

Agilent Technologies 423B and 8470B Detectors

Operating and Service Manual



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WARNING	The WARNING notice denotes a hazard. It calls attention to a procedure, practice, or the like, that, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in personal injury. Do not proceed beyond a WARNING notice until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.
CAUTION	The CAUTION notice denotes a hazard. It calls attention to an operating procedure, practice, or the like, which, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in damage to the product or loss of important data. Do not proceed beyond a CAUTION notice until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.

Instrument Markings

<u>_!</u>	When you see this symbol on your instrument, you should refer to the instrument's instruction manual for important information.
4	This symbol indicates hazardous voltages.
	The laser radiation symbol is marked on products that have a laser output.
\sim	This symbol indicates that the instrument requires alternating current (ac) input.
Œ	The CE mark is a registered trademark of the European Community. If it is accompanied by a year, it indicates the year the design was proven.
SP	The CSA mark is a registered trademark of the Canadian Standards Association.
1SM1-A	This text indicates that the instrument is an Industrial Scientific and Medical Group 1 Class A product (CISPER 11, Clause 4).
ICES/NMB-001	This ISM device complies with Canadian ICES-001. Cet appareil ISM est conforme a la norme NMB-001 du Canada.
	This symbol indicates that the power line switch is ON.
Ċ	This symbol indicates that the power line switch is OFF or in STANDBY position.

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Description

The Agilent Technologies 423B and 8470B detectors are 50 Ω (nominal) Schottky diode devices designed for measurement use in coaxial systems.

- **Features** The instruments convert the RF power levels applied to the 50 Ω input connector into proportional values of dc voltage.
 - The instruments measure relative power up to 200 mW and have a BNC female connector for the output jack which allows the detected output to be connected to a SWR meter.
 - The output voltage polarity is negative, unless Option 003 is selected.
 - The frequency range of the 423B is 10 MHz to 12.4 GHz.
 - The frequency range of the 8470B is 10 MHz to 18 GHz.
 - AM modulation can be detected up to about 1 MHz.
- **Options** The 423B and 8470B detectors are available with the following non-exclusive options.

Option 001:	Matched pair of detectors
Option 002:	Furnished with matched load resistor for optimum square law characteristics
Option 003:	Positive polarity output
Option 012:	Furnished with stainless steel type-N male connectors (8470B only)

- **Connectors** The mating RF input connectors used with the 423B and 8470B Option 012 must be type-N female connectors which comply with U.S. military standard MIL-C-39012.
 - The 8470B (standard) RF input connector must be an 7-mm connector.
 - The mating output connector for the 423B and 8470B must be a BNC male.

Installation

Initial Inspection	1.	cushioning material is of the shipment have been has been checked mech	ntainer for damage. If the shipping container or damaged, it should be kept until the contents of a checked for completeness and the instrument hanically and electrically. Procedures for formance are given under "Performance Tests" on	
	2.	or if the instrument doe the nearest Agilent Tect or repair of this product Contact your customer Service Center. Refer to will arrange for repair of	mplete, if there is mechanical damage or defect, s not pass the electrical performance test, contact hnologies office. Any adjustment, maintenance, t must be performed by qualified personnel. engineer through your local Agilent Sales and o "Assistance" on page iii. Agilent Technologies or replacement of the damaged or defective hipping materials for the carrier's inspection.	
	3. If you are returning the instrument for service, repackaging the instrument requires original shipping containers and materials or their equivalents. Agilent can provide packaging materials identical to the original materials. Any adjustment, maintenance, or repair of this product must be performed by qualified personnel. Contact your customer engineer through your local Agilent Sales and Service Center. Refer to "Assistance" on page iii. Attach a tag indicating the type of service required, return address, model number and serial number. Mark the container <i>FRAGILE</i> to insure careful handling. In any correspondence, refer to the instrument by model number and serial number.			
Storage and Shipment	The instrument should be stored in a clean, dry environment. The following environmental limitations apply to both storage and shipment:			
		a. Temperature:	-54 to +85 °C	
		b. Altitude	< 7620 meters (25,000 feet)	
		c. Humidity	< 95% relative	
		d. Shock	100 G for 11 ms	
		e. Vibration	20 G from 80 to 2000 Hz	

Specifications

Frequency Range:

423B: 10 MHz to 12.4 GHz **8470B**: 10 MHz to 18 GHz **Note**: *RF may leak through the output connector below 1 GHz. It can be reduced, if objectionable, with a suitable low pass filter.*

Frequency Response:^{4, 5}

423B and 8470B:

Octave flatness: ± 0.2 dB over any octave 10 MHz to 8 GHz Broadband flatness: ± 0.3 dB 10 MHz to 12.4 GHz **8470B only:** Broadband flatness: ± 0.5 dB 10 MHz to 15 GHz ± 0.6 dB 10 MHz to 18 GHz

SWR^{1,2} (Max):

423B and 8470B: 10 MHz to 4 GHz, 1.15 4 GHz to 12.4 GHz, 1.3 **8470B only:** 12.4 GHz to 15 GHz, 1.3

15.0 GHz to 18 GHz, 1.7

Maximum Operating Input Power:

200 mW, peak or average

Maximum Short Term Input Power:

1 watt (typical) peak or average for < 1 minute

Sensitivity: 1, 3, 5

High level: < 0.35 mW produces 100 mV output Low level: > 0.5 mVdc/ μ W CW

Input Impedance: 50 Ω (nominal)

Output Impedance: 1 to 2 k Ω (typically 1.3 k Ω) shunted by 35 to 65 pF (typically 50 pF).

Output Polarity: Negative (refer to options for positive polarity units)

Detector Element: Supplied (refer to "Replacement Parts Table" on page 12 for replacement elements)

Bias: Not required

Noise: < 50 μ Vpp with CW applied to produce 100 mV output

Options:

423B and 8470B:

Option 002: Furnished with matched load resistor for optimum square law characteristics of 25 °C, within ± 0.5 dB from square law over a range of at least 30 dB up to 10 mV peak output, working into an external load > 8 k Ω . Sensitivity typically is greater than 0.1 mV/ μ W when load resistor is used.

Option 003: Positive polarity output

423B:

Option 001: Matched detector pair. Frequency response characteristics (exclusive of basic sensitivity) track within ± 0.2 dB from 10 MHz to 12.4 GHz at -30 dBm.

8470B:

Option 001: Matched detector pair. Frequency response characteristics (exclusive of basic sensitivity) track within ± 0.2 dB from 10 MHz to 12.5 GHz; ± 0.3 dB from 12.4 GHz to 18 GHz at -30 dBm. **Option 012:** Furnished with stainless steel type-N male connector.

Environmental:

423B:

Operating temperature: 0 C to +55 °C Humidity: < 95% relative Vibration: 20 G from 80 to 2000 Hz Shock: 100 G for 11 ms Altitude: < 4570 meters (15,000 feet)

8470B:

Operating temperature: -20 to +85 °C Humidity: < 95% relative Vibration: 20 G from 80 to 2000 Hz Shock: 100 G for 11 ms Altitude: < 4570 meters (15,000 feet)

General:

Weight:
423B and 8470B: Net 114 g (4 oz.)
Dimensions:
423B: 63 mm long, 20 mm diameter (2.47 in. long, 0.78 in. diameter)
8470B: 64 mm long, 19mm diameter (2.50 in. long, 0.75 in.diameter)

1. Specifications given for +25 °C unless otherwise noted.

2. Measurement made at -20 dBm.

3. Sensitivity decreases with increasing temperature, typically: 0.5 dB from -20 to +25 °C; 0.5 dB from +25 to +40 °C; 1 dB from +40 to +55 °C; 1.25 dB from +55 to +75 °C; 1 dB from +75 to +85 °C;

