
| A16R2 | N1 Phase Detector | To compensate for variations in U7A switching characteristics. | 825 ohms to 1.21k |
| A17R29 | N1 VCO | To center range of associated potentiometer. | 12.1k to 17.4 k |
| A17R32 | N1 VCO | To center range of associated potentiometer. | 5.11k to 7.5 k |
| A19R55 | SL1 Oscillator | To set the SL1 Oscillator output between -3 \& -5 dBm. | 511 ohms to 1.47 k |

Table 8-2. Range of Values

| Resistor | $\mathbf{2 ~ d B}$ | $\mathbf{3} \mathbf{~ d B}$ | $\mathbf{4} \mathbf{d B}$ | $\mathbf{5} \mathbf{~ d B}$ | $\mathbf{6} \mathbf{d B}$ | $\mathbf{7 d B}$ | $\mathbf{8} \mathbf{d B}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R37,R38,(R41,R42) | 422 | 287 | 315 | 178 | 147 | 133 | 115 |
| R39(R40) | 12.1 | 17.8 | 23.7 | 28.7 | 34.8 | 46.4 | 51.1 |

## Board Repair

Etched Circuits. The etched circuit boards in the Synthesized Signal Generator are of the platedthrough type consisting of metallic conductors bonded to both sides of insulating material. The metallic conductors are extended through the component mounting holes by a plating process. Soldering can be done from either side of the board with equally good results.
a. Avoid unnecessary component substitution; it can result in damage to the circuit board and/or adjacent components.
b. Do not use a high-power soldering iron on etched boards. Excessive heat may lift a conductor or damage the board.
c. Use a suction device or wooden toothpick to remove solder from component mounting holes.

## NOTE

Do not use a sharp metal object such as an awl or twist drill for this purpose. Sharp objects may damage the plated-through conductor.

Etched Conductor Repair. A broken or burned section of conductor can be repaired by bridging the damaged section with a length of tinned copper wire. Allow adequate overlay and remove any varnish from etched conductor before soldering wire into place.

Component Replacement. Remove defective component from board.

## NOTE

Although not recommended on boards with high-frequency signals or where both sides of a board are accessible, axial lead components, such as resistors and tubular capacitors, can be replaced without unsoldering. Clip leads near body of defective component, remove component and straighten leads left in board. Wrap leads of replacement component one turn around original leads. Solder wrap connections and clip off excess lead.

If component was unsoldered, remove solder from mounting holes, and position component as original was positioned. DO NOT FORCE LEADS INTO MOUNTING HOLES: sharp lead ends may damage plated-through conductor.

Transistor Replacement. To replace a transistor, proceed as follows:
a. Do not apply excessive heat.
b. If possible, use long-nose pliers between transistor and hot soldering tools.
c. When installing replacement transistors, ensure sufficient lead length to dissipate soldering heat by using about the same length of exposed lead as used for the original transistor.
d. Integrated circuit replacement instructions are the same as for transistors.

Some transistors are mounted on heat sinks for good heat dissipation. This requires good thermal contact with mounting surfaces. To assure good thermal contact for a replacement transistor, coat both sides with Dow Corning No. 5 silicone compound or equivalent before fastening the transistor to the chassis. Dow Corning No. 5 compound is available in 8 oz. tubes: order HP part number 9500-0059.

Diode Replacement. Solid state diodes have many different physical forms. This sometimes results in confusion as to which lead is the anode (positive), since all diodes are not marked with the standard symbols. If doubt exists as to polarity, an ohmmeter may be used to determine the proper connection. It is necessary to know the polarity of the ohms lead for the ohmmeter used. When the ohmmeter indicated the least diode resistance, the cathode of the diode is connected to the ohmmeter lead which is negative with respect to the other lead. Replacement instructions for diodes are the same as those listed for transistors.

## MODULE EXCHANGE

Assemblies are no longer available on an exchange-for-credit basis.

## SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Safety requirements are listed directly preceding Section 1 in the HP 8660D Operation and Calibration Manual. They are also called out where required in the Manual.

## SERVICE AIDS

## Pozidriv Screwdrivers

Many of the screws in the instrument appear to be Phillips, but are not. To avoid damage to the screw slots, Pozidriv screwdrivers should be used.

## Extender Boards

Extender boards are furnished (accessory kit part number 08660-60417). These boards and other furnished assemblies are listed in Section 1 of the Operation and Calibration Manual. The extender boards may be used to extend any plug-in board free of the chassis for maintenance.

## Part Locator Aids.

The locations of individual components mounted on printed circuit boards or other assemblies are shown on the appropriate schematic page or the page opposing it. The part reference designator is the assembly number followed by the schematic reference designator (for example, A6R9 is R9 on the A6 assembly). For specific component description and ordering information refer to the parts list in Section 6.

## Servicing Aids on Printed Circuit Boards

The servicing aids include test points, transistor and Integrated circuit designations, adjustment callouts and assembly stock numbers.

## Plug-In Connectors Detail

Pin identification for RF plug-ins can be made using Figure $8-1$. If pins are bent or broken, refer to accompanying notes for part numbers and tools required form repair.

notes

1. The folloutro wirnhastar Catalog numer tools




## Service Sheet 1

## BLOCK DIAGRAM

## - Overall

## GENERAL

The Hewlett-Packard Model 8660D is a signal generator which utilizes synthesizer techniques to produce precise RF output signals. These signals may be selected in increments as small as one Hz .
Each step in the generation of the output frequency is controlled by phase locked loops. This ensures that the output frequency is exactly that selected by front panel (or remote) controls.

All of the seven phase locked loops are referenced to a single source. This source may be the internal temperature controlled crystal oscillator or an external frequency standard of 5 or 10 MHz .

The Model 8660D mainframe does not provide a direct RF output, except for the reference signal which may be used as a time base for external equipment. The signals generated within the mainframe are used in plug-in modules which utilize mixing techniques to provide the selected output RF signals.

## REFERENCE LOOP

The reference loop consists of four circuit boards mounted in the A4 assembly. Schematics, a more comprehensive circuit analysis, and troubleshooting information are provided by Service Sheets 2 and 3.
All of the signals generated within the Model 8660D mainframe are derived from the 100 MHz master oscillator in the reference loop. The master oscillator is a voltage controlled oscillator which is phase locked to a stable reference (the 10 MHz INT or an EXT standard). The 100 MHz oscillator is located in the A4A4 assembly.
Also included in the A4A4 assembly are divide-by-five and multiply-by-five circuits. The outputs from the A4A4 assembly are $500 \mathrm{MHz}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}$, and 20 MHz . The 20 MHz output from the A4A4 assembly is sampled in the reference loop phase detector to provide a phase correction signal to the master oscillator. The 20 MHz signal is also applied to the A4A3 assembly where it is divided by two to provide a 10 MHz signal for use in the A4A1 reference dividers and in the high frequency phase locked loop.
The reference loop input circuit (A4A2) converts the signal from the reference oscillator into sharp short-duration pulses to open a sampler gate which samples the 20 MHz signal from the A4A4 assembly. The sampled signal is used to generate an error signal which biases the varactor in the 100 MHz voltage controlled oscillator in the A4A4 assembly to maintain the phase locked condition.
The A4A1 assembly divides the 10 MHz input from the A4A3 assembly by five to provide a 2 MHz clock for the digital control unit. The 2 MHz signal is divided by five to provide a 400 kHz signal to the phase detector in the N 1 loop. The 400 kHz is twice divided by two to provide 100 kHz signals to the phase detectors in the N 2 and N 3 loops.

## HIGH FREQUENCY LOOP

The HF loop consists of three circuit boards mounted in the A4 assembly. Schematics, a more comprehensive circuit analysis, and troubleshooting information are provided by Service Sheets 4, 5, and 6.

The HF loop provides digitally controlled RF signals between 350 and 450 MHz in precisely selected 10 MHz increments.

The sampling phase detector (A4A7) compares the voltage controlled oscillator (A4A5) output to a 10 MHz signal from the reference loop and provides an output to phase lock the voltage controlled oscillator to the reference signal. The phase detector assembly contains a pulse generator, a sampler and signal processing circuit.
The frequency of the voltage controlled oscillator (A4A5) is roughly pretuned by a digital-to-analog converter located in the A4A6 assembly. The error signal from the A4A7 assembly is summed with the output of the digital-to-analog converter to maintain the phase locked condition. The A4A5 assembly also contains two identical three-stage amplifiers. These amplifiers serve as buffers to isolate any extraneous signals at their outputs from the oscillator. One of the amplifiers provides an output to the RF plug-in; the other output goes to the HF loop sampling phase detector.
The A4A6 pretuning circuit consists of a digital-to-analog converter which roughly pretunes the voltage controlled oscillator to the 10 MHz increment between 350 and 450 MHz selected by CF digits 8 and 9 of the front panel (or remote) controls. The pretuning cannot, by itself, set the voltage controlled oscillator frequency accurately; it does set the frequency within the capture range of the loop.
The A4A6 assembly also contains a summing circuit which sums the negative de level from the digital-to-analog converter with the current from a +20 volt source and the output of the phase detector. The output from the summing circuit precisely controls the frequency of the voltage controlled oscillator.

## DIVIDE BY N LOOP N1

The purpose of the N1 loop is to generate digitally controlled RF signals in the range of 19.8 to 29.7 MHz in selectable 100 kHz increments. The voltage controlled oscillator is phase locked to a 400 kHz reference signal which is derived from the master oscillator in the reference loop. The output of the N 1 loop is applied to summing loop 1.
The N1 loop circuits are mounted on two circuit boards, A16 and A17. Schematics, a more comprehensive circuit analysis, and troubleshooting information are provided by Service Sheets 7 and 8.
The A16 phase detector assembly contains a programmable divider, a sampling phase detector and signal processing circuit.
The programmable divider divides by a number determined by CF digits 6 and 7 of the front panel (or remote) controls. The terminal count of the programmable divider is always 297 . The actual number of cycles counted is determined by the count programmed into the divider prior to the start of each count cycle. The output of the programmable divider is always 200 kHz when the loop is locked.
The output frequency of the N1 loop may be determined by subtracting the CF digits 7 and 6 information from 29.7 MHz . As an example, if CF digits 7 and 6 are set for 3.4 MHz , the N 1 output frequency will be 26.3 MHz ( 29.7 - 3.4).
The sampling phase detector uses the 100 kHz pulses from the programmable divider to sample the 400 kHz reference signal and provides an error output to the summing circuit in the A17 assembly.
The signal processing circuit consists of an operational amplifier with lead and lag compensation.
The A17 assembly contains a digital-to-analog converter, a voltage controlled oscillator and a summing circuit.
The digital-to-analog converter converts the digital inputs from CF digits 6 and 7 to a dc level which roughly pretunes the voltage controlled oscillator to a frequency within the capture range of the loop.
The summing circuit sums the current from the negative digital-to-analog converter source with current from a +20 volt source and the error signal from the phase detector to precisely control the voltage controlled oscillator frequency.

## DIVIDE BY N LOOP N2

The purpose of the N 2 loop is to generate digitally controlled RF signals in the range of 19.80 to 29.79 MHz in selected 10 kHz increments.

The voltage controlled oscillator is phase locked to a 100 kHz reference which is derived from the master oscillator in the reference section. The output of the N 2 loop is applied to summing loop 2 (summing loop 1 in option 004 instruments).
The N2 loop circuits are mounted on two circuit boards, A13 and A14. Schematics, a more comprehensive circuit analysis, and troubleshooting information are provided by Service Sheets 9 and 10.

Operation of the N 2 loop is virtually the same as operation of the N 1 loop. The reference input is 100 kHz and the output of the programmable divider is always 10 kHz when the loop is locked. The digital inputs are from CF digits 3,4 , and 5 (or remote controls) and range from 000 to 999.

The programmable divider count always terminates in a count of 2979 . The output frequency in MHz of the oscillator may be calculated by subtracting the programmed digital input from CF digits 5, 4 and 3 from 2979 and dividing the results by 100 . Example: with CF digits 5, 4, and 3 set to 222 the output frequency will be $27.57 \mathrm{MHz}: \frac{2979-222}{100}$.

## DIVIDE BY N LOOP N3

The purpose of the N3 loop is to generate digitally controlled RF signals in the range of 20.01 to 21.00 MHz in selectable 10 kHz increments. The voltage controlled oscillator is phase locked to a 100 kHz reference which is derived from the master oscillator in the reference section. The output from the N 3 phase locked loop is divided by ten and the resulting 2.001 to 2.100 MHz ( 1 kHz steps) signal is applied to summing loop 2.
The N3 loop circuit is mounted on two circuit boards, A8 and A10. Schematics, a more comprehensive circuit analysis, and troubleshooting information are provided by Service Sheets 11 and 12.
Operation of the N3 loop is virtually identical to operation of the N1 and N2 loops. The reference signal is 100 kHz and the output of the programmable divider is always 10 kHz when the loop is phase locked. The digital inputs are from CF digits 1 and 2, and range from 00 to 99.

The programmable divider count always terminates in a count of 2100 . The output frequency in MHz of the voltage controlled oscillator may be calculated by subtracting the programmed digital input from CF digits 2 and 1 from 2100 and dividing the result by 100 . Example: with CF digits 2 and 1 set to 34, the output frequency of the voltage controlled oscillator will be $20.66 \mathrm{MHz}: \frac{2100-34}{100}$. Since the voltage controlled oscillator output is divided by 10 , the output to summing loop 2 will be 2.066 MHz .

## SUMMING LOOP 2

The purpose of SL2 is to generate digitally controlled RF signals in the range of 20.0001 to 30.0000 MHz in selectable 100 Hz increments. The output frequency of the SL2 voltage controlled oscillator is equal to the sum of the N2 output and the divided-by-ten output of the N3 assembly. The inputs to the digital phase detector are the divided-by-ten output of the N 3 assembly and the output from a mixer which detects the difference frequency of the N2 output and the SL2 voltage controlled oscillator. The output of SL2 is applied to SL1.
The SL2 circuits are mounted on two circuit boards, A11 and A12. Schematics, a more comprehensive circuit analysis, and troubleshooting information are provided by Service Sheets 13 and 14.

The SL2 phase detector A12 is completely digital; it compares the relative positions (in time) of two sets of pulses and provides an error signal to correct phase errors or a dc level to correct frequency errors. One of the inputs to the phase detector is the divided by ten output of the N3 A8 assembly. The other input to the phase detector is the difference frequency between the N 2 loop output and the SL2 voltage controlled oscillator output. When the loop is locked, both phase detector input signals are at the same frequency ( $1: 1$ ratio). When the ratio between the two signals is not $1: 1$ the difference
is detected by a sense circuit which disables the phase detector. The phase detector output goes low if the SL2 voltage controlled oscillator frequency is high. The pretuning circuit and the voltage controlled oscillator are contained in the A11 assembly.
The pretuning circuit is a digital-to-analog converter controlled by CF digits 3, 4, and 5. The digital-to-analog converter for the CF digit three is physically located on the A12 assembly. The pretuning circuit roughly presets the voltage controlled oscillator to a frequency within the capture range of the loop. A summing circuit sums the negative current from the digital-to-analog converter circuit with a current from a +20 volt source and the output of the SL2 digital phase detector to precisely set the output frequency of the voltage controlled oscillator. The output from the voltage controlled oscillator is applied to SL1 and to a mixer in the A12 assembly.
The output frequency of SL2 is equal to the N 2 frequency plus the divided-by-ten input from the N 3 circuit.

## SUMMING LOOP 1

The purpose of SL1 is to generate digitally controlled RF signals in the range of 20.000001 to 30.0 MHz in selectable increments as small as 1 Hz . The output frequency of the SL1 voltage controlled oscillator is equal to the sum of the N1 output and the divided-by-one-hundred output of SL2. The inputs to the digital phase detector are the divided-by-one hundred output of the SL2 assembly and the output from a mixer which detects the difference frequency of the N1 output and the SL1 voltage controlled oscillator. The output of SL1 is applied to the RF Section plug-in.

The SL1 circuits are mounted on three circuit boards, A15, A18, and A19. Schematics, a more comprehensive circuit analysis, and troubleshooting information are provided on Service Sheets 15, 16 , and 17.
Operation of SL1 is the same as operation of SL2 except that the phase detector inputs are the divided-by-one hundred output of SL2 and the difference frequency between the output of N1 and the SL1 oscillator. The output frequency can be found using the following formula:
$N 1+\frac{S L 2}{100}$ or $N 1+\frac{N 2}{100}+\frac{N 3}{1000}$.

## RF SECTION

The RF Section plug-in processes the outputs from the mainframe to provide the desired output frequency.

Information relative to operation and service of the RF Section is provided in a separate manual.

## DIGITAL CONTROL UNIT

Service Sheet 18 provides a logic diagram of the digital control unit.




## Service Sheet 2


#### Abstract

ASSEMBLY

\section*{- Part Of Reference Loop Circuits}

When repairing the reference loop, only one of the four covers should be removed at any given time. Operating the instrument with the voltage controlled oscillator cover removed may cause faulty or erratic performance after required repairs have been completed.


## NOTE

After making repairs in any part of the reference loop circuits, Adjustment 3 in Section 5 of the HP 8660D Operation and Calibration Manual should be performed to ensure proper operation of the instrument.

## TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

Digital Voltmeter ......................................................................................... . HP 3478A
Test Oscillator . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . HP HP 3325A
Oscilloscope (with 10:1 divider probes) ....................................................... . HP 54200A
Frequency Counter ................................................................................ . HP 5385A

## REFERENCE LOOP, GENERAL

The reference loop consists of four circuit boards located in the A4 assembly. This service sheet provides information about circuit operation and test procedures for the reference oscillator, reference amplifier and relays, the phase detector and the divide-by-five and divide-by-two circuits. Schematic diagrams, text and troubleshooting information for the voltage controlled oscillator and divide-by-two circuits appear on Service Sheet 3.
The accuracy and stability of all the signals generated in the HP 8660D mainframe are traceable to the reference loop outputs.

The reference loop provides output frequencies of $500 \mathrm{MHz}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}, 20 \mathrm{MHz}, 10 \mathrm{MHz}, 2 \mathrm{MHz}$, 400 kHz , and 100 kHz . These signals are used in other circuits in the mainframe and in the plug-in sections. All of the reference section outputs are derived from a 100 MHz master oscillator which is phase locked to a stable reference source. The reference signal may be supplied by the internal reference oscillator or by an external reference standard. The reference signal may be 5 or 10 MHz at a level of 0.2 to 2 Vrms.

## Reference Oscillator, Amplifier and Relays

The HP 8660D (except for option 002 instruments) contains a 10 MHz temperature controlled crystal oscillator which is used as a reference source. Also included are switching relays and a buffer amplifier. The buffer amplifier serves to isolate the reference oscillator when its output is used as a reference source for external equipment.

## Test Procedure 1

Test 1-a Connect the oscilloscope to the HP 8660D rear panel REFERENCE OUTPUT connector. If the internal reference is being used the oscilloscope should display a 10 MHz signal at about 4 Vpp . If an external reference is used the oscilloscope should display the reference frequency at about the same level as the reference signal input.

If the signal is present proceed to test $1-b$. If the signal is not present proceed to test $1-c$.

Test 1-b Disconnect the coaxial cable from A4J5 (REF INPUT) and connect the oscilloscope to the end of the cable.

If the internal reference is being used, the oscilloscope should display a 10 MHz signal at about 5 Vpp .
If an external reference is used, the oscilloscope should display the input reference signal.
If the signal appeared in test $1-a$, but does not appear in test $1-b$, the cable between the A4A2 assembly and the reference relay/amplifier is probably defective.

If the correct signal is observed in test 1-b, proceed to TEST PROCEDURE 2.

Test 1-c If the signal was not present in test 1-a, tilt the A4 assembly out of the frame, disconnect the coaxial cable from the reference oscillator assembly and connect the reference oscillator output to the oscilloscope.

The oscilloscope should display a 10 MHz signal at about 7 Vpp .
If the signal is not present, check for dc levels as follows: terminal $1,+20 \mathrm{~V}$, terminal $2+35 \mathrm{~V}$ (oven voltage) and terminal $6,+5.2 \mathrm{~V}$ (when present indicates thermostat is open, temperature stabilized).

If the voltages are correct the reference oscillator assembly (A21) is defective.
NOTE
The reference oscillator assembly is not a field repairable unit. Replacement is recommended.

If the signal is present at the reference oscillator output, check the SELECTOR switch, the relay assembly (A22A1) and the reference amplifier (A22A2).

## PHASE DETECTOR ASSEMBLY (A4A2), GENERAL

The phase detector consists of three basic circuits; a pulse generator a sampler and circuit to process the error signal.

The pulse generator converts the reference signal to very sharp, short duration pulses. These pulses are used to forward bias the sampler gate diodes.

The sampler gate provides a means of comparing the pulses generated from the reference signal to the 20 MHz signal from the A4A3 assembly. An error signal is developed to control the voltage controlled oscillator in the A4A4 assembly when a phase error exists.

## Pulse Generator

The pulse generator consists of Q 1 through $\mathrm{Q} 5, \mathrm{U} 1, \mathrm{~T} 1$, and associated components.
The reference input to Q1 may be 5 or 10 MHz . Q1 and Q2 act as an amplifier for low level signals and as a limiter for high level signals. Q3 acts as a limiter to ensure that the input to NAND gate U1A is always the same when the input reference signal is 0.2 to 2 vVrms . The output from Q3 is essentially a square wave with a slow rise time and a fast fall time; it is clipped, top and bottom, and it is approximately 5 Vpp .
$\mathrm{U} 1, \mathrm{C} 11$ and R20 are used as a pulse shaper. The output of U1A is differentiated by C11 and R20 and inverted by U1B. The sharp pulses ( 20 to 25 nanoseconds) are inverted by U1D to provide positive-going pulses to drive Q4/Q5.
Q4/Q5 comprise a complementary emitter-follower pair; its purpose is to provide a low impedance drive to T1.

## Test Procedure 2

Test 2-a Composite waveform SS2-1 and trace 2 of composite waveform SS2-2 illustrate the development of the 10 MHz pulses derived from the internal reference signal. The pulses are used to drive the sampling phase detector diode gates. Observing the individual waveforms on an oscilloscope should enable the technician to quickly isolate a malfunction in the circuit to an individual stage or to the reference oscillator/switching circuits.
There are no loops or feedback circuits in the pulse generator circuit. It is safe to assume when a correct waveform is observed that all preceding portions of the circuit are operating properly.


## Composite Waveform SS2-1



Composite Waveform SS2-2

## Sampler

Sampler diodes CR4 and CR5 are normally reverse biased. When the sampling pulse appears across the secondary of T1 it is coupled through C18 and C19 to forward bias CR4 and CR5. Since the gate pulses are equal in amplitude but opposite in polarity, they will cancel at the junction of R32, R33, R34, and C20.

While CR4 and CR5 are forward biased the sampling gate is open and the 20 MHz signal from the A4A3 assembly is sampled. If the 20 MHz input from the A 4 A 3 assembly is not phase locked to the pulses from the reference signal an ac signal will appear on the base of Q7. The polarity of the signal at any given time depends on the polarity of the 20 MHz signal from the A4A3 assembly when the last sample was taken. The amplitude of the ac signal at any given time depends on what portion of the 20 MHz sine wave the last sample was taken from.

Each time CR4 and CR5 are forward biased the charge on C20 will change unless the phase relationship is the same as it was in the previous sample. The time constant of C20 and R34 is long and since the time between samples is never more than one microsecond, C20 cannot discharge appreciably between sampling pulses.

The reverse bias levels for CR4 and CR5 are maintained at the same levels (opposite polarities) by voltage divider networks.

## Test Procedure 3

Test 3-a An oscilloscope loads the sampling circuit at TP3 and TP4 to a point where accurate analysis of the signal is not possible. However, observing the waveforms and comparing them to the typical waveforms shown in composite waveform SS2-2 will provide an adequate indication that the circuit is or is not functioning properly. The important points to observe are the two-to-one frequency ratio between the 20 MHz signal and the pulses, and the time coincidence of the positive-going and negative-going pulses at TP3 and TP4 with the pulses at TP1.

## Error Signal Amplifier

When a phase difference between the reference signal and the 20 MHz input exists, a signal appears on C20. This signal is amplified and used to correct the frequency or the voltage controlled oscillator in the A4A4 assembly.

Q7 and Q9 provide a high impedance input for the sampler output. Q8 and Q10 comprise a differential amplifier. Emitter-follower Q11 provides the output to the A4A4 assembly.

## Test Procedure 4

Test 4-a Connect an oscilloscope to the A4A2 output labeled VCO. With the input 10 MHz reference disconnected from A4J5, (REF INPUT) connect a test oscillator (output $0 \mathrm{dBm}, 3 \mathrm{kHz}$ ) to A4A2TP2. (The exact frequency is unimportant -3 kHz chosen arbitrarily.)

Vary the output level of the test oscillator and note that the A4A2 output level displayed on the oscilloscope varies.

## NOTE

If the A4A2 output does not vary when the test oscillator output is varied, use the oscilloscope to check back through the stages for a point in the circuit where the level does change with a change in the output level of the test oscillator. The following stage is probably defective.

## Reference Divide-by-Five and Divide-by-Two Assembly A4A1

The A4A1 assembly divides the 10 MHz input from the A4A3 assembly four times; two times by five and two times by two. The assembly provides a 100 kHz signal to the N 2 and N 3 loops and a 400 kHz signal to the N1 loop.
Q3 and CR1 reduce the +20 V input to +5 V for operation of all circuits in the assembly. This method of providing power is used to minimize the effect of ac ripple on the power supply.

Q1 isolates the circuit from the 10 MHz source. Q2 amplifies the 10 MHz input and NAND gate U1A shapes it into pulses to drive U2. U2 provides a divided-by-five 2 MHz output at pin 8 which is used as a clock signal in the digital control unit. The 2 MHz output is also available at pin 11 of U 2 and is used to drive U3.

U3 divides the 2 MHz input from pin 11 of U 2 by five and provides outputs of 400 kHz at pins 8 and 11. The 400 kHz output at U3 pin 8 is used as the phase detector reference in the N1 loop. The 400 kHz at pin 11 of U3 is coupled to U3 pin 14 and divided by two. The 200 kHz output of U3 at pin 12 is coupled back to U2 pin 14 through NAND gate U1C and again divided by two. The 100 kHz output from U2 pin12 is coupled through NAND gate U1B to the phase detector in the N3 loop. The 100 kHz signal is also coupled through NAND gate U1D to the phase detector in the N2 loop.

## Test Procedure 5

Composite waveform SS2-3 illustrates the development of pulses from the 10 MHz reference input and the 2 MHz clock output to the digital control unit.


Composite waveform SS2-4 illustrates the development of the 400 kHz and 100 kHz N loop reference signals from the 2 MHz clock signals.


There are no loops or feedback paths in the circuit. It is safe to assume that when the proper waveform is observed at any point that preceding stages are functioning properly.

Observing the waveforms at the test points specified should enable the technician to quickly isolate the cause of a malfunction to a specific stage or component.

NOTES:

1. For an explanation of schematic symbols, see "SChematic diagram notes" in Section 8 .
2. L1 is part of A22 assembly.


Component Locators



## Service Sheet 3

## ASSEMBLY

- Part of Reference Loop Circuits

When repairing the reference loop only one of the four covers should be removed at any given time. Operation of the instrument with the voltage controlled oscillator cover removed may cause faulty or erratic performance after repairs have been completed.


#### Abstract

NOTE After making repairs in any part of the reference loop circuits, Adjustment 3 in Section 5 of the HP 8660D Operation and Calibration Manual should be performed to ensure proper operation of the instrument.


## TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

| Digital Voltmeter | HP 3478A |
| :---: | :---: |
| Oscilloscope (with 10:1 divider probes) | HP 54200A |
| Frequency Counter | HP 5385A |

## REFERENCE LOOP GENERAL

The reference loop consists of four circuit boards located in the A4 assembly. Service Sheet 2 provides information about circuit operation and test procedures for the reference oscillator, reference amplifier and relays, the phase detector and the divide-by-five and divide-by-two circuits. Schematic diagrams, text and troubleshooting information for the voltage controlled oscillator and divide-by-two circuits appear on this service sheet.
The accuracy and stability of all the signals generated in the HP 8660D mainframe are traceable to the reference loop circuits.
The reference loop provides output frequencies of $500 \mathrm{MHz}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}, 20 \mathrm{MHz}, 10 \mathrm{MHz}, 2 \mathrm{MHz}$, 400 kHz , and 100 kHz . These signals are used in other circuits in the mainframe and in the plug-in sections. All of the reference section outputs are derived from a 100 MHz master oscillator which is phase locked to a stable reference source. The reference signal may be supplied by the internal reference oscillator or by an external reference standard. The reference signal may be 5 or 10 MHz at a level of 0.2 or 2 Vrms.

## Oscillator, Power Splitter, 500 MHz Amplifier and 100 MHz Amplifier

Q3 and associated components comprise a 100 MHz voltage controlled oscillator. Varactor CR1 is biased by the output of the A4A2 phase detector to assure that the oscillator is phase locked to the reference signal at 100 MHz .

The oscillator output is capacitively coupled to the base of Q 4 which functions as a power splitter.
Q9 and associated components provide isolation from the +20 V power supply for the oscillator and power splitter to minimize effects of ac power supply ripple or line variations.
The collector output of Q4 is capacitively coupled to A8, a 100 MHz tuned amplifier which functions as a buffer stage. The times five function is accomplished by Q7 which is tuned to 500 MHz . The 500 MHz output from the Q7 tank circuit is capacitively coupled to Q6, another 500 MHz tuned amplifier which also provides isolation.
The emitter output of Q4 is capacitively coupled to the base of Q5 which functions as a 100 MHz tuned amplifier buffer stage. This output is used in the Frequency Extension Module (HP 11661A).

## Test Procedure 1


#### Abstract

NOTE If the signal frequency is close to that specified in the following tests but is erratic, or not exact, the trouble is probably in the Phase Detector circuit. Refer to Service Sheet 2.


Test 1-a With the A4A4 assembly cover removed, use the counter and spectrum analyzer (separately) to check the 500 MHz output. The counter should indicate exactly 500 MHz and the oscilloscope should display a sine wave at about $>+3 \mathrm{dBm}$.

If the signal is present, proceed to test $1-\mathrm{d}$. If the signal is not present proceed to test $1-\mathrm{b}$.

Test 1-b. Connect the oscilloscope and the counter (separately) to Q4-c. The counter should indicate exactly 100 MHz and the oscilloscope should display a sine wave at about 2.5 Vpp .

If the signal is present, but was not present in test 1-a, check Q6, Q7, Q8, and associated components. If the signal is not present, proceed to test 1-c.

Test 1-c. Connect the oscilloscope and the counter (separately) to Q4-b. The counter should indicate exactly 100 MHz and the oscilloscope should display a sine wave at about 0.4 V .

If the signal is present but was not present in previous tests, Q 4 is probably defective. If the signal is not present, Check Q3, Q9 and associated components.

Test 1-d. Use the oscilloscope and the counter (separately) to check the 100 MHz output. The counter should indicate exactly 100 MHz and the oscilloscope should display a sine wave at about 0.5 V .

If the signal is not present, but was present in test $1-\mathrm{a}$, check Q5 and associated components. If the signal is present, proceed to Test Procedure 2.

## 20 MHz Outputs

A third 100 MHz signal is capacitively coupled from the oscillator tank circuit to the base of 100 MHz tuned amplifier Q2. The output of Q2 is used to drive a divide-by-five circuit (U1) which provides the 20 MHz output. The 20 MHz output is used to drive the divide-by-two circuit in the A4A3 assembly. The 20 MHz signal is also coupled to 20 MHz tuned amplifier Q1 for use in circuits external to the reference loop.

## Test Procedure 2

Test 2-a Connect the oscilloscope to the 20 MHz output from Q1. The display should be similar to that shown in the center trace of composite waveform SS3-1. Proceed to test 2-b.

Test 2-b Connect the oscilloscope to the 20 MHz output which goes to the A4A3 assembly. The display should be similar to that shown in the lower trace of composite waveform SS3-1.

If the correct signal is present but was not present in test 2-a, check Q1 and associated components.
If the signal is not present proceed to test 2-c.

Test 2-c Connect the oscilloscope to Q2-c. The oscilloscope display should be similar to the top trace in composite waveform SS3-1. If the signal is present but was not present in test 2-b, U1 is probably defective.

If the signal is not present at Q2-c, Q2 is probably defective.


## Divide-by-Two Circuit A4A3

The A4A3 assembly provides 10 MHz outputs to the HF Loop (A4A7) phase detector, and to the divide-by-five and divide-by-two circuits (A4A1). It also provides a 20 MHz output for use in the reference loop phase detector A4A2.

Q1 and Q2 amplify the 20 MHz signal from the A4A4 assembly and applies it to U1 which divides by two. The +5 V required for operation of U1 is derived from the +20 V supply by R4 and CR1 to minimize effects of power supply ac ripple and line variations.

The output from U1 is capacitively coupled out to the HF Loop as a reference signal. It is also coupled through Q3 to 10 MHz tuned amplifier Q5. The 10 MHz output from Q5 is used in the divide-by-five and divide-by-two circuits (A4A1).

The 20 MHz output of Q2 is also coupled through tuned amplifier Q4 to the A4A2 phase detector assembly.

## Test Procedure 3

Test 3-a Connect the oscilloscope to the 10 MHz output to the A4A1 assembly. The oscilloscope display should be about as shown in the bottom trace of composite waveform SS3-2. Verify that the frequency is exactly 10 MHz with the counter.

If the signal is not present proceed to test 3-b. If the signal is present, proceed to test 3-d.

Test 3-b Connect the oscilloscope to the 10 MHz output which goes to the A4A4 assembly. The oscilloscope display should be about as shown in the next-to-the-bottom trace of composite waveform SS3-2. Verify that the frequency is exactly 10 MHz with the counter.

If the signal is present but was not present in test $3-\mathrm{a}$, check Q3, Q5 and associated components. If the signal is not present proceed to test 3 -c.

Test 3-c Connect the oscilloscope to U1 pin 12. The oscilloscope display should be similar to the second from the top trace in composite waveform SS3-2.


Composite Waveform SS3-2

NOTE
The counter may be used to verify that the frequency is approximately 20 MHz . However, this point in the circuit is critical; the additional load on the circuit will probably disturb the phase lock loop balance.

If the display is correct but was not correct in previous tests, U 1 is probably defective. If the display is not correct, check Q1, Q2, and associated components.

Test 3-d Connect the oscilloscope and the counter (separately) to the 20 MHz output of the A4A2 assembly. The oscilloscope display should be similar to that shown in the top trace of composite waveform SS3-2. The counter readout should be exactly 20 MHz .

If the correct signal is not present, check Q4 and associated components.

NOTES:

1. For an explanation of schenatic symbols. see "SCHEMATIC diagram notes" in Section 8.
2. L8 and L9 are part of the printed ctrcult board.






## Service Sheet 4

## ASSEMBLY

## - Pretuning Assembly

The A4A6 assembly, a part of the three-assembly High Frequency Loop, is shown schematically and described on this Service Sheet. The other two assemblies A4A5 and A4A7, are shown schematically and described on Service Sheets 5 and 6.

## NOTE

After making repairs in any parts of the HF Loop circuits, Adjustment 6 in Section 5 of the HP 8660D Operation and Calibration Manual should be performed to ensure proper operation of the instrument.

## TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

Digital Voltmeter ................................................................................. HP 3478A

## HIGH FREQUENCY LOOP GENERAL INFORMATION

The purpose of the HF Loop is to provide a precise digitally controlled output frequency between 350 and 450 MHz in 10 MHz increments. This output is used in the internal extension module and in the plug-in RF Sections to provide the desired output signal.

## Pretuning Circuit

Q1 through Q11, U1, and associated components comprise a digital-to-analog converter which pretunes the A4A5 voltage controlled oscillator. The pretuning circuit cannot, by itself, set the oscillator frequency precisely; it does set the frequency within the capture range of the loop.

Integrated circuit U 1 is a decoder which converts the BCD input from CF digit 8 to individual select lines which turn on one of nine transistors connected in a resistive network. The transistor which is turned on effectively grounds one point in the resistive network. The voltage level output to the voltage controlled oscillator depends on which transistor is turned on. The voltage varies from about -7 V ( 350 MHz ) to about $-34 \mathrm{~V}(450 \mathrm{MHz}$ ).

A single input line, representative of BCD ' 1 ' from CF digit 9 drives Q1 to turn on Q11. Q11, the tenth transistor switch in the pretuning network, grounds the lowest resistance point in the network; it pretunes the voltage controlled oscillator to 350 MHz .

## Test Procedure 1

Test 1-a With the digital voltmeter connected to the junction of R15, R18 and R19 set the CF as shown in Table 8-3. The voltages shown in the table are typical; the actual voltage levels will depend on the characteristics of the varactor used in the voltage controlled oscillator.

If changing the setting of CF digit 8 through its range does not result in a change in the dc level at the junction of R15, R18 and R19, U1 may be defective.

Test 1-b Use the digital voltmeter to check the A, B, C, and D inputs to U1 from CF digit 8. These inputs are binary 1248 positive true logic. Example: with CF digit 8 set to a 3, U1 pins 15 and 14 should be high, (about +4 V ) and pins 12 and 13 should be low (about 0.3 V ). If the $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}$, and D inputs to U1 are correct, use the digital voltmeter to check the U1 output. (Example: if thumbwheel digit 8 is set to a 3 , inputs A and B will be high and U1 pin 4 will go low.)
Operation of transistors Q2 through Q11 may be checked by checking the de level at their collectors which are connected to the transistor shell. The numbers plated on the circuit board next to the potentiometers correspond to CF digits 8 and 9. CF digit 8 controls Q2 through Q10 and CF digit 9 drives Q1 to control Q11. The metallic shell (collector) of the transistor selected goes low ( 0.1 V or less).

## Summing Circuit

Common base current source Q13 sums the output of the digital to analog converter, current from a +20 V source (R13), and the error signal from the A4A7 sampling phase detector. The output of the digital to analog converter is partially controlled by common base current source Q14. Conduction of Q14 is controlled by a temperature sensitive stabistor diode on the voltage controlled oscillator circuit board. The current from Q14 is injected into the pretuning network to provide correct compensation for the voltage controlled oscillator drift characteristics. Q12 provides a means of coupling the error signal from the phase detector through C7 to the voltage controlled oscillator in the A4A5 assembly.

## Test Procedure 2

Test 2-a Connect the digital voltmeter to the A4A6 output labeled FREQ on the circuit board. Set the CF digits as shown in Table 8-3. The voltages shown are typical; actual voltage levels depend on the characteristics of the varactor in the voltage controlled oscillator.
If the voltages were correct in test $1-\mathrm{a}$ but are not in test $2-\mathrm{a}$, check Q12, Q13, and associated components.

Table 8-3. Pretuning DC Levels

| Center Frequency (MHz) | Test 1-a DC Level | Test 2-a DC Level |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0000.010000 | -34.7 V | -34.5 V |
| 0010.010000 | -28.3 V | -29.3 V |
| 0020.010000 | -23.1 V | -25.0 V |
| 0030.010000 | -18.7 V | -21.4 V |
| 0040.010000 | -14.9 V | -18.4 V |
| 0050.010000 | -11.6 V | -15.7 V |
| 0060.010000 | -8.9 V | -13.5 V |
| 0070.010000 | -6.5 V | -11.6 V |
| 0080.010000 | -4.5 V | -9.9 V |
| 0090.010000 | -2.6 V | -8.4 V |
| 0100.010000 | -1.1 V | -7.2 V |

NOTES:

1. For an explanation of schematic symbols, see "SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM NOTES" in Section 8.



## Service Sheet 5


#### Abstract

ASSEMBLY

\section*{- Sampling Phase Detector (A4A7)}

The A4A7 assembly, a part of the three-assembly High Frequency Loop, is shown schematically and described on this Service Sheet. The other two assemblies, A4A5 and A4A6, are shown schematically and described on Service Sheets 4 and 6.


## NOTE

After making repairs in any part of the HF Loop circuits, Adjustment 6 in Section 5 of the HP 8660D Operation and Calibration Manual should be performed to ensure proper operation of the instrument.

## TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

Oscilloscope (with 10:1 divider probes) ..... HP 54200A
Test Oscillator ..... HP 3325A
Digital Voltmeter ..... HP 3478A

## HIGH FREQUENCY LOOP GENERAL INFORMATION

The purpose of the HF Loop is to provide a precise digitally controlled output frequency between 350 and 450 MHz in 10 MHz increments. This output is used in the internal extension module and in the plug-in RF Sections to provide the desired output signal.

The sampling phase detector compares the voltage controlled oscillator output to a 10 MHz signal from the reference section. The output of the phase detector circuit is a beat note or a varying dc level. The phase detector assembly contains a pulse generator, a sampler, and a signal processing circuit.

## Pulse Generator

Q1 and Q2 comprise a non-saturating, limiting amplifier. It provides a constant amplitude square wave (about 6V) derived from the 10 MHz reference signal. The circuit is designed to minimize the sensitivity of the output ac swing to power supply ripple.

The output of Q2 is applied to Q3 which converts the signal to a stable current waveform. A two-to-one step-down transformer (T1) is used in conjunction with Q3 to provide the additional current required to drive the step-recovery diode CR1.

When Q3 conducts heavily CR1 is reverse biased by the signal which appears across the secondary winding of T1. When Q3 is turned off, the collapsing inductive field of the T1 primary winding and the resonant circuit of L5 and C10 cause a flyback action which drives CR1 into conduction. L4 and C9 also enhance the flyback action.

## NOTE

One of the characteristics of a step-recovery diode, also called a chargestorage diode, is that the junction transition capacitance accumulates a charge while the diode is forward biased.

When the pulse which forward biased CR1 has ended, CR1 is again reverse biased; however, current will flow in the reverse direction until the charge stored in CR1 is depleted. When the charge stored in CR1 is depleted current flow stops abruptly; the sharp current transition causes L6 and L7 to develop large narrow voltages spikes of about 6 V amplitude and one nanosecond in duration. The pulse is positive-going at L7 and negative-going at L6. These pulses are coupled through C10, C11 and balun T 2 to forward bias the diodes in the sampler bridge. Balun T 2 improves amplitude balance of the pulses.

## Test Procedure 1

Test 1-a Composite waveform SS5-1 illustrates the correct waveforms for the three stages of the pulse generator.



#### Abstract

NOTE Since an oscilloscope would load the remainder of the pulse generator circuit, and due to the short duration of the gate pulse, waveform analysis is not practicable. If the waveforms are as shown in SS5-1 and the loop does not phase lock, proceed to test procedure 2.


## SAMPLER AND SIGNAL PROCESSOR

The sampler is a matched quad diode gate which is normally reverse biased. When the step-recovery diode generates the gate pulse, all four of the sampler gate diodes are simultaneously forward biased. When the sampler gate diodes are forward biased a sample of the signal from the A4A5 voltage controlled oscillator is taken and stored in C13.

Q4 and Q5 comprise a differential amplifier. The non-inverting input (G2) is derived from the sampling circuit. The output is applied to emitter-follower Q6 which provides a low impedance phase error output. The output of Q6 is also fed back to the differential amplifier inverting input (G1) to close the loop at unity gain. The holding capacitor C13 is connected directly between the two inputs to Q4; this bootstraps C13 to extend the sample frequency response.
CR8 and CR9 provide reverse bias voltages for the sampling gate diodes. These bias voltages are balanced and centered on the output signal to improve sampler efficiency.

R18 controls the response of the sampler by varying the amount of back-bias for the bridge; it is adjusted for maximum frequency response with minimum peaking.

R22 controls the quiescent output level to the summing circuit in A4A6; it should be adjusted for zero output with the input from the voltage controlled oscillator disconnected.

If the voltage controlled oscillator output is harmonically related to the reference signal the output of the phase detector is proportional to the sine of the difference in phase of the two signals. If the voltage controlled oscillator frequency is not harmonically related to the reference signal, the output of the phase detector is a beat note at the difference frequency.

## Test Procedure 2

Test 2-a Disconnect the input to the sampler gate from the A4A5 voltage controlled oscillator and substitute a $1 \mathrm{MHz}, 10 \mathrm{dBm}$ signal from the test oscillator. Connect the oscilloscope to the phase error output (labeled $\phi$ on the circuit board). Varying the output level of the test oscillator should cause the oscilloscope display to follow the amplitude change.
If the oscilloscope is not as specified proceed to test 2-b.
If the display is correct and the display for test 1-b was correct, check the step-recovery diode and associated components.

Test 2-b With the oscilloscope connected as it was in test 2 -a, inject the 1 MHz signal at Q4-G2. If the signal is now displayed on the oscilloscope and varies as the output of the test oscillator is varied, check the step-recovery diode, the sampler gate diodes and associated components.
If the signal is not displayed check Q4, Q5, Q6 and associated components.

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## SCANS

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## NOTES:

1. For an explanation of schamatic symbols, see "SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM NOTES" in Section 8.
2. P/O printad circuit board.



## Service Sheet 6


#### Abstract

ASSEMBLY - VCO and Amplifiers (A4A5)

The A4A5 assembly, a part of the three-assembly High Frequency Loop, is shown schematically and described on this Service Sheet. The other two assemblies, A4A6 and A4A7, are shown schematically and described on Service Sheets 4 and 5.


## NOTE

After making repairs to any part of the High Frequency Loop circuits, Adjustment 6 in Section 5 of the HP 8660D Operation and Calibration Manual should be performed to ensure proper operation of the instrument.

## TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

| Digital Voltmeter | HP 3478A |
| :---: | :---: |
| Spectrum Analyzer | HP 8590A |
| Frequency Counter | HP 5385A |

## HIGH FREQUENCY LOOP GENERAL INFORMATION

The purpose of the HF Loop is to provide a precise digitally controlled output frequency between 350 and 450 MHz in 10 MHz increments. This output is used in the Frequency Extension Module and in the plug-in RF Section to provide the desired output signal.

## VCO and Amplifiers

Transistor Q4 and associated components comprise a voltage controlled oscillator. When the loop is phase locked, the output frequency is always a 10 MHz harmonic between 350 and 450 MHz . C3 is adjusted to set the high frequency end of the band. C1 is part of the loop filter in the control path and also provides an ac ground for the varactor at the bias point.
The oscillator output (about 0.5 Vrms ) is coupled through an isolation transformer to two identical three-stage buffer amplifiers. The isolation transformer splits the power equally to the two amplifiers and also eliminates feedthrough of extraneous signals from one amplifier to the other. The amplifiers provide outputs that are about 1 Vrms into 50 ohms.

Additional isolation from extraneous signals is provided by separate power supply inputs to the two amplifiers, extensive decoupling between stages, multiple grounding points for individual stages and separation of ground planes for individual stages.
CR2 is a stabistor used for temperature compensation for the voltage controlled oscillator. The forward voltage drop of the stabistor changes with the voltage controlled oscillator temperature and controls a current source (A4A6Q14) in the pretuning assembly.

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## SCANS

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Artek Media

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NOTES:
1. For an explanation of schematic symbols, see "SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM NOTES" In Section 8.
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|  |  | (O) | $\underset{\text { A4C3 }}{(0)}$ | (0) <br> A4J5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A4J11 |  | (O) | $\underset{A 4 C 26}{(0)}$ | A4J10 (0) |


R1日■



## Service Sheet 7

## ASSEMBLY

## - N1 Phase Detector Assembly A16

The A16 assembly, a part of the two-assembly N1 phase lock loop is shown schematically and described on this Service Sheet. The N1 Oscillator assembly, A17, is shown schematically and described on Service Sheet 8.

When trouble has been isolated to the A16 assembly it should be removed and reinstalled using two extender boards. This will provide easy access to test points and components.

## NOTE

After making repairs in any part of the N1 loop circuits, Adjustment 7 in Section 5 of the HP 8660D Operation and Calibration Manual should be performed to ensure proper operation of the instrument.

## TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

Oscilloscope (with 10:1 divider probes)

HP 54200A

Digital Voltmeter HP 3478A
Frequency Counter . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . HP 5385A

## N1 LOOP GENERAL INFORMATION

The purpose of the N 1 loop is to generate digitally controlled RF signals in the range of 19.8 to 29.7 MHz in selectable 100 kHz increments. The voltage controlled oscillator is phase locked to a 400 kHz reference which is derived from the master oscillator in the reference section. The RF output from the N 1 loop is applied to Summing Loop 1.

## Programmable Divider Circuit

The integrated circuits in the A16 assembly, except for U1, are all used to count down the input from the N1 voltage controlled oscillator. When there is no BCD input (all inputs low) and the loop is locked, the input from the voltage controlled oscillator will be 29.7 MHz ; the programmable divider will divide by 297 and provide a 100 kHz output at TP3. U5 and U6 are preset by CF digits 6 and 7 and programmed to vary between start counts of 00 to 99 . Operation of the circuit is a follows:

Assume that initialy there are no BCD inputs to decade dividers U5 and U6 and they have been preset to zero. Assume also that U2A pin $6 \overline{(Q)}$ and U2B pin $8(\overline{(Q)}$ are both low. U4 pin $6(\mathrm{Q})$, U3A pin 6 $\overline{(Q)}$ and U3B pin $8(\overline{(Q)}$ are all high.

AND gate U7A functions as a Schmitt trigger to change the incoming positive half cycles of the sine wave from the voltage controlled oscillator to positive-going pulses. These pulses clock U5 when AND gate U7B is enabled. U5 pin 12 provides a divided-by-ten output to clock U6 and also provides A and B (BCD 1 and 2) outputs. The A and B outputs of U5 have no effect on U4 until AND gate U7C pin 8 goes high (AND gate U7C will be discussed later in this text).
U6 pin 12 provides a divide-by-one hundred output to clock U2A and also provides A and D (BCD 1 and 8) outputs to AND gate U7C. The A and D outputs have no effect on AND gate U7C until after U2B pin $8 \overline{(Q)}$ goes high at the count of 200 .

The D output of U6 (pin 12) goes high on the count of 8 ( 80 input pulses to U5). This output has no effect on U2A is clocked on negative-going pulses only.
The D output of U6 (pin 12) goes low at the count of 10 ( 100 input pulses to U5) and clocks U2A. This causes U2A pin $6 \overline{(Q)}$ to go high. When the $D$ output of $U 6$ (pin 12) again goes low at the count of 10 (200 input pulses to U5), U2A is again clocked and the $\bar{Q}$ output goes low to clock U2B. When U2B pin $8 \overline{(Q)}$ goes high it provides a high input to AND gate U7C pin 11.
Ninety input cycles after U2B pin $8 \overline{(Q)}$ goes high (290 input cycles), U6 A and D outputs (BCD 1 and 8) go high and enable AND gate U7C and provide a high to J input 3 of U4, U4 still cannot be clocked because U4 J pins 4 and 5 are still low.
Three input cycles after U4 pin 3 goes high (293 input cycles), the A and B outputs of U5 (BCD 1 and 2) go high and enable the J input to J-K flip-flop U4.

The 294th input cycle will clock U4 at pin 12 because all J and K inputs are high. When clocked, U4 $\bar{Q}$ goes low and AND gate U7B is no longer enabled; the count, as far as U5, U6 and U2 are concerned, is ended. When U4 $\bar{Q}$ goes low it also sets U3A and U3B; the $\bar{Q}$ outputs go low and the $Q$ outputs go high. When U3A in $6 \overline{(Q)}$ goes low it is used to preset U5 and U6 to the start count programmed by CF digits 6 and 7 or by remote control; U2A and U2B $\bar{Q}$ outputs are set low. When U5, U6, U2A and U2B are preset the $J$ input to U 4 is no longer enabled since the count is no longer at the 'sense' count of 293.
When U3B pin $9(Q)$ goes high the leading edge is used to generate the sampling pulse. The first pulse to the sampling phase detector is initiated by the 294th input cycle. Since three more cycles are required to restart the count cycle, following sampler pulses are 297 cycles apart.
The 295th input cycle will clock U4 and since U4 K is high, U4 $\overline{\mathrm{Q}}$ will go high. This $\overline{\mathrm{Q}}$ high is applied to $K$ input of U3A (pin 2) and to pin 4 of AND gate U7B. AND gate U7B will not be enabled because U3B pin $8 \overline{(Q)}$ is holding AND gate U7B pin 5 low.
The 296 th input cycle will clock U3A because the $K$ input is now high. U3A pin $6 \overline{(Q)}$ will go high. This high $\overline{\mathrm{Q}}$ output is applied to AND gate U7B pin 5 and the next count cycle is enabled through AND gate U7B.
When there is a preset input programmed into U5 and U6 pins $3,4,10$ and 11 the terminal count is still 297. However, the count starts at the number programmed into the BCD inputs. As an example, if the BCD input into U5 and U6 is 99, the first cycle would cause the same digital circuit changes that the 100 th cycle caused in the discussion above (U2A would be clocked). The frequency division would be $297-99$, equal to division by 198. The phase lock loop operation would result in an input frequency to the programmable divider of 19.8 MHz . When divided by 198 , the divider output at TP3 would again be 100 kHz .
The output from U3B at TP3 is always 100 kHz when the voltage controlled oscillator is phase locked to the reference signal.
Q6 and CR1 provide Vcc to U3 to minimize the effect of power supply ac ripple and line variations.

## Test Procedure 1

Composite waveform SS7-1 illustrates the proper timing relationship between the 400 kHz reference input, the pulse output from the pulse generator, and the sampling point on the 400 kHz reference signal when the loop is phase locked.

## NOTE

In the following tests the CF is set to 0 unless otherwise noted.


Test 1-a. Use the frequency counter to check for 400.000 kHz at TP5.
If the 400.000 kHz signal is displayed on the counter, verify that the sine wave at TP5 is as shown in trace 2 of composite waveform SS7-1. If the signal is as shown proceed to test 1-b.
If the 400 kHz signal cannot be counted or does not appear as shown on the composite waveform for TP5, check the reference input at XA16-1-2. The reference input signal should be about 4 Vpp and 400 kHz as shown in trace 1 of composite waveform SS7-1. If the correct waveform is observed, but was not observed at TP5, check Q1, Q2 and associated components. If the correct waveform is not present, check the cabling to the reference loop and, if necessary, the reference loop (See Service Sheet 3).

If trouble is found and corrected, perform the adjustment procedures specified in paragraph 5-16 to verify proper operation of the loop.

Test 1-b. Connect one oscilloscope channel and the counter to TP4 and the other oscilloscope channel to the junction of C20, R24 and T1. If the loop is locked the waveforms will be as shown in traces 3 and 4 of composite waveform SS7-1 and the counter will display 100.000 kHz .