4. Measured at -30 dBm. Flatness is the peak-to-valley range of the response.

5. External load resistance > 50 k Ω

Operating Information

	The detector can be used as a demodulator to obtain a pulse envelope which can then be observed on an oscilloscope. It can also be used as a general purpose detector.			
CAUTION	Static discharge can damage the detector element. A 100 pF capacitor (1.2 m [4 ft] of coax cable) charged to 14 volts stores .1 erg, the maximum pulse rating of the detector element.			
	• Connect cables to test equipment and discharge the center conductor before connecting to the detector.			
	• DO NOT NEEDLESSLY HANDLE THE DETECTOR ELEMENT USED IN CRYSTAL DETECTOR. Static electricity which builds up on a person, especially on a cold dry day, must never be allowed to discharge through the detector.			
	• Avoid exposed leads to or from the detector, since these are often touched accidentally.			
	The power applied to the detector can be either modulated or continuous wave (CW). If modulated at a 1000 Hz rate, an SWR meter can be used as an indicator. For CW detection, a dc milliammeter or millivoltmeter can be used as the indicator.			
NOTE	When using the detector with an oscilloscope, and the waveshapes to be observed have rise times of less than $5\mu s$, the coaxial cable connecting oscilloscope and detector should be as short as possible and shunted with a resistor.			
	Ideally, this resistor should be 50 Ω to terminate the coaxial cable properly. However, with 50 Ω resistance, the output video pulse may be too small to drive some oscilloscopes. Therefore, the cable should be shunted with the smallest value of resistance that will obtain suitable deflection on the oscilloscope; typically the value will lie between 50 Ω and 2k Ω . The larger the resistance the more degradation of rise time.			

Operator's Check

Peak Power Measurement

The procedure for peak power measurement involves calibration of an oscilloscope which, in turn, is used to calibrate a CW generator. The output of the calibrated CW generator is measured with a power meter; the peak power of a pulse is thereby measured. The procedure is as follows:

- 1. Connect equipment as shown in Figure 1, step A. Observe the pulse on a de-coupled oscilloscope. Using a marking pencil, mark on the graticule the base-to-peak amplitude of the pulse envelope.
- 2. Replace the pulse source with a CW generator. While observing the oscilloscope trace, adjust the amplitude of CW generator output to make detector's output equal to that of pulse generator, as indicated by markings on the graticule (step A).
- 3. Leave the CW generator at setting obtained in step B. Disconnect the detector from CW generator.
- 4. Connect the output of CW generator to the power meter (step C). Measure the adjusted levels (set in step B) of the CW generator output. The peak power of the pulse envelope observed in step A is equal to the output power of the CW generator.

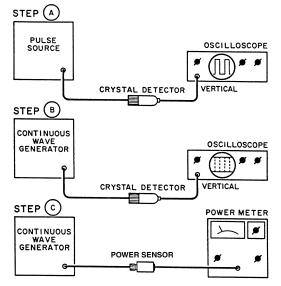


Figure 1 Peak Power Measurement

Reflectometer Application

For information about reflectometer systems and measurements refer to Agilent Technologies Application Note Index. Copies are available upon request.

Harmony Frequency Comparison Measurement Application

The detector can be used as a mixer in harmonic-frequency comparison measurements. Refer to Agilent Technologies Application Note Index for further information.

Performance Tests

	Methods for testing detector specifications are given below. Refer to the manuals of the equipment involved for operating instructions.			
NOTE	Multiple mismatch errors caused by attenuator SWR, power meter SWR, and detector SWR should be taken into account, as well as the accuracy of the indicator used to measure the detector's output.			
Frequency Response Test	 Using signal sources covering 10 MHz to 18 GHz with a 10 dB isolating attenuator and a power meter, connect the power sensor to the attenuator Adjust the RF power level to -20 dBm input to the power sensor. 	-		
	2. Without changing the RF power level of signal source, disconnect the power sensor.			
	3. Connect the detector to the attenuator. Measure the dc voltage output and record the measurement.			
	4. Change the frequency of the signal source and repeat steps 1 through 3.	•		
	5. Since the detector follows a square-law response at this power level, its output is proportional to power ($P_{dB} = 10 \log V_o$). Total variation of detector readings should meet specifications for all frequencies of interest across the band.	•		
Higher Level Sensitivity Test	 Using signal sources covering 10 MHz to18 GHz and a dc voltmeter or oscilloscope as the indicator, connect the detector to the signal source. Adjust the RF power level for a 100 mV detected output from the detector, using a CW signal. 	•		
	2. Disconnect the detector from the signal source and measure the RF output level. The RF output level should be ≤ 0.35 mW.			
	3. Repeat steps 1 and 2 for all frequencies of interest across the band.			
Low Level Sensitivity Test	 Using a signal source (covering 10 MHz to 18 GHz), a 10 dB attenuator and a power meter, connect the attenuator to the signal source and powe sensor to the attenuator. Adjust the RF power level for −20 dBm output from the attenuator. Verify the ambient temperature. 	r		
	2. Disconnect the power sensor from the attenuator and connect the detector. Measure the dc voltage output from the detector. The output should be > 5.0 mV at $25 \times ^{\circ}$ C. Between $20 \times ^{\circ}$ C and $30 \times ^{\circ}$ C, the sensitivity slope is typically $-0.04 \text{ dB/} \times ^{\circ}$ C.	У		
Match Test (SWR)	1. To verify the detector's SWR specifications, use any system whose measurement accuracies for SWR (residual SWR) are known.			