Note that the waveform shown by trace 3 of the composite waveform may appear as shown even if the counter does not indicate 100.000 kHz . This is because the frequency sensitivity of the oscilloscope is not as exacting as the frequency sensitivity of the counter.

If the programmable divider and the pulse shaper are working properly but the loop is not locked, trace 4 as shown in composite waveform SS7-1 may still shown the pulses, but the signal between the pulses will be erratic.

Test 1-c. If the pulses are not present at TP4 or the junction of C20, R24 and T1 and the counter counts randomly or not at all, connect the oscilloscope to TP3. The oscilloscope should display a waveform similar to that shown in trace 3 of the composite waveform SS7-1 at about half the amplitude.

If the pulses are not present at TP3 proceed to test 1-b.
If the pulses are present at TP3 but were not present at TP4, check Q4, Q5, and associated components. After repairs are made recheck test procedure 1-b.

If the pulses are now present at TP4 and the junction of C20, R24 and T1, but the four-cycle sine wave is not present as shown in trace 4 of composite waveform SS7-1, rotate R38 through its range to see if the proper waveform can be obtained. If the frequency displayed on the counter does change as R38 is rotated but phase lock cannot be achieved; check Q3, the sampling diodes, and associated components.

Test 1-d. If the pulse is not present at TP3 in test 1-c connect the oscilloscope to AND gate U7B pin 6 . The waveform should be as shown in the top trace of composite waveform SS7-2. If the correct signal is observed proceed to test 1 -e.
If the correct signal is not observed connect the oscilloscope to TP1. The waveform should be as shown in the center trace of composite waveform SS7-2. If the signal is present, but was not present at AND gate U7B pin 6, use the digital voltmeter to check the voltage at pins 4 and 5 of AND gate U7B. The digital voltmeter should indicate about 4 V . If the voltages are present AND gate U7B is defective.
If the voltages are not present at AND gate U7B pins 4 and 5 , ground pin 2 of U4. If the signal now appears at AND gate U7B pin 6, U3 and U7B are functioning properly. The trouble is probably in the gating circuit to U4. Proceed to test 1-e.
If the signal is not present at TP1, use the oscilloscope to check the input from the voltage controlled oscillator at XA16-2-15. The signal should be as shown in the lower trace of composite waveform SS7-2.


If the signal is present AND gate U7A is probably defective. If the signal is not present, the A17 assembly or interconnections are defective.

Test 1-e. It is assumed in this test that the signal from the N 1 voltage controlled oscillator is present at U5 pin 8. Composite waveform SS7-3 illustrates the correct waveforms at the points shown. All signals are about 4.5 V .
If none of the waveforms are present, U5 is probably defective.
Note that the reset pulse in trace 5 is in time coincidence with the "missing" pulse in trace 1 and that the reset pulse resets traces 2 and 4.

Test 1-f. Composite waveform SS7-4 illustrates the correct waveforms at the points shown. All signals are about 4.5 V in amplitude. Sync the oscilloscope to TP3 for this test.
Note that U4 pin 8 goes high only when all of the J inputs (U4 pins 3, 4 and 5) are high.
If the waveforms for traces 2 and/or 3 are not present, U 5 is probably defective.
If the waveforms for traces 1,4 and 5 are not present, proceed to test1-g.


Composite Waveform SS7-3


Composite Waveform SS7-4
Test 1-g. Composite waveform SS7-5 illustrates the correct waveforms at the points shown. All signals are about 4.5 V in amplitude. Sync the oscilloscope to TP3 for this test.


If the inputs to AND gate U7C are not as shown, U6 or U2 may be defective.
If the inputs are as shown but there is no output at AND gate U7C pin $8, \mathrm{U} 7$ is defective.

## 2 Pulse Amplifier

The positive-going output from U3B pin 9 is used to generate the pulse required to open the sampler gate. Common base amplifier Q5 and emitter follower Q4 amplifies and couples the pulse to T1. CR2 and CR3 are used to minimize flyback action. CR3 also bypasses the negative-going pulse around the transformer primary to ensure that only the positive-going pulse is coupled to the transformer secondary.

A 400 kHz signal from the reference loop is applied to the secondary center tap of T1. L5 and C8 (along with C 7 in the reference loop A4A1 assembly) comprise a low pass filter with a cut off frequency of about 500 MHz . The TTL input from the reference loop is reshaped into a sine wave by the low pass filter. L6 and C13 comprise a tuned circuit which bypasses unwanted signals and further filters the sine wave.

Sampler diodes CR4 and CR5 are normally reverse biased. When the sampling pulse appears across the secondary of T1 it is coupled through C20 and C21 to forward bias CR4 and CR5. Since the gate pulses are equal in amplitude but opposite in polarity, they will cancel at TP6.
While CR4 and CR5 are forward biased the sampling gate is open and the 400 kHz reference signal is sampled.

This type of sampling phase detector may be phase locked at virtually any point on the sine wave curve. Ideally, the zero crossover point of the sine wave should be used to improve the lock and hold-in capability of the loop.

If the divided down output of the voltage controlled oscillator in the A17 assembly ( 100 kHz pulses) is not phase locked to the 400 kHz reference signal, an ac signal is developed at TP6. The polarity of the signal at any given time depends on the polarity of the 400 kHz reference signal at the time the last sample was taken. The amplitude of the signal at any given time depends on what portion of the sine wave the last sample was taken from. Each time CR4 and CR5 are forward biased the signal derived from the 400 kHz reference signal at T1 terminals 4 and 6 are coupled through the sampling gate to control the charge on C22.

When the sampling gate pulse ends, CR4 and CR5 are again reverse biased and the sampling gate is closed. Since Q3 is a high impedance device, the charge will remain on C22 until the next sampling pulse. The error signal from Q3 is applied to the summing amplifier in the A17 assembly through operational amplifier U1.

Test point 8 may be grounded to open the phase lock loop. Since the emitter of A17Q4 in the A17 assembly is also almost exactly at dc ground level, grounding this test point will not affect the pretuning circuit. With the loop open, both the pretuning and the error signal may be checked.

## Test Procedure 2

Test 2-a. Connect the oscilloscope to TP6. If the 400 kHz signal is present, one of the sampling gate diodes (CR4 or CR5) is probably shorted. If the gate pulses are present, one of the sampling gate diodes is probably open (negative-going pulses CR5, positive-going pulses, CR4). Proceed to test 2-b.

Test 2-b. With the oscilloscope connected to TP6, ground TP8. The signal displayed should be similar to that shown in waveform SS7-6, at about 3 V . The frequency of the signal will be determined by the difference detected by the sampling gate (typically 200 to 400 Hz .).
If the signal is present at TP6, connect the oscilloscope to U1 pin 6. The sine wave should be about the same as that shown for TP6 except that the sampling points will not be as obvious.
If the signal is present at U 1 pin 6 the error amplifier and the sampling circuits are functioning properly.
If the signal is not present at U1 pin 6, but was present at TP6, check U1 and associated components. After repairs are made repeat the test and remove the ground from TP8.


Composite Waveform SS7-6

1. For an explanation of schematic symbols, see "SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM NOTES" in Section 8.
2. C31 may be onitted.

| IC | VCC PIN* | GND PIN* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| U1-U7 | 14 | 7 |
|  |  |  |

PIN IDENTIFICATION SOLDER SIDE OF PCB A B C D E E F H J J K L M M N P R S

$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllll}1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 & 13 & 14 & 15\end{array}$,
PIN IDENTIFICATION COMPONENT SIDE OF PCB

A2 COMPONENT SIDE


$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$


## Service Sheet 8


#### Abstract

ASSEMBLY - N1 Pretuning and Oscillator Assembly A17

The A17 assembly, a part of the two-assembly N1 phase lock loop is shown schematically and described on this Service Sheet. The N1 Phase Detector Assembly, A16, is shown schematically and described on Service Sheet 7.

When trouble has been isolated to the A17 assembly it should be removed and reinstalled using two extender boards. This will provide easy access to test points and components.


## NOTE

After making repairs to any part of the N1 loop circuits, Adjustment 7 in Section 5 of the HP 8660D Operation and Calibration Manual should be performed to ensure proper operation of the instrument.

## TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

Oscilloscope (with 10:1 divider probes) ..... HP 54200A
Digital Voltmeter ..... HP 3478A
Frequency Counter ..... HP 5385A

## N1 LOOP GENERAL INFORMATION

The purpose of the N 1 loop is to generate digitally controlled RF signals in the range of 19.8 to 29.7 MHz in selectable 100 kHz increments. The voltage controlled oscillator is phase locked to a 400 kHz reference which is derived from the master oscillator in the reference section. The RF output from the N 1 loop is applied to Summing Loop 1.

## Voltage Controlled Oscillator

Q3, Q5, and associated components comprise a voltage controlled oscillator. Two varactors (CR6 and CR7) are used in parallel to provide a high $Q$ as well as the wide capacitance range required.

FET Q5 acts as a source follower in the feedback circuit; it provides high impedance at the gate and a low impedance at the source. The gain of the FET is held at less than unity to minimize the Miller effect which might reflect capacitance back into the oscillator tank circuit.
Q1 amplifies the signal from the FET and applies it to two separate amplifiers. Q10 and Q15 provide the output to drive the SL1 mixer and Q8 drives the programmable divider in the A16 assembly.

## Test Procedure 1

Test 1-a. Connect the frequency counter to XA17-1-2 and set CF as shown in Table 8-4. The counter readout should be as shown in the table. (Make allowances for counter accuracy).

If the counter does not display a frequency at, or close to, that specified, connect the oscilloscope to TP3. The oscilloscope should display a sine wave at about 0.3 Vpp . If the sine wave is present at TP3 but there is no signal at XA17-1-2, check Q10, Q15 and associated components.

If there is no signal at TP3 check the bias level at TP2. The bias level should be approximately as shown in Table $8-4$ for the front panel frequency setting. If the bias level is within the range of approximately -3.4 to -30 V , and there is no signal at TP3 check Q1, Q3, Q5 and associated components. If the bias voltage is not within the range shown, proceed to $2-\mathrm{b}$.
If the counter displays the correct readout for some, but not all, of the front panel settings, proceed to 2 -a.

## Pretuning Circuit

The frequency of the voltage controlled oscillator is roughly preset by the digital-to-analog converter (U1, U2, Q11 through Q14, and Q16 through Q19). The digital-to-analog converter cannot, by itself, set the oscillator frequency precisely; it does set the frequency within the capture range of the phase lock loop, The inputs to U 1 and U 2 are BCD bits coded 8, 4, 2 and 1 . When any of the BCD inputs are high they cause the output of the NAND gate to which they are connected to go low; the transistor connected to the NAND gate output is switched on.
When all of the BCD inputs are low Q9 is biased to provide approximately - 25 V at TP1 (Q7-e). With this de level at TP1 the oscillator is roughly preset to 29.7 MHz .
When any one or more of the BCD inputs go high the transistor associated with it saturates and the current through Q9 is reduced. The reduction in current flow through Q9 changes the bias on Q7 and causes the voltage at TP1 to go less negative (closer to dc ground level). Finally, when the BCD input is 99 , the voltage at TP1 is approximately -5.2 V and the oscillator frequency is roughly preset to 19.8 MHz .

Q4 is a summing amplifier which combines the output of the digital to analog converter and the signal from the N1 phase detector. The summing point (Q4-e) sums the current from three sources; a current source from the +20 V supply through R31, R32 and R33, a negative source from the digital to analog converter (TP1) and the error signal from the N1 phase detector. The voltage at the summing point is always zero volts.
When TP1 is at approximately -25 V (all inputs low), most of the current from the +20 V source flows through Q7; very little current flows through Q4. Under these conditions the voltage at Q4-c is about -30 V . As the voltage at TP1 decreases (gets closer to dc ground level), less current flows through Q7, more current flows through Q4, and the Q4 collector voltage goes less negative. CR3 through CR5, CR8 through CR15 and associated resistors are used to shape the voltage applied to the voltage controlled oscillator so that the frequency will be linear with the applied voltage. When all BCD inputs are low, Q4-c is at about -30 V , the junction of R43 and R 48 is about -27.5 V and all of the diodes in the resistive network are reverse biased. As the voltage at TP1 decreases (gets closer to -5.2 V ), current through Q4 increases and the Q4 collector voltage goes less negative. As the Q4 collector voltage decreases, first CR3, then CR4 etc. are forward biased. As the diodes are forward biased resistors are added in parallel with R38 and R39 to shape the rate at which the voltage decreases at Q4-c.
Q2 and Q5 are emitter followers which couple the output of Q4 to the varactors. Q2 provides a high impedance for the output of the summing amplifier collector. R46, L7 and C14 comprise a 400 kHz trap to attenuate ( 15 to 20 dB ) any 400 kHz ripple which may be present from the reference signal used in the phase detector. R51, L8, C20 and C21 comprise a low pass filter with a cutoff frequency of about 200 kHz .

## Test Procedure 2

Table 8-4 represents typical voltage levels for test points 1 and 2 and exact frequencies at XA17-1-2 for given settings of CF digits 6 and 7 when the loop is locked.

## NOTE

While the voltages shown for TP2 are typical (they will vary from instrument to instrument due to differences in varactor characteristics), they are representative of normal ratio of TP2 to TP1 voltages.

Test 2-a. With the digital voltmeter connected to TP1 select CF's shown in Table 8-4. The voltage level should approximately follow those shown in Table 8-4.
If the voltage at TP1 does not vary at all, first verify the presence of input digital information to the NAND gates, then check Q7, Q9 and associated components.
If the voltage at TP1 does not vary as shown, or some CF (or CF's) do not produce a change, first verify the presence of the input to the NAND gate/transistor combination affected, then check the NAND gate and the transistor.

If the voltages at TP1 are approximately as shown in Table $8-4$ proceed to Test 2-b.

Test 2-b. Connect the digital voltmeter to TP2 and the counter to XA17-1-2. If the voltage at TP2 does not change approximately as shown in Table 8-4 for specified CF's, or does not change at all, check Q2, Q4, Q6 and associated components. If the voltage at TP2 varies approximately as shown in Table 8-4, but the Frequency at XA17-12 does not step (or there is no RF output), refer to Test Procedure 1 and check the oscillator circuits.

If the voltage at TP2 varies approximately as shown in Table 8-4 and the frequency readout of the counter approximately follows the table ( $\pm 20$ to 30 kHz ) check Q8 and associated components.

Table 8-4. N1 Oscillator Test Point Measurement

| Center <br> Frequency MHz | Frequency <br> At TP3 kHz | Voltage at <br> TP1 | Voltage at <br> TP2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0000.100000 | 29600.000 | -25.2 V | -29.2 V |
| 0000.100000 | 29600.000 | -25.0 V | -28.7 V |
| 0000.200000 | 29500.000 | -24.8 V | -28.2 V |
| 0000.300000 | 29400.000 | -24.6 V | -27.7 V |
| 0000.400000 | 29300.000 | -24.4 V | -27.1 V |
| 0000.500000 | 29200.000 | -24.2 V | -26.6 V |
| 0000.600000 | 29100.000 | -24.0 V | -26.2 V |
| 0000.700000 | 29000.000 | -23.8 V | -25.7 V |
| 0000.800000 | 28900.000 | -23.6 V | -25.2 V |
| 0000.900000 | 28800.000 | -23.4 V | -24.7 V |
| 0001.000000 | 28700.000 | -23.2 V | -24.3 V |
| 0002.000000 | 27700.000 | -21.2 V | -20.2 V |
| 0003.000000 | 26700.000 | -19.2 V | -16.6 V |
| 0004.000000 | 25700.000 | -17.2 V | -13.6 V |
| 0005.000000 | 24700.000 | -15.2 V | -11.9 V |
| 0006.000000 | 23700.000 | -13.2 V | -8.9 V |
| 0007.000000 | 22700.000 | -11.2 V | -7.1 V |
| 0008.000000 | 21700.000 | -9.2 V | -5.6 V |
| 0009.000000 | 20700.000 | -7.1 V | -4.3 V |
| 0009.900000 | 19800.000 | -5.3 V | -3.4 V |

NOTES:

1. For an explanation of schematic symbols, see "SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM NOTES" in Section 8 . 4 011-14. 16-19 base -7V TRUE -1.7 FALSE:

| IC | VCC PIN* | GND PIN* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| U1.U2 | 14 | 7 |

PIN IDENTIFICATION SOLDER SIDE OF PCB


PIN IDENTIFICATION COMPONENT SIDE OF PCB




## Service Sheet 9


#### Abstract

ASSEMBLY - N2 Phase Detector Assembly A14

The A14 assembly, a part of the two-assembly N2 phase lock loop is shown schematically and described on this Service Sheet. The N2 Phase Detector assembly, A13, is shown schematically and described on Service Sheet 10.

When trouble has been isolated to the A14 assembly it should be removed and reinstalled using two extender boards. This will provide easy access to test points and components.


## NOTE

After making repairs to any part of the N2 loop circuits, Adjustment 8 in Section 5 of the HP 8660D Operation and Calibration Manual should be performed to ensure proper operation of the instrument.

## TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

$\qquad$
Digital Voltmeter . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . HP 3478A
Frequency Counter .................................................................................. . HP 5385A

## N2 LOOP GENERAL INFORMATION

The purpose of the N2 loop is to generate digitally controlled RF signals in the range of 19.80 to 29.79 MHz in selectable 10 kHz increments. The voltage controlled oscillator is phase locked to a 100 kHz reference which is derived from the master oscillator in the reference section. The RF output of the N2 loop is applied to Summing Loop 2.

## PROGRAMMABLE DIVIDER CIRCUIT

All of the integrated circuits in the A14 assembly are used to count down the input from the N 2 voltage controlled oscillator.

When there is no BCD input to U5, U6 and U7 (all inputs low) the input from the oscillator will be 29.79 MHz ; the programmable divider will divide by 2979 to provide a 10 kHz output. U5, U6 and U7 may be preset by CF digits 3, 4 and 5 and programmed to vary between counts of 1980 and 2979. Operation of the circuit is as follows:

Assume that initially there are no BCD inputs to U5, U6 and U7 (divide-by-ten decades) and they have all been preset to zero.

At the start of every count cycle, regardless of the BCD input, U1A pin $6 \overline{(Q)}$ and U1B pin $8 \overline{(Q)}$ are both low; U3 pin $6 \overline{(Q)}$, U4A pin $6(\bar{Q})$ and U4B pin $8 \overline{(Q)}$ are all high.

NAND gate U8C functions as a Schmitt trigger and provides pulses derived from the N2 voltage controlled oscillator output to clock U7 when AND gate U2B is enabled. U7 provides a divide-by-ten output to clock U6 and also provides A and C (binary 1 and 4) outputs to J inputs of JK flip-flop U3. The A and C outputs have no effect on U3 until the count down reaches 2975.

U6 provides a divide-by-ten output to clock U5 and also provides A, B and C (binary 1, 2 and 4) outputs to AND gates U2A and U2C. The A, B and C outputs have no effect on the circuit until the count down of 2970 is reached.

U5 provides a divide-by-ten output to clock U1A and also provides A and D outputs to NAND gate U8A. The A and D (binary 1 and 8) outputs have no effect on the circuit until the count down has reached 2900.

The D output of U5 (pin 12) goes low on the 1000th pulse input to U7 pin 8 and clocks U1A. One thousand input cycles later U1A is again clocked and the negative-going $\bar{Q}$ output of U1A (pin 6) clocks U1B. When U1B $\bar{Q}$ goes high it provides a high to AND gate U2A. The count down has reached 2000.
When the count down reaches 2900, U5 A and D outputs are high. NAND gate U8A pin 3 goes low and NAND gate U8B pin 6 goes high.
When the count down reaches 2970 , U6 A, B and C outputs are high. The B and C outputs are applied to AND gate U2C pins 10 and 11, and since U2C pin 9 has been high since U2C pin 9 has been high since the count of 2900 , U2C pin 8 goes high. The U6A output is applied to AND gate U2A, and since the other two inputs to U2A are high, U2A pin 12 goes high and is applied to U3 J input pin 3.
When the count down reaches 2975 , U7 A and C high outputs are applied to U3 J input pins 4 and 5. Since U3 J pin 3 is now held high the next input pulse from U8C will clock U3. Count coincidence at 2975 cycles has been achieved.
When the count down reaches 2976 , U3 is clocked and the U3 $\bar{Q}$ output goes low. When U3 $\bar{Q}$ goes low, AND gate U2B is no longer enabled; the count, as far as U7, U6, U5 and U1 are concerned is ended. When U3 $\bar{Q}$ goes low it also sets U4A and U4B; the $\bar{Q}$ outputs go low and the $Q$ outputs go high. When the $\bar{Q}$ output of U4B goes low it presets U7, U6, U5 and U1. When U7, U6, U5 and U1 are preset the $J$ inputs to U3 are inhibited since the count is no longer at the coincident count of 2975.
When the U4B Q output goes high the leading edge of the pulse is used to generate the sampler pulse. The first pulse to the sampling phase detector is initiated by the 2976th input cycle. Since three more cycles are required to restart the count cycle, following sampler pulses will be 2979 cycles apart.

When the count down reaches 2977, U3 is again clocked and since the $K$ input is high and the $J$ input is low, $\bar{Q}$ will go high. This $\bar{Q}$ high is applied to the $K$ input of U4A and to pin 4 of AND gate U2B. U2B will not be enabled because U4B $\bar{Q}$ is holding AND gate U2B pin 5 low.
When the count down reaches 2978 U4A is clocked because the $K$ input is high. U4A $\bar{Q}$ goes high and is applied to the K input of U4B.
On the 2979th input cycle, U4B is clocked and the $\bar{Q}$ output goes high. When U4B $\bar{Q}$ goes high the preset pulse is ended and AND gate U2B is enabled. The next input cycle will initiate the count cycle.
When there is a preset input programmed into U7, U6 and U5, the terminal count is still 2979. However, the count down starts at the number programmed into the BCD inputs. As an example, if the binary input to U7, U6 and U5 is 999, the first input cycle would cause the same digital circuit changes that the 1000 th input cycle caused in the discussion above (U1A would be clocked for the first time). The frequency division would be 2979 minus 999 , equal to division by 1980. The phase lock loop operation would result in an input frequency to the programmable divider of 19.80 MHz . When the 19.80 MHz is divided by 1980 the divider output would again be 10 kHz .
The output from U4B is always 10 kHz when the oscillator is phase locked.

## Test Procedure 1

Composite Waveform SS9-1 illustrates the proper timing relationship between the 100 kHz reference input, the pulse output from the pulse generator and the sampling point on the 100 kHz reference signal when the loop is phase locked.

## NOTE

Center frequency is initially set to zero.

Test 1-a. Use the counter and the oscilloscope to check for a 100.000 kHz sine wave at approximately 5 Vpp at TP5. The display should be similar to that shown in the second trace from the top in composite waveform SS9-1.

If the correct signal is present, proceed to test 1-b.
If the counter readout is 100.000 kHz but the sine wave is distorted, check Q1, Q2 and associated components.

If the signal is not present, connect the counter and the oscilloscope to XA14-1-2. The counter readout should be 100.000 kHz and the oscilloscope display should be similar to that shown in the top trace of composite waveform SS9-1.

If the correct signal is observed but was not observed alt TP5, check Q1, Q2 and associated components.
If the signal is not present at XA14-1-2 check interconnections to the reference loop and, if necessary, the reference loop.


Composite Waveform SS9-1

Test 1-b. Connect the oscilloscope and the counter to TP4. The counter readout should be 10.000 kHz and the oscilloscope should display positive-going pulses as shown in composite waveform SS9-1 at about 7 V amplitude.

If the signal is not present proceed to test 1-c. If the signal is present, connect the oscilloscope to the junction of R19 and C21. The oscilloscope display should be similar to that shown in the lower trace of composite waveform SS9-1.

If the programmable divider and the pulse generator are working properly but the loop is not phase locked, the oscilloscope may still show the signals, but the relationship between the pulses and the sine wave will not be the same as shown in composite waveform SS9-1. If the voltage controlled oscillator and the summing circuits in the A13 assembly are known to be functioning properly proceed to test procedure 2.

Test 1-c. If the pulses are not present at TP5, and the counter counts randomly or not at all, connect the oscilloscope to TP3. The oscilloscope should display pulses at approximately 10 kHz and about 3.5 Vpp.

If the pulses are present at TP3, but were not present at TP4, check Q6, Q7 and associated components. If the pulses are not present at TP3, proceed to test 1-d.

Test 1-d. If the pulse is not present at TP3 connect the oscilloscope to U2B pin 6. The waveform should be similar to that shown in the top trace of composite waveform SS9-2. If the signal is as shown proceed to test 1-e.

If there is no signal present at AND gate U2B pin 6, connect the oscilloscope to TP1. The waveform should be similar to that shown in the center trace of composite waveform SS9-2. If the signal is now present, use the digital voltmeter to check to check the voltage at AND gate U2B pins 4 and 5 . The digital voltmeter should indicate about +3.7 V ; if it does, U2B is defective.
If the voltages are not present at AND gate U2B pins 4 and 5, ground U3B pin 2. If the voltages now appear at AND gate U2B pins 4 and 5 and the signal appears at U 2 B pin $6, \mathrm{U} 2 \mathrm{~B}$ is functioning properly; the trouble is probably in the gating circuits to U3.

If the voltage is present at AND gate U2B pin 4 with U3 pin 2 grounded, but is not present U2B pin 5, U4 is probably defective.
If the voltages are not present at AND gate U2B pins 4 and 5 with U3 pin 2 grounded, U3 is probably defective.

If the signal is not present at TP1, use the oscilloscope to check the voltage controlled oscillator input at XA14-2-15. The display should be similar to the lower trace in composite waveform SS9-2. If the signal is present, NAND gate U8C is probably defective. If the signal is not present, check interconnections to the A13 assembly and, if necessary, the A13 assembly.


Test 1-e. It is assumed in this test that the signal input is present at U7 pin 8 only because U3 pin 2 is grounded. Composite waveforms SS9-3 through SS9-7 illustrate the correct waveforms for the integrated circuits in the programmable divider loop. All waveforms are about 4.5 V in amplitude. Follow the numerical sequence of the waveforms; when an IC output is missing the trouble is found. Replace the defective component, remove the ground from U3 pin 2, and repeat test 1-b.
Composite waveform SS9-8 illustrates the proper waveforms for U3 under normal operating conditions.


Composite Waveform SS9-3



Composite waveforms SS9-7 and SS9-8 waveform pictures were taken with the oscilloscope being triggered from TP3 and the oscilloscope sweep magnified $\times 10$.


Composite Waveform SS9-7


Composite Waveform SS9-8

## Sampling Phase Detector

The positive-going output from U4B pin 9 is used to generate the pulse required to open the sampler gate. Common base amplifier Q6 and emitter follower Q7 amplifies and couples the pulse to T1. CR1 and CR2 are used to minimize transformer flyback action. CR2 also bypasses the negative-going pulse around the transformer primary to ensure that only the positive-going pulse is coupled to the transformer secondary.

A 100 kHz signal from the reference loop is applied to the secondary center tap of T1. L7 and C9 (along with C3 in the reference loop A4A1 assembly) comprise a low pass filter; it has an impedance of about 450 ohms and a cutoff frequency of about 150 kHz . The TTL input from the reference loop is reshaped into a sine wave by the low pass filter. L8 and C14 comprise a tuned circuit which bypasses unwanted high frequency signals and further filters the sine wave.
Sampler diodes CR3 and CR4 are normally reverse biased. When the sampling pulse appears across the secondary of T1 it is coupled through C20 and C21 to forward bias CR3 and CR4. Since the gate pulses are equal in amplitude but opposite in polarity, they will cancel at TP6.

While CR3 and CR4 are forward biased, the sampling gate is open and the 100 kHz reference signal is sampled.

This type of sampling phase detector may be phase locked at virtually any point on the sine wave curve. Ideally, the zero volt crossover point of the sine wave should be used to improve the lock and hold in capability of the loop.
If the divided down output of the voltage controlled oscillator in the A13 assembly ( 10 kHz pulses) is not phase locked to the 100 kHz reference signal an ac signal is developed at TP6. The polarity of the signal at any given time depends on the polarity of the 100 kHz sine wave at the time the last sample was taken. The amplitude of the signal at any given time depends on what portion of the sine wave the last sample was taken from. Each time CR3 and CR4 are forward biased the signal derived from the 100 kHz references signal at T1 terminals 4 and 6 are coupled through the sampling gate to control the charge on C22.
When the sampling gate pulse ends, CR3 and CR4 are again reverse biased and the sampling gate is closed. Since Q4 is a high input impedance device, the charge will remain in C22 until the next sampling pulse. The error signal from Q4 is applied to the summing amplifier in the A13 assembly through emitter followers Q3 and Q5.

TP8 may be grounded to open the phase lock loop. Since the emitter of A13Q12 in the A13 assembly is also exactly at dc ground level, grounding this test point will not affect the pretuning circuit. With the loop open, both the pretuning and the error signal may be checked.

## Test Procedure 2

Test 2-a. Connect the oscilloscope to TP6. If the 100 kHz reference signal is present, one of the sampling gate diodes (CR3 and CR4) is probably shorted. If the gate pulses are present, one of the sampling gate diodes is probably open (Negative-going pulses CR4, positive going pulses CR3). Proceed to test 2-b.

Test 2-b. With the oscilloscope connected to TP6, ground TP8. The signal displayed should be similar to that shown in Composite Waveform SS9-9, at about 4V. The frequency of the signal will be determined by the frequency difference detected by the sampling gate (typically 200 to 400 Hz .)

If the signal is present at TP6, connect the oscilloscope to Q5-e. The sine wave should be about the same as that shown for TP6 except that the sampling points will not be as obvious.

If the signal is present at Q5-e the error amplifier and the sampling circuits are functioning properly.

If the signal is not present at Q5-e, and was present at TP6, check Q3, Q4, Q5 and associated components. After repairs are made, repeat the test and remove the ground from TP8.

## NOTE

Operation of the circuit shown on Service Sheet 9-a is essentially the same as that shown on Service Sheet 9. Reference designations differ. The count down is always 3000.


Waveform SS9-9

NOTES:

1. For an explanation of schenatic symbols, see "SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM NOTES" in Section

pin identification solder side of pcb



 pin identification component side of pcb
a2 component side



100 KHz REF



Figure 8-1


## Service Sheet 10

## ASSEMBLY

## - N2 Oscillator Assembly A13

The A13 assembly, a part of the two-assembly N 2 phase lock loop is shown schematically and described on this Service Sheet. The N2 Phase Detector assembly, A14, is shown schematically and described on Service Sheet 9.

When trouble has been isolated to the A13 assembly it should be removed and reinstalled using two extender boards. This will provide easy access to test points and components.

## NOTE

After making repairs to any part of the N2 loop circuits, Adjustment 8 in Section 5 of the HP 8660D Operation and Calibration Manual should be performed to ensure proper operation of the instrument.

## TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

$\qquad$Frequency CounterHP 5385A

## N2 LOOP GENERAL INFORMATION

The purpose of the N 2 loop is to generate digitally controlled RF signals in the range of 19.80 to 29.79 MHz in selectable 10 kHz increments. The voltage controlled oscillator is phase locked to a 100 kHz reference which is derived from the master oscillator in the reference section. The RF output of the N 2 loop is applied to Summing Loop 2.

## Voltage Controlled Oscillator

Varactors CR8 and CR9, transistors Q2 and Q9 and associated components comprise a voltage controlled oscillator. Two varactors are used in parallel to provide high $Q$ as well as the wide capacitance range required. C 18 provides isolation for the dc levels required to bias the varactors. C17 provides the feedback required to sustain oscillation. The resonant tank circuit is coupled to Q9 by means of capacitive divider C22 and C23. The FET acts as a source follower in the feedback circuit; it provides a high impedance at the gate and a low impedance at the source. The gain of the FET amplifier for the output signal is less than one; this minimizes the Miller effect which might otherwise reflect capacitance back into the oscillator tank circuit.

Q1 amplifies the signal and applies it to U1A which functions as a Schmitt trigger. U1D inverts the output from U1A and applies it to the programmable divider in the A14 assembly. U1C inverts the output from U1A and applies it to the divide-by-one hundred circuit in Summing Loop 2.

## Test Procedure 1

## NOTE

Do not use long coax leads from the counter to TP3. The capacitive loading may attenuate the signal below a useable level.

Test 1-a. Connect the counter to TP3 and set Center Frequencies as shown in Table 8-5. The counter readout should be as shown in the table. (Make allowances for counter accuracy.)

## NOTE

> If the frequency readouts listed in Table 8-5 are not approximately as shown check the voltage levels shown for TP2 in Table 8-5. If the voltage levels are incorrect proceed to test procedure 2 .

If the signal is present use the oscilloscope to check the outputs at XA13-1 pins 4 and 6 with center frequency set to zero. The signal at XA13-1-4 should be about 0.8 Vpp and the signal at XA13-1-6 should be about 0.3 V .

If the signal is present at TP3 but is not present at XA13-1 pins 4 and 6 check U1.
Test 1-b. If the signal is not present at TP3 use the oscilloscope to check the signal at the collector of Q1. The signal should be about 1 V in amplitude.

If the signal is not present at Q1-c use the oscilloscope to check the signal at the Q1 base. If the signal is now present (about 0.3 V ), Q1 is probably defective.

If the signal is not present at Q1 base, check Q2, Q9, and associated components.

## Pretuning circuit

The frequency of the voltage controlled oscillator is roughly preset by the digital-to-analog converter (U2, U3, transistors connected to the outputs of the NAND gates, and associated components). The digital-to-analog converter cannot, by itself, set the oscillator frequency precisely; it does set the frequency within the capture range of the loop. The inputs to U 2 and U 3 are BCD bits coded 8 , 4, 2 and 1 . When any of the BCD inputs are high they cause the output of the NAND gate with which they are associated to go low; the transistor associated with the NAND gate is switched on.
When all of the BCD inputs are low Q4 is biased to provide approximately - 25 V at TP1 (Q3-e). With this dc level at TP1 the oscillator is roughly preset to 29.79 MHz .

When any one or more of the BCD inputs goes high, the transistor associated with it saturates and draws current through R34 and R35. The change in bias for Q4 causes the voltage at TP1 to go less negative (closer to ground level). Finally, when the binary input is 99, the voltage at TP1 is approximately -5.2 V and the oscillator frequency is roughly preset to 19.80 MHz .

Q12 is a summing amplifier which combines the output of the digital to analog converter and the signal from the N2 phase detector. The summing point (Q12-e) sums the current from three sources; a current source from the +20 V supply through R28, R30 and R37, a negative source from the digital-to-analog converter (TP1) and the signal from the N2 phase detector. The voltage at the summing point is always zero volts.

When TP1 is at approximately -25 V (no BCD input), most of the current from the +20 V supply flows through Q4 and Q3; very little flows through Q12. Under these conditions the voltage at Q12-c is about -30 V . As the voltage at TP1 decreases (gets closer to ground level) less current flows through Q4 and Q3, more current flows through Q12, and the Q12 collector voltage decreases.

CR4 through CR7, CR11 and CR16 and associated resistors are used to shape the voltage applied to the varactors in the voltage controlled oscillator circuit so that the frequency will be linear with the voltage change. The voltage at the junction of R42 and R47 is about -27.5 V . When there is no BCD input ( $\mathrm{Q} 12-\mathrm{c}$ is about -30 V ) all of the diodes in the shaper are reverse biased. As the voltage at TP1 decreases (gets closer to -5.2 V ) current through Q12 increases and the Q12 collector voltage also decreases. As the Q12-c voltage decreases first CR4, then CR5, etc. are forward biased. As the diodes are forward biased resistors are added in parallel with R31 and R32 to shape the voltage curve to the varactors.
Q11 and Q10 are emitter followers which couple the output of Q12 to the varactors. Q11 provides a high impedance for the output of the summing amplifier, Q12.

## Test Procedure 2

Test 2-a. Use the digital voltmeter to check the voltages at TP1 and TP2. These dc levels should be approximately as shown in Table 8-5 for the center frequencies shown.
If the voltages at TP1 are about right, but those at TP2 are not, check Q12, Q11, Q10 and associated components.
If the voltages at TP1 are not approximately as shown in Table 8-5, check the components in the digital to analog converter.

## NOTE

Also check the BCD input lines for the correct levels. With CF digits 4 and 5 set to a zero all eight input lines should be low. With CF digits 4 and 5 set to a 1 inputs at XA13-2 pins 11 and 9 should be high, etc.

Table 8-5. N2 Frequency Versus Voltage Chart

| Center Frequency | Counter Readout | TP1 Voltage | TP2 Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 00000 Hz | 29.790000 MHz | -25 V | -31 V |
| 11100 Hz | 28.680000 MHz | -23 V | -26 V |
| 22200 Hz | 27.570000 MHz | -21 V | -21 V |
| 33300 Hz | 26.460000 MHz | -18.5 V | -16.8 V |
| 44400 Hz | 25.350000 MHz | -16.4 V | -13.4 V |
| 55500 Hz | 24.240000 MHz | -14.2 V | -10.6 V |
| 66600 Hz | 23.130000 MHz | -12 V | -8.3 V |
| 77700 Hz | 22.020000 MHz | -9.8 V | -6.4 V |
| 88800 Hz | 20.910000 MHz | -7.7 V | -4.8 V |
| 99900 Hz | 19.800000 MHz | -5.4 V | -3.6 V |

## NOTES

1. For an explanation of schematic symbols, see "SChematic diagram notes" in Section 8.

A 05-8, 12-16 Base -a.7V TRUE-1.7 FALSE

| IC | VCC PIN* | GND PIN* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| U1-U3 | 14 | 7 |

pin identification solder side of pcb


| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 16 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


az Component side



## Service Sheet 11

## ASSEMBLY

## - N3 Phase Detector Assembly A10

The A10 assembly, a part of the two-assembly N3 phase lock loop is shown schematically and described on this Service Sheet. The N3 Phase Detector assembly, A8, is shown schematically and described on Service Sheet 12.

When trouble has been isolated to the A10 assembly it should be removed and reinstalled using two extender boards. This will provide easy access to test points and components.

## NOTE

After making repairs to any part of the N3 loop circuits, Adjustment 9 in Section 5 of the HP 8660D Operation and Calibration Manual should be performed to ensure proper operation of the instrument.

## TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

$\qquad$
Digital Voltmeter ....................................................................................... . HP 3478A
Frequency Counter ..................................................................................... . HP 5385A

## N3 LOOP GENERAL INFORMATION

The purpose of the N3 loop is to generate digitally controlled RF signals in the range of 20.01 to 21.00 MHz in selectable 10 kHz increments. The voltage controlled oscillator is phase locked to a 100 kHz reference which is derived from the master oscillator in the reference section.

The RF output of the N3 voltage controlled oscillator is divided by ten before being applied to the SL2 assembly. The output to SL2 is 2.001 to 2.100 MHz in 1 kHz increments.

## N3 Programmable Divider Circuit

All of the integrated circuits in the A10 assembly are used to count down the input from the N3 voltage controlled oscillator.

When there are no BCD inputs to U5 and U6 (all inputs low), the input from the oscillator will be 21.00 MHz when the oscillator is phase locked; the programmable divider will divide by 2100 to provide a 10 kHz output at TP3. U5 and U6 are preset by CF digits 1 and 2 and programmed to vary between start counts of 00 and 99 . Operation of the circuit is as follows:

Assume that initially all BCD inputs are low and U4, U5 and U6 have been preset to zero. Assume also that U2A pin $6 \overline{(\mathrm{Q})}$ and U2B pin $8(\overline{\mathrm{Q})}$ are both low. U1B pin $8(\overline{\mathrm{Q})}$ and U1A pin $6(\overline{\mathrm{Q})}$ are both high.

NAND gate U7C couples the input from the N3 oscillator to the clock input of U5. U5 provides a divided-by-ten output to clock U6 and also provides A, B and C (BCD 1, 2 and 4) outputs. The A, B and C outputs are not used until the count of 2097 has been reached.

U6 provides a divided-by-ten output to clock U4 and also provides A and D (BCD 1 and 8) outputs to AND gates U3A and U3C. The A and D outputs are not used until the count has reached 2090.
U4 provides a divided-by-ten output to clock U2A. At the count of 1000 U4 clocks U2A and the U2A $\bar{Q}$ output at pin 6 goes high. At the count of 2000 U4 again clocks U2A and the negative-going $\bar{Q}$ output
at pin 6 clocks U2B. When U2B is clocked, $\bar{Q}$ at pin 8 goes high, and is applied to pins 2 and 13 of AND gate U3A.
At the count of 2090 the high A and D outputs of U6 are applied to AND gates U3A and U3C. Since U3A pins 2 and 13 are both high, U3A is enabled and it places a high on pin 11 of AND gate U3C.

At the count of 2097 the high A, B and C outputs of U5 are applied to AND gates U3B and U3C to provide a high at the J input of U 1 B at pin 11.
At the count of 2098 U1B is clocked, U1B $\bar{Q}$ (pin 8) goes low and sets U1A. U1A $\bar{Q}$ (pin 6) goes low and presets U2, U4, U5 and U6; they are held in preset until the count is completed.
When U1A is set $\bar{Q}$ (pin 5) goes high and initiates the sampling pulse. The first pulse to the sampling phase detector is initiated by the 2098th input cycle. Since two more cycles are required to restart the count cycle, following sampler pulses are 2100 cycles apart when there is no BCD input.
At the count of 2099 U1B is again clocked and $\bar{Q}$ (pin 8) goes high. The high at pin 8 is applied to the $K$ input of U1A (pin 2).
At the count of 2100 U 1 A is clocked and pin $6 \overline{\mathrm{Q}}$ goes high to end the preset pulse. The next input to U5 initiates the next count cycle.
When there is a BCD input programmed into U5 and U6 pins $3,4,10$ and 11 the terminal count is still 2100. However, the count starts at the number programmed into the BCD inputs. As an example, if the BCD input to U5 and U6 is 99, the first input cycle would cause the same digital circuit changes that the 100 th input cycle caused in the discussion above (U4 would be clocked). The frequency division would be $2100-99$, equal to division by 2001 . The phase lock loop operation would result in an input frequency to the programmable divider of 20.01 MHz . When divided by 2001 , the divider output at TP3 would again be 10 kHz .
The output from U1A pin 5 is always 10 kHz when the oscillator is phase locked regardless of the oscillator frequency.

## Test Procedure 1

Composite Waveform SS11-1 illustrates the proper timing relationship between the 100 kHz reference input, the pulse output from the pulse generator and the sampling point on the 100 kHz reference signal when the loop is locked.

NOTE
Center Frequency is initially set to zero.
Test 1-a. Use the counter and the oscilloscope to check for a 100.000 kHz sine wave at approximately 5 Vpp at TP5. The display should be similar to that shown in the second trace from the top of composite waveform SS11-1.


If the counter readout is $100,000 \mathrm{kHz}$ but the sine wave is distorted, check Q1, Q2 and associated components.

If the signal is not present, connect the counter and the oscilloscope to XA10-1-2. The counter readout should be 100.000 kHz and the oscilloscope display should be similar to that shown in the top trace of composite wave form SS11-1.

If the correct signal is present at XA10-1-2, but was not present at TP-5, check Q1, Q2 and associated components.

If the signal is not present at XA10-1-2 check interconnections to the reference loop and, if necessary, the reference loop.

Test 1-b. Connect the oscilloscope and the counter to TP4. The counter readout should be 100.000 kHz and the oscilloscope should display positive-going pulses as shown in composite waveform SS11-1 at about 7 V amplitude. If the signal is not present, proceed to test $1-\mathrm{c}$.

If the signal is present, connect the oscilloscope to the junction of R19 and C20. The oscilloscope display should be similar to that shown in the lowest trace of composite waveform SS11-1.

If the programmable divider and the pulse generator are working properly but the loop is not phase locked, the oscilloscope may still display the signals at the junction of R19 and C20, but the relationship between the pulses and the sine wave will not be the same as shown in composite waveform SS11-1. If the voltage controlled oscillator and the summing circuit in the A8 assembly are known to be functioning properly, proceed to test procedure 2.

Test 1-c. If the pulses are not present at TP4, and the counter counts randomly or not at all, connect the oscilloscope to TP3. The oscilloscope display should be a series of pulses at approximately 10 kHz and about 4 V in amplitude.

If the pulses are present at TP3, but were not present at TP4, check Q6, Q7 and associated components.
If the pulses are not present at TP3, proceed to test 1-d.
Test 1-d. If the pulse is not present at TP3 connect the oscilloscope to NAND gate U7C pin 8. The oscilloscope should display a slightly distorted sine wave at approximately 21 MHz and 3 V in amplitude.

If the signal is not present at U7C pin 8, connect the oscilloscope to XA10-2-15. The 21 MHz signal should be about 0.06 V in amplitude. If the signal is present, U 7 is probably defective. If the signal is not present check interconnections to the A8 assembly and, if necessary, the A8 assembly.

Test 1-e. It is assumed in this test that the signal input is present at U 5 pin 8. Composite waveforms SS11-2 through SS11-6 illustrate the correct waveforms for the integrated circuit points shown.

## NOTE

These waveforms were taken with the oscilloscope triggered from TP3.
Follow the numerical sequence of the waveforms shown; when an IC output is missing the trouble is found. Replace the defective component and repeat test 1-b.

## NOTE

If the output from U5 is not present proceed to test 1-f before replacing U5.

Test 1-f. Composite waveform SS11-7 illustrates correct waveforms for a properly operating U1. In this test the oscilloscope was again triggered by TP3 and the sweep delay of the oscilloscope was used to center the pulses shown.

If the waveforms in composite waveform SS11-7 cannot be observed (because an adequate oscilloscope is not available or other reasons) measure the voltage at U 1 pin 6 , it should be approximately +3.7 V ; U 1 pin 5 should be at about +100 mV . If the voltages are not as specified, ground U1 pin 10 . The voltages should then be; U1 pin 6 approximately +130 mV and U 1 pin 5 approximately +3.8 V . If the voltages are as specified in either case and there is no output from U5, U5 is probably defective.

If there is no change in the dc levels at U1 pins 5 and 6 with U1 pin 10 grounded, U1 is probably defective.


Composite Waveform SS11-2




Composite Waveform SS11-6


## Sampling Phase Detector

The positive-going output from U1A (pin 5) is used to generate the pulse required to open the sampler gate. Common base amplifier Q6 and emitter follower Q7 amplifies and couples the pulse to T1. CR1 and CR2 are used to minimize transformer flyback action. CR2 also bypasses the negative-going pulse around the transformer primary to ensure that only the positive-going pulse is coupled to the transformer secondary.

A 100 kHz signal from the reference loop is applied through Q2 and Q1 to the secondary center tap of T1. L5 and C8 (along with C4 in the reference loop A4A1 assembly) comprise a low pass filter; it has an impedance of about 450 ohms and a cutoff frequency of about 150 kHz . The TTL input from the reference loop is reshaped into a sine wave by the low pass filter. Q2 and Q1 amplify the signal to the level required in the sampling phase detector. L7 and C13 comprise a tuned circuit which bypasses unwanted high frequency signals and further filters the sine wave.

Sampler diodes CR3 and CR4 are normally reverse biased. When the sampling pulse appears across the secondary of T1 it is coupled through C20 and C21 to forward bias CR3 and CR4. Since the gate pulses are equal in amplitude but opposite in polarity, they will cancel at TP6.

While CR3 and CR4 are forward biased the sampling gate is open and the 100 kHz reference input signal is sampled.
This type of sampling phase detector may be phase locked to virtually any point on the sine wave slope. Ideally, the zero crossover point of the sine wave should be used to improve the lock and lock hold capabilities of the loop.

If the divided down output of the voltage controlled oscillator ( 10 kHz pulses) is not phase locked to the 100 kHz reference signal an ac error signal will be developed at TP6. The polarity of the error signal at any given point in time depends on the polarity of the 100 kHz reference signal at the time the last sample was taken. The amplitude of the error signal at any given time depends on what part of the sine wave the last sample was taken from. Each time CR3 and CR4 are forward biased the 100 kHz reference signal at T1 terminals 4 and 6 are coupled through the sampling gate to control the charge on C22.

When the sampling gate pulse ends, CR3 and CR4 are again reverse biased and the sampling gate is closed. Since Q4 is a high impedance input device, the charge will remain on C22 until the next sampling pulse. The current through Q4 is controlled by the difference in gate-source voltage of the lower FET. Operation of the dual FET sets the output level at the lower FET drain to exactly the level at the upper FET gate. The output is coupled through two emitter followers to the summing amplifier in the A8 assembly.

NOTES:

1. For an explanation of schematic symbols, see "schematic diagram notes" in Section 8

| IC | VCC PIN* | GND PIN* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| U1-U7 | 14 | 7 |

Pin identification solder side of pcb A B C D E F H J K L M N P R S $\bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet$ $\bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet$
 pin identification component side of pcb

A2 COMPONENT SIDE



$\stackrel{1}{1}^{2} L$ DIGIT 2-8 $\boldsymbol{x}^{2} \lll \lll$ DIGIT $2-8_{2}^{2}<10$ DIGIT $2-4$ $\mathbf{Z}^{2} \lll 10$ DIGIT 2-4


## Service Sheet 12

## ASSEMBLY

## - N3 Oscillator Assembly A8

The A8 assembly, a part of the two-assembly N3 phase lock loop is shown schematically and described on this Service Sheet. The N3 Phase Detector assembly, A10, is shown schematically and described on Service Sheet 11.

When trouble has been isolated to the A8 assembly it should be removed and reinstalled using two extender boards. This will provide easy access to test points and components.

## NOTE

After making repairs to any part of the N3 loop circuits, Adjustment 9 in Section 5 of the HP 8660D Operation and Calibration Manual should be performed to ensure proper operation of the instrument.

## TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

Digital Voltmeter
HP 3478A
Frequency Counter
HP 5385A

## N3 LOOP GENERAL INFORMATION

The purpose of the N3 loop is to generate digitally controlled RF signals in the range of 20.01 to 21.00 MHz in selectable 10 kHz increments. The voltage controlled oscillator is phase locked to a 100 kHz reference which is derived from the master oscillator in the reference section. The RF output of the N3 voltage controlled oscillator is divided by ten before it is applied to Summing Loop 2. The output from the N 3 assembly to SL2 is 2.001 to 2.100 MHz in selectable 1 kHz increments.

## Voltage Controlled Oscillator

Q2, Q7, and associated components comprise a voltage controlled oscillator. C14 and C17 provide isolation for the dc levels required to bias the varactor. C13 provides the feedback required to sustain oscillation. The resonant tank is coupled to Q7 by capacitive divider C16 and C17. The FET acts as a source follower in the feedback circuit; it provides a high impedance at the gate and a low impedance at the source. The gain of the FET for the output signal at the drain is held at less than unity to minimize the Miller effect which might otherwise reflect capacitance back into the oscillator tank circuit.
Q1 amplifies the voltage controlled oscillator output and applies it to U1A which functions as a Schmitt trigger. U1D provides the output to the N3 programmable divider in the A10 assembly. U1B and U3 provide a divided-by-ten output to Summing Loop 2.

## TEST PROCEDURE 1

## NOTE

Do not use long coax leads from the counter to N3 test points. The capacitive loading may attenuate the signal below a useable level.

Test 1-a. Connect the counter to TP2. With the center frequency set to zero the counter readout should be 21.00 MHz . Set CF digits 1 and 2 to the settings specified in Table 8-6. Frequency readouts on the counter should follow those specified in the table. (Make allowances for counter accuracy).

NOTE
If the frequency readouts listed in Table 8-6 are not approximately as shown, check the voltage levels shown for TP3 in the table. If the voltage levels are incorrect proceed to test procedure 2.

If the signal is present use the oscilloscope to check the signal at points shown in composite waveform SS12-1. Signals shown are about 4V in amplitude.


If the signal is present at TP2 but is not present at U1 pin 11, U1 is probably defective; if the signal is not present at U3 pin 12, U1 or U3 may be defective.
If the signal is not present at TP2 use the oscilloscope to check for the signal at Q1-b. If the signal is present at Q1-b check Q1 and NAND gate U1A. If the signal is not present check Q2, Q7 and associated components.

## Pretuning Circuit

The frequency of the voltage controlled oscillator is roughly preset by the digital-to-analog converter (U2 and Q8 through Q11). The digital-to-analog converter cannot, by itself, set the oscillator frequency precisely; it does set the frequency within the capture range of the phase lock loop. The inputs to U2 are BCD bits coded $1,2,4$, and 8 . When any one of the BCD inputs are high they cause the output of the NAND gate to which they are connected to go low; the transistor connected to the NAND gate output is switched on.
When all of the BCD inputs are low Q6 is biased to provide $\approx-8.5 \mathrm{~V}$ at TP1 (Q5-e). With this de level at TP1 the oscillator is roughly preset to 21 MHz (how close depends on adjustment of R24 and R26).
When any one or more BCD inputs goes high the transistor associated with it saturates and the current through Q6 is reduced. The reduction of current through Q6 changes the bias on Q5 and causes the voltage at TP1 to go less negative (closer to dc ground level). Finally, when the BCD input is 9, the voltage at TP1 is $\approx-6.7 \mathrm{~V}$ and the oscillator is roughly preset to 20.01 MHz (again depending on adjustment of R24 and R26).
Q3 is a summing amplifier which combines the output of the digital-to-analog converter and the error signal from the N3 Phase Detector. The summing point (Q3-e) sums the current from three sources; a current source from the +20 V power supply through R9, R25, and R26, a negative source from the digital-to-analog converter (TP1), and the error signal from the phase detector. The voltage at the summing point is always zero volts when the loop is locked.

The output from Q3 is coupled through Q4 and Q12 to control the bias on varactor CR5 and the frequency of the voltage controlled oscillator.

## Test Procedure 2

Test 2-a. Use the digital voltmeter to check the voltages at TP1 and TP3. These dc levels should be approximately as shown in Table 8-6 for the center frequencies shown.

## NOTE

These voltages are typical. They will vary from instrument to instrument because of differences in individual varactor characteristics.

If the voltages at TP1 are about right, but those at TP3 are not, check Q3, Q4, Q12, and associated components.

If the voltages at TP1 are not approximately as shown in Table 8-6, check the components in the digital-to-analog converter.