Service Instructions

	Repair and replacement information for the 423B and 8470B detectors and Option 002 load resistor are given below. Any adjustment, maintenance, or repair of this product must be performed by qualified personnel. Contact your customer engineer through your local Agilent Sales and Service Center. You can find a list of Agilent Sales and Service Centers on page iv. The detectors have no internal adjustments.			
Replaceable Parts	Part numbers for replaceable parts are given in "Replacement Parts Table" on page 12. To order a replacement part, address your order or inquiry to the nearest Agilent Technologies office. Any adjustment, maintenance, or repair of this product must be performed by qualified personnel. Contact your customer engineer through your local Agilent Sales and Service Center. Refer to "Assistance" on page iii. Include the model number, Agilent Technologies part number, and a description.			
Detector Element Replacement	The detector element assembly includes only a detector element. However, Option 002 does include a resistor for the load resistor which is used to load the diode for square-law operation.			
CAUTION	Read the following precautions carefully before performance of any operation with the detector element when it is out of either the housing or the detector element shipping container.			
	 Before installing the diode into the mount, touch the exposed metal on the mount with your hand to discharge static electricity. When handing the diode to another person, first touch hands to ensure that there is no difference in static electricity potential between you. Ohmmeters should not be used to measure forward- and back-resistance since it is easy to damage these diodes. The ohmmeter's open-circuit voltages and short-circuit currents may cause problems. 			
	1. Remove the female BNC connector and compression spring from inside of the connector cap.			
	2. Remove the connector cap from the body. Use a pair of pliers with plastic jaws or protect the body with heavy paper or tape.			

CAUTION	•	 When inserting the detector element, do not force the large pin end into the center conductor. 		
	3.	Remove the old detector element, axial spacer, and RF washer and discard the detector element.		
	4.	Install the RF washer, axial spacer, and new detector element. Refer to the illustrations on page 11 for proper orientation for the internal components.		
		a. Insert the RF washer first.		
		b. Then carefully insert the large pin end of the detector element into the center contact inside the detector body.		
		c. Place the axial spacer over the small pin end of the detector element.		
	5.	Carefully place the connector cap over the body and assembled components and tighten firmly in place.		
	6.	Place the compression spring into the center conductor of the female BNC connector. Carefully start the spring over the small pin of the detector element through the hole in the connector cap. Keep the spring in the BNC connector and screw the female BNC connector firmly into place.		
Load Resistor Parts	То	replace the male BNC connector		
Replacement	Parts referred to in the following procedures are identified in Figure 2 on page 9 and Figure 3 on page 10.			
	1.	Remove the male BNC connector and lock washer from the housing.		
		Use a 3/8-inch open-end wrench and hold the housing either in a vise or with pliers. Be sure to protect the housing of the load resistor with material such as heavy paper or tape or use plastic jaws on the vise or pliers.		
	2.	Unsolder the resistor.		
	3.	Solder the resistor to the new BNC connector.		
	4.	Let the resistor cool and then check the resistance from male BNC pin through the resistor. The resistance measurement should be $\pm 10\%$ than indicated by the color coding.		
	5.	Replace the lockwasher and male BNC connector.		

To replace the female BNC connector

1. Remove the female BNC connector. Refer to Figure 3 for parts identification.

To remove or install the BNC connector, use a BNC wrench or use a male BNC connector as a wrench to prevent damage to the connector.

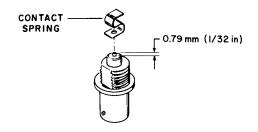
- 2. Unsolder the contact spring.
- 3. Prepare the replacement female BNC connector:
 - a. Cut the center conductor lead to approximately 0.79 mm (1/32 in.)
 - b. With a flat file, smooth the end of the lead; remove burr with tweezers of similar metal instrument.
- 4. Slip the contact spring over the center conductor lead, and solder.