NOTE
Also check the dc levels at the BCD input lines.
Table 8-6. N3 Frequency Versus Voltage Chart

| Center Frequency | Counter Readout | TP1 Voltage | TP3 Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 00 Hz | 21.000000 MHz | -8.5 V | -3.7 V |
| 11 Hz | 20.890000 MHz | -8.3 V | -3.6 V |
| 22 Hz | 20.780000 MHz | -8.1 V | -3.5 V |
| 33 Hz | 26.670000 MHz | -7.9 V | -3.4 V |
| 44 Hz | 20.560000 MHz | -7.7 V | -3.3 V |
| 55 Hz | 20.450000 MHz | -7.5 V | -3.2 V |
| 66 Hz | 20.340000 MHz | -7.3 V | -3.1 V |
| 77 Hz | 20.230000 MHz | -7.1 V | -3.0 V |
| 88 Hz | 20.120000 MHz | -6.9 V | -2.9 V |
| 99 Hz | 20.010000 MHz | -6.7 V | -2.8 V |

1. For an explanation of schematic symbols, see "sChematic diagram notes" in Section 8.
$\triangle$ 08-11 base - 0.7 V true +1.7 false. coll gV true -3gV false

| IC | VCC PIN* | GND PIN* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| U1-U3 | 14 | 7 |

PIN IDENTIFICATION SOLDER SIDE OF PCB


PIN IDENTIFICATION COMPONENT SIDE OF PCB

A2 COMPONENT SIDE



A2 SOLDER SIDE



## Service Sheet 13

## ASSEMBLY

## - Summing Loop 2 Phase Detector A12

The A12 assembly, a part of the two-assembly SL2, is shown schematically and described on this Service Sheet. The SL2 Oscillator Assembly (A11) is shown schematically and described on Service Sheet 14.

When trouble has been isolated to the A12 assembly it should be removed and reinstalled using two extender boards. This will provide easy access to test points and components.

## NOTE

After making repairs to any part of the SL2 circuits, Adjustment 10 in Section 5 of the HP 8660D Operation and Calibration Manual should be performed to ensure proper operation of the instrument.

## TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

Oscilloscope (with 10:1 divider probes) ...................................................... . . HP 54200A
Digital Voltmeter . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . HP 3478A
Frequency Counter ................................................................................ . HP 5385A

## SUMMING LOOP 2 GENERAL

The purpose of Summing Loop 2 (SL2) is to generate digitally controlled RF signals in the range of 20.0001 to 30.0000 MHz in selectable 100 Hz increments. The difference frequency between the SL2 voltage controlled oscillator and the input from the N 2 loop is phase locked to divided-by-ten output of the N3 assembly. The output of SL2 is applied to SL1.

The portion of the pretuning circuit that appears on Service Sheet 13 (U8 and Q8 through Q11) is explained in the text for Service Sheet 14.

## Phase Detector

There are three signal inputs to the phase detector assembly. They are the output of the N 2 voltage controlled oscillator, the divided-by-ten output of the N3 voltage controlled oscillator and the output of the SL2 voltage controlled oscillator.
The N2 and SL2 signals are mixed and the difference frequency is used as one input to the digital phase detector. The second input to the digital phase detector is the divided-by-ten input from the N3 assembly.

The output of the N3 voltage controlled oscillator is divided-by-ten in the N3 assembly and again divided-by-ten by U9. Q12 and NAND gate U7A shape the resulting pulses which vary in frequency (depending on programming to the N3 loop) from 0.2001 to 0.2100 MHz . The pulses at TP2 are negative-going.
The inputs from the N2 loop and the SL2 voltage controlled oscillator are applied to double balanced mixer E1 R and L ports. The difference signal from the X port is amplified by Q5 and Q4 and shaped by Q3, Q7 and NAND gates U4B and U4C. When the loop is phase locked the negative-going pulses at TP3 are at the same frequency as those at TP2. The pulses do not appear in time coincidence; they are received alternately.

U7B, U7D, U4A and U4D comprise a coincidence gate which inhibits signals that appear simultaneously at TP2 and TP3. Normally, when signals are not present, TP2 and TP3 are both high. When a
signal appears TP2, U7B pin 6 and U4D pin 13 go high. If there is no signal at TP3 U5D pin 12 is also high; U4D pin 11 goes low, and U1B pin 6 go high. The positive pulse at TP5 drives the clock generator and the sense circuit or phase detector. When a signal appears at TP3, U4A pin 3 and U7D pin 12 go high. If there is no signal at TP2, U7D pin 13 is also high; U7D pin 11 goes low, and U7C pin 8 goes high. The positive pulse at TP9 drives the clock generator and the sense circuit or the phase detector. When signals appear at TP2 and TP3 at the same time U7D pin 13 and U4D pin 12 go low, U7D pin 11 and U4D pin 11 remain high, and the signals cannot reach TP5 or TP9.
U1A, U1C, U1D and U5C comprise a clock generator which clocks U2A and U2B each time a signal appears at TP5 or TP9. With no signals present TP5 and TP9 are low. When a positive pulse appears at TP9 U1A pin 3 goes low, U1D pin 11 goes high and a negative-going pulse appears at TP6. When a positive pulse appears at TP5, operation of the circuit is the same except that U1C in 8 goes low (rather than U1A pin 3). Since a clock pulse is generated for each input, the pulse frequency at TP6 is the sum of the frequencies at TP5 and TP9.

Since the sense circuit does not function when the loop is locked, operation of the phase detector will be discussed first.

When the loop is phase locked U2A $\bar{Q}$ is held high to enable U3A and U3D. Assume that initially U2B $\bar{Q}$ is high, U3B pin 6 is low and U3C pin 8 is high. When a positive-going signal from TP9 appears at U3A pin 1, U3A pin 3 goes low and causes a change in state of flip-flop U3B/U3C; U3B pin 6 goes high and U3C pin 8 goes low. The high at U2B pin 12 sets the flip-flop and the positive-going trailing edge of the clock pulse causes U2B Q to go high. The following positive pulse from TP5 is applied to U3D pin 12, U3D pin 11 goes low and changes the state of flip-flop U3B/U3C. U3B pin 6 goes low and the clock pulse causes U2B $\bar{Q}$ to again go high. This sequence continues as long as the signals at TP5 and TP9 are received alternately.
The signals at TP5 and TP9 are applied to the sense circuit even when the loop is phase locked. They have no effect on the circuit because of the relationship of the $Q$ and $\bar{Q}$ outputs of U2B to the incoming signals.
When U2B $Q$ is high NAND gates U6A and U6C are enabled. When the signal from TP5 appears at U6C pin 9, U6C pin 8 goes low; flip-flop U5A/U5B does not change state because U5B pin 3 is low. The signal at U6B has no effect because U2B $\bar{Q}$ and U6B pin 4 are low.

When U2B $\overline{\mathbf{Q}}$ is high, NAND gates U6B and U6D are enabled. When the signal at TP9 appears at U6D pin 13, U6D pin 11 goes low; flip-flop U5A/U5B does not change state because U5B pin 3 is low. The signal at pin 1 of U6A has no effect on the circuit because U2B $\bar{Q}$ and pin 2 of U6A are low.
When two or more consecutive pulses from either input (TP5 or TP9) occur between pulses from the other input, the sense circuit functions to disable the phase detector until the frequency error is corrected.

As an example of circuit operation, assume that two pulses from TP9 (SL2 signal) are received between two pulses from TP5 (N3 signal) indicating that the SL2 frequency is high. When the first pulse from TP9 is received U3A pin 3 goes low, U3B pin 6 goes high to set U2B and the clock pulse causes U2B $\bar{Q}$ to go high. When the second consecutive pulse is received from TP9, U6A has been enabled by the high $\bar{Q}$ output of U2B. U6A pin 3 goes low and causes flip-flop U5A/U5B to change state. When the D input of U2A goes low the clock pulse causes U2A $\bar{Q}$ to go low and inhibit U3A and U3D. If a third SL2 signal is received prior to receipt of an N3 signal, U6A pin 3 will again go low but will have no effect on flip-flop U5A/U5B because U5A pin 13 is low.

When an N3 pulse is received U2B Q is still high and U6C pin 8 will go low to change the state of flip-flop U5A/U5B. When the D input of U2A goes low the clock pulse causes U2A $\bar{Q}$ to go high and enable U3A and U3D. The propagation time of the signal through the sense circuit is long enough for the pulse from N3 (TP5) to have ended before U3D is enabled so the state of flip-flop U3B/U3C does not change.

The next pulse from SL2 will again cause U6A pin 3 to go low and change the state of flip-flop U5A/U5B. With the D input to U2A high again, the clock pulse again causes U2A $\bar{Q}$ to go low and
inhibit U3A and U3D. The signal applied to U3A has no effect on flip-flop U3B/U3C because U3B pin 5 is low.

The sense circuit continues operation in the manner described above until two consecutive N3 pulses are received between two SL2 signals. When this occurs the first pulse causes U6C pin 8 to go low and change the state of flip-flop U5A/U5B. With the D input to U2A low the clock pulse will cause U2A $\overline{\mathbf{Q}}$ to go high and enable U3A and U3D. Again, because of propagation time through the sense circuit the pulse will have ended before U3D is enabled. The second consecutive N3 pulse again causes U6C pin 8 to go low but, because U5B pin 3 is low, no change in state occurs in flip-flop U5A/U5B. Since U3D is now enabled, U3D pin 11 goes low and causes flip-flop U3B/U3C to change state. With the D input to U2B low, the clock pulse causes U2B $\overline{\mathbf{Q}}$ output to go high. Phase lock has been achieved and the loop will remain locked as long as pulses at the same frequency appear alternately at TP5 and TP9.

When the SL2 frequency is low U2B $Q$ is low. When the SL2 frequency is high U2B $Q$ is high.
DC amplifier Q2, Q1, Q6 and associated components filter the Q output of U2B and applies it to a summing circuit in the A11 assembly to precisely control the voltage controlled oscillator.

## Test Procedure 1

Test 1-a. Connect the oscilloscope input to test points shown by composite waveform SS13-1. This composite waveform illustrates correct waveforms and timing relationships for the points tested. All signals are about 4 V in amplitude.

## NOTE

The oscilloscope was triggered from TP1 for these tests.


Composite Waveform SS13-1
If the pulses are not present at TP2 proceed to test 1-b.
If the pulses are not present at TP3 proceed to test 1-c.
If the pulses are present at TP2 and TP3, but opposite polarity pulses are not present at TP5 and/or TP9, check the NAND gates between TP2 and TP5 or TP3 and TP9 as appropriate.

If the positive-going pulses are present at TP5 and TP9, but negative-going pulses are not present at TP6 for each of the pulses, check NAND gates U1A, U1C, U1D and U5C as appropriate.

If the pulses are approximately as shown in the top five traces of composite waveform SS13-1 but there is no square wave at TP7, use the oscilloscope to check the signal at NAND gate U3B pin 6. The display should be the same as that shown for TP7. If the signal is present, U2B is probably defective.
If the signal is not present at U3B pin 6 use the oscilloscope to check the signals at NAND gates U3D pin 11 and U3A pin 3. The signals should appear as they did at TP5 and TP9 except that they are
inverted. If the signals are present U3B or U3C may be defective. If the signal is present at one of the NAND gate outputs but not at the other, replace U3.

If the signal is not present at U3D pin 11 or U3A pin 3, use the digital voltmeter to check the de level at U2A pin 6 . The dc level should be approximately +4 V . If U2A pin 6 is at about +4 V , U 3 is defective.

If the +4 V is not present at U2A pin 6, ground U2A pin 1. If the voltage at U2A pin 6 does not go to approximately +4 V , U 2 is defective.
If the trouble still has not been found, connect the counter to TP3 and the digital voltmeter and the oscilloscope to NAND gate U5A pin 12. The counter readout should be about 210 kHz and U5A pin 12 should be low (about +60 mV ). If the counter readout is lower or higher than 210 kHz and U5A pin 12 is high, slowly rotate A11R19 through its range while observing the counter and the oscilloscope. As the counter readout passes through the 210 kHz point the oscilloscope display should show a change in dc level; if it does not, U5 or U6 is probably defective.

Test 1-b. If there is no signal at TP2, or the signal is not approximately as shown in the top trace of composite waveform SS13-2, connect the oscilloscope first to TP1, then to U9 pin 8. TP1 and U9 pin 8 signals should be as shown in composite waveform $\operatorname{SS} 13-2$. All signal levels are about 4 V . If the signal is as shown at TP1, U7A or Q12 may be defective.
If the signal is as shown at U9 pin 8 but does not appear at TP1, U9 is probably defective.
If the signal does not appear at U9 pin 8 check the interconnections to the N 3 loop and, if necessary, the N3 loop.

Test 1-c. If there is no signal at TP3, or the signal is not approximately as shown in the top trace of composite waveform SS13-3, connect the oscilloscope, in turn, to the points shown in composite waveform SS13-3.
If the signal shown in the second trace from the top of composite waveform $\mathrm{SS} 13-3$ is not as shown check Q3, Q7, U4B, U4C, and associated components.

If the signal does not appear at Q4-c, but the signal at TP4 is present, check Q5, Q4, and associated components.

If the signal is not present at TP4 check for signals shown at TP10 and TP11. If both signals are present mixer E1 is probably defective. If either TP10 or TP11 signals are not present, the trouble is in the N2 Loop or the SL2 voltage controlled oscillator.

Test 1-d. To check operation of the dc amplifier connect the digital voltmeter to TP8 and rotate A11R19 through its range. The digital voltmeter readout should vary from about -1.5 V to about +1.5 V . If the voltage does not vary as A11R19 is adjusted, check Q2, Q1, Q6, and associated components.


Composite Waveform SS13-2




Composite Waveform SS13-3

1. For an explanation of schenatic symbols, see "SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM NOTES" in Section 8. $\triangle$ O8-11 base - 0.7 true 1.4 FALSE, COLL ov true -24V

| IC | VCC PIN* | GND PIN* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| U1-UG | 14 | 7 |

PIN IDENTIFICATION SOLDER SIDE OF PCB

| $A$ | $B$ | $C$ | $D$ | $E$ | $F$ | $H$ | $J$ | $K$ | $L$ | $M$ | $N$ | $P$ | $R$ | $S$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |



| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

PIN IDENTIFICATION COMPONENT SIDE OF PCB




## Service Sheet 14

## ASSEMBLY

## - Summing Loop 2 Oscillator A11

The A11 assembly, a part of the two-assembly SL2, is shown schematically and described on this Service Sheet. The SL2 Phase Detector assembly (A12) is shown schematically and described on Service Sheet 13.

When trouble has been isolated to the A11 assembly it should be removed and reinstalled using two extender boards. This will provide easy access to test points and components.

## NOTE

After making repairs to any part of the SL2 circuits, Adjustment 10 in Section 5 of the HP 8660D Operation and Calibration Manual should be performed to ensure proper operation of the instrument.

## TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

$\qquad$
Digital Voltmeter . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . HP 3478A
Frequency Counter . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . HP 5385A

## SUMMING LOOP 2 GENERAL

The purpose of Summing Loop 2 (SL2) is to generate digitally controlled RF signals in the range of 20.0001 to 30.0000 MHz in selectable 100 Hz increments. The difference frequency between the SL2 voltage controlled oscillator and the input from the N 2 loop is phase locked to the divided-by-ten output of the N3 assembly. The output of SL2 is applied to SL1.

## Pretuning And Oscillator

The A11 assembly contains a voltage controlled oscillator, a digital-to-analog converter and a circuit to combine the pretuning dc level with the output from the phase detector. The frequency of the voltage controlled oscillator is roughly preset by the pretuning signal from the digital-to-analog converter circuit. The pretuning signal cannot, by itself, set the oscillator precisely; it does set the frequency within the capture range of the phase lock loop.

U2 is a decoder which converts the BCD information from digit 5 to turn on one of nine transistors in a resistive network. Quad NAND gate U3 turns on one or more transistors (Q17 through Q20) when there is a BCD input from digit 4. Quad NAND gate U8 in the A12 assembly turns on one or more transistors (A12Q8 through A12Q11 also in the A12 assembly) when there is a BCD input from digit 3.

When there is no BCD input (all inputs low), the voltage at TP3 is approximately -25 V and the oscillator is roughly preset to 30.0000 MHz . As the digital-to-analog transistors are switched on the voltage at TP3 decreases (becomes less negative). When the BCD inputs are at 999 the voltage at TP3 is about -5 V and the oscillator is roughly preset to 20.0001 MHz .

Q4 is a summing amplifier which combines the output of the digital-to-analog converter and the signal from the SL2 phase detector. The summing point (Q4-e) sums the current from three sources; a current source from the +20 V supply through R19, R20 and R21, a negative source from the digital-to-analog converter (TP3) and the signal from the SL2 phase detector. The voltage at the summing point is always zero volts.

When TP3 is at approximately -25 V (all BCD inputs low), most of the current from the +20 V source flows through Q5, very little flows through Q4. Under these conditions the voltage at Q4-c is about -30 V . As the voltage at TP3 decreases (gets closer to dc ground level) less current flows through Q5, more flows through Q4 and the voltage at Q4-c decreases.

CR2 through CR11 and associated resistors are used to shape the voltage curve applied to the voltage controlled oscillator tuning varactors to ensure that the frequency change is linear with the applied voltage. The voltage at the junction of R52 and R53 is about -27.5 V . When all BCD inputs are low (Q4-c is at about -30 V ) all of the diodes in the shaper are reverse biased. As the voltage at TP3 decreases (gets closer to -5 V ), current through Q4 increases and the Q4 collector voltage decreases. As the Q4-c voltage decreases first CR11, then CR10, etc. are forward biased. As the diodes are forward biased resistors are added in parallel with R37 and R38 to shape the voltage curve to the varactors. Q15 provides a low impedance output to drive the varactors.
Q1 drives U1A which functions as a Schmitt trigger. U1B inverts the signal and applies it to the SL1 phase detector. U1D also inverts the signal and applies it to the SL2 phase detector.

## Test Procedure 1

Test 1-a. Connect the counter to TP4. With the center frequency set to zero the counter readout should be 30.000000 MHz . Set CF to the settings specified in Table 8-7. Frequency readouts should follow those specified in the table. (Make allowances for counter accuracy).

## NOTE

If the frequency readouts listed in Table 8-7 are not as shown, check the voltage levels shown for TP5 in the table. If the voltages are incorrect proceed to test procedure 2.

If the signal is present use the oscilloscope to check the signals at points shown by composite waveform SS14-1.


If the signal is present at TP4 but is not present at XA11-1-2 or XA11-1-6, U1 is probably defective.
If the signal is not present at TP4, use the oscilloscope to check for the signal at Q1-b. If the signal is present at Q1-b, check Q1 and NAND gate U1A. If the signal is not present at Q1-b check Q2, Q3, and associated components.

## Test Procedure 2

Test 2-a. Use the digital voltmeter to check the voltages at TP3, TP2 and TP5. These dc levels should be approximately as shown in Table 8-7 for the center frequencies shown.

## NOTE

These voltages are typical. They will vary from instrument to instrument because of differences in individual varactor characteristics.

If the voltage at TP3 does not change when CF digit 5 is changed to any position, U2 is probably defective (Verify presence of BCD inputs). If the voltage at TP3 reaches about -25 V when any CF digit 5 position is set (other than 0 ) the transistor associated with that number is probably open.
When the voltage at TP3 does not change with a change of the setting of CF digit 4, U3 or the associated transistors may be defective.

When the voltage at TP3 does not change with a change in the setting of CF digit 3, A12U8 or associated transistors may be defective. (This portion of the digital-to-analog converter is located in the A12 assembly).

If the voltages are approximately correct at TP3 but are not correct at either TP2 or TP5, check Q4, Q15, and associated components.
The counter is connected to TP4 for readouts specified in Table 8-7.
Table 8-7. SL2 Frequency Versus Voltage Chart

| Center Frequency | Counter Readout | TP3 | TP2 | TP5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 00000 Hz | 30.000000 MHz | -25.1 V | -31.6 V | -30.9 V |
| 11100 Hz | 28.890000 MHz | -22.8 V | -25.5 V | -24.8 V |
| 22200 Hz | 27.780000 MHz | -20.5 V | -20.5 V | -19.9 V |
| 33300 Hz | 26.670000 MHz | -18.3 V | -16.4 V | -15.7 V |
| 44400 Hz | 25.560000 MHz | -16.0 V | -13.0 V | -12.4 V |
| 55500 Hz | 24.450000 MHz | -13.8 V | -10.3 V | -9.6 V |
| 66600 Hz | 23.340000 MHz | -11.7 V | -8.0 V | -7.3 V |
| 77700 Hz | 22.230000 MHz | -9.5 V | -6.2 V | -5.5 V |
| 88800 Hz | 21.120000 MHz | -7.3 V | -4.6 V | -4.0 V |
| 99900 Hz | 20.010000 MHz | -5.3 V | -3.4 V | -2.8 V |

1. For an explanation of schematic symbols, see "schematic diagram notes" in Section 8 .

| IC | VCC PIN* | GND PIN* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| U1.U3 | 14 | 7 |
| U2 | 16 | 8 |

Pin identification solder side of pcb

pin identification component side of pcb



## Service Sheet 15

## ASSEMBLY

## - Summing Loop 1 Phase Detector A15

The A15 assembly, a part of the three-assembly SL1, is shown schematically and described on this Service Sheet. The SL1 Oscillator Assembly (A19) is shown schematically and described on Service Sheet 17. The SL1 Mixer and D/A Converter Assembly (A18) is shown schematically and described on Service Sheet 16.

When trouble has been isolated to the A15 assembly it should be removed and reinstalled using two extender boards. This will provide easy access to test points and components.

## NOTE

After making repairs to any part of the SL1 circuits, Adjustment 11 in Section 5 of the HP 8660D Operation and Calibration Manual should be performed to ensure proper operation of the instrument.

## TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

Oscilloscope (with 10:1 divider probe) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . HP 54200A
Digital Voltmeter .......................................................................................... . . HP 3478A
Frequency Counter . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . HP 5385A

## SUMMING LOOP 1 GENERAL

The purpose of Summing Loop 1 (SL1) is to generate digitally controlled RF signals in the range of 20.000001 to 30.000000 MHz in selectable increments as low as 1 Hz . The SL1 voltage controlled oscillator is phase locked to the divided-by-one-hundred output of the SL2 loop and the difference frequency of the N1 loop and the SL1 oscillator. The output of SL1 is applied to the RF Section plug-in.

## Phase Detector Assembly A15

There are two signal inputs to the phase detector assembly. One is the input from the SL2 loop which is shaped by U10D and divided by 100 , by U6 and U5. The output of U5 is again shaped by Q5 and U4A to provide negative-going pulses at TP2. The other input to the phase detector is from the SL1 mixer and is the difference frequency between the N 1 oscillator and the SL1 voltage controlled oscillator. Q6, U4B, Q4 and U4C shape the signal and provide negative-going pulses at TP3.

The pulse frequency at TP2 and TP3 varies (depending on programming) from 0.200001 to 0.300000 MHz . When the phase lock loop is locked the pulse frequency is the same at TP2 and TP3. The sampling ratio is $1: 1$.

U9A, U3B, U4D and U9B comprise coincidence gates which inhibit signals which appear simultaneously at TP2 and TP3. Normally, when signals are not present, TP2 and TP3 are both high.
When a signal appears at TP2, U9A pin 3 and U3B pin 4 go high. If there is no signal at TP3, U3B pin 5 is also high; U3B pin 6 goes low and U3C pin 8 goes high. The positive pulse at TP4 drives the clock generator and the sense circuit or the phase detector.

When a signal appears at TP3, U4D pin 11 and U9B pin 5 go high. If there is no signal at TP2, U9B pin 4 is also high; U9B pin 6 goes low and U9D pin 11 goes high. The positive pulse at TP8 drives the clock generator and the sense circuit or the phase detector.

When signals appear simultaneously at TP2 and TP3, U9B pin 4 and U3B pin 5 go low: U9B pin 6 and U3B pin 6 remain high and the signals cannot reach TP4 or TP8.

U7C, U9C, U3D and U3A comprise a clock generator which clocks U2A and U2B each time a signal appears at TP4 or TP8. With no signals present, TP4 and TP8 are low. When a positive pulse appears at TP8, U9C pin 8 goes low, U3D pin 11 goes high, and a negative-going pulse appears at TP5. When a positive pulse appears at TP4, operation of the circuit is the same except that U7C pin 8 (rather that U9C pin 8 goes low). Since a clock pulse is generated for each input, the clock pulse frequency at TP5 is the sum of the pulse frequencies at TP4 and TP8. U2A and U2B are clocked by the positive-going trailing edge of the negative clock pulses.

Since the sense circuit does not function when the loop is locked, operation of the phase detector will be described first.

When the loop is phase locked U2A $\bar{Q}$ is held high to enable U1A and U1B. Assume that initially U2B $\bar{Q}$ is high, U1D pin 11 is low, and U1C pin 8 is high. When a positive pulse from TP8 appears at U1A pin 1, U1A pin 3 goes low and causes a change in state of flip-flop U1D/U1C: U1D pin 11 goes high and U1C pin 8 goes low. The high at U1D pin 11 sets the $D$ input to U2B and the clock pulse causes U2B Q to go high. The following positive pulse at TP4 is applied to U1B pin 5, U1B pin 6 goes low and changes the state of flip-flop U1D/U1C. U1D pin 11 goes low and the clock pulse causes U2B $\bar{Q}$ to again go high. This sequence continues as long as the pulses at TP4 and TP8 alternate.

The signals at TP4 and TP8 are applied to the sense circuit even when the loop is phase locked. They have no effect on the circuit because of the relationship between the $Q$ and $\bar{Q}$ outputs of $U 2 B$ to the incoming signals.
When U2B is high, NAND gates U8A and U8C are enabled. When the signal from TP4 appears at U8C pin 9, U8C pin 8 goes low; flip-flop U7A/U7B does not change state because U7B pin 3 is low. The signal at U8B pin 4 has no effect because U2B $\bar{Q}$ and U8B pin 5 are low.

When two or more consecutive pulses from either input (TP4 or TP8) occur between pulses from the other input, the sense circuits function to disable the phase detector until the frequency error has been corrected.

As an example of circuit operation, assume that two pulses from TP8 are received between two pulses from TP4, indicating that the SL1 frequency is too high. When the first pulse from TP8 is received U1A pin 3 goes low, U1D pin 11 goes high to set the $D$ input to U2B, and the clock pulse causes U2B Q to go high. When the second consecutive pulse is received from TP8, U8A has been enabled by the high Q output of U2B. U8A pin 3 goes low and causes flip-flop U7A/U7B to change state. When the D input to U2A goes high, the clock pulse causes U2A $\bar{Q}$ to go low and inhibit NAND gates U1A and U1B. If a third pulse from TP8 is received prior to receipt of a signal from TP4, U8A pin 3 will again go low but will not affect flip-flop U7A/U7B, because U7A pin 13 is low.
When a pulse is received from TP4, U2B Q is still high and U8C pin 8 will go low and change the state of flip-flop U7A/U7B. When the D input to U2A goes low the clock pulse will cause U2A $\bar{Q}$ to go high and enable U1A and U1B. The propagation time of the signal through the sense circuit is long enough for the pulse from TP 4 to have ended before U1B is enabled so the state of flip-flop U1D/U1C does not change.

The next pulse from TP8 will again cause U8A pin 3 to go low and change the state of flip-flop U7A/U7B. With the D input of U2A high again, the clock pulse causes U2A $\bar{Q}$ to go low and inhibit U1A and U1B. The signal applied to U1A has no effect on flip-flop U1D/U1C because U1D pin 12 is low.

The sense circuit continues operation in the manner described above until two consecutive pulses are received at TP4 between two pulses at TP8. When this occurs the first pulse causes U8C pin 8 to go low and change the state of flip-flop U7A/U7B. With the $D$ input to U2A low the clock pulse will cause U2A $\bar{Q}$ to go high and enable NAND gates U1A and U1B. Because of the propagation time through the sense circuit, the pulse will have ended before U1B is enabled. The second consecutive pulse from TP4 again causes U8C pin 8 to go low, but because U7B pin 3 is now low, no change in state occurs in
flip-flop U7A/U7B. Since U1B is enabled, U1B pin 6 goes low and causes flip-flop U1D/U1C to change state. With the D input of U2B low, the clock pulse will cause the U2B $\bar{Q}$ output to go high.

Phase lock has been achieved and the loop will remain locked as long as pulses at the same frequency are received alternately at at TP4 and TP8.
When the SL1 frequency is too low, U2B $Q$ is low. When the $S L 1$ frequency is too high, U2B $Q$ is high.
DC amplifier Q1, Q2, Q3 and associated components filter the Q output of U2B and apply it to a summing circuit in the A19 assembly to precisely control the voltage controlled oscillator.

## Test Procedure 1

Test 1-a Connect the oscilloscope input to test points shown by composite waveform SS15-1. This composite waveform illustrates correct waveforms and timing relationships for the points tested. All signals are about 4 V in amplitude.

## NOTE

The oscilloscope was triggered from TP1 for all waveforms.
If the pulses are not present at TP2 proceed to test 1-b.
If the pulses are not present at TP3 proceed to test 1-c.
If the pulses are present at TP2 and TP3, but opposite polarity pulses are not present at TP4 and/or TP8, check the NAND gates between TP2 and TP4, or TP3 and TP8 as appropriate.

If the positive-going pulses are present at TP4 and TP8, but negative-going pulses are not present at TP5 for each of the pulses, check NAND gates U3A, U3D, U7C, and U9C as appropriate.


If the pulses are approximately as shown in the top five traces of composite waveform $\mathrm{SS}-15$, but there is no square wave at TP6, use the oscilloscope to check the signal at NAND gate U1D pin 11. The display should be the same as that shown for TP6. If the signal is present, U2B is probably defective.

If the signal is not present at U1D pin 11 use the oscilloscope to check the signals at NAND gates U1A pin 3 and U1B pin 6. The signals should appear as they did at TP4 and TP8 except that they are inverted. If the signals are present, U1C or U1D may be defective. If the signal is present at one of the NAND gates but not at the other, replace U1.

If the signal is not present at U1A pin 3 or U1B pin 6, use the digital voltmeter to check the dc level at U2A pin 6. If U2A pin 6 is about +4 V , U 1 is defective.
If the +4 V is not present at U2A pin 6 , ground U2A pin 1 . If the voltage at U2A pin 6 does not go to about $+4 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{U} 2$ is defective.

If the cause of trouble still has not been found, connect the counter to TP3 and the digital voltmeter and oscilloscope to NAND gate U7A pin 12. The counter readout should be about 300.000 kHz (center frequency set to zero) and U7A pin 12 should be low (about +70 mV ). If the counter readout is lower or higher than 300 kHz and U5A pin 12 is high, slowly rotate A15R14 through its range while observing the counter and the oscilloscope. As the counter readout passes through the 300 kHz point the oscilloscope display should show a change in level; if it does not, U7 or U8 is probably defective.

Test 1-b. If there is no signal at TP2 or the signal is not approximately as shown in the top trace of composite waveform $\operatorname{SS} 15-2$, connect the oscilloscope first to TP2, then U6 pin 12, U6 pin 8 and finally to XA15-2-14. In making the checks in the order shown, the point at which the correct signal is first observed is followed by the defective circuit. If the signal is not present at XA15-2-14, check the interconnections to the SL2 loop.


Test 1-c. If there is no signal at TP3 or the signal is not approximately as shown in the top trace of composite waveform SS15-3, connect the oscilloscope first to U4 pin 6, then to U4 pin 4 or 5 and finally to XA15-2-C.


Composite Waveform SS15-3

In making the checks in the order shown, the point at which the signal is first observed is followed by the defective circuit. If the signal is not present at XA15-2-C check the interconnections to the A18 assembly and, if necessary, the A18 assembly.

Test 1-d. To check operation of the dc amplifier connect the digital voltmeter to Q3-e, ground TP7, and rotate A15R14 through its range. The digital voltmeter readout should vary from approximately -1.5 V to +1.5 V . If the voltage does not vary as A15R14 is adjusted, check Q1, Q2, Q3 and associated components.

| IC | VCC PIN* | GND PIN* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| U1-U10 | 14 | 7 |


pin identification component side of pcB

A2 COMPONENT SIDE



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## Service Sheet 16

## ASSEMBLY

## - Summing Loop 1 Mixer and D to A Converter A18

The A18 assembly, a part of the three-assembly SL1, is shown schematically and described on this Service Sheet. The SL1 Phase Detector Assembly (A15) is shown schematically and described on Service Sheet 15. The SL1 Oscillator Assembly (A19) is shown schematically and described on Service Sheet 17.

When trouble has been isolated to the A18 assembly it should be removed and reinstalled using two extender boards. This will provide easy access to test points and components.

## NOTE

After making repairs to any part of the SL1 circuits, Adjustment 11 in Section 5 of the HP 8660D Operation and Calibration Manual should be performed to ensure proper operation of the instrument.

## TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

Oscilloscope (with 10:1 divider probes) ..... HP 54200A
Digital Voltmeter ..... HP 3478A
Frequency Counter ..... HP 5385A

## SUMMING LOOP 1 GENERAL

The purpose of Summing Loop 1 (SL1) is to generate digitally controlled RF signals in the range of 20.000001 to 30.000000 MHz in selectable increments as low as 1 Hz . The SL1 voltage controlled oscillator is phase locked to the divided-by-one-hundred output of the SL2 loop and the difference frequency of the N1 loop and the SL1 oscillator. The output of SL1 is applied to the RF Section output plug-in.

## Mixer And Amplifiers

E1 is a double balanced mixer which mixes the output of the SL1 voltage controlled oscillator with the output of the N 1 loop and provides an output which is the difference frequency of the two inputs.
Q14 and Q1 amplify the input from the SL1 voltage controlled oscillator.
Q2, Q15, Q18, and associated components amplify the output from the mixer before applying it to the phase detector circuit in the A15 assembly.

## Test Procedure 1

Test 1-a. With the center frequency set to zero, use the counter and the oscilloscope to check for the following (approximately sine wave) signals:

> TP5 300.000 kHz at about 4 Vpp
> TP4 (oscilloscope only) 300 kHz at about 0.1 Vpp
> TP3 29.700000 MHz at about 0.5 Vpp
> Q1-e 30.000000 MHz at about 1.1 Vpp
> TP2 30.000000 MHz at about 0.5 Vpp

## Digital To Analog Converter

U3 is a decoder which converts the BCD inputs from digit 7 to an output that will turn on one of nine transistors in a resistive network. Quad NAND gates U2 and U1 turn on one or more transistors connected to their outputs in a resistive network. U2 and U1 are controlled by digits 6 and 5 respectively.
The current flow through Q4 and the bias for Q3 is determined by which of the transistors in the resistive network are saturated. The dc level at TP1 is determined by which transistors are on. This dc level is applied to a summing circuit in the A19 assembly and used to roughly pretune the voltage controlled oscillator. When the BCD input is 000 the de level at TP1 is about -25 V . When the BCD input is 999 the dc level is about -5 V .

## Test Procedure 2

Test 2-a. Connect the digital voltmeter to TP1 and the counter to TP5. Refer to Table 8-8 for CF settings, counter readouts, and approximate voltage levels.

## NOTE

The voltage readings are typical and may vary greatly from that shown due to differences in varactor characteristics. The important point to note is the ratio of change as the center frequency is changed.

If the voltage ratio changes approximately as shown, but the frequency requirements are not met, trouble is probably in the oscillator assembly or the phase detector assembly.

Table 8-8. SL1 Frequency Versus Voltage Chart

| Center Frequency | Frequency TP5 | Voltage TP1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0000000 Hz | 300.000 kHz | -25.5 V |
| 1110000 Hz | 290.000 kHz | -23.4 V |
| 2220000 Hz | 280.000 kHz | -21.0 V |
| 3330000 Hz | 270.000 kHz | -18.8 V |
| 4440000 Hz | 260.000 kHz | -16.6 V |
| 5550000 Hz | 250.000 kHz | -14.3 V |
| 6660000 Hz | 240.000 kHz | -12.1 V |
| 7770000 Hz | 230.000 kHz | -9.9 V |
| 8880000 Hz | 220.000 kHz | -7.7 V |
| 9990000 Hz | 210.000 kHz | -5.4 V |
| 9999999 Hz | 200.000 kHz | -5.4 V |



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## Service Sheet 17


#### Abstract

ASSEMBLY

\section*{- Summing Loop 1 Oscillator A19}

The A19 assembly, a part of the three-assembly SL2, is shown schematically and described on this Service Sheet. The SL1 Mixer and D/A Converter Assembly (A18) is shown schematically and described on Service Sheet 16. The SL1 Phase Detector Assembly (A15) is shown schematically and described on Service Sheet 15.

When trouble has been isolated to the A19 assembly it should be removed and reinstalled using two extender boards. This will provide easy access to test points and components.


## NOTE

After making repairs to any part of the SL1 circuits, Adjustment 9 in Section 5 of the HP 8660D Operation and Calibration Manual should be performed to ensure proper operation of the instrument.

## TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Frequency Counter ..... HP5385A

## SUMMING LOOP 1 GENERAL

The purpose of Summing Loop 1 (SL1) is to generate digitally controlled RF signals in the range of 20.000001 to 30.000000 MHz in selectable increments as low as 1 Hz . The SL1 voltage controlled oscillator is phase locked to the divided-by-one-hundred output of the SL2 loop and the difference frequency of the N1 loop and the SL1 oscillator. The output of SL1 is applied to the RF Section plug-in.

## Summing Amplifier

Q6 is a summing amplifier which combines the output of the digital-to-analog converter and the signal from the SL1 phase detector. The summing point (Q6-e) sums the current from three sources through R9, R10, and R11, a negative source from the digital-to-analog converter through R3, R7 and R68, and the signal from the SL1 phase detector through R6. The dc level at the summing point is held at zero volts.
When the input at XA19-2-J is $\approx-25 \mathrm{~V}$ (all BCD inputs to A18 low), most of the current from the +20 V source flows through A18Q3; very little flows through Q6. Under these conditions the voltage at Q6-c is $\approx-30 \mathrm{~V}$. As the voltage at XA19-2-J decreases (becomes less negative), less current flows through A18Q3, more flows through Q6, and the voltage at Q6-c decreases (becomes less negative).

CR1 through CF10 and associated resistors are used to shape the voltage curve applied to the voltage controlled oscillator tuning varactors to ensure that frequency change is linear with voltage change. The voltage at the junction of R32 and R39 is about -27.5 V . When all BCD inputs to the A18 assembly are low, Q6-c is about -30 V and all of the diodes in the shaper are reverse biased. As the voltage from the digital-to-analog converter decreases (gets closer to -5 V ) current through Q 6 increases and the Q6 collector voltage decreases. As the Q6-c voltage decreases first CR10, and CR9, etc. are forwarded biased. As the diodes are forward biased resistors are added in parallel with R35 and R38 to shape the voltage curve to the varactors. Q7 provides a low impedance output to drive the varactors.

## Test Procedure 1

## Test 1-a.

Connect the digital voltmeter to TP1 and set the center frequency as shown in Table 8-9.

## NOTE

The voltage readings are typical and may vary greatly from the readings shown due to differences in varactor characteristics. The important point to note is the ratio of change as the center frequency is changed.

If the voltage at TP1 does not change as the CF is changed, check the input from the digital-to-analog converter (A18) at XA19-2-J. If the voltage levels at this point do not change as the CF is changed, trouble is probably in the A18 assembly.

If the voltage level from the digital-to-analog converter does change, but the level at TP1 does not, check Q6, Q7 and associated components.

## Voltage Controlled Oscillator And Amplifiers

Q5, Q4 and associated components comprise a voltage controlled oscillator. C17, C20 and C21 provide isolation for the dc levels required to bias the varactors. C19 provides the feedback necessary to sustain oscillation. The resonant tank circuit is coupled to Q4 by capacitive divider C20 and C21. The FET acts as a source follower in the feedback circuit; it provides a high impedance at the gate and a low impedance at the source.

Q3 is a power splitter which drives two two-stage amplifiers. One amplifier output is applied to the RF Section plug-in and the other is applied to the mixer in the A18 assembly.

## Test Procedure 2

Test 2-a. Connect the oscilloscope to TP3 then to TP4. The sine wave at both test points should be about 0.3 Vpp .
If the signal is not present at either TP3 or TP4 connect the oscilloscope to Q3-b. The signal level should be about 0.2 Vpp . If the signal is present at Q3-b but was not present at TP3 or TP4, Q3 is probably defective. If the signal is not present at Q3-b, check Q5, Q4 and associated components.

Test 2-b. Connect the counter to TP3 or TP4 and check for correct frequencies at the CF's shown in Table 8-9.

Table 8-9. Varactor Bias Versus Frequency SL1

| Center Frequency | Frequency TP3 and TP4 | Voltage TP1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0000000 Hz | 30.000000 MHz | -30.7 V |
| 1110000 Hz | 28.890000 MHz | -25.3 V |
| 2220000 Hz | 27.780000 MHz | -21.2 V |
| 3330000 Hz | 26.670000 MHz | -17.2 V |
| 4440000 Hz | 25.560000 MHz | -13.4 V |
| 5550000 Hz | 24.450000 MHz | -10.6 V |
| 6660000 Hz | 23.340000 MHz | -8.2 V |
| 7770000 Hz | 22.230000 MHz | -6.3 V |
| 8880000 Hz | 21.120000 MHz | -4.7 V |
| 9990000 Hz | 20.010000 MHz | -3.3 V |
| 9999999 Hz | 20.000001 MHz | -3.2 V |

NOTES:

1. For an explanation of schematic symbols, see "SCHEMATIC diagram notes" in Section 8 .
2. c5 may be onitted.



## Service Sheet 18

## BLOCK DIAGRAM

## - Digital Control Unit (DCU) Block Diagram

## TROUBLESHOOTING

## General Information

Signature analysis is a technique for troubleshooting digital circuitry. The HP 8660D Signal Generator contains programs to stimulate its digital circuitry and digital "signatures" are read by a separate instrument, the Signature Analyzer. The signatures read at every node in the digital circuitry can be compared to the correct signature for that node which is contained in a table included in the troubleshooting information with each schematic diagram. This provides a Go/No Go test.

The HP 8660D must be placed in one of its two "test modes" to provide the stimulus for signature analysis troubleshooting. The procedures below explain how to place the DCU into a "test mode". When the HP 8660D is in a "test mode" normal operation is not possible and the front panel keys are inactive. When in "test mode", the HP 8660D provides stop, start and clock signals to the Signature Analyzer and provides data to the assembly being tested to stimulate all nodes of the circuitry. The Signature Analyzer probe is placed on a node of the circuitry and the data on that node is clocked into the Signature Analyzer. Based on the data on that node and its relation to the time frame defined by the stop and start signals a unique four character signature is generated and displayed on the Signature Analyzer front panel.

The signature of the logic Vcc ( +5 Vdc for the TTL logic in the HP 8660D) has special significance. When the signature analyzer probe is touching Vcc, the data clocked into the Signature Analyzer is a series of ones and the signature generated depends on the time frame defined by the stop and start signals and the connection and settings of the Signature Analyzer. Thus, the Vcc signature is a convenient check that the stimulus program in the HP 8660D is providing the correct stop, start and clock signals and the Signature Analyzer is set-up and connected correctly.

## Test Equipment Required

Signature Analyzer HP 5005A, 5005B, 5006A or 5004A
DCU Extender Board (2 Required)
HP 08660-60406

## Set-Up Procedures

There are two test modes, Free-Run and Regular. There is a separate set-up procedure for each mode. The troubleshooting procedure for the assembly you are testing will explain which procedure to use.

## FREE-RUN Signature Analysis Set-Up Procedure

Free-Run Signature Analysis is only used for the A1A3 Microprocessor Assembly.

1. Remove the DCU from the mainframe and set it upside-down on the top of the instrument directly behind the area from where the DCU was removed. Connect the ribbon cables and the power connector using the original cables. Remove the A1A3 Assembly from the DCU motherboard.
2. On A1A3 remove the jumper from J 4 (NORM) and install it on J3 (SA).
3. Connect the Signature Analyzer pod leads to the A1A3 assembly as follows:

| POD LEAD | A1A3 |
| :---: | :---: |
| START/ST/SP | TP2 (ADD 15) |
| STOP/QUAL | TP2 (ADD 15) |
| CLOCK | TP1 (CLK) |
| Gnd | TP3 (GND) |

4. If you are troubleshooting A1A3, then install it on an extender board. Otherwise, plug it back into the motherboard. Turn on the HP 8660D.
5. Set the Signature Analyzer's polarities as follows:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Clock - } \\
& \text { Start + } \\
& \text { Stop + }
\end{aligned}
$$

6. Check that the GATE light on the Signature Analyzer is blinking. If it is not blinking, check the connections and settings specified in steps 3 and 5 , above. If these are correct, and the gate light is still not blinking, there is most likely a problem with the signature analyzer or the A1A3 Microprocessor Assembly. Proceed to Signature Analysis Set-Up Problems found in Service Sheet 19 TROUBLESHOOTING.
7. Check the Vcc $(+5 \mathrm{~V})$ signature by touching the Signature Analyzer probe to the Vcc pin of one of the ICs on the board being tested. The signature must be 0003 . DO NOT continue if the Vcc signature is incorrect. Instead, check the connections and settings specified in steps 3 and 5 , above. If these are correct, there is most likely a problem with the signature analyzer or the A1A3 assembly. Proceed to the troubleshooting procedure for Signature Analysis Set-Up Problems found in Service Sheet 19 TROUBLESHOOTING.

## NOTE

For general troubleshooting of the A1A3 assembly refer to SS19, TROUBLESHOOTING.
8. If no problems were encountered, the set-up is complete.

## REGULAR Signature Analysis Set-Up Procedure

1. Remove the DCU from the mainframe and set it upside-down on the top of the instrument directly behind the area from where the DCU was removed. Connect the ribbon cables and the power connector using the original cables. Remove the A1A3 Assembly from the DCU motherboard.
2. On A1A3 check that a jumper is installed on J4 (NORM) and NOT on J3 (SA); change if necessary. Using the Signature Analyzer probe, momentarily short A1A3J5 pins 1 and 2. The display should flash the message "SA".
3. Connect the Signature Analyzer pod leads to the A1A3 assembly as follows:

| POD LEAD | A1A3 |
| :---: | :---: |
| START/ST/SP | TP4 (SA TRIG)* |
| STOP/QUAL | TP4 (SA TRIG)* |
| CLOCK | TP1 (CLK) |
| Gnd | TP3 (GND) |

* If TP4 is not on the A1A3 board the pod leads can be connected directly to U6 Pin 12.

4. Plug the A1A3 assembly into the DCU. If you are troubleshooting A1A3, then install it on an extender board. Otherwise, plug it back into the motherboard. Turn on the HP 8660D.
5. Set the Signature Analyzer's polarities as follows:
```
Clock -
Start +
Stop -
```

1. Check that the GATE light on the Signature Analyzer is blinking. If it is not blinking, check the connections and settings specified in steps 3 and 5 , above. If these are correct, and the gate light is still not blinking, there is most likely a problem with the signature analyzer or the A1A3 Microprocessor Assembly. Proceed to Signature Analysis Set-Up Problems found in Service Sheet 19 TROUBLESHOOTING.
2. Check the Vcc $(+5 \mathrm{~V})$ signature by touching the Signature Analyzer probe to the Vcc pin of one of the ICs on the board being tested. The signature must be P389. DO NOT continue if the Vcc signature is incorrect. Instead, check the connections and settings specified in steps 3 and 5 , above. If these are correct, there is most likely a problem with the signature analyzer or the A1A3 assembly. Proceed to the troubleshooting procedure for Signature Analysis Set-Up Problems found in Service Sheet 19 TROUBLESHOOTING.


#### Abstract

NOTE For general troubleshooting of the A1A3 assembly refer to SS19, TROUBLESHOOTING.


3. If no problems were encountered, the set-up is complete.

## Other Information

1. Data Bus and Clock Signatures. The microprocessor data bus goes to all assemblies in the DCU. The signatures obtained on the data bus sometimes depend on assemblies other than the one being tested. Thus, signatures are sometimes not given for IC pins which connect directly to the data bus. The notation, '- - DX', where $X$ is a digit from 0 to 7 , is used for these pins. Check that the data on these lines is toggling. The microprocessor clock also appears on many DCU assemblies. This is the same clock the Signature Analyzer uses to clock data into itself so the signature obtained for this clock is not meaningful. IC pins which connect to this clock are marked, '- - - - CLK'. Check that the clock signal is toggling at a 2.0 MHz rate.
2. If an IC pin is marked '- $\ldots$ ', no valid signature exists for that pin. Ignore pins marked this way when troubleshooting.
3. If an IC is not listed in the table of signatures, no valid signatures exist for that IC.



## Service Sheet 19

## ASSEMBLY

- P/O A1A3 Microprocessor Assembly


## PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

The Microprocessor Board A1A3 (SS19 and SS20) contains: all of the RAM and ROM memory, the Keyboard and Instrument Interface, the address decoding and the Microprocessor.
U1A is an oscillator with a TTL level output. Y1 is an 8 MHz crystal. Together they provide an 8 MHz TTL clock to the Microprocessor and memory holdoff circuit.

U 2 is an 8 bit 68B02 microprocessor which is fully interrupt driven in this application.
U3 is an 8 bit buffer which is always enabled. U3A buffers the address lines ADD 0, ADD 1, and ADD 2. U3B buffers the control lines VMA, CLOCK, R/W, and RESET L.
U4 is a $16 \mathrm{k} \times 8$ EPROM which contains all of the ROM memory. The EPROM is addressed at memory locations OCOOOH - OFFFFH.
U5 is a $2 \mathrm{k} \times 8$ static RAM which contains all of the RAM memory. The RAM is addressed at memory locations $0000 \mathrm{H}-07 \mathrm{FFH}$.
U6 is a 3 to 8 line decoder which decodes the top 4 address lines (ADD 12 through ADD 15). ADD 15 and VMA are used as qualifiers. ADD 15, however, is used in its nonassertive state. U6 decodes addresses $0 \times X X H-7 X X X H ~(~ X ~=~ d o n ' t ~ c a r e) . ~ . ~$
U7 is another 3 to 8 line decoder used to select the output latches on the Interface/Latch Board (SS6). The address lines ADD 0, ADD 1, and ADD 2 are decoded while the E clock, R/W, and CE LATCH are used as qualifiers. U7 decodes addresses $7000 \mathrm{H}-7007 \mathrm{H}$.
U8 is a Perpheral Interface Adapter (PIA) that functions as the Instrument Interface. The PIA receives the sweep clock and control signals on pins 39,40 , and 19 . When one of these inputs receives an active transition, the PIA activates the IRQ line of the MPU and sets a flag in an internal control register. This flag can be read by the MPU to determine which sweep condition generated the interrupt. The PIA generates the following lines: CUP H, CDN-L (which go to the Sweep Count board, A1A4), the plug-in clocks which are ATTEN-H, FMCAL, AM/FM \%, and AM/FM FCTN. The PIA also generates the PLUG-IN data lines PI-1, PI-2, PI-3, and PI-4. The PIA address is at memory location $1000 \mathrm{H}-1003 \mathrm{H}$.
U9 is an Open Collector Hex Inverter.
U10B is a two input NAND Gate which enables the CE input of the 16 k X 8 EPROM (U4).

# Service Sheet 20 

ASSEMBLY<br>- P/O A1A3 Microprocessor Assembly<br>\section*{PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION}

This part of the Microprocessor Board contains the Rotary Pulse Generator (RPG) Decoder, the Memory Holdoff, and Programmable Keyboard/Display Interface.
The RPG Decoder consists of flip-flop U12A and U12B, and AND gates U11C and U11D. When the RPG is rotated in the clockwise (CW) direction, the positive transition of the signal CCW leads the transition of the CW signal. CCW is AnDed with $\overline{\mathrm{Q}}$ of U12A by the AND gate U11C and the result is applied to the D input of U12A. When CW makes a positive transition, it will clock the output of U11C through to U12A's Q output. If $Q$ has been set on the previous transition of $C W$ it will be cleared since $\bar{Q}$ will be low, driving the output of U11C low. Thus one pulse is produced on the $Q$ output of U12A for every two CW pulses. When the RPG is rotated in the CCW direction, the positive transition of CW leads CCW. The Q output of U12A remains low since CCW will always be low during the CW transition. U12B and U11D operate the same as U12A and U11C. CW is ANDed with U12B's $\overline{\mathrm{Q}}$ output, and the output of U11D is clocked through to U12B's $Q$ output on the positive edge of CCW. This produces one pulse on the Q output of U12B for every two CCW pulses. When the RPG is rotated in the CW direction U12B's output remains low.

U13A and U13B are used to extend the respective CW and CCW pulses that are generated by U12A and U12B. This guarantees a longer pulse width and limits the frequency of the pulses generated.

When in the Manual Sweep Mode the signal QCTZ-H goes high, indicating that the lower sweep frequency limit has been reached. When the signal QCTM-H goes high it indicates that the upper sweep limit has been reached. The output of U10D will be high when QCTZ-H is true and QCTM-H is false. This result is then ANDed with QCTZ-H by AND gate U11A. When QCTZ-H is true and QCTM-H is false the output of U11A goes low, deselecting U13B and disabling the Sweep Down flip-flop (U13B). The SWEEP D input signal enables both U12A and U12B when the instrument is in any of the manual tuning modes.

The Power Up Reset consists of Q1, U14A, and U9A. Whenever the +5 V supply is below 4.2 volts, Q1 is biased off and the collector of Q1 is pulled up by R13 to the supply voltage. When the +5 V supply rises above 4.2 V , CR2 begins to conduct through the emitter of Q1 and R11, biasing Q1 on. The collector of Q1 is driven down to 0.2 volts as the transistor nears saturation. Thus a TTL low is applied to the low true trigger input of the one shot U14A, causing a reset pulse of approximately $150 \mu$ s to occur at the $Q$ and $\bar{Q}$ outputs of U14A. During the reset pulse the $\bar{Q}$ output of U14A ensures that the memory holdoff flip-flop (U15A) powers up in the high (false) state. The Q output of U14A resets the Keyboard/Display Interface IC (U16) and is inverted by U9A to drive the reset for the other devices and the rest of the instrument.

The Memory Holdoff consists of U14B and U15A. This circuit provides a 300 ns pulse on the MR line of the MPU whenever the Programmable Keyboard/Display Interface IC (U16) is addressed. This allows for a 350 ns access time when U16 is being accessed.
U16 is a Programmable Keyboard/Display Interface IC which, in conjunction with U17 and U18, forms the Keyboard/Display Interface. U16 interfaces directly to the microprocessor. U16 output lines SL0-SL3 drive the 4 -to- 16 line decoder U17 and the 3 -to- 8 line decoder U18. U17 scans the 13 display addresses SCAN 0-SCAN 12. U18 scans the $4 \times 8$ keyboard matrix ROW 0-ROW 3. RL0-RL7 are the key return lines. U16 drives the IRQ line of the MPU whenever a keystroke is detected. The outputs A0-B3 provide the drive for the Quad PNP transistor drivers which select the displays and LEDs on the Display Board (A1A1), and the Keyboard (A1A2).