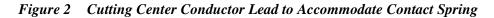
Use solder sparingly or it will creep back on the spring. Solder on the spring will destroy its usefulness and it is difficult to remove.

5. Let the contact spring cool and then screw the connector into the mount.

To replace the 7-mm connector center contact

- 1. Refer to "7-mm Connectors" on page 13 for assembly and disassembly instructions.
- 2. Refer to "Replacing the 7-mm Center Contact" on page 14 for the center contact replacement procedure.





CAUTION

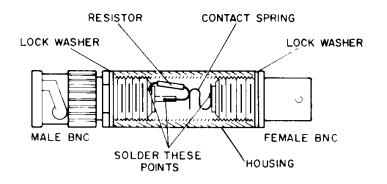
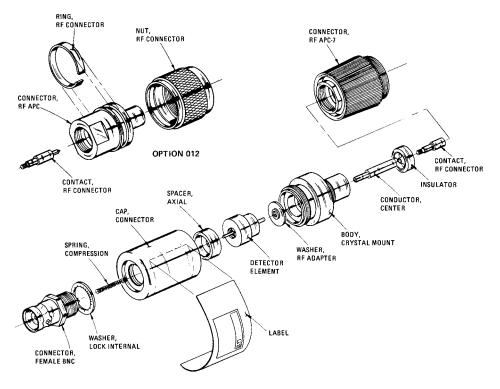
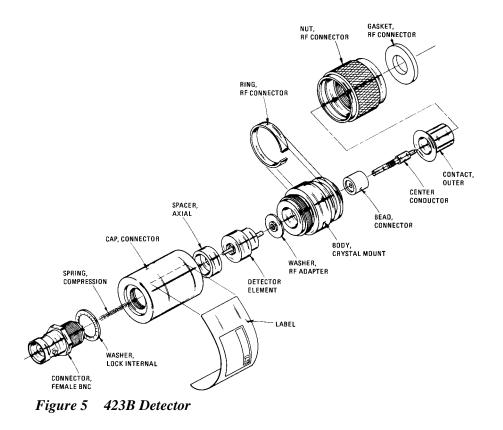


Figure 3 Load Resistor, Cutaway View







Service Instructions

Replacement Parts Table

Description	Part Number	Description	Part Number
423B Assembly		Connector, RF 7 mm	1250-0909
Contact, RF connector	1250-0014	Spring, compression	1460-2606
Gasket, RF connector	1250-0015	Washer, lock internal	2190-0016
Ring, RF connector	1250-0016	Cap, connector	5020-0210
Connector, female BNC	1250-0212	Washer, cap	5021-0127
Nut, RF connector	1250-0918	Insulator	5040-0306
Spring, compression	1460-2606	Conductor, center	08470-20002
Washer, lock internal	2190-0016	Ring, RF connector (Opt 012)	1250-0016
Bead, connector	5020-0207	Connector, RF APC (Opt 012)	1250-0916
Cap, connector	5020-0210	Contact, RF connector (Opt 012)	1250-0917
Washer, cap	5021-0127	Nut, RF connector (Opt 012)	1250-0918
Conductor, center	00423-201		
Body, crystal mount	00423-202	Replacement Diode Assemblies ¹	
		Single diode negative polarity	08470-60012
Replacement Diode Assemblies ¹		Single diode positive polarity (Opt 003)	08470-60013
Single diode negative polarity	00423-60003	Single diode positive polarity (Opt 003)	08470-00015
Single diode positive polarity (Opt 003)	00423-60004	Single diode negative polarity with	08470-60014
Single diode negative polarity with	00423-60005	matching load resistor (Opt 002)	
matching load resistor (Opt 002)		Single diode positive polarity with	08470-60015
Matched pair diodes negative polarity	00423-60007	matching load resistor (Opt 002)	
(Opt 001)		0.4700 7	
Load Resistor Assembly		8470B 7-mm Connector Assembly	
		Inner conductor contact mechanism	1250-0816
Connector, male BNC	1250-0045	(assembled contact and outer body)	
Connector, female BNC	1250-0251	Coupling nut	1250-0918
Spring, contact	5000-0234	Coupling sleeve	1250-0820
Housing	5020-3215	Inner conductor contact	1250-0907
		Support bead	5040-0306
8470B and 8470B-012 Assemblies ¹		Tools	
Connector, female BNC		7-mm contact extractor	5060-0370
	1250-0212	7-mm spanner wrench	5060-0237
Contact, RF connector	1250-0816	Open-end wrench	8710-0877