## TROUBLESHOOTING FOR SERVICE SHEETS 19 AND 20

Troubleshooting of this assembly is done using Signature Analysis.
Procedures to troubleshoot Signature analysis set-up problems are provided below to check operation necessary for taking signatures. Unless you were directed here by the signature analysis set up procedures on Service Sheet 18, proceed to the Free Run Signature Analysis procedure. If no problems are found, perform the Regular Signature Analysis procedure.

## Signature Analysis Set-Up Problems

If one of the following problems was encountered during the Signature Analysis set-up procedures, use this procedure to find the source of the problem.

- Signature Analyzer gate light does not blink (in Free Run mode),
- Vcc ( +5 V ) signature is bad (in Free Run mode),
- Signature Analyzer gate light does not blink (in Regular mode),
- Vcc ( +5 V ) signature is bad (in Regular mode)

1. If the problem was encountered in Free Run mode, jump to step 2.

If the problem was encountered in Regular mode, perform the Free Run set up on Service Sheet 18, then, if a problem with the gate light or +5 V signature still exists, proceed with step 2. If Free Run mode is as it should be, check A1A3U6 pin 12 (this pin drives the start and stop inputs to the signature analyzer).
2. Check the following inputs to the microprocessor with an oscilloscope. If any of these input signals are not as they should be, it will keep the microprocessor from running. Troubleshoot to find the cause of the bad input signal.

| Check A1A3 | Should Be |
| :--- | :--- |
| U2 pin 39 | 8 MHz clock (TTL) |
| U2 pin 2 | High (TTL) |
| U2 pin 40 | High (TTL) |
| U2 pin 3 | High (TTL) |

3. Check the following outputs of the microprocessor with an oscilloscope.

| Check A1A3 | Should Be |
| :--- | :--- |
| U2 pin 25 | Square wave, period <br> $=65.5$ milliseconds, <br> U2 pin 37 |
| TTL Levels <br> Square wave, period <br> $=0.5$ microseconds, <br> TTL Levels |  |

4. If any of these signals are not as they should be, remove the A1A3U2 microprocessor from its socket and carefully bend U2 pins 25 and 37 out and then insert it back into the socket. If the pins listed above now produce a good signal, the problem is that another part is loading these pins.

If these signals are good, the Signature Analyzer may be defective.

## Free Run Signature Analysis of the A1A3 Microprocessor Assembly

1. Perform the FREE RUN Signature Analysis Set-Up Procedure included with Service Sheet 18.
2. Compare the signatures with the correct signatures in the tables below.

| U2 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U2 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | GND | 0000 | 21 | GND | 0000 |
| 2 | IN | 0003 | 22 | OUT | 4FCA |
| 3 | IN | 0003 | 23 | OUT | 4868 |
| 4 | IN | 0003 | 24 | OUT | 9UP1 |
| 5 | OUT | 0003 | 25 | OUT | 0002 |
| 6 | IN | 0003 | 26 | IN | --D7 |
| 7 | OUT | --- | 27 | IN | --D6 |
| 8 | Vcc | 0003 | 28 | in | --D5 |
| 9 | OUT | uuvu | 29 | in | --D4 |
| 10 | OUT | FFFF | 30 | IN | --D3 |
| 11 | OUT | 8484 | 31 | IN | --D2 |
| 12 | OUT | P763 | 32 | in | --D1 |
| 13 | OUT | 145 P | 33 | in | --D0 |
| 14 | OUT | 0356 | 34 | OUT | 0003 |
| 15 | OUT | U759 | 35 | Vcc | 0003 |
| 16 | OUT | 6F9A | 36 | in | 0000 |
| 17 | OUT | 7791 | 37 | in | - - - -CLK |
| 18 | OUT | 6321 | 38 | in | 0000 |
| 19 | OUT | 37 C 5 | 39 | IN | --- |
| 20 | OUT | 6 U 28 | 40 | IN | 0003 |


| U3 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U3 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | GND | 0000 | 11 | IN | 0003 |
| 2 | IN | ---- | 12 | OUT | 8484 |
| 3 | OUT | 0003 | 13 | IN | --- |
| 4 | IN | UUUU | 14 | OUT | FFFF |
| 5 | OUT | 0003 | 15 | IN | 0003 |
| 6 | IN | FFFF | 16 | OUT | UUUU |
| 7 | OUT | --- | 17 | IN | 0003 |
| 8 | IN | 8484 | 18 | OUT | $-7-$ |
| 9 | OUT | 0003 | 19 | GND | 0000 |
| 10 | GND | 0000 | 20 | Vcc | 0003 |


| U4 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U4 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | IN | 0003 | 15 | IN | --D3 |
| 2 | IN | 4FCA | 16 | IN | --D4 |
| 3 | IN | 6F9A | 17 | IN | --D5 |
| 4 | IN | U759 | 18 | IN | --D6 |
| 5 | IN | 0356 | 19 | IN | --D7 |
| 6 | IN | 1U5P | 20 | in | PACH |
| 7 | IN | P763 | 21 | IN | $37 \mathrm{C5}$ |
| 8 | in | 8484 | 22 | in | 0000 |
| 9 | in | FFFF | 23 | IN | 6 U 28 |
| 10 | in | UUUU | 24 | IN | 6321 |
| 11 | IN | --D0 | 25 | IN | 7791 |
| 12 | in | --D1 | 26 | in | 4868 |
| 13 | IN | --D2 | 27 | IN | 0003 |
| 14 | GND | 0000 | 28 | IN | 0003 |


| U5 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U5 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | IN | 6F9A | 13 | IN | --D3 |
| 2 | in | U759 | 14 | IN | --D4 |
| 3 | IN | 0356 | 15 | IN | --D5 |
| 4 | in | 1U5P | 16 | IN | --D6 |
| 5 | IN | P763 | 17 | IN | --D7 |
| 6 | in | 8484 | 18 | IN | $4 \mathrm{P08}$ |
| 7 | IN | FFFF | 19 | IN | 37 C 5 |
| 8 | IN | uuuu | 20 | in | 4P08 |
| 9 | IN | --D0 | 21 | IN | 0003 |
| 10 | IN | --D1 | 22 | IN | 6321 |
| 11 | IN | --D2 | 23 | IN | 7791 |
| 12 | GND | 0000 | 24 | Vcc | 0003 |


| U6 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U6 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | IN | 4FCA | 9 | OUT | U3H7 |
| 2 | IN | 4868 | 10 | OUT | 0994 |
| 3 | IN | 9 PP1 | 11 | IN | 6H4C |
| 4 | IN | 0002 | 12 | IN | F2A4 |
| 5 | IN | 0002 | 13 | IN | PC03 |
| 6 | IN | 0003 | 14 | IN | $12 U 1$ |
| 7 | OUT | P257 | 15 | IN | 4P08 |
| 8 | GND | 0000 | 16 | Vcc | 0003 |


| U7 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U7 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | IN | UUUU | 9 | OUT | 0003 |
| 2 | IN | FFFF | 10 | OUT | 0003 |
| 3 | IN | 8484 | 11 | OUT | 0003 |
| 4 | IN | 0003 | 12 | OUT | 0003 |
| 5 | IN | P257 | 13 | OUT | 0003 |
| 6 | IN | 0000 | 14 | OUT | 0003 |
| 7 | OUT | 0003 | 15 | OUT | 0003 |
| 8 | GND | 0000 | 16 | Vcc | 0003 |


| U8 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U8 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | GND | 0000 | 21 | IN | 0003 |
| 2 | IN | - - - | 22 | IN | 0003 |
| 3 | IN | --- - | 23 | IN | 12 U 1 |
| 4 | IN | - - | 24 | IN | 0003 |
| 5 | IN | ---- | 25 | IN | - - - -CLK |
| 6 | IN | ---- | 26 | IN | - -D7 |
| 7 | IN | ---- | 27 | IN | - -D6 |
| 8 | IN | - | 28 | IN | - -D5 |
| 9 | IN | ---- | 29 | IN | - -D4 |
| 10 | IN | ---- | 30 | IN | - -D3 |
| 11 | IN | - | 31 | IN | - -D2 |
| 12 | IN | -- | 32 | IN | - -D1 |
| 13 | IN | -- | 33 | IN | --D0 |
| 14 | IN | -- | 34 | IN | 0003 |
| 15 | IN | - - | 35 | IN | FFFF |
| 16 | IN | --- | 36 | IN | UUUU |
| 17 | IN | -- | 37 | OUT | ---- |
| 18 | IN | ---- | 38 | OUT | ---- |
| 19 | IN | ---- | 39 | IN | --- |
| 20 | Vcc | 0003 | 40 | IN | ---- |


| U10 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U10 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | IN | 0003 | 8 | OUT | 0000 |
| 2 | IN | 0003 | 9 | IN | 0003 |
| 3 | OUT | 0000 | 10 | IN | 0003 |
| 4 | IN | $9 U P 1$ | 11 | OUT | ---- |
| 5 | IN | 0002 | 12 | IN | ---- |
| 6 | OUT | PACH | 13 | IN | --- |
| 7 | GND | 0000 | 14 | Vcc | 0003 |


| U14 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U14 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | IN | 0000 | 9 | IN | PC03 |
| 2 | IN | 0003 | 10 | $\mathbb{N}$ | 0003 |
| 3 | IN | 0003 | 11 | $\mathbb{N}$ | 0003 |
| 4 | OUT | 0003 | 12 | OUT | ---- |
| 5 | OUT | ---- | 13 | OUT | 0000 |
| 6 | IN | 0000 | 14 | IN | 0000 |
| 7 | IN | --- | 15 | $\mathbb{N}$ | --- |
| 8 | GND | 0000 | 16 | Vcc | 0003 |


| U16 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U16 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | IN | 0003 | 21 | IN | UUUU |
| 2 | IN | 0003 | 22 | IN | PC03 |
| 3 | IN | --- - | 23 | OUT | --- |
| 4 | OUT | 0000 | 24 | OUT | - - |
| 5 | IN | 0003 | 25 | OUT | ---- |
| 6 | IN | 0003 | 26 | OUT | ---- |
| 7 | IN | 0003 | 27 | OUT | ---- |
| 8 | IN | 0003 | 28 | OUT | ---- |
| 9 | IN | 0000 | 29 | OUT | ---- |
| 10 | IN | 0000 | 30 | OUT | - |
| 11 | IN | 0003 | 31 | OUT | --- |
| 12 | IN | --D0 | 32 | OUT | -- |
| 13 | IN | - -D1 | 33 | OUT | -- |
| 14 | IN | --D2 | 34 | OUT | -- |
| 15 | IN | - -D3 | 35 | OUT | --- |
| 16 | IN | - -D4 | 36 | IN | 0003 |
| 17 | IN | - -D5 | 37 | IN | 0003 |
| 18 | IN | --D6 | 38 | IN | 0003 |
| 19 | $\mathbb{N}$ | - -D7 | 39 | IN | 0003 |
| 20 | GND | 0000 | 40 | Vcc | 0003 |

## Regular Signature Analysis of the A1A3 Microprocessor Assembly

3. Perform the REGULAR Signature Analysis Set-Up Procedure included with Service Sheet 18.
4. Compare the signatures taken with the Signature Analyzer with the correct signatures in the tables below.

| U2 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U2 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | GND | 0000 | 21 | GND | 0000 |
| 2 | IN | P389 | 22 | OUT | - - - |
| 3 | IN | --- | 23 | OUT | - - |
| 4 | IN | --- | 24 | OUT | ---- |
| 5 | OUT | AUOP | 25 | OUT | -- |
| 6 | IN | - - | 26 | IN | 3497 |
| 7 | OUT | 0000 | 27 | IN | 5900 |
| 8 | Vcc | P389 | 28 | IN | 3HF6 |
| 9 | OUT | ---- | 29 | IN | P00U |
| 10 | OUT | ---- | 30 | IN | 54A1 |
| 11 | OUT | ---- | 31 | IN | 6688 |
| 12 | OUT | - | 32 | IN | U57A |
| 13 | OUT | ---- | 33 | IN | H8A4 |
| 14 | OUT | ---- | 34 | IN | 2A1A |
| 15 | OUT | ---- | 35 | Vcc | P389 |
| 16 | OUT | ---- | 36 | IN | 0000 |
| 17 | OUT | - | 37 | OUT | - - - CLK |
| 18 | OUT | ---- | 38 | IN | 0000 |
| 19 | OUT | ---- | 39 | IN | ---- |
| 20 | OUT | ---- | 40 | IN | P389 |


| U3 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U3 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | IN | 0000 | 11 | IN | AUOP |
| 2 | IN | ---- | 12 | OUT | ---- |
| 3 | OUT | P389 | 13 | IN | ---- |
| 4 | IN | --- | 14 | OUT | ---- |
| 5 | OUT | $2 A 1 A$ | 15 | IN | $2 A 1 A$ |
| 6 | IN | ---- | 16 | OUT | ---- |
| 7 | OUT | --- | 17 | IN | P389 |
| 8 | IN | --- | 18 | OUT | --- |
| 9 | OUT | AUOP | 19 | IN | O000 |
| 10 | GND | 0000 | 20 | Vcc | P389 |


| U4 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U4 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | IN | P389 | 15 | IN | 54A1 |
| 2 | IN | ---- | 16 | IN | P00U |
| 3 | IN | ---- | 17 | IN | $3 H F 6$ |
| 4 | IN | ---- | 18 | IN | 5900 |
| 5 | IN | ---- | 19 | IN | 3497 |
| 6 | IN | ---- | 20 | IN | ---- |
| 7 | IN | ---- | 21 | IN | --- |
| 8 | IN | ---- | 22 | IN | 8514 |
| 9 | IN | ---- | 23 | IN | ---- |
| 10 | IN | ---- | 24 | IN | ---- |
| 11 | IN | H8A4 | 25 | IN | ---- |
| 12 | IN | U57A | 26 | IN | ---- |
| 13 | IN | 6688 | 27 | PN | P389 |
| 14 | GND | 0000 | 28 | Vcc | P389 |


| U5 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U5 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | IN | ---- | 13 | IN | 54A1 |
| 2 | IN | ---- | 14 | IN | P00U |
| 3 | IN | ---- | 15 | IN | 3HF6 |
| 4 | IN | ---- | 16 | IN | 5900 |
| 5 | IN | ---- | 17 | IN | 3497 |
| 6 | IN | ---- | 18 | IN | $3 C C 0$ |
| 7 | NN | ---- | 19 | IN | ---- |
| 8 | IN | ---- | 20 | IN | $3 C C 0$ |
| 9 | IN | H8A4 | 21 | IN | $2 A 1 A$ |
| 10 | IN | U57A | 22 | IN | ---- |
| 11 | IN | 6688 | 23 | IN | ---- |
| 12 | GND | 0000 | 24 | Vcc | P389 |


| U6 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U6 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | IN | $-\ldots--$ | 9 | OUT | ---- |
| 2 | IN | ---- | 10 | OUT | 135 F |
| 3 | IN | ---- | 11 | OUT | 45 CF |
| 4 | IN | ---- | 12 | OUT | --- |
| 5 | IN | ---- | 13 | OUT | 016H |
| 6 | IN | AUOP | 14 | OUT | OA7F |
| 7 | IN | $6 U C 8$ | 15 | OUT | 3CCO |
| 8 | GND | 0000 | 16 | Vcc | P389 |


| U7 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U7 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | IN | ---- | 9 | OUT | 74FC |
| 2 | IN | ---- | ---7 |  |  |
| 3 | IN | ---- | 10 | OUT | 362C |
| 4 | IN | $2 A 1 A$ | 11 | OUT | 7 UH5 |
| 5 | IN | 6 OC8 | 12 | OUT | 3H04 |
| 6 | IN | ---- | 13 | OUT | CP41 |
| 7 | OUT | $7 U C P$ | 14 | OUT | OFPF |
| 8 | GND | 0000 | 15 | OUT | P389 |


| U8 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U8 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | GND | 0000 | 21 | IN | 2A1A |
| 2 | OUT | U91A | 22 | IN | P389 |
| 3 | OUT | 57A9 | 23 | IN | 0A7F |
| 4 | OUT | 1 U 92 | 24 | IN | AUOP |
| 5 | OUT | 7389 | 25 | IN | - - - CLK |
| 6 | OUT | ---- | 26 | IN | 3497 |
| 7 | OUT | ---- | 27 | IN | 5900 |
| 8 | OUT | - | 28 | IN | 3HF6 |
| 9 | OUT | -- | 29 | IN | POOU |
| 10 | OUT | 2597 | 30 | IN | 54A1 |
| 11 | OUT | 690 U | 31 | IN | 6688 |
| 12 | OUT | ---- | 32 | IN | U57A |
| 13 | OUT | ---- | 33 | IN | H8A4 |
| 14 | OUT | 087H | 34 | IN | P389 |
| 15 | OUT | H147 | 35 | IN | ---- |
| 16 | OUT | 1A4H | 36 | IN | - |
| 17 | OUT | U803 | 37 | OUT | ---- |
| 18 | IN | ---- | 38 | OUT | ---- |
| 19 | IN | ---- | 39 | IN | 05PU |
| 20 | Vcc | P389 | 40 | IN | ---- |


| U9 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U9 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | IN | ---- | 8 | OUT | ---- |
| 2 | OUT | ---- | 9 | IN | ---- |
| 3 | IN | ---- | 10 | OUT | 8 A86 |
| 4 | OUT | ---- | 11 | IN | 6900 |
| 5 | IN | ---- | 12 | OUT | ---- |
| 6 | OUT | ---- | 13 | IN | ---- |
| 7 | GND | 0000 | 14 | Vcc | P389 |


| U10 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U10 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | IN | $2 A 1 A$ | 8 | OUT | 8514 |
| 2 | IN | 2A1A | 9 | IN | AUOP |
| 3 | IN | F993 | 10 | IN | 2A1A |
| 4 | IN | ---- | 11 | OUT | H226 |
| 5 | IN | ---- | 12 | IN | O5PU |
| 6 | OUT | ---- | 13 | IN | ---- |
| 7 | GND | 0000 | 14 | Vcc | P389 |


| U11 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U11 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | IN | H226 | 8 | OUT | ---- |
| 2 | IN | - - - - | 9 | IN | ---- |
| 3 | OUT |  | 10 | IN | ---- |
| 4 | IN |  | 11 | OUT | --- - |
| 5 | IN |  | 12 | IN | ---- |
| 6 | OUT | ---- | 13 | IN | ---- |
| 7 | GND | 0000 | 14 | Vcc | P389 |


| U16 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U16 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | IN | P389 | 21 | IN | ---- |
| 2 | IN | P389 | 22 | IN | 016H |
| 3 | IN | - - - | 23 | OUT | ---- |
| 4 | OUT | ---- | 24 | OUT | ---- |
| 5 | IN | P389 | 25 | IN | ---- |
| 6 | IN | P389 | 26 | IN | - |
| 7 | IN | P389 | 27 | IN | ---- |
| 8 | IN | P389 | 28 | IN | ---- |
| 9 | IN | 0000 | 29 | IN | ---- |
| 10 | IN | F993 | 30 | IN | ---- |
| 11 | IN | 2A1A | 31 | IN | --- |
| 12 | IN | H8A4 | 32 | IN | --- |
| 13 | IN | U57A | 33 | IN | --- |
| 14 | IN | 6688 | 34 | IN | ---- |
| 15 | IN | 54A1 | 35 | IN | ---- |
| 16 | IN | POOU | 36 | IN | P389 |
| 17 | IN | 3HF6 | 37 | IN | P389 |
| 18 | IN | 5900 | 38 | IN | P389 |
| 19 | IN | 3497 | 39 | IN | P389 |
| 20 | GND | 0000 | 40 | Vcc | P389 |

## NOTES:

1. For an explanation of schematic symbols. see "SCHEMATIC OIAGRAM NOTES" in Section 8.

A1A3


Figure 8-2Ø. Service Sheet 19 Information.




NOTES:

1. For an explanation of schematic symbols. see "SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM NOTES" in Section 8.


Figure 8-22. Service Sheet 2】 Information.



## Service Sheet 21

## ASSEMBLY

- A1A2 Keyboard Assembly


## PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

The key Matrix of S1-S25 is scanned in four rows (ROW_0-ROW_3). Whenever a key is depressed, one of the corresponding return lines (RLO-RL7) will be pulled low. These lines are sensed by the Keyboard Controller IC (U16) on the Microprocessor Board. A1A2DS1-DS11 are individual panel LED indicators. The LEDs are scanned in the same manner as the Displays and LED Indicators on the Display Board.

A1A2J3 connects to the front panel POWER switch. A1A2J2 connects to the front panel Rotary Pulse Generator (RPG).

## NOTES:

1. For an explanation of schematic symbols, see "SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM NOTES" in Section 8.

## A1A2



Figure 8-24. Service Sheet 21 Information.


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## Service Sheet 22

## ASSEMBLY

- A1A1 Display Board


## PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

U1-U10 are common cathode Seven Segment Displays.
U11 and U12 are quad PNP Transistors which drive the anodes of the Seven Segment Displays and the LEDs.
DS1 is a $2 \times 4$ LED Display Indicator. DS2-DS6 are quad LED Bar Indicators.
The Seven Segment Displays and the LEDs are scanned by the Programmable Keyboard/Display Interface (U16) on the Microprocessor Board A1A3.

## NOTES:

1. For an explanation of schematic symbols. see "SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM NOTES" in Section 8.

## A1A1



Figure 8-26. Service Sheet 22 Information.

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## Service Sheet 23

ASSEMBLY<br>- P/O A1A5 Interface/Latch Assembly (A)<br>\section*{PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION}

The Interface/Latch Board contains all of the Remote Interface circuitry, output latches, and sweep-to-clock circuitry.
S1 is the Address Select switch. The binary value selected on the five switch positions is read by the MPU via buffer U5, and is written to U4, General Purpose Interface Adapter. This value then becomes the instrument's HP-IB remote address. This value is also stored in RAM for future reference. The input lines OPID-1, OPID-2, and BCD-L, are also read by the MPU through U5. The OPID-1, and OPID-2 lines indicate which type of RF Plug-In is presently installed in the instrument. The BCD-L line indicates to the MPU which position the 8 pair jumper is in (that is, J3 for HP-IB Remote Interface or J4 for BCD Interface). The MPU reads this bit to determine which remote interface to initialize at power-on.

## CAUTION

The eight-pair jumper should never be moved while the instrument is turned on.

U1, U2, U3, and U4 comprise the HP-IB Remote Interface circuit. U4 interfaces directly with the MPU and activates the IRQ line whenever an HP-IB Remote Local Change (RLC), a Byte-In (BI) or a Device Clear (DCAS) interrupt occurs. U1 and U2 interface U4 to the IEEE GPIB.
U2, U6, U7, and U8 comprise the BCD Remote Interface circuit. The HP-IB and the BCD remote data lines run in parallel. Therefore, U2 buffers the BCD data lines to the BCD Interface Latch (U6). When a remote data byte is sent over the BCD data bus the COMM-L line will pulse low. The rising edge of this pulse will clock the remote data byte into U6. This edge also sets an interrupt status flag in the PIA (U7), and U7 generates an interrupt on the IRQ line to the MPU. The COMM-L line also sets the BCD Busy Flag (FLAG-L) on the Q output of flip-flop U8B. This flip-flop is reset via the PIA on Port B (PB0) when the MPU has finished servicing the remote interrupt. Upon a BCD remote COMM-L interrupt the MPU reads the data captured by U6 via Port A of the PIA (U7). This data byte is then interpeted by the MPU as either a command byte or data byte.

## Service Sheet 24

## ASSEMBLY

- P/O A1A5 Interface/Latch Assembly (B)


## PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

U9 is an 8 -bit buffer which buffers the MPU data lines and outputs them to the Output Latches (U10-U16).
U10-U16 are the output latches. These latches are memory addressed as follows: U10 $=7000 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{U} 11=7001 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{U} 12=7002 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{U} 13=7003 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{U} 14=7004 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{U} 15=7006 \mathrm{H}$, and $\mathrm{U} 16=7007 \mathrm{H}$. U10 through U14 drive all of the frequency digit lines. Each latch drives two 4 -bit BCD digits. U15 drives the out-of-range one-shot circuit, Double line, and the code lines CODE_1 and CODE_2. U16 drives the sweep clock select lines SWEEP_A through SWEEP_D, the sweep control lines Q100-H, IRS-L, ILD-L, and the instrument local line LCL-H.
SWEEP_A, SWEEP_B, and SWEEP_C select a sweep frequency on the multiplexer U21. SWEEP_D enables the RPG decode circuit (SS20). When the sweep reaches its upper limit QCTM-H goes high, disabling U21 to inhibit any further SWEEP_UP pulses.

U18, U19, and U20 comprise the sweep clock divide circuit. U8A divides the system clock of 2 MHz by 2 for the 1 MHz input to the sweep clock divide circuit. U18, U19, and U20 are bi-quinary counters which divide the 1 MHz input down to the sweep frequencies of $1 \mathrm{kHz}, 100 \mathrm{~Hz}, 20 \mathrm{~Hz}$, and 2 Hz .
U17A and U3B make up the out-of-range one-shot circuit. When the RANGE-H line is pulsed, the $\mathbf{Q}$ output of U17A is pulsed for an extended period of approximately 1 second. This drives the output of U3B high for the duration of the pulse. If RANGE-H is set high it takes U3B pin 4 high and causes the output of U3B to remain high (TRUE).

## TROUBLESHOOTING FOR SERVICE SHEETS 23 AND 24

Troubleshooting of this assembly is done using REGULAR Signature Analysis.