1. Refer to page 1 for a description of options.

7-mm Connectors

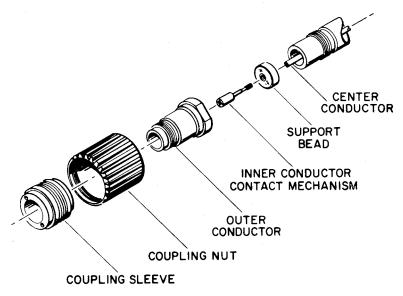
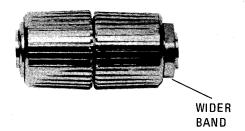


Figure 6 Use and Care of 7-mm Connectors

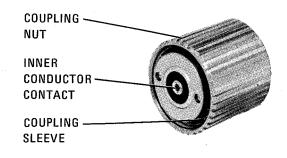
- **To Connect** 1. On one connector, retract the coupling sleeve by turning the coupling nut counterclockwise until the sleeve and nut disengage.
 - 2. On the other connector, fully extend the coupling sleeve by turning the coupling nut clockwise. To engage coupling sleeve and coupling nut when the sleeve is fully retracted, press back lightly on the nut while turning it clockwise.
 - 3. Push the connectors firmly together, and thread the coupling nut of the connector with retracted sleeve over the extended sleeve.
 - 4. Close the gap between coupling nuts with the nut on the extended-sleeve connector.
- **To Disconnect** 1. Loosen the coupling nut of the connector showing the wider gold band.



2. IMPORTANT: Part the connectors carefully to prevent striking the inner conductor contact.

Service Instructions

Care 1. Keep contacting surfaces smooth and clean. Irregularities and foreign particles can degrade electrical performance.



- 2. Protect the contacting surfaces when the connector is not in use by leaving the coupling sleeve extended.
- 3. Use lintless material and/or firm-bristled brush such as a tooth brush for cleaning. If a cleaning fluid is needed, use isopropyl alcohol.

NOTE

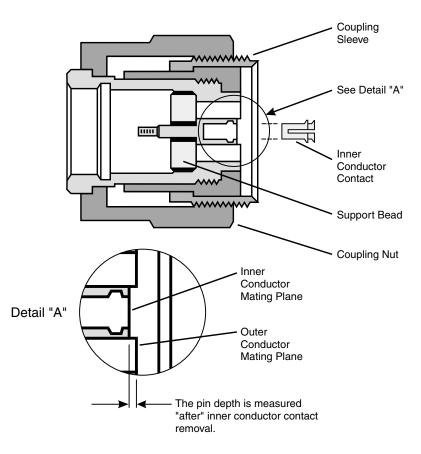
Do not use aromatic or chlorinated hydrocarbons, esters, ethers, terpenes, higher alcohols, ketones, or ether-alcohols such as benzene, toluene, turpentine, dioxane, gasoline, cellosolve acetate, or carbon tetrachloride. Keep exposure of the connector parts to both the cleaning fluid and its vapors as brief as possible.

Replacing the 7-mm Center Contact

Through wear or damage the contact in the center conductor many need replacing. This contact is a small four-pronged collet which snaps into a recess in the center conductor. This contact is normally held in by the spring-action of the four prongs. With a magnifying glass, examine this contact to determine if it needs replacement

CAUTION

DO NOT REMOVE THIS CONTACT FOR INSPECTION AS IT MAY BE DAMAGED BY REMOVAL.



The contact should be free of burrs or wear and the prongs should be equally spaced. If the contact is removed, do *NOT* re-use it (it may be damaged by removal).

If the contact needs replacement and a new contact is available, proceed as follows:

- 1. Place the instrument so the connector faces down, if possible.
- 2. Tap the connector lightly and the contact should now protrude slightly. Insert the centering pin of the collet remover (5060-0236) with the jaws open.
- 3. Allow the jaws on the tool used to close and pull straight back from the connector without twisting. The contact should come out with the tool. If not, repeat the process. Do *NOT* re-use the contact.
- 4. Snap in a new contact by pushing a new contact in place. Test the action of the new contact by pushing in on it. It should spring out again when released.