## Signature Analysis of the A1A5 Interface/Latch Assembly

1. Perform the REGULAR Signature Analysis Set-Up Procedure included with Service Sheet 18.
2. Compare the signatures taken with the Signature Analyzer with the correct signatures in the tables below.

| U4 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U4 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | IN | --- - | 21 | IN | -- |
| 2 | Vcc | P389 | 22 | OUT | ---- |
| 3 | IN | 45CF | 23 | IN | ---- |
| 4 | IN | 2A1A | 24 | IN | ---- |
| 5 | IN | 2A1A | 25 | IN | ---- |
| 6 | IN | ---- | 26 | IN | ---- |
| 7 | IN | ---- | 27 | IN | ---- |
| 8 | IN | ---- | 28 | IN | ---- |
| 9 | IN | ---- | 29 | IN | ---- |
| 10 | IN | H8A4 | 30 | IN | ---- |
| 11 | IN | U57A | 31 | IN | ---- |
| 12 | IN | 6688 | 32 | IN | ---- |
| 13 | IN | 54A1 | 33 | IN | ---- |
| 14 | in | POOU | 34 | in | ---- |
| 15 | IN | 3HF6 | 35 | IN | ---- |
| 16 | IN | 5900 | 36 | in | ---- |
| 17 | IN | 3497 | 37 | IN | ---- |
| 18 | IN | ----CLK | 38 | IN | --- |
| 19 | IN | P389 | 39 | IN | ---- |
| 20 | GND | 0000 | 40 | Vcc | P389 |


| U7 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U7 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | GND | 0000 | 21 | IN | 2A1A |
| 2 | IN | - - - | 22 | Vcc | P389 |
| 3 | IN | --- | 23 | IN | 135F |
| 4 | IN | --- | 24 | Vcc | P389 |
| 5 | IN | - - | 25 | IN | - - - CLK |
| 6 | IN | ---- | 26 | IN | 3497 |
| 7 | IN | ---- | 27 | IN | 5900 |
| 8 | IN | - | 28 | IN | 3HF6 |
| 9 | IN | -- | 29 | IN | P00U |
| 10 | IN | 3079 | 30 | IN | 54A1 |
| 11 | IN | CFH9 | 31 | IN | 6688 |
| 12 | IN | ---- | 32 | IN | U57A |
| 13 | IN | ---- | 33 | IN | H8A4 |
| 14 | IN | ---- | 34 | IN | P389 |
| 15 | IN | ---- | 35 | IN | ---- |
| 16 | IN | ---- | 36 | IN | ---- |
| 17 | IN | ---- | 37 | IN | --- |
| 18 | IN | CFH9 | 38 | IN | ---- |
| 19 | IN | CFH9 | 39 | IN | ---- |
| 20 | Vcc | P389 | 40 | Vcc | P389 |


| U8 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U8 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | IN | P389 | 8 | OUT | P389 |
| 2 | IN | ---- | 9 | IN | ---- |
| 3 | IN | --- CLK | 10 | IN | ---7 |
| 4 | IN | P389 | 11 | GND | 0000 |
| 5 | IN | ---- | 12 | GND | 0000 |
| 6 | IN | ---- | 13 | IN | 3079 |
| 7 | GND | 0000 | 14 | Vcc | P389 |


| U9 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U9 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | IN | 6UC8 | 11 | IN | P00U |
| 2 | IN | H8A4 | 12 | OUT | H32F |
| 3 | OUT | 1628 | 13 | IN | 3HF6 |
| 4 | IN | U57A | 14 | OUT | UH7A |
| 5 | OUT | C233 | 15 | IN | 5900 |
| 6 | IN | 6688 | 16 | OUT | 90U2 |
| 7 | OUT | 8534 | 17 | IN | 3497 |
| 8 | IN | $54 A 1$ | 18 | OUT | 0926 |
| 9 | OUT | C67A | 19 | IN | 6UC8 |
| 10 | IN | 0000 | 20 | Vcc | P389 |


| U10 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U10 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | IN | 0000 | 11 | IN | OFPF |
| 2 | IN | 0926 | 12 | OUT | 9F03 |
| 3 | IN | 90 U2 | 13 | OUT | F839 |
| 4 | IN | UH7A | 14 | OUT | 968P |
| 5 | IN | H32F | 15 | OUT | FU78 |
| 6 | IN | C67A | 16 | OUT | PHPU |
| 7 | IN | 8534 | 17 | OUT | AA4A |
| 8 | IN | C233 | 18 | OUT | 3PP6 |
| 9 | IN | 1628 | 19 | VCc | A523 |
| 10 | GND | 0000 |  | IN | P389 |


| U11 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U11 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | IN | 0000 |  | 11 | IN |
| 2 | IN | 0926 | 12 | OUT | CP41 |
| 3 | IN | $90 U 2$ | $11 F F$ |  |  |
| 4 | IN | UH7A | 14 | OUT | 61A1 |
| 5 | IN | H32F | 15 | OUT | A66C |
| 6 | IN | C67A | 16 | OUT | 5U8H |
| 7 | IN | 8534 | OUT | C5P3 |  |
| 8 | IN | C233 | 17 | OUT | A2F6 |
| 9 | IN | 1628 | 18 | OUT | OA5F |
| 10 | GND | 0000 | 19 | OUT | 34C8 |
|  |  |  | 20 | Vcc | P389 |


| U12 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U12 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | IN | 0000 |  | 11 | IN |
| 2 | IN | 0926 | 12 | OUT | 3H04 |
| 3 | IN | $90 U 2$ | 13 | OUT | C866 |
| 4 | IN | UH7A | 14 | OUT | 3982 |
| 5 | IN | H32F | 15 | OUT | 8HFA |
| 6 | IN | C67A | 16 | OUT | 30FF |
| 7 | IN | 8534 | 17 | OUT | 1H9U |
| 8 | IN | C233 | 18 | OUT | 1780 |
| 9 | IN | 1628 | 19 | OUT | 4A7C |
| 10 | GND | 0000 |  | VCC | P389 |


| U13 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U13 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | IN | 0000 | 11 | IN | 7UH5 |
| 2 | IN | 0926 | 12 | OUT | 9C81 |
| 3 | IN | 90 U2 | 13 | OUT | 38UF |
| 4 | IN | UH7A | 14 | OUT | FA97 |
| 5 | IN | H32F | 15 | OUT | P48A |
| 6 | IN | C67A | 16 | OUT | 90HU |
| 7 | IN | 8534 | 17 | OUT | 8P89 |
| 8 | IN | C233 | 18 | OUT | 118C |
| 9 | IN | 1628 | 19 | OUT | 7434 |
| 10 | GND | 0000 |  | Vcc | P389 |


| U14 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U14 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | IN | 0000 | 11 | IN | 362C |
| 2 | IN | 0926 | 12 | OUT | ---- |
| 3 | IN | 90 U 2 | 13 | OUT | ---- |
| 4 | IN | UH7A | 14 | OUT | ---- |
| 5 | IN | H32F | 15 | OUT | C73A |
| 6 | IN | C67A | 16 | OUT | A105 |
| 7 | IN | 8534 | 17 | OUT | FC5A |
| 8 | IN | C233 | 18 | OUT | 5617 |
| 9 | IN | 1628 | 19 | OUT | C361 |
| 10 | GND | 0000 | 20 | Vcc | P389 |


| U15 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U15 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | IN | 0000 | 11 | IN | 74FC |
| 2 | IN | 0926 | 12 | OUT | --- |
| 3 | IN | $90 U 2$ | -- |  |  |
| 4 | IN | UH7A | 13 | OUT | ---- |
| 5 | IN | H32F | 14 | OUT | ---- |
| 6 | IN | C67A | 15 | OUT | 3C6A |
| 7 | IN | 8534 | 16 | OUT | 18A5 |
| 8 | IN | C233 | 17 | OUT | 1H83 |
| 9 | IN | 1628 | 18 | OUT | 72F1 |
| 10 | GND | 0000 | 19 | OUT | P389 |


| U16 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U16 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | IN | 0000 | 11 | IN | 7UCP |
| 2 | IN | 0926 | 12 | IN | AA32 |
| 3 | IN | $90 U 2$ | 13 | IN | 5HC5 |
| 4 | IN | UH7A | 14 | IN | 9046 |
| 5 | IN | H32F | 15 | IN | 9C4C |
| 6 | IN | C67A | 16 | IN | UC96 |
| 7 | IN | 8534 | 17 | IN | 82H2 |
| 8 | IN | C233 | 18 | IN | F265 |
| 9 | IN | 1628 | 19 | IN | A304 |
| 10 | GND | 0000 |  | Vcc | P389 |


| U17 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U17 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | GND | 0000 | 9 | IN | ---- |
| 2 | IN | $72 F 1$ | 10 | IN | ---- |
| 3 | Vcc | P389 | 11 | IN | ---- |
| 4 | IN | ---- | 12 | IN | ---- |
| 5 | IN | ---- | 13 | IN | ---- |
| 6 | IN | ---- | 14 | GND | 0000 |
| 7 | IN | ---- | 15 | IN | --- |
| 8 | GND | 0000 | 16 | Vcc | P389 |


| U21 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U21 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | IN | 0000 | 9 | IN | F265 |
| 2 | IN | 0000 | 10 | IN | 82 H 2 |
| 3 | IN | 0000 | 11 | IN | UC96 |
| 4 | IN | 0000 | 12 | IN | ---- |
| 5 | IN | ---- | 13 | IN | ---- |
| 6 | IN | ---- | 14 | IN | ---- |
| 7 | IN | $05 P U$ | 15 | --- |  |
| 8 | GND | 0000 |  | 16 | Vcc |

```
NOTES:
1. For an explanation of schematic symbols, see "SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM NOTES" in Section 8.
```

A1A5


Figure 8-28. Service Sheet 23 Information.




P/O A1AG MOTHERBD

## NOTES:

1. For an explanation of schematic symbols, see "SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM NOTES" In Section 8.


Figure 8-30. Service Sheet 24 Information.




## Service Sheet 25

## ASSEMBLY

- A1A4 Sweep Count Assembly


## TROUBLESHOOTING

Troubleshooting of this assembly is done using Signature Analysis.

## Signature Analysis of the A1A4 Sweep Count Assembly

1. Perform the REGULAR Signature Analysis Set-Up Procedure included with Service Sheet 18.
2. Compare the signatures taken with the Signature Analyzer with the correct signatures in the tables, below.

| U2 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U2 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | IN | 9C4C | 9 | IN | ---- |
| 2 | IN | F012 | 10 | IN | -- |
| 3 | IN | 8A86 | 11 | IN | --- |
| 4 | OUT | F012 | 12 | IN | --- |
| 5 | IN | P171 | 13 | IN | -- |
| 6 | IN | F61P | 14 | IN | ---- |
| 7 | OUT | P171 | 15 | IN | 0000 |
| 8 | GND | 0000 | 16 | Vcc | P389 |


| U3 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U3 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | IN | ---- | 8 | OUT | P666 |
| 2 | IN | ---- | 9 | IN | FF01 or CUFP |
| 3 | OUT | --- | 10 | IN | 05PU |
| 4 | IN | P389 | 11 | OUT | O5PU |
| 5 | IN | P389 | 12 | IN | H7F9 |
| 6 | OUT | 0000 | 13 | IN | P666 |
| 7 | GND | 0000 | 14 | Vcc | P389 |


| U4 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U4 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | IN | 8472 | 8 | OUT | $45 P 4$ or 7H88 |
| 2 | IN | 9FAU | 9 | IN | ---- |
| 3 | IN | 87F1 | 10 | IN | --- |
| 4 | IN | F45C | 11 | IN | P389 |
| 5 | IN | 841H or FF71 | 12 | IN | P389 |
| 6 | IN | PFPA or H486 | 13 | IN | ---- |
| 7 | GND | 0000 | 14 | Vcc | P389 |


| U5 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U5 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | IN | 0000 | 9 | IN | 0000 |
| 2 | OUT | 0088 | 10 | IN | P389 |
| 3 | OUT | ---- | 11 | IN | ---- |
| 4 | IN | 4 H77 | 12 | OUT | H7F9 |
| 5 | IN | $8 U 57$ | 13 | OUT | 9576 |
| 6 | OUT | ---- | 14 | IN | ---- |
| 7 | OUT | 6791 | 15 | IN | P389 |
| 8 | GND | 0000 | 16 | Vcc | P389 |


| U6 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U6 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | IN | P389 | 8 | OUT | ---- |
| 2 | IN | P389 | --- |  |  |
| 3 | IN | 2597 | 9 | IN | CP3F |
| 4 | IN | P389 | 10 | 11 | IN |
| 5 | IN | P389 | 12 | OUT | PP3F |
| 6 | OUT | F61P | 13 | IN | 6980 |
| 7 | GND | 0000 | 14 | Vcc | P389 |


| U7 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U7 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | IN | 8 A86 | 8 | OUT | CP3F |
| 2 | OUT | 690 U | 9 | IN | 5 HC5 |
| 3 | IN | $08 A A$ | --- | -7 | OUT |
| 4 | OUT | ---- | 11 | IN | 7 P68 |
| 5 | IN | $6 U P P$ | 12 | OUT | ---- |
| 6 | OUT | ---- | 13 | IN | 014P |
| 7 | GND | 0000 | 14 | Vcc | P389 |


| U8 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U8 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | IN | 0000 | 9 | IN | 0000 |
| 2 | OUT | 6UPP | 10 | IN | 0000 |
| 3 | OUT | 08AA | 11 | IN | $---{ }^{2}$ |
| 4 | IN | $8 A 86$ | 12 | OUT | P171 |
| 5 | IN | F61P | 13 | OUT | F012 |
| 6 | OUT | 014P | 14 | IN | 9C4C |
| 7 | OUT | $7 P 68$ | 15 | IN | 0000 |
| 8 | GND | 0000 | 16 | Vcc | P389 |


| U9 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U9 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | OUT | 9FAU | 8 | IN | 0U17 |
| 2 | IN | $7 P 68$ | 9 | IN | 28855 |
| 3 | IN | $014 P$ | 10 | OUT | F45C |
| 4 | OUT | 8472 | 11 | IN | C383 |
| 5 | IN | 08AA | 12 | IN | 5 CF0 |
| 6 | IN | $6 U P P$ | 13 | OUT | 87F1 |
| 7 | GND | 0000 | 14 | Vcc | P389 |


| U10 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U10 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | IN | 0000 | 9 | $\mathbb{N}$ | 0000 |
| 2 | OUT | 5 CF0 | 10 | IN | 0000 |
| 3 | OUT | C383 | 11 | IN | ---- |
| 4 | IN | F012 | 12 | OUT | 8 U57 |
| 5 | IN | P171 | 13 | OUT | 4 H77 |
| 6 | OUT | $28 F 5$ | 14 | IN | ---- |
| 7 | OUT | OU17 | 15 | IN | 0000 |
| 8 | GND | 0000 | 16 | Vcc | P389 |


| U11 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U11 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | IN | ---- | 8 | OUT | - |
| 2 | OUT | ---- | 9 | IN | ---- |
| 3 | IN | ---- | 10 | OUT | ---- |
| 4 | OUT | --- | 11 | IN | -- |
| 5 | IN | 6791 | 12 | OUT | -- |
| 6 | OUT | ---- | 13 | IN | 0088 |
| 7 | GND | 0000 | 14 | Vcc | P389 |


| U12 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U12 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | OUT | ---- | 8 | IN | 6791 |
| 2 | IN | ---- | 9 | IN | ---- |
| 3 | IN | 76 UU | 10 | OUT | ---- |
| 4 | OUT | ---- | 11 | IN | ---7 |
| 5 | IN | ---- | 12 | IN | 0088 |
| 6 | IN | 9046 | 13 | OUT | ---- |
| 7 | GND | 0000 | 14 | Vcc | P389 |


| U13 Pin\# | Function | Signature | U13 Pin\# | Function | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | IN | C383 | 8 | OUT | ---- |
| 2 | OUT | ---- | 9 | IN | OU17 |
| 3 | IN | 5 CF0 | 10 | OUT | $76 U U$ |
| 4 | OUT | ---- | 11 | IN | 9576 |
| 5 | IN | $28 F 5$ | 12 | OUT | ---- |
| 6 | OUT | ---- | 13 | IN | ---- |
| 7 | GND | 0000 | 14 | Vcc | P389 |

NOTES:

1. For an explanation of schematic symbols, see "SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM NOTES" in Section 8.


Figure 8-32. Service Sheet 25 Information.

$\stackrel{\text { 㘶 }}{\text { vas }}$



NOTES:

1. For an explanation of schamatic symbols, see "SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM NOTES" In Section 8.

A9A1


A1A6



A3A2 R_Digitally y remastered by ArtekMedia © 2002-2006
$(8660-6 \varnothing 4 \overline{4})$


BCD/HP-18 ADAPTER


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ab internal view


## NOTES:

1. For an explanation of schematic symbols, see "SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM NOTES" in Section 8.
2. L1 is part of A22 assembly.


A5


Figure 8-36. Service Sheet 27 Information.



## Schematic Diagram Notes

Table 8-10 summarizes the symbology used in presenting many devices found in the instrument. The logic symbols used in this manual are based on the Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers (IEEE) in IEEE-STD 91-1984, Graphic Symbols for Logic Functions. This publication may be purchased from:

## Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers <br> 345 East 47th Street <br> New York, NY 10017

Table 8-10. Schematic Diagram Notes (1 of 12)


Table 8-10. Schematic Diagram Notes (2 of 12)


Table 8-10. Schematic Diagram Notes (3 of 12)

Values for all components are marked in units of farads, henries, and ohms unless otherwise specified.

| * | Asterisk denotes a factory-selected value. Value shown is typical. See Section V. |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\theta$ | Tool-aided adjustment. |
|  | Encloses front-panel designation. |
|  | Encloses rear-panel designation |
|  | Circuit assembly borderline. |
| ------- | Other assembly borderline. |
|  | Heavy line with arrows indicates path and direction of main signal. |
|  | Heavy dashed line with arrows indicates path and direction of main feedback. |
| - | Indicates stripline (i.e., RF transmission line above ground). |
| $\xi^{\mathrm{CW}}$ | Wiper moves toward cw with clockwise rotation of control (as viewed from shaft or knob). |
|  | Numbered Test Point measurement aid provided. |
| $\square$ | Encloses wire or cable color code. Code used is the same as the resistor color code. First number identifies the base color, second number identifies the wider stripe, and the third number identifies the narrower stripe, e.g., 147 denotes white base, yellow wide stripe, violet narrow stripe. |
| $\stackrel{1}{=}$ | A direct conducting connection to earth, or a conducting connection to a structure that has a similar function (e.g., the frame of an air, sea, or land vehicle). |
| m | A conducting connection to a chassis or frame. |
| $\stackrel{1}{\nabla}$ | Common connections. All like-designation points are connected. |
| (a) 12 | Letter $=$ off-page connection. <br> Number = Service Sheet number for off-page connection. <br> In the example, signal flow is continued on Service Sheet 12, at the point marked. |
| $1 \underbrace{\text { THIS }}_{\text {PAGE }}$ | Number (only) = on-page connection. |

Table 8-10. Schematic Diagram Notes (4 of 12)

$-7$


$=\mathrm{FECL}^{a}$

Relay. Contact moves in direction of arrow when energized.

Indicates a pushbutton switch with a momentary (ON) position.

Feedthrough capacitor. (Acts as a feedthrough terminal when mounted on a chassis or a frame.)

Indicates a PIN diode.

Indicates a current regulation diode.

Indicates a voltage regulation diode.

Indicates a capacitive (varactor) diode.

Indicates a Schottky (hot-carrier) diode.

Light-emitting diode.
Indicates multiple paths represented by only one line. Letters or names identify individual paths. Numbers indicate number of paths represented by the line.

Coaxial or shielded cable.

Ferrite bead. (Increases the self-inductance of the conductor passing through the bead.)

Multiple transistors in a single package-physical location of the pins is shown in package outline on schematic.

Identification of logic families as shown (in this case, ECL).

Table 8-10. Schematic Diagram Notes (5 of 12)

## DIGITAL SYMBOLOGY REFERENCE INFORMATION

## Input and Output Indicaiors



Implied Indicator-Absence of polarity indicator (see below) implies that the active state is a relative high voltage level. Absence of negation indicator (see below) implies that the active state is a relative high voltage level at the input or output.


Polarity Indicator-The active state is a relatively low voltage level.


Dynamic Indicator-The active state is a transition from a relative low to a relative high voltage level.


Inhibit Input—Input that, when active, inhibits (blocks) the active state outputs of a digital device.


Analog Input-Input that is a continuous signal function (e.g., a sine wave).

Polarity Indicator used with Inhibit Indicator-Indicates that the relatively low level signal inhibits (blocks) the active state outputs of a digital device.


Output Delay-Binary output changes state only after the referenced input (m) returns to its inactive state ( m should be replaced by appropriate dependency or function symbols).


Open Collector Output.


Open Emitter Output.


Three-state Output-Indicates outputs can have a high impedance (disconnect) state in addition to the normal binary logic states.

Table 8-10. Schematic Diagram Notes (6 of 12)

## DIGITAL SYMBOLOGY REFERENCE INFORMATION

## Combinational Logic Symbols and Functions

$\geq m \quad$ Logic Threshold—m or more inputs being active will cause the output to be active (replace $m$ with a number).
$=1 \quad$ EXCLUSIVE OR-Output will be active when one (and only one) input is active.
$=m \quad m$ and only $m$-Output will be active when $m$ (and only $m$ ) inputs are active (replace $m$ with a number).
$=\quad$ Logic Identity-Output will be active only when all or none of the inputs are active (i.e., when all inputs are identical, output will be active).

Amplifier-The output will be active only when the input is active (can be used with polarity or logic indicator at input or output to signify inversion).

Signal Level Converter-Input level(s) are different than output level(s).
Bilateral Switch—Binary controlled switch which acts as an on/off switch to analog or binary signals flowing in both directions. Dependency notation should be used to indicate affecting/affected inputs and outputs. Note: amplifier symbol (with dependency notation) should be read to indicate unilateral switching.
Summing Junction-Outputs added together at a common point.
AND-All inputs must be active for the output to be active.
OR-One or more inputs being active will cause the output to be active.
$X \rightarrow Y$
(Functional Labels)

MUX
DEMUX
CPU

$X / Y$


Coder-Input code $(X)$ is converted to output code $(Y)$ per weighted values or a table.
The following labels are to be used as necessary to ensure rapid identification of device function.

Multiplexer-The output is dependent only on the selected input.
Demultiplexer-Only the selected output is a function of the input.
Central Processing Unit

Table 8-10. Schematic Diagram Notes (7 of 12)

## DIGITAL SYMBOLOGY REFERENCE INFORMATION

## Sequential Logic Functions

Monostable-Single shot multivibrator. Output becomes active when the input becomes active. Output remains active (even if the input becomes inactive) for a period of time that is characteristic of the device and/or circuit.

Oscillator-The output is a uniform repetitive signal which alternates between the high and low state values. If an input is shown, then the output will be active if an only if the input is in the active state.

FF Flip-Fiop-Binary element with two stable states, set and reset. When the flip-flop is set, its outputs will be in their active states. When the flip-flop is reset, its outputs will be in their inactive states.

Toggle Input-When active, causes the flip-flop to change states.
Set Input-When active, causes the flip-flop to set.
Reset input-When active, causes the flip-flop to reset.
$J$ Input-Analogous to set input.
K Input-Analogous to reset input.
Data Input-Always enabled by another input (generally a C input-see Dependency Notation). When the $D$ input is dependency-enabled, a high level at $D$ will set the flip-flop; a low level will reset the flip-flop. Note: strictly speaking, $D$ inputs have no active or inactive states-they are just enabled or disabled.

Count-Up Input-When active, increments the contents (count) of a counter by "m" counts ( $m$ is replaced with a number).
$-m \quad$ Count-Down Input-When active, decrements the contents (count) of a counter by " $m$ " counts ( $m$ is replaced with a number).
$\rightarrow m \quad$ Shift Right (Down) Input-When active, causes the contents of a shift register to shift to the right or down " m " places ( m is replaced with a number).

Shift Left (Up) Input-When active, causes the contents of a shift register to shift to the left or up " $m$ " places ( $m$ is replaced with a number).

NOTE
For the four functions shown above, if $m$ is one, it is omitted.
(Functional Labels) The following functional labels are to be used as necessary in symbol build-ups to ensure rapid identification of device function.
$m$ CNTR Counter-Array of flip-flops connected to form a counter with modules $m$ ( $m$ is replaced with a number that indicates the number of states: 5 CNTR, 10 CNTR, etc.).

Table 8-10. Schematic Diagram Notes (8 of 12)

## DIGITAL SYMBOLOGY REFERENCE INFORMATION

## Sequential Logic Functions (Cont'd)

REG Register-Array of unconnected flip-flops that form a simple register or latch.
SREG Shift Register—Array of flip-flops that form a register with internal connections that permit shifting the contents from flip-flop to flip-flop.

ROM Read Only Memory—Addressable memory with read-out capability only.
RAM Random Access Memory-Addressable memory with read-in and read-out capability.

## Dependency Notation

$\mathrm{Cm} \quad$ Control Dependency-Binary affecting input used where more than a simple AND relationship exists between the C input and the affected inputs and outputs (used only with D-type flip-flops).

Gm Gate (AND) Dependency-Binary affecting input with an AND relationship to those inputs or outputs labeled with the same identifier. The $m$ is replaced with a number or letter (the identifier).

Vm OR Dependency-Binary affecting input with an OR relationship to those inputs or outputs labeled with the same identifier. The $m$ is replaced with a number or the letter (the identifier).
mAm Address Dependency-Binary affecting inputs of affected outputs. The m prefix is replaced with a number that differentiates between several address inputs, indicates dependency, or indicates demultiplexing of address inputs and outputs. The $m$ suffix indicates the number of cells that can be addressed.

ENm Enable Dependency—Binary affecting input which, when active enables all outputs. When inactive open-collector and open-emitter outputs are off, and three-state outputs are at an external high impedance state.

When the enable input affects only certain inputs and outputs, they will be numbered to indicate the logic connection.

Xm Transmission Dependency-Binary affecting input which bidirectionally connects dependent inputs and outputs.

Mm Mode Dependency—Binary affecting input used to indicate that the effects of particular inputs and outputs of an element depend on the mode in which the element is operating. The $m$ is replaced with a number or letter (the identifier).

Zm Interconnection Dependency-Indicates the existence of internal logic connections between inputs, outputs, internal inputs, and/or internal outputs. The m is replaced with a number (the identifier).

Comma-AND Function.
Slant-OR Function.

## NOTE

The identifier (m) is omitted if it is one-that is, when there is only one dependency relationship of that kind in a particular device. When this is done, the dependency indicator itself ( $G, C, E N$, or $V$ ) is used to prefix or suffix the affected (dependent) input or output.

## digital symbology reference information

## Miscellaneous

Schmitt Trigger-Input characterized by hysteresis; one threshold for positive going signals and a second threshold for negative going signals.

Active Active State-A binary physical or logical state that corresponds to the true state of an input, an output, or a function. The opposite of the inactive state.

Table 8-10. Schematic Diagram Notes (10 of 12)


Table 8-10. Schematic Diagram Notes (11 of 12)


AND


OR


## ENABLE



TRANSMISSION


## CONTROL



## ADDRESS



The input that controis or gates other inputs is labeled with a C or a G, followed by an identifying number.
The controlled or gated input or output is labeled with the same number. In this example, 1 is controlled by $\mathbf{G 1}$.

When a $V$ input is active, the output will be in its active state. With the $V$ input inactive, the device functions as if the $V$ input doesn't exist.

When the EN input is active, the output is enabled to function normally. When the EN input is inactive, the three-state output ( $\boldsymbol{\nabla}$ ), in this case, becomes a high impedance, effectively removing that device from the circuit.

When the X 1 input is active, the associated input-output pair are bidirectionally connected together. When X 1 is inactive, the connection is broken.

When the controlled or gated input or output already has a functional label ( $D$ is used here), that label will be prefixed by the identifying number.

If the input or output is affected by more than one gate or control input, then the identifying numbers of each gate or control input will appear separated by commas.

When GA is active, the active address line ( 0 through 3) is the decoded value of the 1 and 2 binary inputs. When the controlled address lines have a functional value, that value will be prefixed by the identifying letter.


[^0]:    $\dagger$ Refer to Section 7 for update information.

[^1]:    $\dagger$ Refer to Section 7 for update information.

[^2]:    $\dagger$ Refer to Section 7 for update information. *Factory Selected Component (Refer to Section 5).

[^3]:    $\dagger$ Refer to Section 7 for update information.
    *Factory Selected Component (Refer to Section 5).

[^4]:    $\dagger$ Refer to Section 7 for update information.

[^5]:    $\dagger$ Refer to Section 7 for update information. *Factory Selected Component (Refer to Section 5).

[^6]:    $\dagger$ Refer to Section 7 for update information.

[^7]:    $\dagger$ Refer to Section 7 for update information.
    *Factory Selected Component (Refer to Section 5).

